"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Fair and somewhat warmer today and Saturday; northwest winds.
Temperature Yesterday—Max. 52; Min. 35.
For full weather report see Page 22.

VOL. LXXI....No. 23,428. NEW YORK, FRIDAY, MARCH 17, 1922. TWO CENTS In Greater New York | THREE CENTS Within 200 Miles | FOUR CENTS Elsewhere

BONUS BILL REPORT PUTS 20-YEAR COST AT $4,098,719,350

Fordney Reintroduces Measure and Explains "Advantages" and Expenditures.

SEES NO TAX NEED TILL 1924

Estimates 70 Per Cent. of Men Will Take Certificates, or $3,154,823,350 Total.

RULE SUSPENSION PLAN OFF

Ex-Service Member Obtains More Than 50 Signatures for a Caucus on Bill Tuesday Night.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 16.—Suspension of the House rules, termed by its opponents a "gag" legislative method, will not be invoked next Monday to pass the Bonus bill. This fact was developed today following the reintroduction of the bill in the House by Representative Fordney, with the amendments agreed upon earlier in the week.

In the report on the bill as presented by Chairman Fordney, it is estimated that the entire cost of bonus legislation under the terms of the measure will be $4,098,719,350 at the end of twenty years.

Those reactionary members of the Ways and Means Committee who had counseled the move to suspend the rules, it is understood, were compelled to abandon this plan by the action of the ex-service members and by the protest of conservative Republican supporters of the present bill. But to make certain that there will be no such move, even should Speaker Gillett agree to it, the ex-service men in the House obtained more than fifty signatures to a call for a Republican caucus on the Bonus bill next Tuesday night. This caucus must be held under the rules, and, therefore, the plan to call up the bill under a suspension of the rules cannot be made on Monday next.

Service Man Arranges Caucus.

Representative Lineberger of California, a former service man, opposed to the bonus bill in its present shape, conceived the plan of frustrating the suspension of the rules program. In the circulation of the petition for a caucus he was aided by a number of Republicans belonging to the Old Guard, who thought that a bill of such importance ought to be fully debated and subject to amendment, both of which are prevented when the rules are suspended.

Leading members of the Ways and Means Committee, including Chairman Fordney, never favored jamming through the Bonus bill by suspension of the rules. The majority members of the steering committee, however, favored this plan as the easiest way to get the bonus problem quickly through its House legislative stages. The plan that will be followed, it is said, is to get a special rule which will afford ample debate and permit of amendments.

A canvass of the House shows that the farm and labor bloc now favors the adjusted certificate plan and there is no danger of a combination being formed which will be strong enough to amend the bill or defeat it. Therefore, the House leaders are willing to adopt more conciliatory methods.

Another argument that convinced the leaders of the wisdom of this course was that every opportunity should be given the advocates of the sales tax to test its strength in the House. They say that if this course is followed and the sales tax idea is defeated, then it will be shown to the President that this tax is not approved by the House and that he will not have the same argument to veto the Bonus bill as if no opportunity had been given the House to consider this tax.

The Bonus bill as revised contains the important amendment which permits the adjusted certificates being assigned by the banks which make the first loan.

Fordney Reviews "Advantages."

In his report on this bill, Mr. Fordney reviews the history of the bonus agitation and then points out the different "advantages" of the four plans. These advantages, the report says, are:

"First—No new taxation plan or issuance of securities is at present required.

"Second—It provides for the veteran in need, a method of obtaining aid.

"Third—The amounts required each year after July 1, 1923, are small, compared to those which have heretofore been met and can be provided, without any difficulties or derangement of our financial situation.

"Fourth—The plan tends to promote saving habits among the veterans.

"Fifth—It protects the veteran himself and his family from misfortune in the future.

"Sixth—It will create a class of home builders who will greatly increase the mass of property in the country."

It is estimated in the report that the entire cost of the bonus legislation under the bill at the end of twenty years will be $4,098,719,350 and that 4,456,199 men will be entitled to elect one of the four optional plans.

It is estimated that 10 per cent. of the veterans will be paid cash, while these who are entitled to $50 or less must accept it. This will cost $16,000,000 and the money to pay it must be raised in the fiscal year 1923.

The estimate is that 70 per cent. of the veterans will elect the adjusted certificate plan and that, not taking into account the policies which will be cancelled by default upon loans, the entire cost of this insurance in twenty years will be $3,154,823,350. The cost in the fiscal year 1923 through death payments

Continued on Page Four.

British Propose Arbitration Of Claims Against Mexico

LONDON, March 16 (Associated Press).—Negotiations are proceeding with the Mexican Government for the conclusion of an agreement for the submission to arbitration of all British claims against Mexico. This announcement was made in the House of Commons tonight by Cecil Harmsworth, Under Secretary for Foreign Affairs.

The British Government, added the Under Secretary, was hopeful of eventual friendly relations between Great Britain and Mexico.

Replying to a question by Major Christopher Lowther concerning relations with Mexico, Mr. Harmsworth regretted the present unsatisfactory conditions, as the Government was always anxious to recognize the Mexican Government the moment it was convinced of that Government's stability and intention to remedy the losses incurred by British firms and interests. Better relations were clearly desirable, but for the moment there were hindrances to a closer understanding.

INCOME TAX SWELLS $7,000,000 IN A DAY

Payments by Mail Opened Yesterday Show a Large Increase Here.

40 SACKS, 12,000 LETTERS

Shrinkage Compared with Last Year 40 Per Cent. at the Outside.

A rush of mail payments of Federal income taxes received yesterday at the offices of Frank K. Bowers, Collector of Internal Revenue for the Manhattan district, swelled the total receipts for first payments on 1921 incomes by $7,000,000. Yesterday's returns totaled $4,000,000 more than those received on March 16, 1921.

The gain yesterday cut down the slump in receipts from last year's corresponding period to 35 per cent. The total received this year is now $48,953,055. Last year $76,377,475 was tabulated when the office closed on March 16. The exact total received yesterday was $6,799,493. A year ago $2,900,000 was taken in on the corresponding date.

The best guess of officials yesterday of the final figure for March quarterly payments here was between $60,000,000 and $65,000,000. It was emphasized, however, that this was only a guess.

"It would be a brave man who would attempt to make any accurate estimate of the total," Mr. Bowers said. "The big receipts today show how impossible it is to attempt to calculate the total payments that are still in the mail or unstabulated. I feel certain, however, that the receipts in this district will not fall below those of last year by more than 40 per cent."

Should the "guess" of $65,000,000 prove to be approximately correct, however, the slump would be 45 per cent. The final total for last March in this district was $118,000,000.

Mr. Bowers's offices in the Custom House were still piled high with unopened mail when his force quit work last night. Nearly 500 employes were devoting all their energies to opening and assorting the letters, but the stream of incoming mail matter was so large that they were unable to clear away the piles before closing time. All of the force had worked until after midnight Wednesday and Collector Bowers told the employes to get away on time last night and rest up so that they could continue the clean-up work of the next few days.

Forty sacks bulging with income tax payments were received yesterday and 12,000 registered letters came in addition.

Elmer Dover, First Assistant Secretary of the Treasury, visited Collector Bowers's office yesterday to watch the Manhattan collection machinery in operation. "Mr. Bowers has a perfect system," he said to a NEW YORK TIMES reporter. "It is a great sight to see this great volume of business being handled so quickly and so smoothly."

The final figures for this district will not be available for several days, it was said last night.

It was estimated that 500,000 income tax returns—individual, corporation and partnership—have been filed in the of-

Continued on Page Four.

REED SHIFTS IRE TO NAVAL TREATY IN SENATE FIGHT

Opens Fierce Attack on It in the Debate on the Four-Power Agreement.

CALLS FOR SECRET REPORTS

Declares That Hughes Was Outwitted in Agreeing to Sacrifice American Sea Power.

BITTER-ENDERS LOSE HOPE

Wilson, It is Believed, Will Remain Detached From the Fight to the End.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 16.—In a final effort to rally enough supporters to defeat the Four-Power Treaty when the question of ratification is voted on a week from tomorrow, the foes of the treaty renewed their assault today. Privately they admit that the battle appears lost beyond recall.

Only one man could influence enough Democrats to make ratification doubtful, and that man is Woodrow Wilson, according to a statement made today by one of the anti-treaty leaders. When asked if the ex-President would be appealed to, this Senator replied that he was not in a position to answer the question.

Senators Glass and Robinson, leaders of the anti-treaty forces, have said that, so far as they know, Mr. Wilson has not lifted a finger to influence the final result one way or the other. It is the general opinion tonight that he will maintain his "hands off" policy to the last.

Even if Mr. Wilson should appeal to the Democratic supporters of the treaty, it is doubtful if his intervention would change them now. It appears certain that ten Democrats will stand by Senator Underwood, and these ten are more than enough to save the treaty.

Reed Attacks Naval Treaty.

As was the case yesterday, the discussion in the Senate lagged today. At times there were fewer than half a dozen Senators in the Chamber. There was only one speech. It was made by Senator Reed of Missouri, who launched a fierce attack upon the naval limitation treaty.

Whether Mr. Reed's speech was for the purpose of paving the way for an organized attack on the naval reduction agreement, consideration of which will follow the Four-Power Treaty, is a question that remains unanswered. Signs are increasing that the naval treaty will not have the easy sailing that its supporters on both sides of the Senate aisle have been predicting.

Senator Reed, who had two huge maps of the Pacific suspended from the Senate galleries, declared that most of the scrapping under the treaty was to be done by the United States. He emphasized that all of the American battle cruisers were to be scrapped, while Great Britain and Japan, he said, were keeping their great vessels of that type. The United States had been "double-crossed," he charged, and the British and Japanese delegates to the conference had "put one over" on Secretary Hughes and his American colleagues.

That the relative strength of the navies of Japan, Great Britain and the United States had been "misrepresented" to the Senate was another of Mr. Reed's charges. He added that he could prove this if the Senate would authorize an investigation. The conference treaties, he said, gave all the advantages, military, naval and strategic, to the other signatory powers. With practically all the bases and coaling stations controlled by Great Britain and Japan, he set forth, it would be impossible for the American Navy to function with any efficiency in the event of a war.

"There is not a single gateway to the seven seas," he added, "that is not now dominated by nations other than the United States. I say let those who support the Four-Power Treaty have the common honesty to face the Senate and say that it does contain an obligation to do something more than to sit about a table and talk. That is all quibble. It is dishonest, sickening and disgusting."

In a reference to those members of the

Continued on Page Eight.

Mayor Now Has Dug-out in City Hall With Bath and Private Stairway

A mystery developed in the City Hall yesterday when workmen completed their task of renovating and redecorating four rooms in the basement formerly occupied by the Child Welfare Board and which are directly beneath the Mayor's present offices. The work was begun while the Mayor was at Palm Beach, and it was reported yesterday that among the improvements was a new spiral stairway and a shower bath for the Mayor.

The rooms were kept under lock and key yesterday. When John F. Sinnott, the Mayor's Secretary, was asked for information, he admitted they were to be used as retiring rooms for the Mayor when hard pressed with work. Mr. Sinnott said the rooms were locked and he did not have the key. From another source it was learned that the key is in possession of Grover Whalen, the Mayor's former Secretary and now Commissioner of Plant and Structures.

Although the Sinking Fund Commission has charge of the offices, its members declared yesterday they did not know of the renovation. "I don't know what the Mayor wants with the offices," said Controller Craig. "I have never heard anything about them. I didn't even know that orders had been given to commence the work."

It was said that the stairway leads from the Mayor's private office to the basement and thus affords easy egress from the building if he should not want to use the front entrance. One rumor had it that the Mayor intended to use the rooms for political conferences and that his Gubernatorial or Presidential boom would be nursed there. Another report was that the Mayor intended to establish a miniature Palm Beach to which he could retire for rest. Still another rumor was that the rooms are to afford a secluded working place for Commissioner of Accounts David Hirshfield while he is revising American history. The Mayor himself would not enlighten inquirers.

GIRL ENDS HER LIFE AFTER FIANCE DIES

Death of Columbia Lecturer's Son in Hospital Followed by a Suicide.

SHE TAKES GAS AND POISON

Leaves Note "I Don't Know Where I'll Meet You, but I Will Look for You."

Broken-hearted over the death of her sweetheart, Miss Gladys Runkle, Secretary of the Junior League, ended her life yesterday by inhaling gas. To make death doubly sure, before turning on the gas, she swallowed a half bottle of bichloride of mercury tablets.

She was found sitting up in bed, a large picture of the young man she loved, Jean de Bacourt, son of an assistant professor at Columbia University, propped on the pillow beside her. Close by was a note scrawled in pencil which read:

"Cheri, I do not know where I will meet you, but I am going to look for you."

The tragedy was reconstructed by Jean's father and mother and by Mrs. John A. Barnes, landlady of the rooming house at 144 West Eighty-second Street, where Gladys lived and died, who loved the girl as if she were her own daughter.

Gladys came to New York from Washington about two years ago. She was the daughter of George L. Runkle, assistant manager of the Western Union office in the Pennsylvania Terminal there. She had been well educated and spoke French and Spanish fluently.

Several months ago, at a college dance at Columbia, she was introduced to Jean, the son of Pierre de Bacourt, lecturer in French in the School of Business at the university. Jean was 26 years old, two years older than herself, and was studying at Columbia.

Couple Became Engaged.

The two young people felt a mutual attraction that first evening which ripened into love as they met again and again. He brought her home and his father and mother became very fond of their son's new friend. A bond was established among them by her ability to converse in their mother tongue. Jean never told his parents of the fact that Gladys and himself had become affianced and planned to wed as soon as he could earn a living for them both, but his friends guessed and his younger brother knew it.

Several weeks ago Jean fell ill and when the doctor diagnosed appendicitis he was taken to the New York Hospital. Gladys was a daily visitor at his bedside and the two planned a life together in the very near future. He grew worse, however, but Gladys never let him see how she worried. On Tuesday he was operated on in a last effort to save his life. He died without recovering consciousness.

She went to the hospital on Wednesday and doctors and nurses told her as gently as possible that Jean was gone.

Blindly the girl groped her way back to her room. But there were too many reminders there of Jean and she could not stand it. She went to the home of the boy's parents at 108 West Eighty-fourth Street. The grief-stricken family forgot their own loss at the sight of the misery of Jean's playmate.

They tried to comfort her, but she asked only to be taken to see him just once more. Her request was granted and then Jean's brother brought her back to his father and mother. Mrs. de Bacourt begged Gladys to stay with them that night anyway.

Wanted His Picture Near Her.

"No," she answered. "I think I would rather go home. I have his picture there and I feel that I will be near him when I am there."

Mrs. Barnes heard her sobbing late Wednesday night and sought to comfort her. She tried to remind Gladys that she had her life to live and that she must brace up and take an interest in her work and forget a grief that every one has to bear some time or other.

"He's gone, he's gone," was the sobbing reply. "And I loved him so."

Gladys grew quieter toward daylight, and Mrs. Barnes, thinking she would sleep, left her.

What happened afterward was shown by the mute evidence of the room and its contents when the girl was found.

On a table by the bed was a Bible opened at the verse which contains Ruth's pledge to Naomi: "Whither thou goest, I will go."

Millerand Will Visit Morocco.

PARIS, March 16.—President Millerand will visit Morocco early in April. He will board the cruiser Mirabeau, formerly the German cruiser Strasbourg, at Bordeaux on March 27, proceeding to Lasparre. Here he will embark in the cruiser Edgar Quinet for the trip to Casablanca.

Florida, Georgia and Carolina Resorts. Five trains, including Seaboard Florida Limited. P. R. R. 6:20 P. M. Seaboard Air Line Ry. 143 W. 42nd St. Vel. Bryant 8455.—Advt.

IRISH GUNMEN KILL 3 SICK MEN IN BEDS

Armed Men Enter Home and Hospital in Galway and Shoot Victims Dead.

TRAIN IS HELD UP IN ULSTER

Fifteen Are Wounded by Bombs in Belfast—Griffith Bars Irish Army Convention.

GALWAY, Ireland, March 16.—Four men in disguise entered the St. Bride's Home last night and shot and killed Sergeant Gibbons and Gilmartin and seriously wounded a constable. Just previously three masked men entered the workhouse hospital and killed Patrick Cassidy of Mayo.

The two sergeants killed were members of the Royal Irish Constabulary. They were patients in the St. Bride's Home, which the attackers entered while the nurses were at supper, and riddled the sergeants with bullets while they were in bed.

Cassidy, an official of a congested district board, was undergoing treatment for a wound which he sustained recently during an attack on his home. The assassins appeared in the ward where Cassidy lay with the other patients, and shot him in the throat.

The Irish Republican army immediately sent out patrols but they have not yet discovered the attackers.

Mail Train Robbed in Ulster.

BELFAST, March 16. (Associated Press).—A train proceeding from Belfast to Dublin was held up at Altnaveigh, near Newry, this morning by an armed gang which seized and carried off the mails. The men stopped the train by waving a red lamp. Some boarded the locomotive and guarded the engineman and fireman while the others held up the postal staff.

A similar holdup occurred yesterday on the southern side of the border.

Ulster special constables removed today from Crossley Tender, near Londonderry, seven youths who said they had come from Donegal, which is Free State territory. The prisoners, who are understood to be Republican police, were lodged in Victoria Barracks in Londonderry, charged with having arms in their possession and with unlawful assembly.

Four men taken prisoner after an encounter with special constables in the Tyrone mountains were sentenced today to five years' penal servitude. The prisoners were members of a band which kidnapped fifteen civilians at Fermy, County Down, took them over the mountains and imprisoned them in Hibernian Hall at Cranagh, County Tyrone, which when captured proved to be a regular bomb factory, the constables reported.

Belfast had the unusual experience today of daylight bomb throwing, which resulted in the injury of fifteen persons, four of whom were seriously injured.

A grenade was thrown during the noon hour into a churchyard in the Ballymacarrett district, where soldiers are stationed. There were no casualties. Two other grenades were thrown in the Seaford Street area, and it was here that all the casualties occurred.

A van driver was shot dead this afternoon near the scene of the bombing.

Sees Plot to Get Control of Army.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

DUBLIN, March 16.—An extremist plot to wrest control of the Irish Republican Army from its present leaders was disclosed in this statement issued tonight by the publicity department of the Dail Eireann:

"The following instruction has been issued by President Griffith to the Minister of Defense:

"'It is quite evident to the unanimous Dail Cabinet that at the army convention contemplated for March 26 it was proposed to endeavor to remove the army from under the control of the Government elected by the people, which is the Dail Eireann. Such a purpose is illegal, and you are hereby instructed that the holding of this convention is forbidden.'"

Another warlike speech was delivered by Eamonn de Valera at Dungarvan today. He said they had not secured independence by the treaty. They had obtained only a bit of Ireland. If Ireland gained independence, he said, it would not be on account of the treaty, which barred the way to freedom; independence could be secured only by the blood of Irishmen.

In reply to those who asked what was their policy, he said it was the policy of the last four years.

De Valera's action in launching a

Continued on Page Five.

"LILIOM" Matinee to-morrow next Monday. The Theatre Guild announces a special engagement for 3 weeks only at the 44th St. Theatre. Seats now.—Advt.

SUBWAY RUSH HOUR STRETCHED TO THREE MORNING AND NIGHT

Transit Counsel Says More Trains Before and After Would Relieve Jam.

I. R. T. ATTORNEY DOUBTS IT

Says People Will Go at Same Time Whether They Have Seats or Stand Up.

THEATRE CRUSH IS SCORED

Figures Show Skimping of Trains All Day Compels Herding, While Cars Are Idle.

Further testimony to support the contention that there is much unnecessary overcrowding in the subways of the Interborough Rapid Transit Company was taken yesterday by the Transit Commission in its hearing as to why the Interborough and the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company should not be required to improve their service.

Charles A. Standfast, Supervising Inspector of the commission, testified that there was almost a continuous overload on the Interborough subways, with only a few twenty-minute periods during the day when there were more seats than passengers.

Mr. Standfast's testimony showed that the Interborough maintained its maximum train service for only one hour in the morning and one hour in the afternoon, and that by its failure to provide this maximum service, for which, he said, there was no operating reason, the "rush hour" was extended to three hours in each direction.

A record of observations made on March 3 at the Ninety-sixth Street station of southbound express traffic showed that between 7 and 10 A. M. this branch of the Interborough carried 94,150 passengers, of whom 32,550 stood up, and that the maximum number of trains was run only between 8 and 9 A. M.

Shearn Suggests Remedy.

This led ex-Justice Clarence J. Shearn, special counsel of the commission, to declare that the trains were crowded to a "state of indecency" and to suggest that by putting on more trains just before and just after the maximum traffic period the company not only could provide seats for practically all passengers, except during the peak of the traffic, but could materially reduce the congestion then. This was disputed by Henry J. Smith, of counsel for the Interborough, who said that experience had shown that passengers going to and from work were governed by their hours of employment, and would not go earlier or later to travel in greater comfort. Mr. Smith admitted that it was possible for the Interborough to run more trains if it had the money.

Judge Shearn was asked afterward if he had heard anything more concerning the negotiations between the Interborough and the Manhattan Company, pending which James L. Quackenbush, general counsel of the Interborough, had requested an adjournment of thirty days.

"I am confident that the Interborough will acquiesce in the efforts of the commission for an early improvement of service," Mr. Shearn replied.

Although Mr. Shearn centred his questioning on the southbound express traffic at the Ninety-sixth Street station, similar conditions were revealed by Mr. Standfast in the northbound express service, as well as the express service in both directions on the Lexington Avenue subway. The records of the inspectors showed a general overloading of the local trains in both subways, and more serious overcrowding, which Judge Shearn said could have been avoided by running more trains, among the homegoing theatre crowds at Times Square.

What the Figures Show.

The following tabulation, presented by Mr. Standfast, showed the result of observation of southbound express service at the Ninety-sixth Street station on March 3:

	No. of Passengers.	Standing Passengers.	No. of Trains.
7:00- 7:20	6,380	2,380	8
7:20- 7:40	10,620	5,420	10
7:40- 8:00	13,120	8,120	10
8:00- 8:20	17,140	11,140	12
8:20- 8:40	12,890	9,490	7
8:40- 9:00	14,740	8,740	12
9:00- 9:20	6,620	2,620	8
9:20- 9:40	7,830	3,830	8
9:40-10:00	5,070	470	7

Judge Shearn called the attention of General John F. O'Ryan, who was pre-

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Urges British Premier Adopt White House Publicity Plan

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By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, March 16.—Viscount Burnham, proprietor and editor of The Daily Telegraph, speaking at a journalistic luncheon today, pleaded for the necessity of the Downing Street press bureau, which has been the subject of questions in Parliament recently.

"I recommend to the attention of the Government," said Lord Burnham, "the example of the United States. For many years at Washington the President has received at the White House every Thursday journalists of every country, allowing them to put questions to him on any subject they chose, which he answers to the best of his ability and with the utmost frankness. These interviews are regarded as confidential.

"The time has come when we ought to have the same sort of thing here as they have in America. It is no slur on the news department of the Foreign Office to say that the time is ripe for a further step in giving the public information."

AMERICAN EXCHANGE CALLED BUCKET SHOP

Court Finds Cotton Deals Were Just Wagers and Urges Prosecutions.

CLIENTS TRICKED, HE SAYS

Asserts That Aggregate Loss to Foolish Dupes Must Have Been Large.

Chief City Magistrate William McAdoo held yesterday that the American Cotton Exchange was a bucket shop, urged that the officials of it be prosecuted for maintaining a bucket shop and that some of the individual members be prosecuted for bucketing.

"The evidence shows," he said, "that the largest part of the transactions on this exchange were simply wagers made on the fluctuations of the cotton markets obtained by telephonic communication as to the activities and actions of other exchanges, following which false representations were made to those who risked their money in these illegal transactions."

The Magistrate found that customers of firms in this organization were often tricked, and he continued:

"Imagine the chances, therefore, of the so-called customers when the game is often reduced to a wager with dishonest and irresponsible persons."

His decision was rendered after George Gordon Battle and Albert Massey had pleaded for a continuation of the John Doe inquiry to permit the accused organizations and members of it to offer evidence in their own defense.

Mr. Battle said that many of the 600 firms who were members of the American Cotton Exchange would be "ruined" if the John Doe inquiry were followed by Grand Jury indictments. Mr. McAdoo said that he would let the District Attorney be the judge as to whether there was any reason for permitting a defense to be entered. He pointed out that the purpose of a John Doe inquiry was only to find if a prima facie case exists as the basis for a prosecution, and said that he had never before allowed lawyers so much latitude in a John Doe proceeding as he had in permitting Mr. Battle and Mr. Massey to attempt to break the force of damaging evidence in the present case.

Immunity for President.

A. W. Graham of Oxford, N. C., President of the Exchange, will receive immunity from prosecution because of his testimony, much of which was damaging to the organization over which he presides. The evidence revealed Mr. Graham as a nominal ruler of the organization.

The opinion of Magistrate McAdoo was as follows:

"Article 26, Section 380, of the Penal law, the title of which is 'bucket shops,' is very clear and explicit as to what actions are prohibited thereby, and as to who are responsible in connection with the offenses enumerated therein. It is intended to prevent fictitious and make-believe sales of various kinds of property, including commodities such as cotton. It prohibits all transactions where 'such contract for sales shall be

Continued on Page Nine.

MORE HOUSING BILLS REJECTED BY SENATE; NO ASSEMBLY ACTION

Compulsory Jail Terms and Insurance Realty Investment Measures Lack Support.

RATE-MAKING BILL PASSED

Upper House Has Now Disposed of All on Calendar but Trade Commission Measure.

ASSEMBLY MUST ACT TODAY

Rules Committee There Still Holds Seventeen of Eighteen Measures on Program.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, March 16.—With final adjournment certain tomorrow night, the fate of the Lockwood housing program is still undecided.

The Senate has disposed of all but one of those of the series of eighteen measures which have been reported by the Cities Committee, passing thus far a total of nine. One housing bill has been passed by the Senate and Assembly. In the Assembly seventeen of the bills are still in the hands of the Rules Committee and must be reported out today if they are to be acted on at this session. Strong opposition to at least five of these was revealed at today's session.

The Senate today rejected three more of the Lockwood measures and passed one. Those rejected were:

Authorizing public prosecutors to appeal from a dismissal of an indictment without a trial on the merits.

Withdrawing discretion of courts to suspend sentences and requiring a minimum prison sentence of three months for violations of the Donnelly Anti-Trust act.

Requiring domestic fire, life and casualty insurance companies to invest 25 per cent. of their future assets in real estate bonds and mortgages, except companies having less than $5,000,000 assets.

The measure passed empowers the State Superintendent of Insurance to supervise rate making organizations of insurance companies.

The bill compelling insurance companies to invest in first mortgages was defeated for the second time. Today's vote was 24 to 25 against the bill. Twenty-six votes are necessary to pass. Senator Lockwood, as on the previous vote, was excused, because of his connection with a life insurance company in the capacity of counsel. Senator Burlingame, one of his Republican colleagues from Brooklyn, voted against the bill.

Senators Fearon of Onondaga and Wiswall of Albany led the opposition. "The bill is nothing but window dressing; there is no provision in it for enforcement," said Wiswall.

Senator Lusk replied that the necessary power was lodged already in the State Superintendent of Insurance.

Senator Lockwood was again defeated by 24 to 22 when he attempted to wrest from the Cities Committee the bill permitting prosecutors to appeal from Court orders dismissing indictment on technical grounds. Another motion to discharge the same committee from consideration of the bill making prison sentences for violators of the Donnelly anti-trust compulsory met the same fate by a vote of 17 to 31.

Senator Lockwood made a strong plea for the prison sentence bill. He declared that profiteering would continue as long as violators of the anti-trust law were only fined. Offenders against this statute, he said, invariably were persons of wealth. Senator Lusk replied that in his opinion the penalties at present provided were severe enough and that he did not believe in legislation interfering with the freedom of action of judges.

On a motion to discharge the Cities Committee from consideration of the bill permitting District Attorneys to appeal from the dismissal of indictments, Senator Lockwood was defeated by the same vote that had been cast a few minutes before on a bill by Senator Walton, introduced at the request of the District Attorneys of the State, to the same effect. This vote was 24 to 22.

Two New York City Republicans, Burlingame of Brooklyn and Karle of Queens, voted against compulsory jail sentences. All the Democrats, except Senators Walker of New York and Twomey of Brooklyn, voted to discharge the committee. Only two up-State Senators supported Senator Lockwood.

Intimation that another attempt may be made to force through compulsory investment of insurance funds in realty mortgages was seen in a motion made by Senator Tolbert to reconsider the vote by which the measure failed.

The Lockwood bill creating a State Trade Commission was to have been considered today, but action was postponed until tomorrow.

Not one of the housing bills was reported by the Rules Committee during the day's session in the Assembly. Five of them are reported to be marked for slaughter if they are reported out. These are as follows: Trade Commission bill; that for compulsory jail sentences; that permitting appeal from the dismissal of an indictment; that compelling investment of insurance funds in real estate mortgages and that prohibiting extension of the time in which insurance companies must dispose of certain securities.

PASS BILLS IN A RUSH.

Assembly Cuts $750,000 From Election Advertising Here.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, March 16.—After Governor Miller had sent a special message to the Assembly today urging that the bill recodifying the election law be amended so as to eliminate approximately $750,000 of election advertising in New York City alone, the measure was rushed

Prohibition Won't Produce Great Literature, Quiller-Couch Replies to a Teetotaller

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By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, March 16.—Under enforced prohibition the United States will never produce a great literature, is the deduction that could be drawn from the controversy between the President of the Wesleyan conference and Sir Arthur Quiller-Couch, novelist, known as ("Q") and Professor of English Literature at Cambridge, if one believes the latter's arguments.

The Wesleyan President asked, "Am I, because I am a teetotaler, cut off from understanding all that is good to understand in Swift or in other writers? Is Shakespeare a closed book to me because I am a total abstainer?"

"Yet," answers Sir Arthur Quiller-Couch, "I do hold that the total abstainer is in the nature of things imperfectly equipped for high literature because high literature, both in its creation and its full enjoyment, demands total manhood of which a teetotal manhood is obviously a modification."

"I speak only of literature," proceeds "Q," "because that, and not omniscience, is the one worldly business in which I can pretend to any competence, but I might widen my position to a national one and ask what kind of civilization our one positively teetotal nation in Europe, the Turk, has." He then cites Turkish rule in Armenia, and mentions Russia as another example of prohibition. "My position," he says, "is that man is in the world to enjoy all that this world can give, so that he use it temperately; that temptation to excess inheres in every pleasure, and that man's business is to understand this and regulate his life accordingly."

Quiller-Couch cites passages from Milton in praise of moderate indulgence in wine, and asks why "Christ gladdened the feast by turning water into wine."

Finally, he calls upon the Wesleyan President to name six great poets and six critics who have been total abstainers.

FALL MALL FAMOUS CIGARETTES—A shilling in London—A quarter here.—Advt.

Smoke "IN-B-TWEEN"—Finest little cigar in the world. 10 cents—5 in foil. Sto.—Advt.

Greenbrier, White Sulphur Springs, W. Va. Championship golf. Both courses open. The middle, tennis, swimming and the cure. Overnight from New York. Bookings, Plaza.—Advt.

John D. Dodge Sent to Jail for Five Days And Pays $100 Fine for Automobile Speeding

Special to The New York Times.

DETROIT, March 16.—Attired in the regulation gray prison garb of the Detroit House of Correction, John Duval Dodge, son of the late John F. Dodge, wealthy automobile manufacturer, began tonight to serve a five days' sentence for speeding. In addition he was fined $100 and his automobile license revoked for one year. A motion for a new trial was denied.

Notice of a suit for $10,000 damages for alleged personal injury to Edwin Schulte, 12 years old, was served on young Dodge just as he left the courtroom in custody of a Deputy Sheriff.

At the completion of his sentence Dodge will return to Kalamazoo, where he will face trial on the charge of driving an automobile while intoxicated and transporting liquor.

Dodge came into court before Judge Charles L. Bartlett shortly after 3 o'clock accompanied by his wife, Mrs. Marie Alene Dodge; his mother-in-law, Mrs. P. O'Connor, and his attorney, John P. O'Hara. A crowd that packed every available inch of the room had waited for him all day.

Charged with driving his automobile at the rate of thirty-two miles an hour on Jefferson Avenue on March 5, Dodge pleaded guilty before his attorney could reply.

"I plead not guilty to driving at the rate of thirty-two miles an hour, but I do plead guilty to driving twenty-three miles an hour," he said.

Much interest centred in the trial because of Judge Bartlett's campaign against speeders. For some weeks he has been sending traffic law violators to jail in addition to fining them. Young Dodge was the most prominent offender yet brought before him, and there was much speculation as to what action Judge Bartlett would take.

SELL—AND FOR REMUNERATION, KEEP IT HANDY. DON'T FORGET.—Advt.

and passed in the lower house. It had already been passed in the Senate in its original form. At once strong pressure was brought to bear on the Governor to recede from his position, but there is little doubt that the Senate will concur in the amendments unless the Governor weakens.

Protests from county leaders when the bill first was introduced caused Republican leaders in the Senate to restore the advertising provision for New York City to what it had been in other years. An added item was a provision for the publication of election notices in a "daily paper in Brooklyn, printed in the Jewish language," which does not even exist. A few days ago the Governor learned that this item appeared in the draft of the bill and the news greatly angered him.

Complying with the recommendations of the Governor will reduce the cost of New York City election advertising by one-half or more. The boundaries of election districts would not be included in the election notices, and this, it was asserted here tonight by one familiar with the situation, would reduce the cost of publication by approximately three-fifths. The publication of concurrent resolutions and constitutional amendments, too, would be confined to two newspapers in each of the counties in Greater New York. Under amendments made in the Senate these would have been published in one newspaper for each 100,000 of population.

The Assembly passed both of Governor Miller's water power bills and the Walton child welfare and children's part in county courts measures recommended by the Governor and adopted by the Senate yesterday.

Seven Republicans and all the Democrats in the Assembly voted against the Water Power bills. The opposing Republicans were Assemblymen Dunmore and Williams of Oneida, Everett of St. Lawrence, Tale of Putnam, Hall of Niagara, Lattin of Orleans and Osborn of Greene.

The Assembly passed ninety-seven bills in the course of a long session, a large number being local in character. In the Senate the output was not so large, practically all of the forenoon session being given over to the passage over the veto of the Common Council of two bills affecting the City of Oswego and in defeating a motion to wrest from the Committee on Labor and Industries the Downing bill, which would have given to the State a monopoly on writing workmen's compensation policies.

Senator Downing in fighting for this measure was supported by Senator Ostlie and Senator Seidel, the lone Socialist member of the Senate. The motion was defeated 29 to 14.

The Brundage bill, appropriating $1,000,000 for a bonus for disabled soldiers of the World War who have been out of work for 14 days, passed the Assembly unanimously.

Under the Blakely bill, which passed the Assembly, Aldermen in all cities of less than 100,000 population would be permitted to perform marriage ceremonies.

Several bills of particular interest to New York City were passed in the lower house. The McGinnies measure, making an additional appropriation of $3,500,000 for the construction of the New York-New Jersey vehicular tunnel, was approved without a dissenting vote. By a vote of 39 to 40 the Aronson bill, which provides for the appointment by the Mayor of New York City of three Judges to hear appeals from the Magistrates' court, was passed.

Under the Duggan bill, in which the Assembly concurred with the Senate, the New York City Board of Estimate would be authorized to construct a system of bridges between the boroughs of Manhattan, the Bronx, and Queens for the use of railroads, bus lines and pedestrians.

ALBANY, March 16 (Associated Press).—With final adjournment fixed for tomorrow, both houses of the Legislature adjourned early this evening to allow members to attend the dinner of the Legislative Correspondents' Association. The Assembly, in a five-hour session, passed measures of a non-controversial character at the rate of one a minute. Among those adopted were:

The Swift bill providing that the marriage of a person under 18 years of age shall not of itself constitute absolute right to annulment but must be at the discretion of the court.

The Mastick bill authorizing towns to enact ordinances regulating the speed of motor vehicles.

The Judson bill prohibiting deduction from gross income for income tax purposes, of expenses for entertainment, and providing that deductible worthless debts must arise in the regular course of business.

The Knight bill designed to prohibit illegal traffic in railroad commutation tickets.

Under an emergency message from Governor Miller, the Senate passed the supplementary appropriation bill carrying items totaling $1,200,000.

A bill appropriating $1,250,000 as the State's share in the Federal aid plan for the building and repair of rural post roads also was passed by the Senate.

The bill which seeks to prohibit the erection of fences more than ten feet high between dwellings was advanced to final passage in the Senate, after being passed by the Assembly.

The Senate passed two Witter bills, one requiring the pasteurization of all milk from suspected tubercular animals before being used for human consumption or being fed to other animals.

Salary increases for New York City officials as authorized in the Downing bill were approved by the Assembly. This measure, which had previously been approved by the Senate, seeks to raise the salary of the Mayor and Controller from $15,000 to $25,000 and of the President of the Board of Aldermen from $5,000 to $15,000.

The Assembly concurred with the Senate in the passage of the Simpson bill designed to aid the Federal Government in deporting alien convicts on their release from prison.

HAVE SAVED $67,000,000.

Value of Telephone Improvements Described at Albany Hearing.

ALBANY, March 16.—A saving of $67,000,000 in operating costs and capital investments has been made up to the present by the New York Telephone Company through improvements in the use of cables and wire perfected by the American Telephone and Telegraph Company, the Public Service Commission was told today. The witness was E. P. Hynes, an engineer of the New York Telephone Company, whose testimony dealt with the benefits derived by the company through its contract with the larger corporation.

He also testified that the New York Company received under the contract the use of telephone instruments. If his company had required to supply the instruments, Mr. Hynes said, the yearly cost would amount to $1,750,000. This is a much larger sum than the company pays to the American Telephone and Telegraph Company for rental.

The hearing will be continued next week.

CROMWELL HALTS 'BLUE SKY' BILL

Letter From Stock Exchange President to Legislators Presages Fatal Delay.

UNTERMYER ASSAILS ACTION

Calls Message "Drivel and Impudence"—Banton Declares Opposition Is Not Well Founded.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, March 16.—The Katlin "Blue Sky" bill, which provides for the supervision of stock brokers and exchanges by the State Superintendent of Banks and has the endorsement of District Attorney Banton, who believes that it would aid him materially in suppressing bucket shops and other forms of swindling in the sale of securities, is probably dead as the result of a protest sent by wire to every member of the Senate today by Seymour L. Cromwell, President of the New York Stock Exchange.

Samuel Untermyer, chief counsel for the Lockwood Housing Committee, who made most of the protested amendments to the Katlin bill, issued a statement this evening declaring that the attitude of Mr. Cromwell was, in effect, an indictment of government.

"Was there ever such drivel and impudence as this message of Mr. Cromwell about it being necessary for the Exchange to have autocratic power over the ticker service and the use of the telephone and telegraph in interstate commerce in order to protect the people of the United States against bucketing," said the lawyer.

The bill is on the order of third reading in the Senate, and probably would have been passed today had not Mr. Cromwell's message wrought a change in the attitude of some Senators. Soon after it arrived Senator Pitcher of Jefferson, Chairman of the Senate Committee on Banks, announced that he would move to have the bill recommitted for a hearing. Compliance by the Senate at this stage of the session, which is scheduled to end tomorrow, would be tantamount to a death warrant.

President Cromwell's Letter.

In its original form the Katlin bill provided for the supervision of brokers and stock selling firms, but not for the regulation of the exchanges. Chiefly at the request of District Attorney Banton amendments were made to include them. Senator Pitcher said he based his action on the ground that the bill had been materially changed since it left his committee.

President Cromwell maintained that the proposed supervision would hamper the freedom of action which the Stock Exchange now exercises and which alone enables it to enforce discipline and cut off quotations for brokers whose dealings are not in accordance with the ethics of the Exchange. He contended that with the Katlin bill a law the Stock Exchange would be compelled to abandon disciplinary measures, because members disciplined would have recourse to the courts. President Cromwell's protest follows, in part:

"The amendments to the bill effectually deprive the Exchange of the power to exercise discipline over its members or to prevent the improper use of its quotations, and are directly in the interests of the dishonest trader and the bucketshop. The power of the Exchange over its members and over its quotations is the strongest factor in preventing dishonest dealings. The Legislature should do nothing to affect this power. The amendments would take away from the Exchange the power of determining whether or not stocks are proper subjects for listing on the Exchange, and they would prevent the Exchange from suspending trading in securities when such trading was manifestly dangerous to the public.

"They forbid the Exchange to amend its constitution, by-laws, rules or regulations without the consent of the Superintendent of Banks. The steps necessary to obtain such consent would many times in the past have resulted in disastrous panics. Note particularly the suspension of trading on the Exchange at the outbreak of the war. These, and many other equally serious objections to the amendments, can be adequately set out only at a full hearing on behalf of the New York Stock Exchange. I protest against the bill itself and against its passage by the Senate without proper publicity—or the opportunity on the part of the members of the Exchange to be heard."

"Mr. Cromwell's criticism of the bill is not well founded," said District Attorney Banton after he had read the telegram. "Both the Consolidated Exchange and the Curb Market have urged this Legislature to pass just such a measure. It is essential that some one in official authority should have the right to examine the books of brokers if the crimes of bucketing, trading against orders and making wash sales are to be traced and punished. The people will not be fooled by the pretense that the Attorney General can proceed effectually under the Martin act passed last year unless there is supervision and the granting of rights to look into the books of offending brokerage concerns."

Mr. Untermyer's Statement.

Mr. Untermyer's statement follows:

"The attitude of Mr. Cromwell is in effect an indictment of government. It is based on the theory that the autocratic and unreviewable fiats and decisions of the Stock Exchange are infallible and should take the place of our courts of justice. None of its acts, vitally affecting the public welfare throughout the land, are reviewable under the law as it stands. This bill seeks to bring such acts under the review of the courts. To that the Stock Exchange objects, and it must be admitted that the supine indifference of the public to the control of this irresponsible supergovernment all these years and its inability to bring the Exchange within the law justify the continuance of this arrogant, indefensible attitude.

"But there are signs that the reign of despotism, however amiable they may mistakenly believe it to be, will soon be over and that these gentlemen are to be brought within the law. Up to this time they have been in a class and lived in an atmosphere that were all their own. Was there ever such drivel and impudence as this message of Mr. Cromwell's about it being necessary for the Exchange to have autocratic power over the ticker service and the use of the telegraph and telephone in interstate commerce, in order to protect the people of the United States against bucketing? Paternalism in government by the people, which is bad enough, is to give way to paternalism in government of the people by the Stock Exchange. That is the plain English of these extraordinary proposals.

"Is it, then, the idea of these gentlemen that the governmental function of suppressing the bucket shops should be transferred to the Stock Exchange? and that, in order to clothe that mighty citadel of virtue with the necessary powers, the courts must continue to be stripped, as they are now, of the power to correct the abuse of that amazing power?

"Let there be no misunderstanding on this point. All the quotations of securities dealt in on the New York Exchange are distributed throughout the country over the ticker service controlled by it and under its contract with the Western Union Telegraph Company. That company, under its contract, can furnish the service only to the stock houses over the country that are permitted by the exchange to have this service. Without it they cannot do business by the ipse dixit of the Governors of the exchange without warning or reason or the right to appeal to the courts.

"That is only one of the many incredible powers of life and death over the fortunes and reputations of business men throughout the country that is involved by this self-constituted supergovernment of the exchange, usurping the place of government by the laws of the land. There are others that are very similar and still more despotic and humiliating, but we will deal with one at a time in answering Mr. Cromwell.

"If our laws are incapable of reaching bucketing and we must pay such a price for turning over that governmental function to the Stock Exchange, we had better turn our attention to the Stock Exchange itself, where there is plenty of reformatory work to be done. Let it first pluck the many beams out of its own eye that it may see clearly to cast the mote out of the eye of the 'bucketeer.'

"The way to pluck these beams is to subject the Exchange to the supervision and regulation of State authority, so as to make of it the world's greatest security market, where the investing public may safely and legitimately deal. The first of these regulating restrictions would be to prohibit brokers from speculating, as in Great Britain and other countries where brokers are required to be brokers and brokers only."

BIG DEAL ALLEGED TO 'SELL' CROW'S SEAT

Sproul and Bell Flatly Deny a Report of $650,000 Plot in Pennsylvania.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, March 16.—Governor Sproul denounced tonight as "almost infamous" reports that John A. Bell, the Pittsburgh banker, had entered into a deal whereby a settlement of $450,000 was to be made for the seat in the United States Senate now occupied by William E. Crow. Reports had it that Bell was to underwrite Senator Crow's liabilities in that amount.

Governor Sproul was indignant and vehement in his denial of any such deal.

John A. Bell also issued a vigorous denial of the story.

"You can make it as strong as possible that I will make no settlement with any one," said Mr. Bell, "in return for a seat in the United States Senate. There has been no such settlement by me; there never will be, and I will not have anything to do with any such arrangement. If you can find stronger language in which to state my position use it."

There have been rumors for weeks that Senator Crow's financial position was as serious as his physical condition. His friends have not denied his liabilities. Therefore as soon as rumors that he would resign were authenticated, reports spread that a financial deal had been engineered.

Senator Crow will resign from the Senate. That has been decided upon. It is understood his physicians will formally advise him of his inability to return to Washington.

Meanwhile pressure is being brought to bear upon the Governor to see that two votes from Pennsylvania, will be forthcoming when the Four-Power Treaty is called to a vote next Friday. Governor Sproul is uncertain whether or not that can be arranged.

"Mr. Bell," said the Governor, "is not the kind of man who would enter into such a deal as these almost infamous reports speak of. He is a man of the highest character, who has lived an honorable life as a Christian gentleman.

"I have made no promises to any one respecting an appointment to the Senate. If the matter comes to a head I will use my best judgment in disposing of it."

Governor Sproul denied various other rumors concerning candidates for the Senate and for Governor, including a report that Senator Pepper would be sent as Ambassador to Great Britain and that the Governor would seek to succeed Pepper in the Senate.

DENY INSURANCE LOBBY.

Witnesses at Mississippi Inquiry Contradict Governor's Charges.

JACKSON, Miss., March 16.—Insurance company representatives, attorneys and a member of the Mississippi Legislature testified before a House investigating committee today in denial of charges made by Governor Lee M. Russell that a "pernicious" lobby, with a liberal use of liquor, had been in operation in Jackson to influence legislation favorable to certain fire insurance interests.

The witnesses, who included J. H. Doyle, assistant general counsel for the National Board of Fire Insurance Underwriters; W. H. Watkins of Jackson, associate counsel for several fire and life insurance companies, and Sidney McLaurin, attorney, of Brandon, Miss., all declared that so far as they knew the charges made by the Governor were unfounded.

Likewise, they declared, they knew nothing except what they had read in the newspapers of the suit filed against Governor Russell by Miss Frances Bickford, a former stenographer, or anti-trust proceedings recently instituted in Covington County against a number of life insurance concerns.

Only 40% in Toronto Grain Failure.

TORONTO, Ontario, March 16.—A statement by liquidators of Bryant Heard & Co., grain and stock brokers in Toronto and Montreal, indicates that the creditors are likely to receive only 40 per cent., or 10 per cent. less than estimated. Liabilities were given as $[illegible] and assets as $[illegible], leaving a deficiency of $512,862.

CARNIVAL WORKER QUERIED ON MURDER

Jersey City Blacksmith Is Said to Have Been Friendly With Showman's Wife.

ARRESTS MAY COME SOON

Discharged Chef Still Being Sought—Reward for Slayer Is Wanted.

RIVERSIDE, N. J., March 16.—Carl Ward of Jersey City, blacksmith, by Winter and lot superintendent of "Honest John" Brunen's carnival in the Summer, was taken to the Burlington County Jail at Mount Holly late tonight for questioning about the murder of Brunen in his home here last Friday night. According to the police, Mrs. Brunen left her husband last October and lived with Ward in a furnished room in Hoboken for four days, after which she returned here.

Ward was not under arrest, but it was intimated that his examination might result in one or more arrests. Captain Larkin of the Jersey City police brought him to Burlington, where he was met by a county detective, who took him to Mount Holly by automobile.

The Jersey City police found Mrs. Brunen living with Ward on Nov. 1 or 2, after Brunen had asked them to locate his daughter Hazel, who had eloped with William Parkston, a lion tamer in her father's show. Hazel said Parkston, whom she had married, were living in one furnished room in Bloomfield Street, Hoboken, according to the police, and Mrs. Brunen and Ward in another.

Blacksmith Furnishes Alibi.

When the police returned Hazel to her father, they concealed from him the fact that they had found Mrs. Brunen with Ward. They told him Mrs. Brunen had gone to Hoboken to look out for Hazel, who was Brunen's daughter by his first wife.

The Jersey City police, who were asked by the Burlington County officials to locate Ward today, found him at the home of his sister, Mrs. Schuman, 10 Read Street, where he lives. He furnished the police with an alibi for his movements last Friday evening, which they said they checked up and found correct. At 5 P. M. he was paid his weekly wage by the blacksmith for whom he worked. He went to his sister's home for supper and then to a moving picture theatre, which he left a little before 9 o'clock.

Afterward he bought a brick of ice cream at a confectionery store, where a girl clerk said she sold only one brick of ice cream that night and was almost sure Ward was the buyer. The police said it would have been impossible for him to have left Jersey City after 8 o'clock and to have reached Riverside either by train or automobile by 7:30 o'clock, about which time the murder was committed.

Ward went to Mount Holly voluntarily and said he was willing to tell anything he knew about the murder to the county officials. He denied having seen Mrs. Brunen since Nov. 1 or 2. During the two or three years he knew the family, he said, Brunen and his wife had many violent quarrels.

Ward was questioned more than two hours. About midnight it was announced that he had satisfied the authorities with his alibi and had been allowed to go. He spent the night in Mount Holly, and said he would answer any further questions tomorrow. The police said they had also eliminated Paul Parrell of Paterson, a concessionaire who had had trouble with Brunen.

Walter H. Keown, counsel for Mrs. Brunen and her family, denied that Mrs. Brunen spent four days with Ward. He said that after Hazel eloped with the lion tamer and Brunen heard about it, he flew into a rage and went to Jersey City to find them. Fearing trouble, Mrs. Bunen followed and tried to smooth things over. Going by a different route, she arrived about the same time as Brunen, who accused them all of a conspiracy to marry Hazel to Parkston.

Threatened to Leave Town.

It was learned tonight that Brunen had a bitter quarrel with his wife on the Sunday preceding the murder. After the quarrel, he gave orders for the remodeling of a circus car at the Winter quarters of his carnival in Williamstown, N. J., and said he was going to live in the car the following Saturday morning. The murder occurred the night before he was to have put this plan into effect.

Following the return of Mrs. Brunen to her home after the Ward episode, Brunen went to New York and consulted a lawyer in the Bennett Building, 96 Nassau Street, about getting a divorce. After he returned to Riverside, there was a reconciliation, but the couple did not remain on good terms. The final battle between Brunen and his wife, referred to in Brunen's letter to his sister, occurred on Christmas Day, soon after the "reconciliation."

The police are still looking for "Dutchy" Werner, chef discharged by Brunen from the Winter quarters at Williamstown some time ago, but have been unable to locate him. They said they did not want to arrest him, but merely question him.

Want Reward to Be Offered.

Prosecutor Jonathan H. Kelsey of Burlington County announced he would ask the Board of Freeholders and Governor Edwards to offer a reward for the capture of the murderer, dead or alive. Under the law, the freeholders are authorized to offer from $500 to $2,000; the State from $500 to $2,500.

Kelsey and County Detective Parker said the reason for not making an arrest on the basis of information already learned was "lack of sufficient evidence." They said the letter written by Brunen to his sister on Feb. 20, telling his fears of murder, did not justify an arrest, in their opinion.

"We are not worrying about public opinion," said Kelsey. "Public opinion will condemn anybody. We cannot charge anybody with a specific crime in a warrant for arrest just now, and until we can there will be no arrest. We are doing our best to solve the mystery, and have twenty men working all over the State. We may do things a little different here than they do in New York, and may move a little more slowly, but we get results in the end. We want enough proof so that our case won't be thrown out of court."

Parker said that in twenty years he has been county detective the State had obtained eighty-eight convictions in ninety-five murders committed in Burlington County.

JOSEPH LEITER DENIES NEW YORK IS HIS HOME

Former Wheat Speculator Testifies in Hoadley Suits for $680,000.

Joseph Leiter, financier and former wheat speculator, was a witness in the Supreme Court yesterday in suits brought against him by Joseph H. Hoadley and Alfred Hoadley on an alleged indebtedness of $680,000 arising out of the unsuccessful International Power pool engineered in 1902 by Leiter and the Hoadleys. The case came before Justice Donnelly to determine the validity of Mr. Leiter's defense that he was a resident of Chicago at the time the alleged claims accrued and that because of the operation of the Illinois statute of limitations the claims are outlawed.

George Z. Medalie, attorney for the Hoadleys, asserted that while Mr. Leiter lived in Illinois until he grew to manhood, he declared later that his legal residence was New York. Mr. Medalie said:

"In 1900, young Joseph Leiter thought himself the greatest financial genius the world had produced, and to prove that he was he started out to corner all the wheat. One result, which might have been expected, was that Illinois became an unpleasant place to live in 365 days in the year. The Leiter family established a fine home in Washington, where they began to build up a social prestige in national capital circles. Joseph Leiter himself came to New York, and here he rented apartments, first on East Thirty-third Street, then on West Thirty-third Street.

"It was here that he came in connection with the Hoadleys, in the International Power Company and other projects. It was here that he lived when, on Oct. 3, 1902, he gave a note for $100,400 to Joseph Hoadley and a statement of account, setting forth his indebtedness to Joseph Hoadley at $500,000 was rendered and accepted, on the same day."

It is alleged that by his absence in Chicago he broke the operation of the New York statute of limitations law.

Henry L. Sherman, attorney for Mr. Leiter, said that his client was never a resident of New York, but that his extensive business interests here required him to lead a "nomadic life," making about sixty trips between New York and Chicago on the Twentieth Century Limited.

Mr. Leiter testified that he was born in Illinois in 1868; returned there after he was graduated from Harvard in 1891, and has voted and paid taxes there ever since. The case will continue today.

HOOVER UNWILLING TO RUN FOR SENATOR

Wants to Stay in Cabinet, Though Said to Have Been Asked to Oppose Johnson.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 16.—Reports which reached Washington tonight from the West that Herbert Hoover, Secretary of Commerce had been requested by one of the Republican factions in California to enter the primaries against Hiram Johnson for United States Senator were the subject of discussion here tonight.

It is understood on high authority that Mr. Hoover is unwilling under any circumstances to give up his work in the Cabinet here and enter a political battle with Johnson. It was recalled that in 1920, when Hoover was before the voters in the California primaries against Johnson for the State's endorsement for the Presidential gomination, Johnson won an overwhelming victory, Hoover carrying only Los Angeles and a few counties of the south.

PLAN TO CHECK HOLD-UPS.

Legion Commander Suggests Reliable Veterans to Guard Payrolls.

A proposal to check daylight hold-ups of payroll and security carriers by the employment of able-bodied ex-servicemen instead of inexperienced boys and girls was made yesterday by Major William F. Deegan, State Commander of the American Legion, and a member of the Mayor's Unemployment Commission.

"It is a reasonable proposition to a thinking bandit that, if one can take candy from children, it should not be any great trick to take gold from a callow youth or an inexperienced girl," said Major Deegan. "The only way to stop this increasing enterprise of audacious banditry on the public thoroughfares is to get carriers who will resist the attempt and not submit passively. I can furnish any number of reliable and strong-armed men who achieved quite a reputation during a recent episode of international banditry for refusing to submit passively."

In co-operation with the City Employment Bureau, at 129 Worth Street, Major Deegan has prepared a list of potential cash and security carriers who are so guaranteed.

ARBUCKLE JURY COMPLETED

Four Women Have Voice on Comedian's Fate at Third Trial.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 16.—The jury in the Roscoe Arbuckle case was completed and sworn in at the conclusion of the court session today. The film comedian is facing his third trial on a manslaughter charge in connection with the death of Miss Virginia Rappe, film actress, the previous juries having disagreed.

Four women are on the jury.

CHICAGO, March 16.—While a jury was being selected in California today to try Roscoe Arbuckle, the last Chicago deposition was taken for the defense.

Edward J. Byrne was the last witness. He said he lived in the same house with Miss Rappe and her grandmother here in 1917. Byrne said he saw her suffering from abdominal pains while her grandmother tried to quiet her. He testified that Miss Rappe took all most of her clothing and screamed when her grandmother tried to prevent her from doing so. Miss Rappe, he said, was afraid of surgery and no doctor was summoned.

COOK COUNTY TO FIGHT RUM

Federal Attorney Surrenders the Job to the State Prosecutor.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, March 16.—Prosecution of violations of prohibition laws in Cook County, a duty hitherto performed by the United States District Attorney's office, was today transferred to the office of Hinks's Attorney, Robert E. Crowe.

It is expected that the same change will be made in all counties in Illinois.

A conference between the State's Attorney and Judge Harry M. Olson, Chief Justice of the Municipal Court, will take place today in regard to the assignment of a special Judge to hear liquor law violation cases.

MME. MATZENAUER SUES FOR DIVORCE

Charges Infidelity and That Glotzbach Sent Money to Woman in California.

THREW HIM OUT, SHE SAYS

Did Not, to Get Him Back, Advise Him She Expected Motherhood—Was Mistaken Anyhow.

Special to The New York Times.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., March 16.—Mme. Margarete Matzenauer, grand opera singer, who according to press dispatches has been making frantic efforts to get her husband, Floyd Glotzbach, now in California, to return to her, said today at the Buckingham Hotel that not only did she not want her "100 per cent. man" back in the role of husband, but that on Jan. 26 she threw him bodily out of her apartment in New York and the next day filed suit for absolute divorce, alleging infidelity.

Dressed in a flowing robe, and gazing reminiscently out of a window of her suite into Forest Park, Mme. Matzenauer told of her once "great love" for Glotzbach and her "efforts to remake him" which, she declared had been a "total failure." She arrived here this morning and will be the soloist at the final symphony concert tomorrow and Saturday.

Mme. Matzenauer says she has proof that her husband not only has been friendly with a woman living in Carmel, Cal., but that he has been sending her money given him by the singer.

"I had hoped and tried to keep all this quiet," Mme. Matzenauer declared today, "but Glotzbach has done entirely too much talking and I have decided to explain the whole affair. The fact is that I picked Glotzbach up out of the gutter because I loved him so much. I thought that my love for him, and what I believed was his love for me, would enable me to make something of him. I have failed.

"When in Europe on a tour recently $2,000 of mine strangely disappeared. I suspected at the time that Glotzbach knew something about it, but said nothing. Later I obtained what I believe is proof that he sent this money to his woman friend in California, who, by the way, is of Mexican descent and 50 years old.

"Last Jan. 26 a letter came to my apartment in New York addressed to my husband. I read the letter and obtained there my proof of his friendship for the California woman.

"When he came home I threw him bodily out of the house and told him never to return. The next day, Jan. 27, I filed suit for divorce.

"About a month ago, while in Ann Arbor, Mich., I went to a physician, who told me I was about to become a mother. Believing this, I wrote and telegraphed Glotzbach to return to me. Later when I discovered the physician was wrong I ended my appeals to him. The last time I communicated with him in any way was a month ago."

"Do you want him back now?" was asked.

"Emphatically no," she replied. "Not now or ever."

Mme. Matzenauer said that all during their married life she had bought all of Glotzbach's clothes and had given him $150 a month for spending money. She says she believes he has been sending most of his spending money to the woman in California.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 16.—Floyd Glotzbach declined today to reply to statements of his wife, Mme. Margarete Matzenauer, that she had sued him for divorce, saying he did not care to discuss the matter.

Mrs. Kate Glotzbach Holland, mother of Glotzbach, it was learned today, recently was a guest in New York of the grand opera star in an attempt to effect a reconciliation between the singer and her husband. She returned last week. She is reported to have told friends that her son was determined not to go back to Mme. Matzenauer.

John Godfrey Saxe, lawyer, admitted yesterday that he had been retained by Mme. Margarete Matzenauer, who stated in St. Louis that she had brought divorce proceedings against her chauffeur husband, Floyd Glotzbach, but he declined to state whether the suit had been filed or where.

"I represent Mme. Matzenauer, but I make it a point never to discuss litigation pending in this office," was his only comment.

BURLESQUE STATE POLITICS

Legislative Correspondents Entertain Governor, Department Heads and Lawmakers.

ALBANY, March 16.—The supremacy of Onondaga County in State politics and Government was acclaimed and burlesqued in song and stunt by the Legislative Correspondents' Association here tonight at the annual association dinner, which was attended by virtually every figure of note in State affairs, including Governor Miller and his official family.

The Executive department heads, legislators, political chieftains and friends to the number of 450 saw themselves "as others see them" through the eyes of the correspondents. Outstanding events of the session of 1922, as well as predictions for 1924, were set forth in friendly satire or pointed verse.

The burlesque was presented under the title of "An Un-Conventional Convention," the dinner opening with a rapid-fire travesty on a gathering of the Republican clans at Saratoga. The "domination" of Onondaga was featured. Every guest was designated a "delegate." All badges worn bore the words, "Delegate from Onondaga." The convention was called to order and listened to speeches by "delegates" all from Onondaga.

Governor Miller was the only speaker. In accordance with tradition the speech was not reported.

SLAYER AND GIRL BURIED.

Services for Two Held an Hour Apart in Roslyn.

ROSLYN, L. I., March 16.—Funeral services for Virginia Forget, shot and killed by William Magee on Monday, were held at her home this afternoon, an hour after the services for the man who killed her and afterward committed suicide. The little frame home of the girl's parents in Warner Avenue was filled with relatives and friends. There were scores of floral tributes. The Rev. A. P. Quaine of the Methodist Episcopal Church conducted the services. No reference was made to the tragedy. Interment was in Flower Hill Cemetery.

The funeral service for Magee was held in his home in Main Street. Only relatives were present at the service conducted by the Rev. James Mowat, Grace of the Presbyterian Church. Interment was in North Roslyn Cemetery.

CONVICTS AID WOMAN MEANEST THIEF ROBBED

Inmates of Missouri State Penitentiary Contribute $62 for Elderly Victim.

Special to The New York Times.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., March 16.—"There are crooks and crooks, but inmates of the Missouri State Penitentiary do not want to be classed with the 'meanest crook on record,'" the man who disappeared from Union Station here March 2 after "borrowing" $36, her life savings, from the 60-year-old woman he had engaged to act as his housekeeper in Danville, Ill.

The account of his treachery was published March 3 and today Miss Elizabeth Sutton, living at the Christian Old People's Home, 3,600 Washington Avenue, retrieved $62 of her loss from a fund contributed by the convicts at Jefferson City after they had read her story.

The Weekly Clarion, a paper published by the inmates of the State Penitentiary, carried an editorial last week which is responsible for the collection of the fund. The editor, Richard C. Gray, felt the depression on "crooks" cast by the robber so keenly that he wrote the following appeal under the title "Smoke Forty Less Cigarettes This Week."

"Miss Elizabeth Sutton, 60 years old, who formerly lived at the Christian Old People's Home, read an advertisement in a newspaper Feb. 22, of a man who wanted a housekeeper. She answered the advertisement, and was 'hired.' The man, G. D. Brown, told her that he was buying some goods for his store at Danville, Ill., and was short of money—ready cash—so she loaned him a fifty-dollar Liberty bond and $48.

"Then he took Miss Sutton to the station and asked her to wait while he had his suit pressed. Miss Sutton waited for several hours and then, fearing her "employer" had become lost, she appealed to the police and was taken to headquarters and cared for by the matron, while officers searched without avail for the meanest crook on record.

"Miss Sutton says the $48 and the Liberty bond was all she had, and she dislikes the idea of going back to the Old People's Home.

"Brown is certainly the meanest crook on record and we should certainly hate to be categoried with him. There are crooks and crooks, and here is a poor old, homeless woman left absolutely destitute by an able-bodied man, who may eventually bear a number just like ours, and be considered by the public one of these convicts. We think it ought not be hard to replace that $48 from among the inmates, and to that end we are writing this article.

"It only means a sack of Durham less here and there, and we herewith start the ball rolling with $5. Come on, boys, and make up the balance—send in nickles and dimes, or dollars, or whatsoever you may be able to spare to Gray or Mr. Hollenbeck, at the Deputy Warden's office.

"Hell! You don't want the people to think that there are men of that calibre here, do you?"

SAY MURDERER CONFESSED.

Fellow-Robber and Detective Testify Against Evans.

Alexander Barwick, one of the members of the band of Brooklyn youths accused of having robbed drug stores, was the principal witness yesterday at the trial of William Evans, another member of the band, who is on trial in the Kings County Court for the murder of Paul J. Gillman, a druggist of 162 Court Street, on the night of Feb. 23 last. During the trial the widow of Gillman and the wife of Evans fainted and the proceedings were halted while the women were taken to an ante-room.

Barwick testified that he met Evans in a restaurant at 100 Myrtle Avenue on the day following the shooting of Gillman and Evans doubled up his fist, put it on the table and pulled his index finger back and forth as if pulling the trigger of a revolver.

"Who's been shooting at you?" Barwick asserted he asked of Evans.

"I'm in trouble," Evans said. "I and my brother and two dopes went to pull a little job in Court Street. The druggist held on to me and I had to shoot him to get away."

Barwick denied that a suspended sentence had been promised him. He has pleaded guilty to robbery in another case.

Detective William Brennan, who arrested Evans, testified that the defendant admitted that he shot Gillman.

The trial will be continued today.

REJOICE IN SIGN REMOVAL.

Aids Property Values, Says 34th Street Board of Trade.

The changed appearance of Thirty-fourth Street, due to the elimination of electric signs, is the subject of a formal statement sent out yesterday by the Thirty-fourth Street Board of Trade, which says that the "improvement is so marked" it will ultimately have the effect of increasing property values.

The last of the eighty-four illuminated signs projecting over the sidewalk had to come down as the result of a recent decision handed down by Supreme Court Justice Vernon M. Davis, upholding the sign ordinance that prevents their operation. The ordinance was backed by the Fifth Avenue Association and the Thirty-fourth Street Board of Trade and was resisted by property owners, including Maurice H. Marcus, who acted as President of the Retailers' Protective Association.

AID REFUGEE CHILDREN.

Crew of American Destroyer in Turkey Maintains Forty Russians.

WASHINGTON, March 16.—Officers and men of the destroyer Childs, on duty in Turkish waters, have assumed the task of providing for the maintenance and care of forty Russian refugee children.

An account of the guardianship established by the ship's company is contained in the flotilla publication received today at the Navy Department. Funds having been provided by the officers and members of the crew of the Childs, a building was selected ashore for the housing of the refugees and with the aid of the American and Russian women devoting themselves to sewing refugees, a school and sleeping facilities were established.

Utter for State Purchasing Head.

ALBANY, March 16.—Governor Miller announced today that he would send the name of Frank Utter of Friendship to the Senate for confirmation as Superintendent of the new State Purchasing Department. Mr. Utter had been State Supervisor of Penal Institutes, a position abolished by the law creating the State Purchasing Department. The salary of the new position is $10,000 a year.

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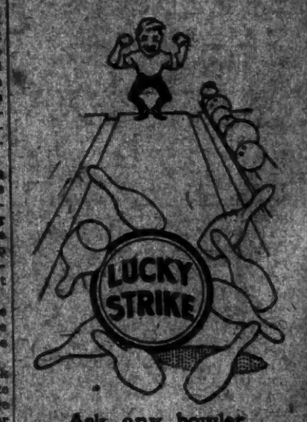

Ask any bowler. All pins down the first ball—a lucky strike for him.

LUCKY STRIKE "IT'S TOASTED"

The toasting process was a lucky strike for us. Buy a package of Lucky Strike cigarettes today and see why millions now prefer the toasted favor.

The American Tobacco Co.

IT must have been those early Dutch residents of Manhattan Island who first gave New Yorkers their reputation for sophistication. No man recalls the time when our good people did not get the best of everything for their money. A glance at the throngs in any of the Schrafft Stores will explain why we like this trait of our fellow citizens.

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Superb Confections at Suitable Prices

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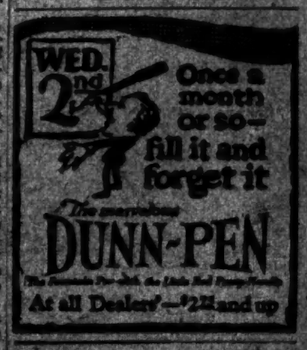

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ALLIES WANT LIGHT ON AMERICAN CLAIMS

Believed but Puzzled by View That Rhine Cost Rights Are Established.

DOUBT ON BELGIAN DEBT

Poincaré's Anti-Cancellation Stand Backed—Hughes to Explain in Notes.

By EDWIN L. JAMES.

Copyright, 1922, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, March 16.—This evening's newspapers display prominently an agency dispatch from Washington saying:

"It is authoritatively stated here that recognition by the allied Governments of the rights of the United States to share in the German reparation payments was all that was sought by the Government in its recent demand upon the European Finance Ministers. Having established its case, it is added the United States Government does not intend to press any further at present for payment of its bill."

This news was received with no little relief in Paris, for it is taken to mean that the American Government has changed its mind about demanding that it be paid $241,000,000 as the cost of its Army of Occupation before any German payments are distributed for general reparation costs. It caused some surprise that the American Government considered that it had established its case, but if that establishment consists in the Allies not having to turn over part of the money they have received—and as the matter stands they have not committed themselves to do so—then there will be little complaint here.

Allied Reply to Boyden.

It will be recalled that the American note said that "the Government of the United States expects to obtain full payment of the costs of its army of occupation with interest from May 1, 1921, before any part of the German payments is distributed for reparation or other purposes." The reply of the Allied Finance Ministers to Roland W. Boyden, the American representative on the Reparations Commission, said:

"You will find enclosed the text of an arrangement signed at Paris today. A special article has been added to this document in order to meet the points with which the (American) memorandum is concerned. While we have thus safeguarded all the rights of the United States of America, whatever they may prove to be, we are of the opinion that inasmuch as we are acting under the Treaty of Versailles, to which the United States is not a party, the question is one which concerns our respective Governments and should be raised directly through diplomatic representations made by the Government of the United States of America to the Allied Governments."

Article 13 of the financial arrangement says: "This arrangement is made subject to the rights of the United States."

It is not considered here that this negotiation constitutes a recognition of the right of the United States to share in German payments to the Reparation Commission. It is considered that the question has been reserved for negotiations with America for the purpose of the establishment of the respective rights under the Versailles and Berlin treaties. When America asked for the payment of her occupation costs before the distribution of German payments for general reparations and when the German payments are distributed for general reparation purposes without the payment of the American claim, some observers find it difficult to see how America has established her case as the Washington despatch says.

Doubt Also on Belgian Debt.

If America is satisfied and does nothing more, the 1921 and 1922 distribution of German payments among the Allies will stand. It should be noted that there has been provided a schedule of payments by Germany for the costs of the armies of occupation which omits the United States from the calculation. It is further interesting that it provides that the entire cost of the armies of occupation for 1922 shall be paid in kind and that all the cash payments which Germany makes this year go to Belgium to meet her priority claim, although that priority claim ranks after the payment of the costs of occupation.

While the dropping of the matter by Washington would be a temporary relief to the Allies, nevertheless there would be regret if the incident did not offer the occasion for an arrangement setting straight the conflicts between the Berlin and Versailles treaties.

Another striking example of the difficulties facing us arises today. It relates to the Belgium war debts. During the war Belgium borrowed some $375,000,000 from America. The Treaty of Versailles provides that Germany assumes all of Belgium's war borrowings abroad. Messrs. Lloyd George, Clemenceau and Wilson agreed at the Paris conference that they would undertake to have their Parliaments accept German bonds for Belgium's debts.

Great Britain and France are ready to do so. But does Belgium or Germany owe the sums borrowed from America? Under the Berlin Treaty America reserved her rights under Article 232 of the Versailles treaty, but is the taking of German bonds for Belgium bonds a right which America will exercise?

Might Receive Class C Bonds.

The matter has become more interesting from the fact that the allied financial accord made public today provides in Article 10 that the United States, France and Great Britain shall be allotted German bonds to the extent of Belgium's indebtedness to them. Although Article 232 of the Treaty of Versailles says that Germany shall assume Belgium's debts by bonds due in 1926, the new arrangement provides for the allocation of German Bonds from Classes A, B and C, which is far different, since there is very little expectation of the Class C bonds ever being paid.

If this arrangement went through America would receive about $200,000,000 in Class C bonds. However, Article 10 is subject to the approval of the United States and, therefore, it disposes of none of our rights.

The point is that Belgium and the rest of the Allies would like to know whether in reserving our rights under the Versailles Treaty we meant to carry out the plan to put Belgium's debt on Germany's shoulders or whether we intend to try to collect direct from Belgium Belgium's debt in a different category from the other allied debts to America, since there has never been signed any undertaking to transfer the latter to Germany.

European diplomats say that there are more than a score of such questions which they would like to settle with the United States Government, and the opportunity for that was the silver lining they saw to the demand for the payment of the American occupation costs. A high-ranking diplomat said today:

"We want to know what America means to do. It is harsh for America to insist the sole power over the acts of France, which is struggling to get on out an understanding to relieve us from such unpleasant surprises. We may not be able to do all that America wants us to do, but we would like to know what it is."

Poincaré Backed on Debt Pledge.

The Senate Finance Committee this evening approved a declaration by Premier Poincaré that the policy of the French Government was not to seek the cancellation of France's war debt to America and that France would do her best to pay.

In his statement M. Poincaré followed closely the declaration made to THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent this week. He told the Finance Committee that he believed he should make a declaration of policy because of the impression made in America by the declarations of former Cabinet Minister Loucheur that France could never pay a cent.

There are not a few people in France who share M. Loucheur's opinion, but they are not in a majority.

BRITISH PROPOSE NEW DEBT SOLUTION

Would Balance Interallied Debts Against German Reparations, Cancelling Billion for Billion.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, March 16.—A plan for the co-ordination of the problems of German reparations and interallied indebtedness has been devised by British financial experts. It has not yet been formally advanced for discussion, but its principle was put forward at a recent Paris conference which Sir Basil Blackett and other British delegates attended. The French experts expressed no opinion upon it.

The gross sum of reparations to be collected by the Allies is 132,000,000,000 gold marks, of which Germany is liable, after deduction of reparations due from Austria and her other allies and of payments in kind, for a net sum of between 100,000,000,000 and 120,000,000,000 gold marks. On the other hand, the interallied debts which are due to the United States, Great Britain and France amount to 65,000,000,000 gold marks.

The British experts' idea is that the financial situation would be greatly simplified if an arrangement could be made by which these two sums should be balanced against each other and for every billion of interallied debt cancelled among the Allies a similar sum should be deducted from German reparations.

This would mean that the Germans would be held absolutely responsible for from 35,000,000,000 to 55,000,000,000 gold marks, while the other 65,000,000,000 would be merely a contingent liability which would only be payable in case the Allies insisted upon liquidation of debts among themselves.

One of the results of such an arrangement would be the removal of the obstacle that the enormous war debt of Russia has proved to be in the way of the resumption of relations between that country and Europe. So far Great Britain has discussed with the Soviet authorities only recognition of pre-war private debts and made little progress in the negotiations. But sooner or later something must be done about the war debts also. The consent of the United States to the plan would of course be necessary, as she as the chief creditor of the European Allies is particularly interested. Her position would, however, be eased greatly by the fact that Great Britain is both willing and able to pay off the money she borrowed from her.

An interesting analogy has been drawn by experts in diplomatic history between the attitude the United States is assuming toward the Supreme Council and the policy Great Britain followed just 100 years ago toward the Holy Alliance. That league of Russia, Austria and Prussia was engaged in settling the affairs of Europe in much the same way as the Supreme Council has been doing lately, and particularly desired the co-operation of England.

Two important conferences were held at Troppau in October, 1820, and Laibach in January, 1821. In both England declined to take part, but in both she dispatched an "observer." Lord Stewart, the British Ambassador at Vienna, attended the sessions of both conferences with powers that authorized him only to "report," not to judge.

The aloof attitude of England resulted after a third congress at Verona in the breakdown of that particular attempt to maintain the concert of Europe.

HUGHES TO DEFINE CLAIM TO THE ALLIES

Coming Notes Expected to Be Confined to the Costs of Rhine Occupation.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 16.—The American Government's views respecting reimbursement for the cost of maintenance of the American Army of Occupation on the Rhine will be carefully set forth in due time in notes which Secretary of State Hughes will send to the allied Governments.

There is no disposition on the part of Secretary Hughes to make a flourish in dealing with the matter. Unless present plans are modified, the American note will deal only with the question of reimbursement for the occupation costs, and will not enter into the various questions raised in press reports from Europe as to the validity of the treaty of Berlin and the rights of the United States under the Treaty of Versailles.

This would involve a statement that the United States considers itself entitled to reimbursement in advance of the general distribution of German reparations; first, because the troops were left on the Rhine at the earnest solicitation of the Allies; secondly, because provision was made under the armistice terms for the payment by Germany of the costs of maintaining the armies of occupation; thirdly, because Germany and the Allies both recognized this obligation and made the claims a first lien on Germany's assets in the Treaty of Versailles, and lastly, because all the rights ceded by Germany under the Treaty of Versailles are guaranteed to the United States under the treaty of Berlin.

It is believed that the American notes will not insist upon immediate payment. Officials have indicated a most sympathetic attitude on the condition of Europe at present, and several times have stated that the question of terms and date of payment are regarded as of secondary importance.

While not prepared to say that the item of reimbursement for the cost of occupation will not be made a part of the business to be handled by the Debt Funding Commission, recently named by President Harding, State Department officials have intimated that at present that claim does not appear to be of a nature easily to be taken up by the commission.

It was admitted at the State Department this afternoon that, in addition to the notes to be dispatched, it was not unlikely that informal conversations would be carried on by the American Ambassadors at the allied capitals, in further elucidation of the American position.

If the bill now before the House, providing for the reduction of the Army of Occupation in Germany to 500 by June 1, becomes a law it will be necessary to begin the withdrawal of troops on the Rhine a considerable period in advance of June 1, it was stated today by Acting Secretary of War Wainwright. The Secretary explained that since no funds would be available after that date, and since a considerable expense would be involved in transportation, the work would have to be accomplished before the funds now available are exhausted.

On Feb. 28, the date of the last figures, there were 6,156 American enlisted men and 379 officers in Germany. On Feb. 16 of this year the War Department issued orders for the reduction of the force by 302 officers and 3,000 enlisted men. This was in addition to the reduction of 138 officers and 7,070 enlisted men ordered home in October, which has been practically completed.

The work of cutting down the force in compliance with the order of Feb. 16 is now in progress.

FUAD PROCLAIMED AS KING OF EGYPT

Independence of the Country, Says Cairo Declaration, Dates From Yesterday.

BRITAIN TO INFORM POWERS

Special Relations to Be Defined in Treaties Will Be Stated by British Diplomats Abroad.

CAIRO, Egypt, March 16 (Associated Press).—The proclamation of the Sultan, Ahmed Fuad Pasha, as King of Egypt today was accompanied by the firing of salvos of 101 guns in Cairo, Alexandria and Port Said, and of 21 guns in all the other provincial Capitals.

Field Marshal Viscount Allenby, hitherto the British High Commissioner, accompanied by members of his staff, called at the Royal Palace and congratulated King Fuad, whom he addressed as "Your Majesty."

Through Premier Sarwat Pasha, the King addressed a letter to "our noble nation," in which he said in part:

"God has graciously permitted the independence of Egypt to be attained by our hands. We are grateful to God, and hereby announce to the world that from today Egypt enjoys independence and sovereignty.

"We have taken for ourself the title His Majesty, King of Egypt, in order to insure the country's dignity and its international status. We ask God and the nation to bear witness that we shall endeavor to work for the welfare and happiness of our beloved country. We hope this day will inaugurate an era which will restore Egypt's grandeur."

A rescript issued by the Sultan last night announced that Egypt had become an independent and sovereign State and that the Sultan would assume the title King of Egypt.

Britain Will Inform the Nations.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, March 16.—King Fuad of Egypt's proclamation follows naturally upon the recent British abandonment of the protectorate and recognition of Egypt as an independent sovereign State. Great Britain's action did not of itself confer sovereign independence upon Egypt. By international law the right of proclaiming independence and securing recognition thereof belongs inherently to a country itself. Thus King Fuad is simply carrying out the new arrangement.

Simultaneously all British Ambassadors and Ministers abroad have been instructed to inform all foreign Governments of Egypt's new status and of Great Britain's abandonment of the protectorate, at the same time pointing out that as far as Great Britain's special relations, established and recognized by all Powers for forty years, are concerned, the status quo will be maintained until such time as Egypt herself embodies them in the direct negotiation of a treaty, with these countries.

In defining these special relations the British Government has specifically and exclusively reserved to its own discretion the following matters: (1) Security of British Imperial communications in Egypt; (2) defense of Egypt against all foreign aggression or interference direct or indirect; (3) protection of foreign interests and foreign communities in Egypt.

In notifying the world of its attitude in regard to these special relations, Great Britain proclaims its Monroe Doctrine toward Egypt and declares, to quote Prime Minister Lloyd George's dispatch of Feb. 27 to the Dominion Premiers, that "we will not admit them to be questioned or discussed by another power; we will regard as an unfriendly act any attempt at interference in the affairs of Egypt by another power; we will consider any aggression against the territory of Egypt as an act to be repelled with all the means at our command."

An incidental point is that Germany was deprived of her capitulation rights in Egypt by the Treaty of Versailles. German and other ex-enemy citizens in Egypt do not possess extra-territorial privileges enjoyed by other nationals.

The Sultan of Egypt now becomes King of Egypt. There is a certain significance in the Egyptian monarch's choice of the new title. The term Sultan, the root meaning of which is one possessing authority, has a connotation like the Western word Emperor. King, in Arabic "Malek," has a more popular and more national significance.

The conception of Egyptian independence in modern times begins with Mehemet Ali, who in 1807, as a result of difficulties with the Porte, became the ruler of Egypt by natural choice. He was proclaimed Pasha of Egypt by Ulema Mazbar, chief of the Mohammedan dignitaries of Cairo, in the teeth of the Sultan. After the defeat of the Turks by the Egyptian army under Ibrahim, his son, Mehemet Ali, claimed complete independence, but Palmerston resisted and recognition was denied. Autonomy for Egypt under the hereditary rule of the family of Mehemet Ali was all that was granted. This autonomous hereditary Pashalik was turned into a Khediviate with extended rights for Egypt and primogenitary succession in the ruling family was granted to Ismail Pasha, who thus became the first Khedive. During Ismail's Khedivate the native national movement under the stimulus of his misrule culminated in the Arab revolt under his son Tewfik Pasha, 1881-2, as a result of which British occupation took place.

LONDON, March 16.—An Exchange Telegraph dispatch from Cairo says the declaration of Egypt's independence was followed by several demonstrations in Cairo, the crowds smashing street lamps and uprooting trees. Egyptian cavalry was ordered out to restore order.

SCHANZER GIVES TREATY DATA

Italian Parliament Receives Arms Conference Documents.

ROME, March 16.—The newspapers are commenting on the action of Foreign Minister Schanzer in placing before the Chamber of Deputies today the documents of the Italian delegates on the Washington armament conference.

They say that Italy is the first European country to place before the legislators documents regarding both the Pacific treaty and the disarmament agreement, which is considered to be proof of Italy's great interest in the compacts.

£15,200,000 SAVING ON BRITAIN'S NAVY

That Reduction Is Made Possible by Washington Conference, Commons Is Told.

OUR CO-OPERATION CITED

But England Cannot Afford to Be Less Than an Equal in Fleets, Admiralty Spokesman Says.

LONDON, March 16 (Associated Press.)—Lieut. Colonel Leopold Amery, Parliamentary and Financial Secretary of the Admiralty, in presenting the naval estimates in the House of Commons today, said the savings resulting from the Washington Conference would amount to £15,200,000.

"We have reached the limit," he said. "Things have been scrapped to the bone. Only a further fall in prices, or possibly other navies following up the Washington conference by a more advanced policy in the reduction of armaments, can make possible additional economies in subsequent years."

Colonel Amery said Great Britain lived by her power to keep the sea highways open and free and would never surrender it to her best friend. He said it had been agreed at Washington to accept equality with America, and accepting equality was not competition, but co-operation for maintaining the world's peace. But even for purposes of such co-operation he declared Great Britain could not afford to be less than an equal.

Colonel Amery, in paying tribute to the work of the Washington Conference, said:

"The wise actions of President Harding and Secretary of State Hughes, the wholehearted support by the British delegation and the loyal concurrence of the whole empire and other delegations achieved a solution which went far beyond our best hope. The result of the conference, without dereliction from the one-power standard, recognized the minimum security for our existence as a free power."

He said the economies gained by all the naval powers might in the next ten years be reckoned in hundreds of millions of pounds, which would represent a powerful contribution to the economic recovery of the war-spent world.

"The gains our representatives brought home from Washington," Colonel Amery declared, "were the removal of suspicion, the growth of sympathy and mutual understanding among nations and, not least, the increasing truth of the capacity of the British Empire, with its new organization, to give united effect to a single policy."

Returning to the question of equality of the British navy with the American, Colonel Amery said:

"We cannot go further unless we abandon the one-power standard and drop to the rank of second or third naval power. If we dropped it would be for all time. Naval policies may change, but one principle remains firm beyond question: We live and move and have our being as a national empire by our power to keep open the free highways of the sea. That power we can never surrender, even to our best friend or closest ally. We agreed at Washington to accept terms of equality in naval power with one nation with which above all others we wished to live on terms of friendship. We regard that equality as not one of competition but of co-operation for maintaining the peace of the world.

"But even for purposes of that co-operation we, with our traditions and responsibility for the peace of the world, cannot afford to be less than an equal. That is the meaning of these estimates. They represent a fair and true adjustment of our great naval responsibility with a difficult and anxious domestic situation."

A question much discussed lately—in what extent developments in aviation may render naval warfare more obsolete—was raised in the course of the debate on the naval estimate. Austin Chamberlain, Lord Privy Seal, outlined the present policy of the Government on the question.

Mr. Chamberlain said he could imagine circumstances might soon lead the world to believe that limitation of battleships or armament would be of little use unless similar limitation was placed on aircraft. Therefore he could only declare the Government's policy as things stood at present.

Believing, as the Government did, that the air force had immense potentialities, quite distinct from its duties as an adjunct to the naval and military services, and convinced that in the future the greatest danger to Great Britain might well be from an action by air forces, the Government considered it would be a retrograde step to abolish the Air Ministry and reabsorb the air force into the Admiralty and the War Office.

Mr. Chamberlain announced that the standing committee of the Committee on Imperial Defense, after long and careful inquiry, had arrived at the following conclusions:

First, that the air force shall be autonomous in matters of administration and education; second, in case of defense against air raids the army and navy must play a secondary role; third, in case of military or naval operations the air force must be in strict subordination to the General or Admiral in supreme command; fourth, in other cases, such as the protection of commerce and an attack on enemy harbors and inland towns, the relations between the air forces and the other services shall be regarded as a matter of co-operation.

Mr. Chamberlain added that the Government has decided to appoint a committee to advise further how to secure the utmost efficiency in the air service.

LADY ASTOR CRITICISES LACK OF NAVY INTEREST

Assails Commons Absentees and Says Labor Members Are Worst Offenders.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, March 16.—Viscountess Astor, who represents the Plymouth constituency in which there is a large naval vote, took part in the debate on navy estimates in the House of Commons tonight, criticizing the House for its alleged lack of interest in naval affairs. If, she said, the question of drink restriction had been under discussion, the House would have been full.

"As it's only the navy, look at the empty benches," she said. "The Labor Party are the worst offenders."

Lady Astor then went on to speak of "the member for Rosyth." There is no M. P. for Rosyth, and it was not quite clear to the press gallery to whom Lady Astor was referring. The member for Rosyth, she said, had declared that she ought to deal with milk and babies and leave the navy alone.

"If he would drink more milk and less lemonade, he would be more polite to the only woman in the House of Commons tonight," she said.

She added there was something bigger than the navy and that was the peace of the world. If they could get the peace of the world by reducing the navy she was in favor of reducing it. If they were going to have a one-power navy, let them see to it that it was the best one-power navy in the world. That could not be obtained unless the men in the navy were contented. She pleaded with the Government not to economize on the things that were vital to the morale of the navy.

TEN-YEAR RETIREMENT IMPOSED ON BERTHELOT

Dropped From Diplomatic List for Aiding Bank of China During Its Crisis.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, March 16.—For his conduct with regard to the affairs of the Banque Industrielle de Chine, the Disciplinary Council of the Foreign Affairs Ministry, presided over by Premier Poincaré, has condemned M. Philippe Berthelot to a suspension of his rank and position as Tituliary Ambassador of France for a period of ten years. The decree carrying this decision was submitted for the signature of President Millerand this morning after a meeting of the Cabinet, and will appear in the Journal Officiel.

This action has been taken as a result of an inquiry by the Disciplinary Council of the Foreign Ministry during the past week, in which all actions of M. Philippe Berthelot in his position as Secretary of the Foreign Ministry with regard to the Banque Industrielle, of which his brother, Senator Andre Berthelot, was a Director, have been reviewed. The only question involved has been the technical correctness of the former Secretary's actions and advice in his official capacity at the Foreign Ministry, and the decision of the Disciplinary Council is based on the finding that his actions infringed Articles 23 to 30 of the Ministerial decree regulating the conduct of Foreign Ministry officials. It does not, however, in any way impugn the honesty or correctness of M. Berthelot's actions in the affairs of the bank, about which it was not within the competence of the council to decide.

At the completion of the ten-year suspension from office, M. Berthelot, who is 56 years old, may be, according to the ministerial decree, reinstated in his official rank and employment found for him.

The course taken by the Council in deciding on suspension and not dismissal, it is understood, was based on their finding that while M. Berthelot's actions with regard to the bank were technically incorrect in view of his position, there did not exist the least proof that he had favored the interests of the bank as opposed to the interests of the State or from personal motives.

During the examination Premier Poincaré in a marked way stressed the important services which M. Berthelot had rendered the country during his diplomatic career. Throughout the inquiry and at today's Cabinet meeting M. Poincaré emphatically reserved to himself the sole right of rendering judgment, and though this right was questioned by his colleagues the decision recorded in today's decree is that of the Minister of Foreign Affairs.

PARIS, March 16 (Associated Press.)—The Ambassador's Court before which M. Berthelot was tried, rendered the opinion that in sending certain telegrams during the crisis in the bank's affairs he had "engaged the responsibility of France in the affairs of a private concern."

The message he was asked to explain was a telegram alleged to have been sent to Maurice Casenave, French High Commissioner in New York, asking him to use his full influence with American banks in order that checks of the Banque Industrielle de Chine might be met.

NOT HALTING BRITISH VISIT.

Officials at Washington Unmoved by Protest on Army Mission.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 16.—Pending such action as President Harding may care to take on the protest of J. A. H. Hopkins, Executive Chairman of the Committee of Forty-eight, against the decision of the War Department to permit a British military mission, now in the United States, to visit army centres to study methods of chemical warfare, tanks, tractors and field artillery, army officials did not care today to discuss in detail the protests.

Informally, however, army officials insisted that there was nothing unusual in the department's action. The fact that the British mission was authorized to visit the army gas centre at Edgewood arsenal, where the main plant of the Chemical Warfare Service is situated, is said to have inspired the protest sent to President Harding yesterday.

"The Allies have been very liberal with us in this respect and it would not be our policy to be other than equally courteous," said Assistant Secretary Wainwright. He added that if there were matters which should be kept secret the officers in charge of those matters could be depended upon to do their duty.

It was pointed out that Brig. Gen. Mitchell of the Army Air Service was now on a mission in Europe where, for six weeks, he had been making an intensive study of methods used in the French, Italian and Belgian services, and that he has also studied the latest developments in German aviation.

Besides, it was said, there are American attaches all over the world whose business it is to keep informed of the progress being made in various military branches, just as the British mission is endeavoring to do in the United States.

On an 8,000-Mile Race With Death.

Mrs. William Deith of London is expected to arrive today on the Aquitania in an 8,000-mile race with death to the bedside of her husband in Honolulu. She will take a transcontinental train soon after the vessel has docked, intending to embark on the Matsonia, which is to leave San Francisco on March 22. Her husband arrived in Honolulu from Australia on March 6, and was taken from the ship to a hospital.

PREMIER AND CURZON TO GO TO GENOA

Lloyd George's Decision Announced by Chamberlain in House of Commons.

MEETING SUBJECT OF BETS

Even Money Wagered on Chances of Its Being Held—Derby Declines Indian Viceroyship.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, March 16.—Austen Chamberlain in the Commons today announced that the British delegates to the Genoa conference, which opens April 10, had not yet been finally chosen but they would include Prime Minister Lloyd George and Foreign Secretary Lord Curzon. The campaign which has been waged against Genoa in some quarters in both this country and France was intensified by the refusal of the United States to participate, but the British Government's official view is that nothing has occurred to change the situation materially and that the conference will be held as arranged.

In a political club tonight wagers were made on the probabilities of the Genoa conference being held. The betting was at even money.

LONDON, March 16 (Associated Press).—The delay in appointing a successor to Edwin S. Montagu as Secretary for India, and other overdue Cabinet changes, such as finding a place for Sir Hamar Greenwood, whose occupation will be gone with the complete establishment of the provisional Government in Ireland, are causing renewed speculations, especially as Premier Lloyd George, although in seclusion in Wales, keeps in daily telephonic consultation with his Ministers in London.

All kinds of rumors affecting the Prime Minister's position continue to circulate, one being that he intends to await the fate of the Free State bill in the House of Lords, where there has been talk of the "die hards" proposing to amend the bill in committee on the Ulster boundary question. Such an event, although not expected, may still happen, and if an amendment of this kind were carried it is rumored that Mr. Lloyd George would resign and appeal to the country on the Irish settlement.

The House of Lords passed the second reading of the bill without division today. The debate was quite uneventful, apart from Lord Carson's outbreak, in which he attacked the coalition Government, but did not seek rejection of the bill.

Another report is that the Prime Minister is awaiting the result of four more bye elections this week—at Cambridge, Inverness, the Chertsey Division of Surrey and East Leicester—which are likely to give a further test of the country's sentiment toward the coalition.

One of the Premier's difficulties in filling Cabinet vacancies is to avoid bye elections. This is supposed to explain his desire to replace Montagu by a Peer, because if a Commoner were appointed he would be obliged to seek re-election, and, looking at the disastrous results for the coalition in many of the recent bye elections, such a risk is considered inadvisable.

Some confirmation of this view is afforded in an authoritative announcement tonight that the Earl of Derby has definitely declined the Indian Secretaryship and that no appointment will likely be made until the end of the week. The name of the Duke of Devonshire as the possible successor of Montagu has been dropped, and he is presumably as little anxious as Derby to accept the post. The names of the Earl of Crawford and Viscount Peel are being canvassed as possibilities.

HEARS OF WORLD LOAN.

Reichstag Is Told Entente Is Considering It to Help Germany.

LONDON, March 16.—A Berlin dispatch to the London Times says that Dr. Andreas Hermes, German Minister of Finance has informed the Reichstag that the entente finance ministers are considering the idea of an international loan for partial liquidation of Germany's reparations debts.

It would be necessary, he said, to examine the question of how far an international loan could be associated with the German compulsory loan without affecting the character of the latter.

AUSTRIA GRATEFUL TO US.

Postponement of the Debt Payment Opens Way for New Credit.

VIENNA, March 16.—The news of the resolution adopted by the United States Senate postponing the repayment of American food advances for twenty-five years, has elicited expressions of gratitude from the Austrian press as paving the way for further foreign credits.

A garbled dispatch from Paris received earlier, however, reported that the United States had granted a new $50,000,000 loan. The combination of the two caused a sharp recovery of the crown on exchange.

The liquidators of the Austro-Hungarian Bank have completed and forwarded to the Reparations Commission a plan for the distribution of the gold reserve, amounting to 210,000,000 gold crowns. Austria receives approximately 26,000,000, and the shareholders will receive 14 gold crowns per share from the sale of the bank's realty, printing plant and other property.

GIRL SHOOTS AMERICAN.

French Police Conceal Identity of Man Wounded at Nice.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, March 16.—An American whose identity was not made public by the police but who is known to be wealthy and about fifty years of age was shot and severely wounded today at Nice by eighteen-year old Olga Lekain, a niece of Esther Lekain, an artist of note.

The American, it is said, had induced the girl to go with him to Fauscilli, where they were found by her father. The parent fired three shots at the American but failed to wound him. The American caused his arrest. Olga, to avenge her father, obtained a revolver and wounded the man in the body and mouth. The American is in a hospital at Monaco and the youthful assailant has been taken in custody.

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A Regular Quart for Ink. Goes a month without a drink.

The marvelous DUNN-PEN

PRINCE CONCLUDES HIS TOUR OF INDIA

Leaves Delhi for Karachi, Where He Boards the Renown to Go On to Japan.

GOOD RESULTS OF VISIT

Observer With Him Says He Has Focused the Attention of Britain on the Needs of India.

Copyright, 1922, by The New York Times Company.
By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, March 16.—Percival Landon, writing under date of Delhi, March 15, says:

"This evening the Prince of Wales begins his last journey in India. From Delhi he makes his way westward across the hot sands of the Sind Desert, and only a ceremonial farewell at Karachi intervenes before the Renown carries him away to other duties and other pleasures in Japan.

"His work in India is done. It is natural at this moment to pause and look back over this long travel throughout the length and breadth of India, its purpose, and the vivid series of memories that present themselves. By their vast extent, by their endless variety, by their wide significance, sometimes self-evident, sometimes subtle, they bring home as nothing else can the greatest yet the most often forgotten fact about India—the fact that old Mandeville expressed once for all when he wrote his simple phrase: 'In Inde be manye diverse countreyes.' To remember this is the beginning of English wisdom as inheritors of the greatest trust on earth.

"It is a far cry from Landi Khana to Mysore, it is even a further cry from Karachi to Mandalay. Yet even the huge distances scarcely represent in full the differences of race and creed and caste and custom among 300,000,000 Indians committed to British Stewardship. This, at least, has been borne in to the shallowest student of the Prince's travel. Here his success has been the increasing factor in the great problem which by his very presence was drawn into focus of the world's attention, and he has this supreme reassurance, that wherever he has turned his steps, formal political antagonism has always thawed into personal love. It is the great boast that may fairly be made for him, that his departures though nominally private have been occasions for displays of unprompted and unrehearsed affection that no ceremonial splendor could, at least in his own estimate, attempt to rival.

"Now the end has come, and the question comes up insistently, What has been the result of so much work and courteous ceaseless a life of devotion to just imperial purposes which were never forgotten by him for a moment? The answer can perhaps best be given in the Oriental way. Into the swirling waters of political strife the Prince of Wales never descended. It was his duty to remain above jarring sects of India, beyond even the troubles that the British Administration is now facing in almost every province of the land. His purpose was to 'know and to make himself known.' In this he has succeeded. By his own belief or hope for the passing moment he has even colored and assuaged the surface of sedition in India. But that was not his work. He had no right to intervene personally in the strife. His influence for good will remain, but it will still be an influence raised above the dust and blood of the Indian arena.

"If then no great result in this sphere is to be expected what is the great thing that he has done? In a word, he has made England see and think. He has drawn attention to India in her hour of trial as nothing else could have drawn it. Verily, there is healing in the eye of the King's son,' said a wise old sheikh in Peshawar as the guns announced the Prince's departure, and he explained by a parable as was and is the way of the East and as it always will be.

"'Once upon a time a woman had two young daughters, and she spoiled the younger, for she believed that she was cleverer than her sister. So the younger was taught much by many governesses and the elder went untaught. Now it came to pass that the son of the King came to the city, and in his honor the woman dressed both her children in rich garments, and the elder danced and clapped her hands with joy, but the younger sat listlessly on the ground, and her friends came and said to the woman, 'The child is ill; we knew it not before, but rich garments, it is ever their way, have shown us how ill she is.' And the woman pondered their words, and so the passing of the son of the King brought healing to the house.'

"Into the double significance of this it is not necessary to go, but it remains as the greatest service the Prince of Wales has ever yet rendered to his country, that where all else has failed his presence here has at last taught Englishmen how sick India has become. If he did nothing else, the Prince might well deserve well of his own people, because at the eleventh hour of this great trouble he has used again the famous words his father once used and has called across the seas to Great Britain to wake up. It may well be that his presence here has saved Great Britain from a catastrophe far greater than that of 1857, and if that is so he has indeed justified the determination of his first day in India; he has in truth acted up to his own greatest of all royal mottoes, "Ich dien."

Legislature Passes Resolution.

DELHI, India, March 16.—The Legislative Assembly, including non-official members of every race and province, today passed by acclamation a resolution expressing appreciation of the visit of the Prince of Wales and regretting that his visit was at a close.

The debate on the budget was resumed. The Democrats indignantly protested that they were not allowed to discuss the Administration's general policy under the budget, declaring that this rendered the Assembly powerless and reforms a farce. They moved as a protest the reduction of the expenses of the Executive Council. This motion was adopted, 48 to 47.

During the discussion of the budget in the Legislative Assembly yesterday, the Government assented to a reduction of the railway appropriation by twenty-five lakhs. The telegraph and postal credits also were reduced ten lakhs, making the total reduction in the budget in the last three days fifty-five lakhs (£500,000 rupees, normally worth about $1,784,000).

AGRARIAN RIOTS ARE IN HAND.

More Armed Police Sent to Disturbed Area, Says India Office.

LONDON, March 16.—The agrarian situation in the agricultural districts of the United Provinces in India, where rioting was reported last week, is now well in hand, says a communiqué issued today by the India Office. The number of armed police has been greatly increased and means of transportation much improved. The civil police also have been strengthened, and troops are being marched through the disturbed area, where the symptoms of further trouble are being closely watched.

The India Office's statement was based upon a report from the Governor of the United Provinces.

Agitator Arrested in East Africa.

LONDON, March 16.—A well-known agitator named Thuku has been arrested at Nairobi, British East Africa, charged with organizing meetings and spreading propaganda among the Indians, says a Central News dispatch. A form of Indian nationalism and is being widely carried out there, says the dispatch, consists of daily public prayers asking that sanity be granted the British Rulers.

TO LET 2,400 ALIENS ENTER THE COUNTRY

House Passes Measure Permitting Excess Quota Imm'grants to Remain Here.

WASHINGTON, March 16.—The House passed today a resolution under which approximately 2,400 aliens admitted temporarily to the United States prior to March 7 in excess of the 3 per cent. quotas of the restrictive immigration law would be permitted to remain in this country permanently. The measure now goes to the Senate.

Charges that certain steamship companies and alien groups in the United States were "corrupting and debauching" the immigration service were made by Representative Box, Democrat, of Texas, who opposed the measure. He declared conditions were particularly shocking at the Ellis Island Immigration Station.

Representative Raker of California, another Democratic member of the Immigration Committee, denounced the resolution as "damnable legislation," framed in the interests of steamship companies which, he said, would have to spend $500,000 in returning the aliens affected to Europe in case Congress did not pass the measure.

Representative Johnson, urging passage of the resolution, said it would grant relief in certain cases which had arisen in the operation of a "new and untried plan" for the restriction of immigration. Most of the 2,400 aliens temporarily admitted would be subject to deportation on March 23 if the relief resolution was not enacted, he said.

The Senate Immigration Committee began work today on the House bill to extend for another year the 3 per cent. immigration quota law, but deferred action for a few days to obtain additional information from the Department of Labor.

The committee postponed a vote on the bill of Senator Harris of Georgia to prohibit all immigration for five years, and on the bill of Senator Robinson of Arkansas to make permanent all temporary excess quota immigrants.

TEXAS DEMOCRATS MAY BOLT

Tariff Advocates Take Steps to Form New Organization.

FORT WORTH, Texas, March 16.—Texas Democrats favoring a protective tariff on raw materials, particularly on Southern cattle and farm products, and who are not in sympathy with the present leadership of the Democratic party, both State and national, met in caucus here yesterday and appointed a committee of twenty-six, representatives of all sections of the State, to discuss future action on organization.

The meeting was separate from that of the Southern Tariff Association, meeting here, and was confined to persons describing themselves as "insurgent" Democrats. Speakers discussed three alternatives of reform of the Democratic party, independent action in endorsing conditions in either party, or coalition with the Republicans.

The committee personnel includes several men prominent in State affairs. Among the speakers at the meeting were John E. Kirby of Houston and Sam B. Gowan of Fort Worth.

MORE DRUNKEN CHAUFFEURS

430 Licenses Revoked in New Jersey, Against 314 in 1920.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTION, N. J., March 16.—Despite prohibition, more intoxicated persons were convicted of driving automobiles in 1921 than during the preceding year. In his annual report to the Legislature, submitted today, State Motor Vehicle Commissioner William L. Dill pointed out that he had revoked 430 licenses for this offense last year, as against 314 in 1920. A total of 5,825 accidents were reported and 397 persons were killed by motors in 1921 against 323 in 1920, 243 in 1919 and 197 in 1918.

The report recommended the enactment of a law to provide a tax of one cent per gallon on gasoline to be paid by the consumer to raise $2,000,000 annually; a law to compel municipal legal authorities to oppose appeals from convictions by Police Magistrates and a law creating an assistant motor vehicle commissioner.

ROCK SHOWERS MYSTIFY.

Chico, Cal., Wonders If Ghost, Boy or Joker is at Work.

CHICO, Cal., March 15.—Whatever it is that has been mystifying Chico with rock showers from obscure sources—ghost, ingenious small boy or practical joker—was on the job again today.

Three rocks fell on the roofs of the warehouses which had been the targets of the earlier showers, one of them bounding into the street just as a woman stopped her automobile there to inquire whether it really was true that rocks fell.

The rocks fell about an hour apart. The showers have occurred almost daily for more than three weeks.

INCOME TAX RETURNS $7,000,000 IN A DAY

Continued from Page 1, Column 4.

fice of the Collector of Internal Revenue for the Northern District of New Jersey at Newark. Two hundred clerks are at work tabulating the returns, which are expected to total approximately $12,000,000.

WASHINGTON, March 15.—Several days must elapse before reliable estimates will be available as to the amount received yesterday by the Government in income and profit tax collections, it was stated at the Treasury. Preliminary reports, officials said, indicate that the returns for the smaller incomes are coming in on approximately the same basis as a year ago, but returns for the larger incomes, including corporations and businesses, which are expected to show a considerable decrease, have not been reported to the Treasury in sufficient volume to warrant a prediction of the probable total.

CHICAGO, March 16.—While reports from other districts indicated a large reduction in quarterly income tax payments, due yesterday, John C. Cannon, Internal Revenue Collector here, said today that notwithstanding the business depression last year he expected the payments here to exceed those paid in the first quarter last year. Receipts up to last midnight aggregated $18,500,000, and with mail payments expected, Mr. Cannon predicted the figures would approximate $35,000,000. Quarterly payments here a year ago totaled $32,492,000.

HIS INCOME TAX $4,000,000.

Kansas Man Pays $1,000,000 as the First Instalment.

Special to The New York Times.

WICHITA, Kan., March 16.—Kansas has one citizen whose income in 1921 was such that the income tax will be nearly $4,000,000, and he admits it.

R. H. Motter, Internal Revenue Collector, today received a check for nearly $1,000,000 from an individual whose name he would not reveal. The check was for the payment of the first quarter of the tax due yesterday.

This is believed to break all records for Kansas citizenship.

ARMY CUT UNWISE, DECLARES WEEKS

Secretary Says Force of 115,000 is Only Sufficient to Guard 250 Posts Throughout Country.

WANTS OVERHEAD REDUCED

Would Abandon Many Forts as Obsolete or Not Needed for National Defense.

Special to The New York Times.

ST. AUGUSTINE, Fla., March 16.—Secretary Weeks termed today as "unwise" the action of the House Appropriations Committee in cutting the personnel of the regular army to 115,000 men and 11,000 officers. Mr. Weeks, who is here with President Harding on his vacation said that the interest of the governmental economy would be better served by maintaining the army at 130,000 men and by cutting down War Department overhead expenditures in disposing of many of the 250 army posts that are scattered throughout the country.

He declared that the efficiency of the mobile army suffered from the necessity of detailing a large number of men to guard Government property on these posts, most of which have outlived their usefulness.

"Reduction of the personnel of the army is especially unwise unless the overhead expense of the army is cut in the same ratio," Secretary Weeks said. "It now costs about $1,000 per man per year, as against about $1,000 before the war. I do not know what the present bill contains in detail, but so far as I am informed it does nothing in reducing overhead expenses, such as maintenance and repair requirements at many posts which might well be abandoned."

Mr. Weeks announced as evidence of the War Department's program in reducing army garrisons that by April 15 all but 2,000 of the American forces in Germany will have been withdrawn.

"What Congress should do if it desires to reduce army expenditures," he said, "is to abolish everything that is not necessary for the military defense of the country. With the necessity of keeping one-third of the entire army on the border and in foreign possessions, it is impossible with a small force to man the 250 posts throughout the United States.

"About nine months ago I asked authority from Congress to dispose of about 100 pieces of real estate, all of which are unnecessary for military purposes, and I have received that authority. In addition, there are a number of valueless military posts. Many of these, scattered throughout the West and originally established for defense against the Indians, have been obsolete for years.

"Constant requests come to the War Department for renewal of equipment and buildings at the posts. When I am in Washington, no expenditure of $500 or more is permitted unless it goes through my hands personally. When I am away, this practice is continued by another.

"There are other posts which contribute in no way to the nation's defense. For example, there is Fort Marion, here in St. Augustine. This old fort, built by the Spaniards nearly 400 years ago, should certainly be preserved, possibly as a park, but not under the War Department. While the expense in this case is comparatively small, there are other forts over the country which are not only useless but expensive.

"If the army is cut to 115,000 men such places will have to be abandoned. We will have to take troops out of them. It requires about 45,000 men on the border and in foreign possessions. This would leave 70,000 men to garrison the remaining 250 posts. The 70,000 includes Aviation, Quartermaster Corps, Medical Corps, etc., so that there mains only about 50,000 combat troops. That is only enough to act as guards of Government property if they are to be divided among all the posts.

"I hope to have an opportunity to explain the situation to the Senate committee and have with me the exact figures on the distribution of the army if all the posts are to be maintained.

"The army at present numbers about 137,000 men. We have an authorization of 150,000, but strict selective methods are being followed in recruiting and we are taking only the best men who apply for enlistment. It is costing less than $8 a man to recruit, whereas it usually costs about $100 a man. A personnel of 130,000 enlisted men would leave the army with virtually the same strength it has today. It is the opinion of army heads that this should be the minimum figure."

WASHINGTON, March 16.—The Senate Military Committee today ordered a favorable report on the bill establishing new pay schedules for the army, navy, Marine Corps, Coast Guard, Coast and Geodetic Survey and the Public Health Service. The measure is the product of four months of research and study by a special Congressional joint committee and is expected to result ultimately in an annual saving of $20,000,000 in the pay bill of the six services it affects.

TRADE ASSOCIATIONS TO MEET WITH HOOVER

Secretary Seeks Their Co-operation for the Gathering of Statistics.

WASHINGTON, March 16.—A conference of representatives of the larger trade associations with Secretary Hoover has been called for April 12 at the Department of Commerce, officials of the department announced today. The meeting will be for the purpose of working out Mr. Hoover's plan adopted after its legality had been passed upon by Attorney General Daugherty, whereby trade associations would co-operate with the Department of Commerce in the gathering and publication of trade statistics.

The immediate purpose of the conference will be to obtain a list of trade associations that voluntarily will furnish to the department the statistical information which the Attorney General and Secretary Hoover have found could be used legally. The discussion will also embrace consideration of means of collecting the information, including the forms of reports which would be most suitable for the associations agreeing to furnish it and the manner of distributing the statistical information obtained to the members of the associations and the public.

The Attorney General at the request of Secretary Hoover last month went over the entire matter of the Department of Commerce working with the trade associations and the latter's activities, and he held that such activities would not contravene the Sherman Anti-Trust law unless in actual practice higher prices evolved from them or they stifled competition or curtailed production.

CONTESTS BRITISH CLAIMS.

Hughes Demands Equal Oil Opportunities in Mesopotamia.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 16.—Secretary Hughes has taken up through diplomatic channels the fight for American rights and interests in the Mesopotamian oil fields, picking up the strings of this controversy where it was dropped by the Wilson Administration.

It is learned on high authority that Mr. Hughes dispatched a note to the British Government some time ago in the nature of a reply to the latest communication of Lord Curzon, dated Feb. 28, 1921, which was an answer to one of Mr. Colby's series of notes on the Mesopotamian question.

The Curzon note, which was somewhat sarcastic in tone, reached Washington just as the Harding Administration came into office and was made public early in April. Answering Secretary of State Colby's demands for equal opportunity for American interests in the exploitation of the rich oil resources of Mesopotamia, Lord Curzon declared that the Turkish Petroleum Company, a British corporation, had obtained a concession from the Turkish Government prior to the war for the exploitation of practically all the known oil lands of Mesopotamia, and that this claim made it impossible for Great Britain to accede to the American contention that interests of the United States should have an equal share in the development of Mesopotamia.

It is understood that Secretary Hughes not only endorsed Colby's contention, but that he also disputed the validity of the Turkish Petroleum Company concession. All information in the possession of the American Government tends to show that the Turkish Petroleum Company's negotiations prior to the war consisted only of an exchange of letters with the Turkish Government in which the desirability of a concession was discussed.

According to the American official viewpoint there are no documents in existence which prove the validity of the Turkish Petroleum Company's claims.

It is understood the British Government has not replied to the latest American communication. While it cannot be said that the British Government has either denied or acquiesced in the latest American position, officials of this Government feel that the United States has a very strong position, and they entertain no doubt as to the ultimate outcome of the negotiations.

PUT BONUS BILL COST AT $4,098,719,350

Continued from Page 1, Column 1.

ments on these twenty-year paid-up insurance policies, it is estimated, will be $26,604,000.

It is estimated that 2½ per cent. will adopt the vocational training plan and that in the fiscal year 1923 this will cost $21,675,000 and reach a total cost, in three years, of $78,325,000.

The farm and home aid plan, which it is estimated will be selected by 10 per cent., will cost $186,000,000, and the land settlement plan, it is figured, will cost $112,000,000.

Eliminating the Objections.

Discussing the objections to bonus legislation and the "advantages" of the present bill, the report says:

"The other objections made to previous adjusted compensation bills were based upon the provision contained therein for the payment of such compensation in cash to such of the veterans as might elect to take it in such manner. This plan would have required the expenditure of very large sums within a short time after the passage of the bill. To meet these expenditures various plans were suggested to raise the necessary revenue, which included taxation and bond issues. To all these plans objections were raised on various grounds and particularly by the Treasury to the issuing of more bonds or Treasury certificates at the present time.

"Your committee, cognizant of the objections raised to these proposals, decided after careful consideration by eliminate these objections by limiting such payments to men entitled to receive $50 or less.

"It was felt, however, that the soldiers who were in need should be given an opportunity to obtain aid, and with this thought in view the committee worked out a plan whereby the veteran accepting an adjusted service certificate would be able to borrow on his note, secured by the certificate from a bank 50 per cent. of the credit to which he was entitled. Under the bill as introduced these certificates were not negotiable or assignable except as security for the loans made by the banks thereon, and it was objected that this would make them 'frozen securities' with the banks that received them. To obviate this objection an amendment has been adopted which makes the certificates transferable to another bank for purposes of rediscount or sale. Oct. 1, 1925, is the latest date that can be fixed for the maturity of these notes and all transactions by the veterans with the banks must cease at that time. Any note that is then in default will be paid by the Treasury upon presentation of the same, together with the certificate securing it.

Expect Borrowings to be Small.

"It is not expected there will be many defaults, as a default for the period of six months, or being in default on Oct. 1, 1925, authorizes the Government to cancel the certificate, pay the amount of the note with interest and remit to the veteran the difference between the amount of the note and 50 per cent. of the service credit. After Oct. 1, 1925, the veteran can obtain a loan from the Government more than sufficient in amount to take up any loan he has obtained from the bank. As he would obtain 20 per cent. more by so doing, it is believed that few of the veterans will let the certificates lapse prior to that date.

"The majority of the committee are of the opinion that the amount borrowed on these certificates will be comparatively small. Although they constitute ideal securities for the savings banks, any bank may, if it sees fit, inquire into the necessity of making the loan before it is made, and it is believed a majority of the soldiers will not, in any event, ask for a loan upon the certificates unless they have some special need for the money.

"It is estimated by the committee and the Treasury that 70 per cent. of the veterans will take the certificate plan. Assuming this to be correct, the utmost that could be loaned by the banks, if all applied for loans, would be $550,000,000. The committee feels safe in assuming that not to exceed one-half of this number (35 per cent.) will make application for loans during the whole period; in other words, that not more than $275,000,000 will be borrowed from the banks and that this sum is much more than will be out at any one time.

"The total amount of the assets of the national banks is approximately $19,000,000,000. The assets of the other banks are larger, making a total of about $40,000,000,000. The percentage of money which will be drawn out of the banks by this plan is, therefore, very slight compared to the total amount of the assets of the banks—in fact, less than seven-tenths of one per cent.

"It has been suggested that some plan of taxation to meet the estimated expenditures under the bill ought to be brought forward in connection with it. A table is submitted at the close of this report showing that the expenditures under the bill during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1922, cannot exceed $76,000,000, and after having carefully gone over the revenues and estimated expenditures during that period the majority of the committee is satisfied that no new taxation nor special provisions are needed until after the expiration of that fiscal year. It would be unusual, if not an unprecedented proceeding, to provide now for taxes to meet expenditures which will not be made for over a year. It would not only provide funds in advance of the time when they are needed, but any estimate of the Government expenditures for the fiscal year of 1924 and the amount of revenue needed would necessarily be very inaccurate at this time.

Fat Limit on Land Settlement.

"Another objection that was strenuously urged to the original plan was that it was claimed that the land settlement plan might be enormously developed to include irrigation and other projects not only for the service man but for the public generally. While the committee did not feel that the original bill could be properly construed, it concluded to remove all doubt by providing expressly that no applications under the land settlement plan could be received from any except those who had had service in the recent war.

"While perfect unanimity could not be expected as to all the details of the bill, the majority of the committee believe that the plan in general meets the approval of the soldiers and of all of those who are in favor of granting to them additional compensation in any form whatever.

"The common argument made against the bill in its present form is that the country is not financially situated so as to carry out any plan for adjusted compensation at this time. The same objection was made two years ago, and the inquiry naturally arises as to when the country will be ready to do anything if it is not ready now. The majority of the committee believe that there is no question as to the ability of this country to meet the requirements of this bill without in any way affecting business conditions injuriously. The United States profited largely by the European war for two years. After it entered the war many large fortunes were made, many greatly increased and an immense number of people profited largely by the war. While this country, by far the richest and best situated financially of all the nations on the globe, has been hesitating and delaying the matter of giving additional compensation to the soldiers, other countries, and among them some of those which suffered most by the war and are now the poorest, have acted promptly in this respect.

"The following table, computed in dollars with exchange at parity, shows what has been done since the war for the soldiers of our allies:

Country.	Max. Pay't to Enl. Men.	Debt of Nation.	P. C. Debt.
Canada	$924.40	$2,345,000,000	21
Belgium	292.00	4,670,000,000	29
France	328.10	50,990,000,000	35
England	182.24	37,010,000,000	22
Italy	78.84	19,600,000,000	22

"The United States has paid its soldiers $60 each and its debt is generally estimated at only 7 per cent. of its wealth. Comment on this comparison is unnecessary. It speaks for itself."

Cost of the Bonus by Years.

WASHINGTON, March 16.—The greatest cost in any single year of the bonus payments was estimated in the Fordney report at $2,136,828,350 in the fiscal year 1943, when the certificates then outstanding would mature. The costs under all other options except the certificate would cease, the report said, in 1937. The last payments under vocational training would be in 1936, under farm and home aid in 1934 and under land settlement in 1937. After that time the only cost each year until the year of the maturity of the certificates would be payments on account of deaths of holders of certificates.

The cost in the fiscal year 1923, the first year after the bill came into operation, would be $74,287,000, the report said, and the costs for each succeeding year up to but exclusive of 1943 would be: 1924, $134,640,000; 1925, $131,874,000; 1926, $134,838,000; 1927, $42,800,000; 1928, $27,046,000; 1929, $27,233,000; 1930, $27,415,000; 1931, $27,674,000; 1932, $27,992,000; 1933, $28,205,000; 1934, $28,600,000; 1935, $29,034,000; 1936, $29,440,000; 1937, $30,004,000; 1938, $30,394,000; 1939, $31,338,000; 1940, $32,144,000; 1941, $33,199,000, and 1942, $34,351,000.

The report said no provision had been made for raising revenue to meet the first year's cost, because a majority of the committee was satisfied that "no new taxation nor special provisions are needed until after the expiration of that fiscal year."

Despite advice of Controller of the Currency Crissinger to the contrary, national banks, in the opinion of high Treasury officials, could make loans upon adjusted service certificates in the event of enactment by Congress of the new compromise bonus bill.

Should the new bonus bill become a law and national banks ask the Comptroller of the Currency for his advisability of making loans upon the adjusted service certificates, Treasury officials said today the bank could lawfully do so even in the face of an unfavorable reply.

Treasury officials, however, expressed doubt as to the situation which might arise in the event national bank examiners were instructed against adjusted service certificate loans made by national banks regardless of the Controller's advice.

URGE HOUSE TO ASK PARDONS BY HARDING

'Liberals' Advocate Before Committee Resolution for Freeing of Political Prisoners.

ACTION IS VERY UNLIKELY

Members and Witnesses Clash When President and Attorney General Are Criticised.

WASHINGTON, March 16.—In the face of outspoken opposition, lawyers and representatives of various liberal organizations pleaded with the House Judiciary Committee today to report a resolution asking the President to give "careful consideration" to the propriety of granting immediate amnesty to 113 political prisoners serving long terms for violation of the Espionage act.

Committeemen indicated that the resolution would not pass, insisting that Congress had no right to direct the President in such matters, especially because of the lack of opportunity to review the cases.

Gilbert E. Roe, an attorney of New York, who advocated the general principle of amnesty, said that he saw no impropriety in requesting the President, the Attorney General and the Secretary of War to look into the appeals, because "the resolution seems as harmless as the four-power treaty."

Speaking for the American Federation of Labor, Edgar Wallace declared that war laws were necessary and they should have been enforced, but in peace times there was no good reason for keeping wartime offenders in jail.

There were many clashes between members of the committee and witnesses. Representative Yates of Illinois charged that Representative London, Socialist, of New York, author of the resolution, who declared he would free men convicted of violence if they did so because of a deep religious feeling, was advocating violence, which Mr. London was quick to deny.

Another verbal clash centred around Harry Weinberg, a New York lawyer, once counsel for Grover Cleveland Bergdoll, the draft dodger, who declared he had "nothing whatever to do with Bergdoll's escape." In a tilt with Representative Reavis of Nebraska, Weinberg said he would express his opinion on political and economic questions at any time and in any place, despite the Supreme Court of the United States.

Referring to the release of some offenders, Weinberg charged that one obtained his liberty through the intercession of the Italian Ambassador. Some of his comments drew from members the reminder that they would not sit there and hear the President and the Attorney General criticised. This was after the lawyer had stated that one of the men in whose behalf he had appealed did not get out because he did not happen to be a "great magnate." Weinberg denied any desire to criticise the President.

Miss Caroline Lowe of Kansas City, counsel for several I. W. W. members tried at Wichita, charged that men arrested in "the famous Oklahoma case" were all workingmen and that the animus back of their arrest was the determination of oil operators to crush any attempt by the workers to organize.

Frequent references were made to the pardon of Eugene V. Debs, and on this point some of the witnesses expressed conflicting views. Many agree, however, that President Harding's list of Christmas pardons contained the names of persons who should have served their terms, which, they insisted, were for offenses more serious than those charged against "the political prisoners." It was contended that no overt acts were committed by the latter.

Dr. Franklin Edgerton of the University of Pennsylvania, testified that Walter T. Nef, head of the Marine Transport Workers Union, affiliated with the I. W. W., was convicted in Chicago or Philadelphia charges and sent to Leavenworth for twenty years. Nef, he declared, had a record of 100 per cent. for patriotism, and his conviction for obstructing the draft was unfair, since he "had urged everybody in the union, at Philadelphia and elsewhere, to register." Denying that he was a member of the I. W. W., the Professor declared that Nef was "more cautious in his utterances than most professors I know."

Frank P. Walsh of New York, who had been expected to attend the hearing, sent a letter in which he said he was "strongly of the opinion that all political prisoners should be released."

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AVERAGE TOLL $300 A WEEK

Magistrate Geismar's Wife Discovered Stephan Moving Cripple to a Better Location.

That organized begging in New York, conducted on business principles, is highly profitable was proved today by the arrest of three men. One of them, the director of a mendicant concern, had bank books showing $200 weekly profits. The second, one of his employes, received only a daily wage of $3. The third, wise in the game, operating independently, had bank credits of $5,070.

Mrs. Alexander H. Geismar, wife of Magistrate Geismar, saw a beggar, blind and armless, plying his trade on Fulton Street, Brooklyn, yesterday. Coins dropped by sympathetic persons, touched by the human wreck's sad plight, rattled into the tin cup hung about his neck. Just then a husky, well-dressed man helped the beggar to his feet and led him to a more prominent position near a subway entrance.

Mrs. Geismar pointed out the pair to Policeman Joseph Martin, who took them to the Butler Street Station. There on the able-bodied man were found $74.92 in cash, most of it in small change, and two bank books. One showed that he had opened an account in the Central Savings Bank on Wednesday with a deposit of $500; the other of the Central Mercantile Bank, Manhattan, had a first deposit of $50 on Feb. 27, and another of $100 on Wednesday. The armless and blind beggar had only a few small coins.

The well-dressed man, who said he was John Stephan, a Lithuanian, of 419 East Twenty-second Street, Manhattan, told Magistrate Folwell in court yesterday that he was conducting a begging business. Beggars, whom he hired for $3 a day, brought in the money. He acted simply as the manager, hiring and firing, designating the duties and place of trade of each of his employes, and collecting the money when their daily work was done. Stephan said that in addition to the man arrested, John Riechter, that he had two women and a boy working for him.

"I prefer to hire cripples," he told the Magistrate.

Patrolman H. Ringan noticed yesterday near the entrance to the West 181st Street subway station a gray-bearded man, shabby and bowed with years, muttering piteously to passers-by as he held out a tin cup. Moved by the wretched appearance of the old beggar, the policeman told him to go away, but did not arrest him. A few minutes later when he returned he found him still begging.

At the West 177th Street Police Station two bank books were found on the ragged mendicant. One of them, of the Yonkers Savings Bank, showed deposits of $2,870; the other, of the Peoples Savings Bank of Yonkers, had $1,800. The beggar, who said he was Nichol Donato, 73 years old, Neperhan Street, Yonkers, had for the past two years been making deposits two or three times a week.

WOMAN TO RUN FOR SENATE.

Barred From Iowa Assembly, Mrs. Farnsworth Changes Candidacy.

DES MOINES, March 16.—Mrs. Beadie Farnsworth of Muscatine will be asked to become a candidate for nomination as State Senator from the Twentieth District, Mrs. Florence Pierce, State Chairman of the Iowa League of Women Voters, announced today on learning that Mrs. Farnsworth had been informed by the Attorney General that women are not eligible to seats in the lower house.

It was learned that while the State Constitution provides for the election only of "male citizens" to the House, the requirements for the State Senate are somewhat different.

ANTIGONISH DOUBTS MARY ELLEN WAS GHOST

Clergymen Called at Window to Help in Banishing Reported Leonard Apparition.

HALIFAX, N. S., March 16—Canada's two whoops today apparently had been "laid."

No strange occurrences have been reported from Antigonish County since Dr. Walter Franklin Prince, New York scientist, last night issued his report, expressing the belief that the mysterious fires in the house of Alexander MacDonald could be attributed to Mary Ellen MacDonald, the farmer's foster daughter, subject to "altered states of consciousness." His mission ended, Dr. Prince is preparing to return home tomorrow.

Residents near Cameronia Mills, which is close to the MacDonald home, are confident it is over for a number.

Dispatches from Windsor, Ontario, which yesterday reported the ghost of Leon Leonard of Jackson, Mich., walking abroad, stated that no further uncanny incidents had occurred overnight at the home of his son-in-law, Franklin Crandall, who said that the ghost turned him across the room. The small house was thronged all day by the curious. Two clergymen were invited by the family to visit the house to lay the spirit by the power of prayer. The Rev. H. M. Papin, one of the clergymen, said after his visit that there was no doubt that the family was in a state bordering on panic.

Spanish Party Leader Assassinated.

MURCIA, Spain, March 16 (Associated Press).—Julian Pérez Lazono, leader of the Spanish Provincial Reformist Party, was assassinated yesterday while surrounded by a group of his political adherents. Seven bullets pierced his body. One of his assailants, Francisco Casalas, was arrested.

Yale Astronomer Heads Rome Party

NEW HAVEN, March 16.—Professor Frank Schlesinger, director of the Yale Observatory, has been elected Chairman of the American delegation to the meeting of the International Astronomical Union, which opens in Rome on May 2.

IRISH GUNMEN KILL 3 SICK MEN IN BEDS

Continued from Page 1, Column 5.

Republican League at the moment when Collins and Griffith sent greetings to America expressing Ireland's gratitude for the generous assistance toward the accomplishment of Ireland's control of her own destiny is deplored by moderate opinion here. De Valera, it is felt, overlooks the fact this league may cut the nation irrevocably in two.

De Valera, notwithstanding the agreement in the recent Sinn Fein Congress to have a general election in three months, complains to Griffith that the existing register on which the general election of 1918 was fought is not good enough, that it contains tens of thousands of names which should not be on it and omits tens of thousands which should be on it, the latter including young men just attaining the voting age. He suggests a new register, but Griffith contends that the existing one is perfectly valid and reminding De Valera of the tactics attempted in Cork on Sunday, refuses to be a party to preventing the electorate expressing judgment at the expiration of the term agreed on at the Sinn Fein Congress.

This move on de Valera's part is regarded with foreboding as to the conduct of the general election, and some begin to read a serious meaning into the statement at a recent anti-treaty meeting in County Wexford when Charles Burgess, former Minister of Defense, expressed the opinion:

"The men who have done the fighting and have no votes are going to see that there is trouble if Ireland is brought within the British Empire without giving them a voice or opportunity of saying what they consider about the matter."

South Distrusts General Wilson.

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DUBLIN, March 16.—The bitterness of the South against the North for the present series of sectarian slaying in Belfast has been intensified by Sir James Craig's speech at the opening of the Ulster Parliament and his intention of giving General Sir Henry Wilson, former Chief of Staff of the British Army, the task of restoring order.

The South has no confidence in General Wilson. It frankly predicts that he will be more concerned with organizing the Orange side of the feud than in a general round-up of gunmen. The press asserts that the murders could have been stopped by the declaring of martial law and argues that this was not done because the proclamation would have been enforced impartially by the military.

Both in public and private discussion the trouble in the North is regarded as being fomented for the purpose of causing the treaty to be broken by aggravating the South to the point of conflict. Talk of Civil War is not uncommon. Members of the Provisional Government are understood to see in Sir James's speech a threat to torture the Catholic population of the six counties, and for this reason they have protested to Great Britain.

As if preparing for war, the northern constabulary continue to dig trenches across the roads and to destroy bridges along the border. Some of these have been repaired, but the next night they are again destroyed. The resident agent for contractors to keep their hands off. The vehicular traffic across the boundary is diminishing daily.

Approximately 4,000 soldiers and almost as many constables are at the disposal of General Wilson. It is planned to recruit the constabulary to 10,000. These forces are for a population of about 1,600,000, of which the South claims 40 per cent. are Nationalists.

Fresh demands for the restoration of the Belfast boycott are being made by various organizations in the South and it is likely that the matter will be considered at the next meeting of the Dail Cabinet.

The Irish Republican Army will take over National aerodrome at an early date with all the equipment except the airplanes. It is understood that the British so far have not arranged for the transfer of any airplanes.

MICHAEL COLLINS SENDS ST. PATRICK GREETINGS

Expresses His Appreciation for Help Given to Ireland to Win Her New Freedom.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

DUBLIN, March 16.—Michael Collins, head of the Irish Provisional Government, in a St. Patrick's Day message to America, points to the ending of the terror in Ireland by the treaty, which, he says, gives Ireland the substance of freedom.

"Under English domination," he says, "Ireland wilted. She grew poor and her population dwindled. Now Ireland takes control of her own destiny and joyously takes up the work of nation building."

Collins acknowledges the great assistance the American people willingly gave Ireland, and on this St. Patrick's Day expresses on behalf of the Irish people appreciation for America's share in bringing about the new conditions. He sends greetings and feels assured that the friendship between the two countries will continue undiminished.

Arthur Griffith, President of the Dail Eireann, in a similar message refers to the friendship between Ireland and America since the American Republic was founded, and acknowledges American help in the struggle for Irish freedom, crowned by success in the treaty. He predicts that in the coming elections the Irish people, in approving the treaty, will show their approval by an overwhelming majority.

CARSON DENOUNCES IRISH BILL IN LORDS

Birkenhead Defends It and the Measure Passes the Second Reading Without a Division.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, March 16.—When the House of Lords resumed the second reading of the debate on the Irish Free State Agreement bill there was a full attendance of the Peers to hear Lord Carson, who was as bitter as usual.

He was proud, he said, of the fight his "die hard" friends had made in the Commons. A republic had been set up in Ireland, he declared, and the Government knew it and consented to it. All the members of the Dail Eireann had taken an oath to the Irish Republic, he said, and the kind of oath in the Agreement bill was all eyewash. "Not one of the gentlemen to whom the Government has handed over arms and ammunition will ever take that oath," he asserted.

The Archbishop of York, while acknowledging that some of Carson's arguments had force, pointed out their irrelevancy, since the House knew that to amend the bill would be to destroy it.

"This country cannot now go back on the treaty," urged the Archbishop. "The country will not support the alternative policy of thorough and sustained force."

This statement produced a profound impression.

Lord Londonderry hesitated to protest against it. He even admitted that the country was bound in honor to give a chance to the experiment of the bill, but he disclaimed all responsibility.

Lord Birkenhead, the Lord Chancellor, confined himself to a warning to the Peers not to accept amendments destructive of the treaty.

Birkenhead reproved Carson by saying the bill was not a matter that either called for or justified an exhibition of heat. It was far too serious. He accepted full responsibility for the decision to enter into negotiations and offered himself as a target for the contempt of any one who held strongly adverse views.

There were large numbers of English people, he said, who so long as their imperial security was safeguarded and so long as they had discharged their obligation of honor to Ulster did not wish to be troubled with the South of Ireland and did not wish their sons to be killed in the quarrels of the South. They preferred that Michael Collins should keep order there.

The Lord Chancellor added that the murder of constables in their beds in a hospital at Galway by masked men, the details of which had been given by Carson, had deepened the feeling of horror and detestation from such events, but he knew that Mr. Collins and Mr. Griffith would exhaust every means to bring the criminals to justice. He denied there was a republic in Ireland. There was not going to be a republic. If Ireland ever attempted it, he knew the threats she was so dependent economically on Great Britain that he said it could bring her life to a stop within a week.

He pointed to the way in which the South African Government had dealt with the Rand rebellion as a justification for trusting the Irish to govern themselves and declared in conclusion:

"If I were asked to sign the treaty tonight I would do so notwithstanding all that has happened since December."

The Peers then agreed to a second reading without a division, some of them cheering.

LONDON, March 16 (Associated Press).—During today's debate on the Irish Free State bill in the House of Lords Lord Carson bitterly attacked the Coalition Government, declaring it had abolished constitutional government and had laid down the principle that by executive action could be brought about not merely constitutional changes but revolution.

Lord Carson declared that in effect the Government had told South and West Ireland: "You have known how to bring the British Government to its knees; surely you can do the same with Ulster."

Lord Carson denounced the policy of the Government and the Free State bill in most uncompromising terms, but admitted that the mischief had been done and said he was not going to argue that the Lords ought to reject the bill. But he hoped they would not be so powerless and feeble and lacking in courage as not to insist that they should never allow, without consent, one acre of land to be taken from Ulster.

He concluded his address by declaring that if South and West Ireland were willing to acknowledge themselves loyal subjects of the King and yielded to Ulster the same rights and privileges as they demanded for themselves, and abandoned their present campaign of outrage, showing that they really meant to take their places within the dominions of the Crown as loyal and faithful servants, he would promise that they should be welcome in every corner of Ulster.

GAVEGAN TO LEAD ST. PATRICK'S PARADE

First Since Birth of Irish Free State Expected to Be Largest in City's History.

The hosts of St. Patrick and ancient Ireland made free will parade this afternoon in Fifth Avenue. Inspector William Davis of the Police Traffic Division said he would have more than one thousand policemen along the line of march to handle the crowds that are expected to witness the city's biggest March 17 turnout. Supreme Court Justice Edward Gavegan will act as Grand Marshal, and the parade will be under the auspices of the Ancient Order of Hibernians, the Clan-na-Gael, Cumann-na-n Ban, Inc., the Friends of Irish Freedom and the Irish county and kindred organizations.

The parade will start at 2:30 o'clock, and traffic in Fifth Avenue will be closed at noon. The starting point will be at Twenty-third Street, and the marchers will swing up the avenue to 59th Street, thence west around Mount Morris Park to 124th Street, east to Fifth Avenue, north to 126th Street and eastward at Second Avenue. The reviewing stand will be at Fifth Avenue and Eighteenth Street.

Supreme Knight James A. Flaherty of the Knights of Columbus, in a special St. Patrick's Day message, said:

"Speaking as an American to Americans, I say sincerely that it is first and last the child concern of the people of Ireland as to what form of government is most satisfactory to Ireland. The Irish people have gone through something unprecedented to attain the system of government they now possess. Had the United States, in Colonial days, been as near to England as Ireland is, it is questionable whether an independent Government could have been successfully established.

"I am sure the best wishes of the 800,000 members of the Knights of Columbus as American citizens go to Ireland and the Irish people, to whom we have the utmost confidence that they are eminently capable of determining their own destiny.

Real shamrocks for the Irish of this city have been arriving on every liner and Irishmen here ascribe the generosity of their friends overseas to changes in Irish affairs. Many of the gift boxes have been tagged "from the Irish Free State to America."

John H. Nagle, Deputy Clerk of the Surrogates' Court, said yesterday that he had received his usual box of shamrocks from his cousin, Professor Edward Magennis of the Bruckney National School in County Down, Ireland, but that the number was larger than usual. Many who called at the Surrogates' office yesterday were away their shamrocks from the Nagle box.

"They are the first from the Irish Free State," he said.

IRISH SPEAKERS COMING.

Two Anti-Free Staters Are to Tour This Country.

Austin Stack of Kerry and James J. O'Kelly, members of the Dail Eireann, will arrive today on the Cunard line Aquitania for a speaking campaign against the treaty and in favor of an Irish republic. Their tour, it was said, would supplement the campaign against the Irish Free State, which Republicans in Ireland are now making under the leadership of Eamon de Valera.

They will be met at the Cunard pier by a committee from the American Association for the Recognition of the Irish Republic from this city and Boston. They will leave at once for Boston, where on Sunday they will speak before the Massachusetts branch of the association in convention in that city.

There will be a mass meeting here on Sunday, March 26, at the Lexington Theatre, at which the two Irishmen will speak. Michael O'Flanagan, chief organizer and Vice President of the Sinn Fein Party in Ireland, is also announced as a speaker. The New York branch of the association is expected to raise $50,000 to support the Republican candidates at the coming Irish election.

New FOLDING *Multiplex*

Hammond Typewriter

Illustration shows this remarkable "writing machine" *FOLDED* in case. Descriptive Literature FREE.

MULTIPLEX HAMMOND'S Portable Shortcut Type. Many styles, easy terms. Down the track to change

Also inquire about the *Statistical Condensing Model* Hammond Typewriter Corp.

Sales Offices: 565 Fifth Ave., New York. Executive Offices: 69 State St., Albany. Typewriters RENTED. Also good quality MERRILL Typewriters at low prices.

BROADWAY Saks & Company AT 34th STREET

ANNOUNCE FOR FRIDAY and SATURDAY

An Extraordinary Sale of

500 Ultra-Smart Misses' Spring Coats

—the entire stock on hand of a high-class Coat maker who has decided to retire from business

35.00 and 40.00 Coats . . Sale at 25.00
49.50 and 59.50 Coats . . Sale at 39.50

Every Coat immaculately tailored in superb quality fabric

The Coats at 25.00 • The Coats at 39.50

Street and Sports Coats, Dressy Capes and Wraps, in almost every material now being worn—from tweeds to camel's hair coatings. The needlework of every model is perfectly done, some are three-quarter—others quarter silk lined. Any coat you choose will prove the best value you ever found in a really smart Spring coat.

Luxuriously Embroidered Capes and Wraps, Sports Coats and simply tailored street models, expertly developed in tricotine, chamotex, morette, camel's hair coating, chinchilla, coverts, herringbone weaves and smart overplaids. The styles are the most captivating Paris sponsors for Spring, all very skilfully tailored, and ALL silk lined.

SECOND FLOOR

We Shall Also Hold Friday and Saturday—A Rarely Equaled

Sale of Women's Beautiful Frocks

Regularly 29.50 to 39.50

At 18.50

An opportunity to secure a very smart frock at a liberal saving. All are man-tailored and so splendidly made that they will appeal to your good judgment immediately. Your color, your size is in this collection.

You simply cannot fail to satisfy your choice.

THE MODELS

are hand-embroidered, bead trimmed or severely tailored, some with the smart bell sleeves, others with pointed or square-cut panels. The sizes are 34 to 46.

THE MATERIALS

Poiret Twill, wool jersey, Canton Crepe, Crepe de Chine, and fine wool velours of excellent quality.

Fourth Floor

5-CENT FARE SAFE, M'ANENY THINKS

Can't Guarantee It, but Believes Transit Plan Won't Necessitate Increase.

EXPLAINS BOARD'S POLICY

Metropolitan Life Insurance Actuary Outlines the $100,000,000 Housing Plan.

George McAneny, Chairman of the Transit Commission, asserted yesterday that a five-cent fare could not be guaranteed to New York City. He was speaking at a luncheon of the Woman's Municipal League of New York City at the Hotel Astor.

"People can't expect to get something for nothing," said Mr. McAneny. "Of course, they have got to pay at least for the cost of the service. We can't guarantee a five-cent fare, but I don't think it will be necessary to increase the present fare as a result of the plans we hope to put into effect. But it would be absurd to say that it could never happen.

"If the people of this town were to choose whether they should continue to pay 5 cents for what they are getting, or more for improved service, I have no doubt of what they would vote for. But we cannot see anything but a successful issue of the matter along the lines I have described to you."

Mr. McAneny asserted that even if contracts for additional subways were let today they would afford no relief for another five years, in which conditions already "intolerable" would continuously become worse.

The speaker denied that there was any intention on the part of the Transit Commission to "saddle anything on the city," and explained that the present plan was to "squeeze the water" out of the overcapitalized traction companies, transfer title to the city, which would pay for the properties with stocks in a new holding company, and to operate the lines with a regrouping of the operating companies under a board of control.

Mr. McAneny said that to tear down the elevated lines and scrap the surface cars and make provision for the millions of travelers who then would be left without means of transportation, would cost $700,000,000.

The surface equipment was described as a "disgrace to the city," by Chairman McAneny.

Walter Stabler, Actuary for the Metropolitan Life Insurance Company, informed the women that his company did not guarantee to build $100,000,000 worth of new houses to relieve the housing shortage.

"The $100,000,000 housing plan," said Mr. Stabler, "is not the Metropolitan Life Insurance Company's plan. The Metropolitan Life Insurance Company had nothing to do with it. It is the plan of Mr. Untermyer and the Lockwood Committee. If the bill is passed, and if the conditions justify us in doing so, we will try the experiment. If the bill is passed we shall make further estimates on the plan to determine whether we can do this."

Harvard Club Gets French Medal.

BOSTON, March 16.—The Medaille de la Reconnaissance Francaise was placed in position at the Harvard Club of Boston today after presentation by J. C. J. Fiamand, French Consul, on behalf of his Government. A citation stated that the award was "in recognition of the hospitality extended by the Harvard Club to Colonel Paul Azan, Captain Andre Morize and other French officers of instruction sent to this country by the French Government during the war, and to Marshal Joffre, M. Viviani, General Nivelle and others during their visits to Boston."

Tarrytown-Nyack Ferry Is Open.

Special to The New York Times.

TARRYTOWN, N. Y., March 16.—Ferry traffic between Tarrytown and Nyack opened today.

HARDING DECIDES TO EXTEND HOLIDAY

Will Remain in St. Augustine Until Saturday—Speaker Gillett Starts Back.

ST. AUGUSTINE, Fla., March 16 (Associated Press).—A decision by President Harding to add one more day to his vacation in Florida was announced late today by Secretary Christian, who said that the Presidential party instead of ending its stay here tomorrow now planned to leave Saturday and arrive in Washington Sunday.

The President is obtaining as much rest as possible in the closing days of his holiday. He was on the golf links this morning and spent the afternoon in his hotel apartment.

Speaker Gillett, of the House of Representatives, who has been with the Presidential party, left tonight for Washington, where he will arrive early tomorrow. He said that he expected to confer with Chairman Fordney of the Ways and Means Committee and other House leaders on the parliamentary situation as it affects the Soldiers' Bonus bill. Mr. Gillett will speak in Springfield, Mass., Sunday on the armament conference treaties and will then return to Washington to preside over the House Monday.

The Speaker said that he saw no reason for hinging upon his decision the bonus bill procedure. The House Rules Committee, he said, could bring in a special rule any time it wished giving the bonus legislation the right of way.

Governor Hardwick of Georgia, who is making an automobile trip through Florida, called on President and Mrs. Harding today to pay his respects and was their guest at luncheon.

FIRE IN AMERICAN CHURCH.

Geneva Brigade Saves Building, Cornerstone of Which Grant Laid.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

GENEVA, March 16.—The American Church in Geneva was saved from destruction this evening by the timely arrival of Geneva's fire brigade.

Owing to the American and English religious communities here combining for weekly lenten services in the American Church, the building was heated and lighted this afternoon. Electric wires started the fire and the church, which was built forty years ago and the foundation stone laid by President Grant, was speedily encircled with flames, but, fortunately, the fire was confined to the vaults.

Girls' College Objects to Knickers.

NEW LONDON, Conn., March 16.—Promiscuous wearing of knickers at Connecticut College for Women is frowned upon by the student body which determines the undergraduate customs in the institution. In this regard Connecticut College stands with Vassar, and they are the only two women's colleges in the East which have definitely acted upon this style of attire. The student body here ruled that knickerbockers may not be worn in town, in the class room, in the dining room or while lounging about the campus.

Domestic, Aged 80, Leaves $20,000.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., March 16.—Employed for the greater part of her life as a domestic, Mrs. Ellen M. Collins, who died here recently, aged eighty, left an estate valued at more than $20,000. Gifts of $100 each are made in the will to each of twenty-nine Sisters of Charity attached to St. Patrick's Parochial School here. Several charities are also remembered in the bequests, twelve relatives receiving but small sums.

Cotton Is Returned From Germany.

BOSTON, March 16.—The British steamer Mackinaw, in from Hamburg and Bremen today, brought back from Germany 5,000 bales of American cotton shipped there several months ago. The cotton was returned to this country, it was said, because market conditions in Germany at present were such that the cotton could be sold more profitably in this country, notwithstanding the freight charges involved.

SUBWAY RUSH HOUR STRETCHED TO THREE

Continued from Page 1, Column 4.

siding, to the fact that the foregoing tabulation showed that the Interborough was running the maximum number of trains possible only during one hour. "Here we show that the rush exists for three hours," he said, "and they are only doing as well as they can for one hour."

"We are doing all capacity for one hour," said Mr. Smith.

"You are doing capacity for one hour and you could do the same thing for three hours," said Judge Shearn.

"If we had the money," Mr. Smith admitted.

"Of course, that is the whole thing, as indicated yesterday," Judge Shearn continued. "My point is that right on these figures themselves we show that it is within the power of the commission, so far as facilities are concerned, to improve the service very materially. Then the next question will be whether their financial condition will warrant such an order being put into effect."

"Mr. Hedley really frankly stated that," said Commissioner O'Ryan.

"But the extreme overload is in the period when we are doing all we can do," said Mr. Smith.

"If you did better in the hour immediately preceding and immediately following, that would take people out of this extremely congested period," said Judge Shearn. "But people know that whether they travel at that time or an hour earlier or an hour later they are going to encounter the same condition."

No Help to Go Early.

"They travel at the worst time," said Mr. Smith.

"There is no choice now," replied Judge Shearn. "These figures show a jam prevailing during a period of three hours and that the company supplies maximum service during one hour only."

"Do you think that the maximum hour would be affected in relation to its overcrowding by an increase of trains in preceding and succeeding periods?" asked Commissioner O'Ryan.

"I think it might be slightly affected," replied Mr. Smith, "but you know that there are people who have to go to work at a certain time. If they have to arrive at their offices at 9, they won't go earlier because there is a seat in the subway. People going to their work, who are compelled to go, will go whether they have a seat or whether they stand up. If there were further facilities outside the rush hour it would give further convenience to those who ride then, but it would not lessen the crush in the most congested hour."

"But no one suggests, Mr. Smith," said Judge Shearn, "that it is humanly possible under existing conditions to provide a seat for every passenger in the rush hours. We are talking about relieving to some extent the conditions that do not lend to indecency, which are shown by having 4,000 seats for 12,880 passengers. Now, there are 124 people standing in each car. It is not a question of comfort or discomfort merely or of having a seat. It is a question of indecent conditions, and I say that they do not offer any inducement to people to travel to their offices, depart to their offices, ten or fifteen or twenty minutes earlier or later; because if you look at the twenty-minute earlier period, you have got 4,000 seats for 17,140 passengers, and if you look at the next twenty-minute earlier period you have got 5,000 seats for 13,120 passengers.

Says Relief Is Possible.

"If you look at the next following twenty-minute period, you have 6,000 seats for 14,740 passengers. And while people do not make any effort, perhaps, now to travel earlier or later, it is readily explicable because it would not do them any good. The trains are crowded to a state of indecency before and after the maximum period of traffic, and my point is that the company furnishes maximum service only during one hour and that the crush continues to a very considerable extent over a period of three hours, and that if they ran maximum service, as they could do during the period of three hours, that would not give everybody a seat, but it would relieve people of these conditions of indecency.

"As a matter of fact, averaging the excess passengers among the cars does not give any one a true picture of what actually goes on," said Commissioner O'Ryan. "It is a matter of common knowledge that the great mass of the people will not travel these long platforms to the end, and hence the cars are not uniformly crowded. You cannot divide the distribution mathematically, and so these statistics obviously understate the conditions."

"In this particular case, yes," said Mr. Smith, "and overstate them in others."

"But, General O'Ryan," Judge Shearn continued, "this condition is simply deliberate. If you look at this schedule in this period between 7 and 7:20, where the overcrowding becomes very noticeable, they only run eight trains in the 26-minute interval, whereas when you get down to one hour later, 8 to 8:20, they are running twelve trains in that 20-minute interval. Well, if they can run twelve trains between 8 o'clock and 8:20, they can run twelve trains between 7 o'clock and 7:20. And if they did run twelve trains between 7 and 7:20, there would be seats for every passenger in that period instead of people having to stand up. And I say that if in these earlier periods they did what these records showed they could do, people would be readily influenced to abandon the 20-minute interval of the greatest crush and take an earlier period of 20 minutes or later period of 20 minutes, because the conditions would be very much better, whereas now there is no inducement for making any change."

Wouldn't "Break Anybody."

"Diffuse or spread the traffic," said Commissioner O'Ryan.

"Exactly," replied Judge Shearn. "At any rate, it is well worth trying. Nobody has attempted it before. It wouldn't break anybody to see how it would work out, to apply that maximum schedule for three hours for a period of thirty days. I would like to see what the effect would be upon conditions of travel and also what would be the effect upon the company's revenues."

Similar conditions were shown on the east side subway. Mr. Standfast testified that between 8:00 and 9:00 A. M. there were 24,920 passengers on the south-bound express trains, which had 11,900 seats, a total of 23,020 passengers standing up.

Questioned concerning the congestion at the Times Square station after the theatre, Mr. Standfast said that there were 4,000 passengers and 2,200 seats on north-bound express trains from 11:00 to 11:20 P. M. on March 3, with three eight-car and two ten-car trains, and that during the next twenty-minute period there were 3,700 passengers and only 1,000 seats on four eight-car trains.

"Now, there you are," said Judge Shearn. "Cars cut off unnecessarily and trains cut down unnecessarily, resulting in forty-two persons having to stand in each of the cars during that period."

Mr. Standfast gave similar testimony concerning observations taken at other stations for different hours during the day, covering traffic in both directions on the two Interborough subways.

The hearing was adjourned until next Wednesday.

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34th Street—New York

A Two-Fold Mission of The House of *Oppenheim, Collins & Co.*

—FIRST, TO DEAL INTELLIGENTLY WITH THE SUBJECT OF FASHION—AND, SECOND, TO DEAL SYMPATHETICALLY WITH THE SUBJECT OF PRICE.

Suits of Fine Tricotine and Twill Cord (illustrated) 50.00

New Custom-Tailored Suits

For Women and Misses

CLEVERLY MODELLED AND TAILORED WITH UTMOST FINESSE TO ACHIEVE THE STRAIGHT, SLENDER SILHOUETTE OF YOUTH AND FASHION.

29.75 to 125.00

ONE OF THE HAPPIEST FASHIONS of this Spring is the recurrence of the soft, luxurious fur scarf.

Equally smart and flattering with a trim trotteur or the daintiest chiffon frock.

In the Gidding Salons are Scarfs of Natural Store Marten at $45 and up, of Natural Baum Marten at $55 and up, of Natural Blue Fox at $150 and up.

Gidding

Paris FIFTH AVENUE London

56th Street—57th Street

New York

Sale—MEN'S SHOES

The Finest Made!

Exceptional Opportunity! *Finest Oxfords Made in America—Plain Toe or Brogue—Tan or Black; All Leathers; New Custom Lasts! Standard values at $14. At a price within reach of all.* $9.75

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McCutcheon's

A New Array *of* Imported Fabrics

FOR YOUR SUMMER FROCKS you will surely want fabrics of distinctive personality! Fabrics alluring for their very simplicity; others gay with buoyant youthfulness; still others arresting for their unmistakable smartness.

At the Linen Store, you will find a whole new array of such lovely materials, woven specially to please women who are critical.

Fabrics of New and Exclusive Designs

Would your first frock be of dainty Voile? The newest weaves are patterned in four colors, and ravishingly dappled with buds, checks, and floral sprays. Exclusive Drop-Stitch Voiles are attractively "different"; while still more unusual Voiles have inserts of gay, shaggy homespuns in stripes and checks.

Crepes are just as bewitching. In drop-stitch weaves, too! And the Liberty Crepes are exquisite beyond description. They are masterpieces of color and design. You really must see them.

Old Favorites in New Guises

Good-looking Ginghams come in a thousand patterns of every color. You may have them in the usual gingham fabric, or in crepe, or silk, as you like.

Then some of the newest creations are the English Cretonnes and Sateens, quaint as jumbled buds in a wild-flower garden.

Cool, immaculate Linens always hold their own, whether they be in plain colors, with demure little motifs, or with broad, gay stripes. There's everything in Linens—every weight and every weave.

Then White, for Summer, of Course

And there are gossamer White Fabrics like floating moon-shadows. For skirtings, the heavier white materials, in corded squares and substantial patterns, are just the thing.

And Still Others

Then there are Homespuns and Swisses and Organdies—and everything else you know you want, and much you'd never dream could be so lovely till you saw it here. Come in and see them—but come soon! There are so many discriminating women in New York that McCutcheon's imported fabrics do not remain long on the shelves.

James McCutcheon & Co.

Fifth Avenue, 34th and 33d Streets

WINCHESTER

Correct Tweed Clothing

Scotch Tweed Topcoats

THE free, easy drape and sporting swing of these Winchester topcoats interpret the spirit of springtime.

Tweeds—the fabric of spring. *Woven in Scotland*—the home of fabrics whose fame is international. Tailored up to Winchester quality standards and metropolitan style requirements. *Patterns*—for the university man as well as for the man of affairs.

Single and double-breasters - - $40 to $65

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"The Outdoor Store"

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Between Madison Ave. and Grand Central

OTHER WINCHESTER STORES:

New Haven, Conn. Worcester, Mass.

Boston, Mass. Troy, N. Y.

Springfield, Mass. Providence, R. I.

Springfield, Mass. Pawtucket, R. I.

"Guaranteed to be of Winchester Quality"

Information is welcomed by The New York Times from readers who have doubts regarding any announcement appearing in the Automobile Exchange columns.

Broadway Saks & COMPANY at 34th St.

Will Hold To-day a

Special Sale of Men's

SILK-MIXED ATHLETIC

UNION SUITS

at 2.95

—made of an imported fabric that has the lustre of silk, but the life of cotton.

WE have never seen better looking or better made Union Suits—and it will be a very long time before New York will see such values again at this price. All are made with the elastic web back, and the material woven in a flowered and striped effect.

Colors: blue, helio, tan, pink, and white.

Sizes 34 to 46. *Street Floor*

FIN-KERRY

FIN-KERRY IS AN IMPORTED FABRIC WHICH FINCHLEY HAS DEVELOPED INTO LIGHT-WEIGHT OVER-GARMENTS SIMILAR IN CHARACTER TO THE CRACK ENGLISH MODELS

FORTY DOLLARS *AND MORE*

READY-TO-PUT-ON

TAILORED AT FASHION PARK

CUSTOM FINISH WITHOUT THE ANNOYANCE OF A TRY-ON

FINCHLEY

5 West 46th Street

NEW YORK

Specially Priced

SMALL Reproducing GRANDS

$1800

A limited number only of these Reproducing Grands containing Welte Mignon (licensee) reproducing effects.

A small deposit will place it in your home—monthly payments are moderate.

Only 4 Ft., 9 In. Long

Opera Grands $625

Smallest Grand Made.

Thousands now in use.

Small deposit and monthly payments arranged.

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MANHATTAN CLUB OPPOSITION WINS

Groups Opposing Continuance in Office of Managers Counts Annual Election.

CHOOSE 4 OF 5 CANDIDATES

Vote Not Against Old Officers Personally, but is Designed to Change System.

The group of members of the Manhattan Club, Madison Avenue and Twenty-sixth Street, which made an issue of the long continuance in office of the 1922 Board of Managers, won yesterday, electing four of its five candidates to serve until 1925, Arthur Iselin being the only manager to win re-election.

Those defeated were Ashbel P. Fitch, in office since 1906, who received 97 votes; Harry S. Black, a manager since 1912, who received 114 votes; Herbert C. Smyth, since 1914, who received 97 votes, and Herbert D. Lounsbury, who has held office since 1918 and who obtained 82 votes. Mr. Iselin, a manager since 1916, was retained in his post by 128 votes. The successful candidates for the opposition and their vote were: C. Frederick Buechner, 126; Martin W. Littleton, 126; George W. Middleton, 153, and Lyman A. Spalding, 137. Frederic H. Nixon, who received 122 votes, was the only opposition candidate to go down to defeat.

The vote, members made clear, was not against the members personally, but was rather an effort to change the system of office holding.

According to members, the vote yesterday forecast the adoption of an amendment to the club's constitution which would prohibit members of the Board of Governors, whose terms expire yearly, from standing for re-election until after the lapse of one year after the date of their retiring.

According to Albert Tilt, Secretary of the Club, the report of a special committee designed to effect the change will come before the first meeting of the new Board of Managers, which is to be held the first Thursday in April.

OBENCHAIN TRIAL NEAR END

Jury Expected to Deliberate on Woman's Fate Today.

LOS ANGELES, March 16.—With arguments of counsel practically completed, indications tonight were that the jury in the trial of Mrs. Madalynne Obenchain, charged with the murder of her sweetheart, J. Belton Kennedy, would retire at noon tomorrow to deliberate on a verdict. When adjournment was taken today, Asa Keyes, Deputy District Attorney, was nearing the end of the final address.

Keyes, replying to defense arguments that no motive had been shown for Mrs. Obenchain to conspire with Arthur C. Burch to slay Kennedy, declared that she had been spurned by Kennedy. "Kennedy turned her down, not once but three times," he asserted. He argued that the letters showed the motive for the crime in Kennedy's refusal to marry her. He maintained that Mrs. Obenchain held Kennedy, Burch and Ralph Obenchain "in her grasp and turned every one of them into 'love slaves.'"

Jud Rush, senior defense counsel, completed his argument in a plea that brought tears to Mrs. Obenchain's eyes. He asked the jury to return a verdict that "would open the barred doors for this woman, who has suffered so much." He pleaded that she be "turned back to freedom, where she could grow old in doing good in the world, and when her time should come her soul could join that of her lover, J. Belton Kennedy."

He said it was a significant fact that Kennedy saved some one long before he became engaged to Mrs. Obenchain, and before Burch came to Los Angeles, in July, 1921.

NOBLE DISHWASHER TO WED

Young Austrian Finds a Bride and Business Success in Boston.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., March 16.—Alexander G. Romanesque, a scion of a noble Austrian family, who conducts a dining hall for Harvard students at Oxford Hall, and who was formerly employed as a restaurant helper and dishwasher, will take as his bride Miss Bessie Walton, sister of David H. Walton, owner of a chain of lunch rooms. Their marriage intentions were filed at City Hall today.

It was while working in one of the Walton restaurants in an humble capacity that Romanesque first saw his bride-to-be. He is 28 years of age and is said to be the grandson of a Princess of Austria, who renounced her title and rights to royalty to marry her court violinist. He came to this country several years ago and attempted to enter Harvard, and later Boston University and Tufts College, but on account of lack of knowledge of English was refused admission.

Miss Walton, who is his senior by seventeen years, became interested in him and spurred on by her encouragement, the young Austrian advanced rapidly. He studied at the New England Conservatory of Music while he entered also upon a successful business career as a restaurant manager.

SAVES INDIANS' SALMON.

Hoover Decides Dispute With Alaska Fishing Interests.

PHILADELPHIA, March 16.—Secretary Hoover of the Department of Commerce has decided the long controversy between the Alaskan Indians and the big salmon fisheries interests of that territory in favor of the Indians, it was stated in a telegram received from the Secretary tonight by Bishop Peter Trimble Rowe.

In announcing the receipt of the telegram, Bishop Rowe, who for twenty-seven years has directed the missionary work of the Episcopal Church in Alaska, said that the Bureau of Fisheries two years ago promulgated regulations under which no more commercial fishing was to be permitted in the Yukon and other rivers after June 1, 1922, in order that the fishery in those streams that the natives depend upon for food for themselves and their dogs.

"This commercial fishing has been going on wholesale, he adds. The result is that the natives have been pushed to the edge of starvation. Instances have come to their attention of fishing, and they have had to kill their dogs because they had no food for them."

SEEK LAND FOR BIG FAIR.

Sesqui-Centennial Association Wants Philadelphia to Condemn Property.

PHILADELPHIA, March 16.—An ordinance requesting the condemnation of property assessed at $3,150,000 for use by the city as the lower end of the sesqui-centennial exposition grounds, along the banks of the Schuylkill River, was passed to City Council today by Mayor Moore, with the report of the Executive Committee of the Exposition Association asking Council to co-operate in the work.

The property, characterized the land value in the neighborhood of Philadelphia as "the most valuable in the country," is a nuisance to the health of the community, the new art museum to be constructed in the vicinity, it was said, would have appropriate surroundings if the improvement plans for the parkway along the exposition lines to be carried

JAPANESE NUNS OUT FOR EQUAL RIGHTS

Demand Same Privileges as Monks of Growing Hair, Eating Meat and Marrying.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 16.—Buddhist nuns throughout Japan are preparing to make a formal demand for their emancipation from some of the more rigorous practices of the order, according to advices today from Tokio. The nuns base their demands upon the fact that monks of the faith have long ago been relieved of much of this ascetic ritual, and they are preparing to assert vigorously the doctrine of equal rights for women.

The movement had its inception with 2,000 nuns of the Jodo-Shu "pure hand" sect, and is spreading rapidly to all the other female religious orders. At the annual gathering of the Jodo-Shu to be held this month the leaders in the movement for emancipation will present a number of demands, foremost among which will be a plea to be allowed to permit their hair to grow instead of shaving the head as is now required by the ritual.

"We are only human beings and we experience the same feelings and conditions as other persons," the nuns declared in a memorial which is being widely circulated. "Why should we be forced to give up our hair and be absorbed into the spiritual world while the men priests are allowed to marry and eat meat and while other women enjoy matrimony?"

About a year ago disapproval of existing conditions was voiced by the Buddhist nuns, but the movement made no headway at that time because the women were not sufficiently organized. Since the failure of the first movement the nuns have worked quietly, and it is asserted that the campaign has gained sufficient ground to make an impression on the authorities.

A significant phase of the agitation is that the element of female equality with males is its dominant tone. Many discriminations in favor of male members of the faith are charged by the women. They contend that the general tendency is to regard nuns as inferior to monks, which they assert is unfair, since all are in the service of the Buddha. Nuns are not allowed to officiate in funerals, they charge, are forbidden to sit in the main part of the temple during Buddhist ceremonies, and, in short, have been reduced to serving merely as messengers for the priests. All this, the women assert, is evidence of narrow-mindedness in religion.

The priests themselves are blamed by officials of the Government and of the faith, for the "new thought" wave which is sweeping the nunneries of Japan. For several years the priests have been campaigning to secure manhood suffrage throughout the religious organizations.

It is asserted that this campaign has inspired the new desire for independance among the women. Then years ago there could have been no such idea among the Buddhist nuns of Japan, who never would have thought of complaining against customs which for centuries the women had been taught that they must obey.

AGED WOMAN AIDS BOY RESEMBLING DEAD SON

Mrs. Schoellkopf of New York Is Reported to Have Made Omaha Youth Her Secretary.

Special to The New York Times.

OMAHA, Neb., March 16.—Because he closely resembled her dead son, Ralph Powell of Omaha, city tennis champion, is reported to have been invited by Mrs. Arthur L. Schoellkopf, aged 70, of New York, to become her private secretary, to accompany her to Europe, sailing Monday, and after the return to live at her home in New York City and complete his law course at her expense.

The affair dates back to the World War. Powell, a member of an ambulance company, was sightseeing in the shipyards near New York City. Mrs. Schoellkopf saw him and sought his acquaintance because of his resemblance to her son. During his four days' stay in New York City she entertained him at her home. After Powell's return to Omaha Mrs. Schoellkopf kept up a correspondence.

"I don't know how to explain it," says young Powell, who is a senior in Creighton Law School.

At the home of Mrs. Arthur Schoellkopf, 1 West Seventieth Street, last night, servants said that Mrs. Schoellkopf was not in the city, but that she intended to go abroad shortly. The servants were unable to give any information concerning Mr. Powell's reported engagement as Mrs. Schoellkopf's private secretary.

FRIENDLY SONS DINE.

Brooklyn Branch Celebrates St. Patrick at Sixtieth Annual Dinner.

Three hundred and fifty members and guests attended the sixtieth annual dinner of the Brooklyn branch of the Friendly Sons of St. Patrick at the Hotel Bossert, Brooklyn, last night. Arthur J. Philbin, Deputy Controller of New York City and President of the society, acted as toastmaster.

Among the speakers were Father W. B. Farrell, Edward Riegelmann, President of the Borough of Brooklyn; John T. O'Brien, Corporation Counsel of New York; James G. Wallace, Assistant District Attorney of New York County, and Patrick E. Callahan, President of the St. Patrick's Society of Brooklyn.

Among the guests were Major Hylan, John H. McCooey, United States District Judge Edwin L. Garvin, Judge Fred Crane, Daniel S. Cohalan, President of the Friendly Sons of St. Patrick of Manhattan; Judge Mitchell May and Judge Frank Zenner jr. of the Brooklyn Supreme Court.

BUFFALO MAN FOUND DEAD.

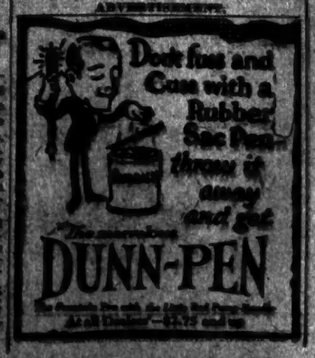
Hiram Brumberg Believed to Have Strangled Himself.

BUFFALO, N. Y., March 16.—Hiram Brumberg, 46, was found dead in an office on the third floor of his building at 606 Main Street this afternoon. A piece of heavy wrapping cord around his neck had been twisted tight by means of a stick.

Evident on the head led at first to the question that he had been murdered, but the medical examiner said tonight that he was satisfied it was a case of suicide.

Relatives said that Brumberg had been despondent because of business difficulties.

ADVERTISEMENT.



B. Altman & Co.

An Importation of Men's Spring Overcoats

(shower-proof)

has just been received and placed on sale

These Overcoats are in a loose-fitting model, made of becoming tweed mixtures in heather color combinations. The yoke and sleeves are lined with satin

Price: $55.00

There is also a comprehensive assortment of

Other Spring Overcoats

in smart models and patterns

Prices: $40.00, 45.00, 50.00

Considering qualities, all of these prices are very reasonable

(Sixth Floor)

Men's New Soft Hats

for wear with the Spring suit

are shown in the smart shapes and most fashionable shades of brown, tan and gray, priced as follows:

American-made Hats

$4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 8.00

Imported Hats . . 8.50

(Department on First Floor)

Madison Avenue - Fifth Avenue, New York

Thirty-fourth Street Thirty-fifth Street

Wanamaker Clothing for Men is

Individual Clothing

It is for men of all ages and types

The first business undertaken by this Store was the clothing of men and boys—in 1861. The first day's receipts were $24.67. The twenty-four dollars were spent at once on advertising. The 67 cents were kept to make change.

* * *

Today we have a men's clothing business so deeply rooted in the confidence of the public that we have been able to sell more than $100,000 of men's clothing in one day.

* * *

The experience of 61 years is a great builder! There is no teacher like experience.

A very important business —the clothing of men

"Take great care," wrote Lord Chesterfield to his son—*"always to be dressed like the reasonable people of your own age, in the place where you are, whose dress is never spoken of one way or another, as either too negligent or too much studied."*

* * *

To help all men within reach of this Store to put into practice this wise advice, is the aim of the Wanamaker Men's Shops.

"Reasonable people." We know them. We have studied them. We are in complete accord with them. Their tastes and ours are one. Together we try to lift clothing to a higher standard.

* * *

There are many standards in clothing—or, more appropriately expressed, many deviations from the standard.

The first, and worst, deviation is that of *compromise with quality.* Fabric that has only the *appearance* of service. Workmanship that holds a garment together only long enough to sell it. Counterfeit clothing! The cities are full of it. But you will not find it at Wanamaker's!

* * *

Another deviation is in the matter of style, in the pandering to the ignorant, the flashy, the extreme. Bad colors, impossible patterns. Queerly cut clothing—like some of the awful fashion plates in the magazines. This sort of clothing is made by men who don't know their business, extremists who haven't any idea of the reason or spirit behind good clothing. They simply don't understand. But they go ahead with the making of their "stuff." And somebody sells it.

* * *

Then, there is *"slogan"* clothing—clothing made to appear superior by the aid of plausible slogans.

* * *

Proper tailoring, all wool, good service, may all be taken for granted in Wanamaker clothing, which is guaranteed to give satisfaction, or you get your money back. Wanamaker clothing is made by tailors specially detailed to the work. Wanamaker specifications set a standard for America.

* * *

STYLE, in the last analysis, is the thing men want. Not conspicuous style, but style that is conspicuous by its inconspicuousness. Wanamaker clothing is built for the man *"whose dress is never spoken of one way or another,"* as Lord Chesterfield says.

* * *

Men's Spring Suits are ready, $30 to $60

The Shops for Men—Street floor, New Bldg.

John Wanamaker

Broadway at Ninth, New York

Franklin Simon Boys' Shops

Boys' Shoes of Genuine Long-Wearing Norwegian Calf

$6.50

Genuine Norwegian mahogany calf, built on genuine oak soles, with a layer of genuine rawhide to give genuine service. Designed on a model that is anatomically correct, and priced at a figure that is economically correct.

Franklin Simon & Co.

Fifth Avenue—37th and 38th Streets

CHILDREN'S HAIRCUTTING SHOP—*Fifth Floor*

These Truck Prices Have Backing

You can buy trucks at almost any price but you can't buy trucks elsewhere at these prices and get the service backing that we offer.

Mack	$2500
Packard	$1750
Pierce-Arrow	$1300
Riker	$1300
Peerless	$ 950
Walker Special	$1050

Terms: 25% down, balance in eight monthly payments

Most of these trucks are bank reclaimed; some are new. All have been completely reconditioned and equipped with new Firestone Tires all around.

If at any time after purchase you think these trucks are not all that we represent them to be we will refund your money.

A Few of Our Recent Purchasers:

Third Avenue Railway Co. *Commonwealth Oil Co.*
Tiffany Studios *Trinity Trucking Co.*
Seymour Paper Co. *New Jersey Flour Mills Co.*
Reliable Carting Co.

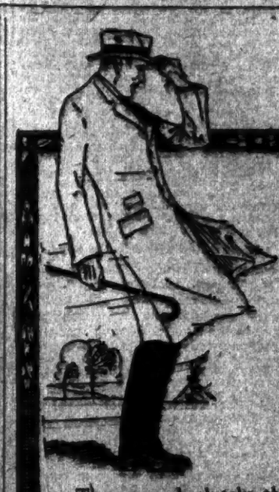
Phone Melrose 8808

WALKER MOTORS, INC.

138th St. East of Southern Boulevard, New York City

Walker Motors, Inc., is an accredited motor truck service and sales agency, equipped and manned to stand back of every sale made and every service job done.

Spring thoughts turn to style and appearance, and style now, more than ever, is set in London.



London

Top Coats

For Spring

FLEMING genuine Tweed Top Coats are the very last word in exclusive English styling—being tailored in *London.*

They are absolutely the ultimate in patterns that originate at the banks of the Thames—and the price is far and away below anything near their quality.

THIRTY DOLLARS and more.

CUSTOM MADE DEPART. *for ladies and gentlemen.*

Fleming custom made suits are distinguished through their exclusive patterns and beautiful tailoring.

Ready to Wear GOLF SUITS

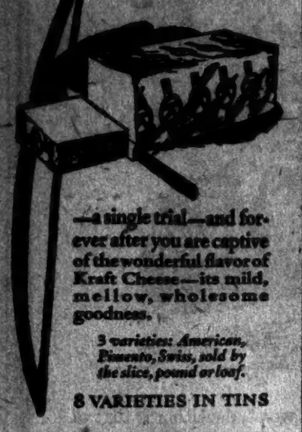
Sport Suits Our Specialty *FORTY DOLLARS* or more.

FLEMING, LTD. *of London, Eng.*

2 John St., N. Y. (Third Floor) 10 E. 44th, N.Y. (Third Floor)

1314 Walnut St., Phila. Pa.

Just once



—a single trial—and forever after you are captive of the wonderful flavor of Kraft Cheese—its mild, mellow, wholesome goodness.

3 varieties: American, Pimento, Swiss, sold by the slice, pound or loaf.

8 VARIETIES IN TINS

KRAFT Loaf CHEESE

Look For The Label

ADVERTISEMENT.

Don't Let That Cold Turn Into "Flu"

Rub On Good Old Musterole

That cold may turn into "Flu," Grippe, or, even worse, Pneumonia, unless you take care of it at once.

Rub good old Musterole on the congested parts and see how it brings relief.

Colds are merely congestion. Musterole, made from pure oil of mustard, camphor, menthol and other simple ingredients, is a counter-irritant which restores circulation promptly and helps break up the cold.

As effective as the messy old mustard plaster, it does the work without the mustard plaster's sting and blister.

During the "Flu" epidemic a few years ago Musterole was used in our training camps. The Y. M. C. A. War Board sent thousands of jars to France for our soldiers overseas.

Doctors have been recommending it to their patients for years for colds, aches and pains.

Just rub it on with your finger tips. You will feel a warm tingle as it enters the pores, then a cooling sensation that brings welcome relief.

Your druggist has Musterole; 35c and 65c, in jars and tubes; hospital size, $3.00.

MUSTEROLE

WILL NOT BLISTER

Reg. U. S. Pat. Off.

Edwald Combined Radio-Phonograph

This instrument embodies, in a beautifully finished period model cabinet, a famous high grade phonograph and a Westinghouse Radio Telephone including bulbs and batteries complete.

Easily tuned and controlled—a child can operate it. Price, only $325.

Come in any hour on the hour for free demonstration.

Edwald

Grand Talking Machine Co.
Sole Distributors
268-270 Flatbush Ave. Extension
Brooklyn, N. Y.

"Furnishers to Wise Men"

Even at $1 they would be excellent values!

Hair-line Striped TIES.. 65c

Refined patterns — colorings. Sturdy materials that will keep these ties "looking new," after many "knockings." Cut to make a smart knot. This value will make new friends for us.

MAIL ORDERS FILLED—POSTPAID FREE.

DANER CO.

NEW YORK STORES
5th Ave. & 46th St.
Tremont Ave., near 3rd Ave.
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BROOKLYN STORE
Fulton St., opp. Sears, Hall

ADVERTISEMENT.

Holds Several Times more Ink than any Rubber Sac Pen of the same size

The marvelous DUNN-PEN

Self-Filling Pen with the Little Red Pump-Handle

At all Dealers—$2.75 and up

RESCUE OF PET BEES ROBBED OF ITS STING

Veiled and Gloved Search Party Explores Old Wall That Fell on Them.

LOT OF CAUTION USED

30,000 or 40,000 Killed, but Survivors Were Waiting Chance to Get Even.

The survivors of 50,000 Italian bees, entombed since last Saturday by the collapse of a retaining wall in the rear of the home of Police Lieutenant John McLaughlin, 1,969 Ryer Avenue, the Bronx, were rescued yesterday by workmen under the direction of the Bronx Building Department. The rescue was not the primary object of the working party, which cleared away the debris to enable a new retaining wall to be built.

Lieutenant McLaughlin, who has had considerable success as an apiculturist, had nine hives, each containing a colony of approximately 10,000 bees, when an eight-foot wall gave way and buried five times under a mass of broken masonry and earth. The other four hives were removed a short distance, but in the belief that some of the buried bees would be alive Lieutenant McLaughlin equipped each of the workmen with a veil and gauntlet gloves.

The precaution was both necessary and successful, for, although many of the imprisoned bees were alive when disinterred none of the workmen was stung. Most of the released bees were believed to have joined the swarms in the four unharmed hives.

Lieutenant McLaughlin could make no estimate last night of the number of casualties, which undoubtedly were heavy, but admitted that he could no longer consider himself as a successful bee handler in the same class with Frank Bacon, who, as "Lightnin'," claimed he "drove a herd of bees across the plains and never lost a bee." Lieutenant McLaughlin said that he must have lost 30,000 or 40,000 bees at least.

GERMAN YOUTH URGED TO GO TO WORK AT ONCE

University Students Strongly Advise the Putting Off of Academic Pursuits for 2 or 3 Years.

FRANKFORT, March 16 (Associated Press).—The Association of German University Students, comprising all German institutions of higher learning, today sent an open letter to high school graduates about to enter universities urging them to postpone their studies two or three years and enter the industrial arena or accept jobs in factories and mines in order to relieve parents of their financial difficulties and help Germany once more to "her industrial feet."

The letter declared that fathers were unable to bear the cost of university courses for their children, amounting to 30,000 to 100,000 marks; and that university students were now suffering extreme privations. At the same time, the letter declared, the whole country was urgently in need of manual laborers.

"The illusion that only academic work offers a field for mental abilities," it said, "must vanish. You must open your eyes to the fact that practical professions—the farm, the factory, the mines and industry—are calling for men with vision; men who are able to do the most menial kind of work for the good of the Fatherland."

Commission to Liberia Proposed.

WASHINGTON, March 16.—A resolution authorizing the President to name a commission of seven to visit Liberia for the purpose of furthering friendly relations with the United States was introduced today by Senator France, Republican, Maryland. The Commission would be instructed to discuss with the Liberian Government methods which would serve to promote co-operation in State and commercial relations and to ascertain the economic needs of that nation.

Hears Robbery Insurance Case.

Special to The New York Times.

FREEHOLD, N. J., March 16.—Seven witnesses were examined by the Grand Jury today in the case of Mrs. Sarah L. Robertson of Deal, who is charged with having attempted to defraud Lloyd's of $76,000 robbery insurance through a fake hold-up at her home on Feb. 18. Twenty indictments were returned this afternoon, but it is not yet known whether one of these was for Mrs. Robertson, who is at liberty on $12,500 bail.

REED SHIFTS IRE TO NAVAL TREATY

Continued from Page 1, Column 3.

League of Nations "irreconcilable" group who are supporting the Washington conference treaties, Senator Reed said that "they have gone to heel as well as trained setters go to heel, at their masters' command."

He ridiculed statements that the negotiation of the Four-Power Treaty was necessary in order to make possible the cancellation of the Anglo-Japanese alliance.

"They say," he remarked, "that we had to get rid of that alliance. It reminds me of the story of the old woman who wanted to get rid of the old man. She did it by marrying the old fellow."

Senator Reed was armed with a mass of documents relating to the strength of the British, American and Japanese navies as at present organized and as they will be in the event that the conference treaties are ratified. These tables and other data, he said, had been supplied him by one of the most distinguished naval experts in the United States.

"Having involved us," said Senator Reed, "in negotiations which have nothing to do with legitimate disarmament, our friends were able to secure a treaty which every man with common sense knows in his heart is a quadruple alliance. And as a part of that plan they have produced a scheme of disarmament coupled with a scheme for yielding to Japan and Great Britain the dominance of the islands and potential naval bases in the Pacific which leaves the United States in a position bordering on helplessness.

Confidential Reports Demanded.

"I challenge our representatives to produce in the Senate the confidential reports made to them regarding the relative strength of the navies of Great Britain, Japan and the United States.

"A word as to this Four-Power Treaty. The argument that it is nothing but a pledge to meet and confer is a manifest absurdity. If it is such an agreement as that, it is a mere cypher. It is nothing whatever. It gives no strength, for there is no binding force to it. It accomplishes nothing because it agrees to nothing. That construction is an afterthought, and I so charge, for when this treaty was first proposed, members of this commission uniformly talked of it in a different language.

"First of all we agree to yield to Japan and Great Britain something like 26,000 islands in the Pacific Ocean. Some of them are mere rocks, but a vast number of them can be used as airplane bases, or airplane landings, and many of them can be used as naval bases and for purposes of fortification. We yield them forever. And, secondly, we agree not to fortify Guam or to strengthen the fortifications in the Philippine Islands, so that the ships are helpless.

"This Four-Power Treaty binds us and the other signatories to nothing. The other treaties yield to the other nations substantial advantages and place us in a position where we can be attacked in our possessions, and we have no security from the Four-Power Treaty because it is a nullity."

Viviani Misconstrued, He Says.

Senator Reed charged that the speech of M. Viviani, made on the day the Four-Power Treaty was published in plenary session, had been misrepresented to the Senate. He said that three or four carefully selected sentences had been read for the purpose of causing the impression that Viviani did not interpret the treaty as an alliance. If the entire speech were read, he held, it would be conclusively demonstrated that Viviani did construe it to be an alliance.

"Read this speech," added Senator Reed, "in the light of the speech of the Senator from Massachusetts (Mr. Lodge), which preceded it, in which the Senator undertook to sugarcoat the pill so that the American people would swallow it, thinking they were getting pure candy. It is perfectly plain that this great French statesman, M. Viviani, meant to put on record a clear and concise statement of disagreement as to any such construction as might be gotten out of Senator Lodge's words.

"If a controversy were to arise in the future and if we were to say the treaty meant nothing, Viviani wanted the French statesmen of that hour to be in a position to rise and read his words in which he said that the treaty was a juridical document containing juridical obligations, and to be able to add that when the treaty was published Viviani had so asserted and that no man had gainsaid him.

"Now, I challenge the attention of those Senators who have yet an interest in these treaties and in their country to a statement regarding the condition in which they have left or propose to leave our navy. I have called attention to the fact that the naval bases are in the hands of Great Britain and Japan. We are practically without them in all the waters of the Pacific, and a fleet with an abundance of bases starts out in any war with a vast advantage over the nation that has no bases, no fortresses, no coaling stations for her fleet.

"Under this naval treaty the United States agrees to scrap seven battleships and six battle cruisers of 520,000 tons, in addition to scrapping seventeen older battleships of a combined tonnage of over 267,000 tons, or an aggregate of American ships destined for the scrapheap of 787,040 tons. Let me call attention to the fact that we are scrapping ships which are under construction, which are from 20 to 80 per cent. completed and upon which we have expended $650,000,000.

British and Japanese Ship Loss.

"On the other hand, and I challenge the attention of Senators, Great Britain is scrapping no ships under construction but is agreeing not to build two ships which she had planned to build and on which no work has been done. They are paper ships. Great Britain agrees not to build two battle cruisers which are ships only in contemplation and to scrap twenty-four battleships.

"A word as to those twenty-four ships that are to be scrapped. The first four are the King George V., Ajax, Centurion and Thunderer, and these are the only four on the active list and their tonnage is only 92,000 tons. The other twenty are tied up at docks and have all been offered for disposal at public sale. By scrapping them Great Britain loses nothing, as she contemplated their sale before the arms conference was called.

"Japan agrees not to build four battleships and four battle cruisers, the keels of which had not been laid on Nov. 11, 1921, the aggregate tonnage being 364,000 tons; to scrap two of the new battleships and four of the new battle cruisers aggregating 253,000 tons, to scrap eleven of the older battleships aggregating 153,932 tons, or a total of seventeen capital ships with an aggregate tonnage of 419,132 tons.

"The keels of none of the four battle cruisers mentioned in the first group had been laid on Nov. 11, but it is true that while the conference was in session Japan by rush work laid down the keels of two of the battleships. This was so manifestly a threat as to require no comment.

"Somebody put something over on these delegates of ours. One of them, Mr. Lodge, has even said on the floor that the strategical value of the islands that were yielded to Britain and Japan was not even considered. We not only lose our battleships that are under construction, as I have pointed out, but we are also left without a single battle cruiser, and our cruisers of that type would have outspeeded and out fought any vessels of their class ever constructed by any nation.

Asks Who Will Be Poltroon.

Reverting to the Four-Power Treaty and the argument of its supporters that it is not an alliance and does not bind the United States to take any action, Mr. Reed said:

"When these nations meet around the council table what American representative will dare assume the attitude of a coward and a poltroon?"

The Irish question was again injected into the debate just before the Senate adjourned. This was when Senator Ashurst took advantage of the opportunity to reply to the speeches made on Wednesday and yesterday by Senator John Sharp Williams of Mississippi. Mr. Ashurst said that in his judgment the remarks of Mr. Williams "did not become a United States Senator," especially as the speeches were made on the eve of the "first St. Patrick's Day that follows the composition of the troubles of Ireland."

Senator Ashurst challenged Senator Williams's assertion that the Revolutionary War, so far as the Americans were concerned, had been fought by men the great majority of whom were of English, Scotch or Welsh blood. He cited a statement by Joseph Galloway, who was Speaker of the Pennsylvania House of Delegates when Pennsylvania was a crown colony.

"Galloway, when the war of independence started, returned to England," said Mr. Ashurst. "In the Royal Gazette of Oct. 27, 1779, a paper then published in London, Galloway stated that one-half of the men fighting in the army under Washington were Irish, one-fourth of them Scotch and English and the rest of other nationalities."

Among Americans of Irish blood Senator Ashurst named U. S. Grant, Stonewall Jackson, William McKinley, Chester A. Arthur and General Phil Sheridan. He also named the mother of Theodore Roosevelt, who was a Bullock of Georgia, and said that she was of Irish blood.

Senator Williams was not in the chamber when Mr. Ashurst spoke.

Talked to an Audience of Six.

At one time in the course of the treaty debate there were just seven Senators on the floor. Senator Reed was speaking when Senator Ashurst, one of the other six, moved a recess of twenty minutes in order that an effort might be made to induce a larger attendance. Senator Willis of Ohio, who was presiding, put the motion. Senators Borah, Broussard, Ashurst, Watson of Georgia, Sheppard and Reed voted "aye" and Senator Lenroot voted "no." Senator McKinley of Illinois, who was engaged in conversation with an outsider, did not vote.

"The motion is lost," ruled Mr. Willis.

"That is a remarkable ruling," said Senator Reed, "all the Senators on this side and one of the two on the other side voting 'aye' and yet the motion is lost, according to the chair."

Mr. Reed then resumed his speech.

Baron Shidehara, the Japanese Ambassador, today received a cablegram from Tokio stating that the Japanese Government, without awaiting ratification of the Sino-Japanese treaty (the Shantung treaty), has instructed its Minister at Peking to arrange with the Chinese Government for the replacement, according to the terms of the treaty, of Japanese troops and gendarmes with Chinese forces along the Tsing-tao-Tsinanfu Railway. Japan has decided to begin the withdrawal of her railway guards early in April and to complete the withdrawal by May 4.

The treaty provides that the railway guards shall be withdrawn, if possible, within three months from the date of the signing of the treaty, and at the outside within six months.

Franklin Simon & Co.

A Store of Individual Shops

FIFTH AVENUE, 37th and 38th STS.

For Girls (12 to 16 years)

HAND EMBROIDERED FROCKS OF CRÊPE DE CHINE

Echo The Paris Fashion Of Embroidery

19.75

SIX MODELS

AND not content with displaying ONE leading fashion, they add for good measure, the new paneled skirt with a scalloped hem.

Frocks of silk crêpe de Chine in brown, mohawk, Copen or navy blue with pipings and hand embroidery in contrasting color

Other Models from 16.75 to 69.50

GIRLS' DRESS SHOP—*Second Floor*

Lane Bryant

26 West 39th St. Just Off the Ave. 21 West 38th St.

250 Blouses for Stout Women

$4.95

Actual Value $7.95

Of Fine Batiste—Made by Hand

Dainty hand-made Blouses of finest quality Batiste, adorned with hand-drawn work, bits of embroidery and edgings of real Filet lace. The Tuxedo collar enhances the slenderizing effect.

Extra Sizes 44 to 56 Bust Main Floor—38th St.

The Tailored Woman INC

A Shop of Tailor-mades

FEATURING TODAY AND TOMORROW

Wooltex suits for women of imported and domestic tweeds

$48.00

Wooltex suits for misses, Box coat models in tweeds or homespuns

$38.00

Wooltex tailormades are exclusive with The Tailored Woman where guaranteed to wear two seasons

622 Fifth Avenue at 50th Street

The Shop of Original Models

RUSSEKS

FIFTH AVENUE

Between 34th & 35th Streets

★

TODAY & SATURDAY

An Unusual Collection of Unusually Different High Type & Individual

SPRING DRESSES

Introduced for the first time this Season At the Special Introductory Price of

$39.50

NOTWITHSTANDING THE FACT THAT THIS WONDERFUL COLLECTION OF SMART DRESSES EMBODIES QUITE A NUMBER OF IDENTICAL COPIES OF PARIS MODELS—THE PRICE—*THIRTY-NINE FIFTY*—WILL BE A REVELATION TO MOST WOMEN WHO HAVE A HABIT OF PAYING MUCH MORE FOR SIMILAR REPRODUCTIONS BY THE SKILLED DRESSMAKER WHO KNOWS HER PARIS.

Crepe Canton, Crepe Roma, Crepe Rene, Poiret Twill, Twill Cord, Chiffon & Lace, Taffeta

Black or Navy, Periwinkle, Blood Red, Cornflower, Kings Blue, Grey—Red, Beige

"Good to the Last Drop"

Sold Only in Sealed Tin Cans, Convenient to Open and Use.

MAXWELL HOUSE COFFEE

Also Maxwell House Tea

CHEEK-NEAL COFFEE CO.

NASHVILLE-HOUSTON-JACKSONVILLE-RICHMOND-NEW YORK

SAVE 30%

TUNGSTEN LAMPS Watts.	Reg.	Our Price
10 to 50	.40	.28
60	.45	.32
NITROGEN LAMPS Watts.	Reg.	Our Price
75	.70	.49
100	1.00	.70
200	1.90	1.33

EVERY SHAPE OR STYLE OF LAMP CARRIED IN STOCK.

OUTFITS *RADIO* PARTS

WESTERN ELECTRIC HEAD SETS $14

	Reg.	Our Price
Westinghouse Jr. Set	25.00	22.50
Westinghouse Sr. Set	75.00	65.00

ELECTRICAL & ENGINEERING CO.

716 Eighth Ave. (45th) Bryant 6874

Three Rotogravure Parts Next Sunday

The Rotogravure-Picture Section of The New York Times next Sunday, March 19, will be issued in three parts. One will reproduce Paris fashions; another American-designed fashions and pictures of interesting events and personalities and the third will contain pictures of world happenings.

ALLEN'S FOOT-EASE

The Antiseptic Powder to Shake into Your Shoes

And sprinkle in the Foot-Bath. It takes the sting out of Corns, Bunions, Blisters and Callouses, and gives rest and comfort to hot, tired, smarting, swollen feet.

More than 1,000,000 pounds of Powder for the Feet were used by our Army and Navy during the war.

Allen's Foot-Ease, the powder for the feet, takes the friction from the shoe, freshens the feet and gives new vigor.

Nothing relieves the pain of tight or new shoes so quickly. Sold everywhere.

In a Pinch, use ALLEN'S FOOT-EASE

ALL AUTOS WATCHED IN HUNT FOR BANDITS

City-Wide Investigation Into Operation of Cars Revealed in Arrests.

NO LICENSES, 4 ARE FINED

Use of 1921 Plates on Autos Figuring in Recent Hold-Ups Lead Police to New Efforts.

In an effort to check the depredations of automobile hold-up men the police are conducting an investigation into the operation of all automobiles in this city. That fact became known yesterday when one man was fined $50 and sent to the workhouse by Magistrate Nolan in the Essex Market Court for operating a taxicab without a license and four business men were fined $15 each in the Morrisania Court for operating their cars without waiting for the 1922 lly cense to be delivered to them.

In none of the cases brought before the Magistrates did the policemen reveal that a quest for automobile bandits was being conducted. Motorcycle Policeman Eynon and Policeman Lehane of the Alexander Avenue Station, who summoned the four business men to the Morrisania Court, told Magistrate Cobb that on Wednesday they conducted a "test" at Willis Avenue and 132d Street, the Bronx, and found that nine of every twenty cars that passed the corner were without this year's State license.

Another policeman in the court said that the policemen really were taking part in a city-wide hunt for robbers using stolen automobiles in hold-ups and that the occupants of every car whose actions aroused the suspicion of the police were being intercepted and questioned.

In their investigations of many hold-ups, in which the robbers escaped in automobiles, detectives found that the license numbers of the cars obtained by witnesses were of last year's series. It then was decided by the police to check up on every car being operated without the 1922 license.

John Mahler, a merchant, of 894 Prospect Avenue, the Bronx, was the first of the offenders arraigned before Magistrate Cobb. Mahler said he had applied for the 1922 license in February, and thought it would be all right to operate his car until the new license was delivered to him.

"It is deplorable that automobilists should be so careless in such an important matter," the Magistrate said. "The policeman's figures show that almost 50 per cent. of the people driving cars in this city are failing to comply with the law. Such disregard for the law is inexcusable. I want to issue a warning to automobile owners that I shall inflict severe penalties on them for offenses of this kind."

Louis Cohen of 704 East 161st Street, Abraham Stratland of 1,326 Washington Avenue and Fred Cronin of 946 Clarement Parkway were the other offenders fined $15. They offered the same excuse as that advanced by Mahler.

Harry Waslaske, who said he lived at 104 Wilson Avenue, Brooklyn, was the man Magistrate Nolan fined. Policeman Thomas O'Brien of the Clinton Street Station told the court the prisoner had operated a taxicab on the Bowery near Bayard Street without a hack license. The policeman said that he became suspicious of Waslaske's actions in the forenoon, when he saw him drive the cab three times past the Bayard Street corner and each time nervously turn around in his seat as though expecting somebody to jump aboard the taxicab.

O'Brien said he jumped on a street car on the man's third appearance and headed him off. Waslaske offered no excuse for operating the taxicab without a license, and did not appear to be disturbed when Magistrate Nolan inflicted the fine and the jail term, which was unusual in such a case.

Eno Estate Rises in Value.

A rise in the value of the Amos F. Eno real estate for which the heirs are now suing, was indicated in the Surrogates' Court yesterday when the temporary executors, Lucius H. Beers and William P. Eno applied for permission to sell the property at 1,819 and 1,821 Broadway for $400,000, to which the parties to the will contest have consented. The executors say that the parcel consists of 2,300 square feet, or less than a full city lot, and is assessed on the recent tax roll at $346,000.

BOARD TO INVESTIGATE LEASING OF RAIL SHOPS

Action Follows Unions' Complaint Against Contract System as Enforced by the Erie.

CHICAGO, March 16.—Federal investigation of the Erie Railroad's action in leasing its shops and contracting shop work to the Meadville Machinery Company of Meadville, Pa., was ordered by the United States Railroad Labor Board today. The board authorized a member of its personnel to invoke "the aid and counsel" of the Department of Justice and to go over the property of the road in obtaining evidence first hand.

The Erie contract system came to the board's notice several months ago when shop employes brought action against the road in an endeavor to have the practice of subletting shop work declared illegal. No decision has yet been rendered by the board, and meanwhile the Erie contracting has proceeded until, according to the board's information, all shops on the road have been contracted to the Meadville company.

The officers of the contract company are said in the board's announcement to be recent officers of the Erie Railroad.

The former case will be reopened here and additional testimony will be taken. Later a member of the board's public group will go over the road, taking depositions under oath and making a thorough investigation of existing conditions. Ben W. Hooper, Vice Chairman, is mentioned as the probable investigating member.

During the present wage hearing before the board union leaders have charged that they appeared to represent shop men on one day and found that, due to the railroad's contracting the work, the same men were working for a private company the following day, and so removed from the jurisdiction of the Board, according to the railroad's contentions.

They declared the work was contracted to outside firms as a subterfuge to place the shop men without the jurisdiction of the Labor Board. The contracting firm, it was alleged, paid lower wages than the scale fixed by the board.

WASHINGTON, March 16.—Announcement of the decision of the Railroad Labor Board to test the legality of contracts entered into by the Erie and other railroads to have maintenance and repair work performed by outside concerns, instead of in shops under their control and subject to wage and labor regulations applying to general railroad service, occasioned general satisfaction today among railroad union officials here.

"We are glad, but somewhat surprised, that the board has taken this step," J. S. Anderson, Vice President of the International Association of Machinists, the largest union of the shop crafts directly interested, declared today. "Our complaints against the policy, which has resulted in the performance of extensive repair and maintenance operation without regard to railroad standards for the employment of labor, have been before the board for some time and hearings have been given us upon them, but no actions have resulted until now. We are interested in knowing how the board intends to proceed and who will make the investigation."

Explains Lasker's Visit Here.

The purpose of the visit to this city of Chairman Albert D. Lasker of the Shipping Board was explained yesterday by Ross Whytock at the local office of the board at 45 Broadway. It had been suggested that Mr. Lasker had important changes involving the Shipping Board in mind, but this was denied. "Mr. Lasker came to New York to study the marine insurance situation," Whytock said. "He has been interested in the question of whether there has been discrimination against the Government. The best way to find out was to come here and talk with insurance officials."

Grand Jury to Get Brooks Case.

Ex-Governor Whitman said yesterday that he would call witnesses before the Grand Jury next week, indicating that he had found evidence of a crime in connection with the escape from prosecution of Mrs. Brooks, in the "murder car" when Police Lieutenant Horton was shot. She was a client of Joab H. Banton, now District Attorney, then in private practice. In spite of evidence against her, she was allowed to go before the Grand Jury and get immunity a few days before Banton became Chief Assistant District Attorney.

AMERICAN EXCHANGE CALLED BUCKET SHOP

Continued from Page 1, Column 7.

terminated, closed or settled, according to or upon the basis of the public market quotations or prices made on any Board of Trade or exchange upon which such commodities or securities are dealt in, and without intending a bona fide purchase or sale of the same.

"Or where it is intended that such contract shall be deemed terminated, closed and settled when such market quotations of prices for such securities or commodities named in such contract shall reach a certain figure, without intending a bona fide purchase or sale of the same.

"Or where it is intended to make a settlement of such contract based upon the difference in such public market quotations of prices at which said securities or commodities are or are asserted to be bought or sold.

"It holds responsible any person who shall as owner, keeper, proprietor or person in charge of or as officer, director, stockholder, agent, servant, correspondent or representative of such owner, keeper, proprietor or person in charge, or of any other person, keep, conduct or operate any bucketshop as hereinafter defined, or knowingly permit or allow, or induce any person, copartnership, firm, association or corporation whether acting in his, their or its own right, or as the officer, agent, servant, correspondent or representative of another, to make or offer to make therein, or to assist in making therein, or in offering to make therein any of the transactions specified in the act.

Defines a Bucketshop.

"It also includes persons exhibiting quotations intending to facilitate this sort of gambling.

"The act defines a bucketshop as 'any building or any room, apartment, booth, office or store therein or any other place where any contract prohibited by this article is made or offered to be made.'

"In the case of Bergstrom vs. Midway Company, 188 App. Div. 178, the Appellate Division of the Supreme Court, First Department, adopted the definition of Federal and State courts defining a bucket shop as a place where wagers are made on the fluctuations of the market price of cotton and other commodities.

"I am of opinion that the evidence will warrant presentation directly to the Grand Jury, or taking a complaint against the officers and persons in charge of the American Cotton Exchange as for conducting a bucket shop, under the terms of this act.

"The evidence will also warrant the taking of a complaint against those individuals and firms who took part in the illegal and bucketing transactions testified to by the witnesses.

"This evidence shows that the largest part of the transactions on this exchange were simply wagers made on the fluctuations of the cotton market as obtained by telephone communication as to the activities and actions of other exchanges, following which, false representations were made to those who had risked their money in these illegal transactions.

"Considering the dangerously speculative nature of wagering on the rapidly varying prices, natural or artificial, of this commodity, the lowering of the unit upon which wagers were made from 100 to 10 bales was a misfortune for the large number of foolish dupes who indulge in this form of gambling, and their aggregated losses must be great. It would be to the interests of such people if the unit was even higher than 100 bales.

"Bunkomistic catchwords and fictitious defines characterize the transactions, but the essential truth is apparent. Even when the speculating is conducted within the law it calls for means to sustain large losses. Imagine the chances, therefore, of the so-called customers when the game is often reduced to a wager with dishonest and irresponsible partners, and most of these speculating living far away from the Exchange in the cotton belt of the Southern States.

Names Several Firms.

"The District Attorney, in the exercise of his discretion, deemed it best not to seek waivers of immunity from the witnesses who have testified, so that under the law those persons, I take it, will not be liable to prosecution, and where they have frankly and fully and without reserve given evidence material for the prosecution and for the public benefit I would advise that immunity be extended to them.

"In addition to the officers and Directors of the America Cotton Exchange the evidence so far as given involves the following individuals:

"Martin Goulke, trading under the name of Martin & Co.

"Israel Goulke, trading under the name of Anderson & Co.

"Angelo Jennings and Leonard C. Cocheu, trading under the name of A. T. Jennings & Co.

"Edward L. Patton, trading under the name of Edward L. Patton & Co.

"Raymond Palmer, trading under the name of Palmer Co.

"Randolph Rose Sr. and Randolph Rose Jr., trading under the name of Rose & Son.

The hearing yesterday lasted only twenty minutes. The only witness was Charles O. Healey, Secretary of the Americas Cotton Exchange, who identified the records of the clearing house of the Exchange, which embraces the transactions which are alleged to have been bucketed. Assistant District Attorney Jerome Simmons, in charge of the case, asked specifically if the records included the transactions of Wilson & Co., Rose & Son and Ormsby & Landecker. The witness said that they did.

Mr. Simmons then rested his case, saying that he had additional evidence but that it would be merely cumulative and that the methods and practices of the Exchange had been fully covered by the witnesses already called.

After listening to the counsel for the Exchange, Magistrate McAdoo said that he would leave it to the District Attorney to decide today whether he should give the Exchange and individual brokerage houses the privilege of stating their case in open court or oblige them to seek vindication in the Grand Jury room behind closed doors.

The Exchange has issued a statement appealing to its customers to suspend judgment until the Exchange has been heard in its own defense.

GIRLS' TAILORED COATS, SUITS AND CAPES.

The best known families in New York and throughout the United States recognize in our outer apparel for girls from 4 to 16 years the expression of their own ideals and standards of dress for girls within these ages.

This attitude is clearly understood by leading European designers of outer apparel for girls, which permits us to secure from the best sources abroad preferment in the selection of models and fabrics for our own productions.

We specialize in designing and making "first suits" for girls from 10 to 16 years which shall be in every way equal in quality and character to our suits for young ladies.

DE PINNA

Fifth Avenue at 50th Street

The McCreery Men's Shop

Special for Friday and Saturday!

MEN'S SUITS

With Two Pair of Trousers

$39.50

This is almost like being able to obtain two suits for the price of one. These are well tailored and may be had in a variety of All-Wool Fabrics—included are Blue Serges, Blue and Brown Unfinished Worsteds in Herringbone Weaves and fancy Worsteds and Cheviots in Stripes, Checks and Herringbone Weaves. Single and double breasted models for men and young men. Regular, long, short and stout sizes from 35 to 44.

"CRAVENETTE"

Topcoats

$24.50

These are very desirable for Spring wear as they may be worn for rain or shine. Single breasted slip-on models tailored of All Wool "Cravenette" Knitted Fabrics. Gray and Heather Mixtures. Sizes 33 to 42.

James McCreery & Co.

MEN'S SHOP—SECOND FLOOR—USE THE SPECIAL FIFTH AVENUE ENTRANCE

Saks & Company

Announce for

Friday and Saturday

A Remarkable Special Sale of

1940 Indestructible

PEARL NECKLACES

—that bear every semblance of costly Orientals in
—*their rich lustrous tinting*
—*their perfect matching*
—*their appeal to the feminine heart.*

1245 necklaces, 24 inches long, *regularly 5.00* . . . . now 1.95
137 necklaces, 18 inches long, *regularly 7.50* . . . . now 2.95
244 necklaces, 24 inches long, *regularly 9.50* . . . . now 3.95
178 necklaces, 24 inches long, *regularly 10.50* . . . . now 4.95
136 necklaces, 27 inches long, *regularly 12.50* . . . . now 5.95

PEARLS of such perfection and rich Oriental lustre have rarely been available at such a decided saving in price. Each pearl is indestructible, finely graduated in size, will retain its lustre permanently, and can be cleaned without in the least detracting from its original beauty. Finished with a solid gold clasp. *STREET FLOOR*

Broadway Saks & Company at 34th Street

SAKS & COMPANY

Announce for Friday and Saturday
A Most Extraordinary Sale of

HAND BAGS *and* VANITY PURSES

—made to sell at 5.00 and 6.95—

At 2.75

Many are from our regular stock, the remainder the result of a particularly advantageous purchase—in all, the largest collection of hand bags and vanity purses ever offered at such a price.

Pekin striped and moire silks, patent enamel, pin seal, Morocco, calf, suede and fancy leathers—in vanity and pouch models, fitted with mirror and change purse—many with feminine fittings, in addition.

ALSO—SOLID BEADED BAGS INCLUDED AT THIS PRICE

Street Floor

BROADWAY Saks & Company 34th ST.

SPRING STYLES

BUY TOURS OF ACKERMAN

Fifth Avenue may set the fashions for the United States, but

MALLORY HATS

set the fashion for FIFTH AVENUE

I have the popular styles for Spring in "Mallory" Hats, and in all the new shades.

Every Ackerman customer receives the same careful personal attention that he expects from his tailor

My correct service assures the correct hat for you.

Buy your "Mallory" of

ACKERMAN
208 FIFTH AVENUE
Through to Broadway
Between 25th and 26th Streets

SCHUMM & SNYDER
The Brooklyn Hat Shop
That Features
MALLORY HATS
395 Fulton St. Opp. Borough Hall BROOKLYN
SEE OUR WINDOWS

MALLORY HATS
For Men Who Appreciate Correct STYLE
Incomparable Quality
FIVE DOLLARS
and more
Sold by
Gruneck
Smart Clothes
Haberdashery and Hats
Broadway at 66th Street, New York

Kennedy
12 Cortlandt St.
MALLORY HATS
Superior in Style and Service
$5

Spring's Newest IN Soft Hats and Derbies $3—$4
Smartest Styles in the newest Spring Colorings.

AUTO TRUCK SALES EXECUTIVE WANTED

We have bought large number of new auto trucks of various sizes at low prices. Desire executive to take charge of selling. Excellent opportunity to make big money in short time. State in full detail experience, references, age. Replies treated confidentiallbe L 319 Times.

TRABUE ANSWERS STRATON'S SERMON

Doubts Whether Old-Time Preachers Saw "Aphrodite" or Prizefights.

GETS THREATENING LETTERS

Says Woman Bible Class Teacher Who Didn't "Vote Right" Lost Her Salary.

William H. Trabue, of 32 West Eighty-third Street, who admits he is one of the "opponents" to whom the Rev. Dr. John Roach Straton referred last Sunday evening in a sermon at Calvary Baptist Church, issued a statement last evening denying that he knew until a few days ago or that he had anticipated the withdrawal of the Rev. Dr. Robert S. MacArthur from the membership of the church. Mr. Traube failed of re-election as President of the Board of Trustees about a year ago following disagreements with Dr. Straton.

"If I had been the pastor," said Mr. Traube, "knowing the history of the chusch and had felt that Dr. MacArthur was leaving on my account and that the church was looked upon by the Baptist fraternity as a memorial to Dr. MacArthur, I would have resigned the pastorate before I would have seen him take his letter."

Mr. Trabue said he noted the comparison Dr. Straton made of himself with sensational preachers of "ye olden days." "Since reading that I have been wondering if these good men attended prizefights and Aphrodite performances for their Sunday night discourses," said Mr. Trabue. He added, "I do not believe they did."

Mr. Trabue said since his quarrel with Dr. Straton he had received several threatening letters. "The last was a postal card signed 'K. K. K.' in red ink. Mr. Trabue took those letters to stand for "Ku Klux Klan." "I do not know who wrote this card, but take it to be from some one interested and a sample of the new religion in the forward movement," said Mr. Trabue.

"At the Women's Bible Class on the Tuesday before the annual election this leader of this class and for twenty-seven years church visitor and Sunday school teacher, was told by a man that if she came and voted 'the right way' her position with the church was assured for years to come. But at the election she did not vote for the favored candidates of this man. Later her salary was stopped, and today she will be sent to the Baptist Home by friends for a shelter."

BOTTOMLEY CASE UP AGAIN.

M. P. Is Conducting Own Defense Against Misappropriation Charge.

LONDON, March 16 (Associated Press).—The case against Horatio Bottomley, Member Parliament and former publisher of John Bull, was resumed today. He is charged with having converted to his own use £5,000 belonging to the Victory Bond Club.

This amount of £5,000 is what Mr. Bottomley is specifically accused of misappropriating, but the prosecution claims that of £493,000 he is alleged to have handled only £23,000 can be accounted for. According to Travers Humphreys, who is conducting the case for the Crown, £421,000 was used by Mr. Bottomley for purchasing Victory Club bonds, but no trace of these bonds, the prosecutor declared, can be found.

At one of the previous trials in connection with the action Mr. Bottomley testified that £450,000 had been subscribed for Victory bonds, of which £350,000 had been returned.

Mr. Bottomley is conducting his own case.

This afternoon the hearing was adjourned until Wednesday next.

JAPAN TO CUT NAVY COST.

Plans No Material Increase of Light Vessels, Kato Says.

TOKIO, March 15 (Associated Press).—Opposition to the Government's policies, which attended the recent passage of the budget bill by the Lower House, reasserted itself today during discussion of that measure in the House of Peers.

Admiral Baron Kato, Minister of the Navy, replying to an interpellation, stated that the Government did not intend any material increase in its present program of building submarines and auxiliary craft, and that the Government was willing to reduce expenditures to the lowest possible figure.

Admiral Kato, who was one of Japan's delegates to the Washington conference, declared he considered the conference a success from the Japanse point of view. He said Japan attempted to secure the agreement as to capital ship ratios in a spirit of concession; therefore, she had proposed the inclusion of the agreement regarding fortifications in the Philippine Islands.

He regarded this as an important condition of Japan's acceptance of the conference agreements, rather than the quadruple agreement, which, while being a factor in the preservation of peace, was not regarded as the most essential.

DR. BOLIO SUSPENDED.

Veterans' Bureau Official at Detroit Denies Chicago Office Charges.

WASHINGTON, March 16.—Director Forbes of the Veterans' Bureau has instructed the Chicago office of the bureau to suspend from active duty Dr. E. W. Bolio, sub-medical director of the Detroit office, pending an investigation, it was stated today at the bureau.

Removal of Dr. Bolio from office, officials said, was recommended to Colonel Forbes by the Chicago office because of charges of lack of co-operation with other Government agencies in the conduct of Veterans' Bureau activities in Detroit. It was added that Dr. Bolio would be assigned elsewhere pending the outcome of the investigation.

DETROIT, March 16.—Dr. Bolio today charged that the Chicago office had failed to co-operate with him and declared that he would "continue to fight."

He said the present dissatisfaction with him started in 1920 when, with the support of the Red Cross and various service men's organizations here, he decided to expand the work of caring for former service men in this district. When the question of control of the enlarged bureau arose a clash resulted over whether this control should be vested in Dr. Bolio and his staff or the Chicago office.

HARVARD JUNIOR FINED.

Posed as a Longshoreman, Carrying Revolver and Knuckles.

BOSTON, March 16.—An early morning cruise along the waterfront, dressed as a longshoreman, brought Frederick Shattuck Whiteside of Portland, Ore., a junior at Harvard College, into the East Boston Police Court today, charged with carrying a revolver and metallic knuckles. He was fined $100 on the first count and sentenced to six months on the second, but the latter was suspended.

Accompanied by a fellow-student, whose name was not disclosed, Whiteside was acting so suspiciously that a policeman arrested both. Search of his dungarees disclosed the weapons, which he said he carried to be in readiness for anything that might happen. It was all an adventure, he explained. His companion had no weapons and was released.

FOX HILLS PROTESTS UP TO CONGRESSMEN

Major Deegan, Head of State Legion, Asks New York Delegation to Hold Conference.

TEST STAND ON WAR TORN

Calls Sending of Patients From State "Blot on Administration"—Cites Room Here.

The Government's failure to provide hospital accommodations in this State for New York's sick and wounded veterans is going to be put straight up to the delegation in Congress from New York, including Senators Wadsworth and Calder, by Major William F. Deegan, State Commander of the American Legion, co-operating with various organizations that have been formed here to look after the disabled ex-service men.

Major Deegan said yesterday he had determined to act, in view of the situation at Fox Hills Hospitals, which is to be closed April 1 and the patients scattered from California to North Carolina. According to Major Deegan the plan is to request New York Congressmen and Senators to meet representatives from the Legion and the other organizations in Washington the early part of next week for a thorough discussion of the whole question.

"Our Congressmen have talked a lot about their interest in the welfare of the disabled men," Major Deegan said. "Now we're going to find out if this talk is anything but camouflage to hide their opposition to the bonus. I'm going to ask them to forget the proposition of adjusted compensation and to tell me how far they are willing to go to help the sick and wounded.

"New York needs at least five Government hospitals here, one for the insane, two for tuberculous patients and two for the medical cases. When they close Fox Hills there won't be a single Government institution in the State, although there is one in course of construction at Kingsbridge, in the Bronx, for the insane, to be opened in April or May. That's all they gave New York out of the $18,000,000 appropriation for hospitals which has been spent by the Government. If our Congressmen don't wake up this State won't get any of the $16,000,000 additional appropriation that is going to be made.

"The situation at Fox Hills is a blot on the Administration. Here they have about 400 tuberculous patients to care for, and instead of sending them to places in this State where they will be near their relatives, they are planning to ship them off all over the country. I have a petition signed by 298 men there, pleading to be allowed to go to Liberty or Saranac."

Major Deegan said that the Legion was in hearty agreement with the Government's plan to close Fox Hills, only it wanted the men kept inside the State. He said he had telegrams from Saranac and Liberty showing that there were 300 beds in the former resort and 90 in the latter, more than enough to take care of the Fox Hills contingent.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 16.—Colonel Charles R. Forbes, Director of the United States Veterans Bureau, stated to THE NEW YORK TIMES tonight that plans had not yet been completed for transfer of the Fox Hill tubercular patients to the Adirondacks, but that the matter was under serious consideration.

"I will leave Washington on Sunday night for Saranac," said Colonel Forbes, "arriving there about Monday night, with the view of looking over locations and to ascertain what can be done in the matter of sending Fox Hill tubercular patients to Saranac.

Colonel Forbes said it would be impossible to move the bed-ridden cases to the Adirondacks.

SIGN COMMANDMENTS TO KEEP OUT OF PRISON

Illinois Robber Promises to Follow a New Decalogue as Laid Down by the Judge.

URBANA, Ill., March 16.—As an alternative to going to prison for ten years for robbing a store of $600, Guy Robbins, a farm hand, agreed today to obey the following ten commandments laid down by Circuit Judge Sentel:

Go to church or Sunday School at least once each week.

Give up cigarette smoking for one year.

Stay away from pool halls one year.

Read books selected by the public librarian and report to the probation officer what he has read.

Keep constantly employed and keep account of expenditures.

Stay off streets at night except on business.

Keep all laws of State, city or village.

Drink no intoxicating liquor.

Pay all court costs in $5 monthly instalments.

Report to Circuit Judge the first day of each court term.

STRAY SHOT KILLS WOMAN.

Cause of Death is Not Revealed Until Preparation for Burial.

MORRISTOWN, Pa., March 16.—When the body of Mrs. Anna Landes, 61, who died yesterday, was being prepared for burial today, death was found to have been due to a bullet wound below the heart. Her death previously had been pronounced due to heart diseases.

A bullet hole in the kitchen window near where her body was found led police to believe that she was the victim of a stray shot. Her daughter heard her fall but did not hear the sound of a shot. There was no blood from the wound to indicate that the woman had been shot.

FLAPPERS 'MERELY HUMANS'

Females Who Have Lived Down Hypocrisy, Says Chicago Doctor.

CHICAGO, March 16.—There is nothing mysterious about the flapper—she is just "a female who has lived down thousands of years of hypocrisy and now has become what she most desired to be for ages, a human being," Dr. Lee A. Stone, head of the Chicago Department of Health, said today in an address before a health conference.

"Flapperism—or modern feminism—is just the revolt of youth," added Dr. Stone. "It is the resumption of the original status of mankind."

Thirty Port Officials Confer Here.

Deputy collectors, appraisers and surveyors from Philadelphia, Boston and this city attended a conference yesterday at the Custom House, at which ideas and suggestions for the improvement of their services to the public were exchanged. Assistant Secretary of the Treasury Dover presided. Secretary Dover said that this port was the model by which other cities should be guided. Today the thirty officials will make an inspection of the work here.

Fire in Garden City Hotel.

Special to The New York Times.

GARDEN CITY, L. I., March 16.—A small fire which began in a chimney of the Garden City Hotel here early tonight was put out by hotel employes with hand chemical fire extinguishers before the Garden City fire department arrived.

Not for the Rich Alone

For many years mortgages were the investment of the rich. They were supposed to be held by hard-hearted money lenders who longed for the chance to foreclose.

This may have been true in the days when the mortgage investor had to know real estate values and had to watch his own investment.

Today, any one can be a mortgage investor with absolute safety and comfort.

We furnish you with Mortgages and Mortgage Certificates in amounts of $200 up. You have all the comfort and safety of a mortgage investment, and the guarantee of the Bond & Mortgage Guarantee Company covers all the risk.

The interest is 5½%. Can you do better and have absolute safety?

Bond & Mortgage Guarantee Co.
Capital and Surplus $12,000,000
176 Broadway, New York. 175 Remsen St., Brooklyn.

KNOX HATS
EXTRA QUALITY
$7.00
452 FIFTH AVENUE
at 40th Street
161 BROADWAY
Singer Building

PECK & PECK

Golf Hose for the Early Riser

"THE GLOWSTY MORNS O' MARCH" can do but little to those enthusiastic golfers who go around in early morning. For good heavy stockings of pure warm wool lay a stymie to a wet fairway and a March wind. Many kinds, many colors, from $3.75 up.

PECK & PECK
586 Fifth Avenue 501 Fifth Avenue
4 NO. MICHIGAN BLVD. CHICAGO
Palm Beach Southampton Newport

PECK & PECK

The CHELTON

Light weight models are rapidly gaining in popularity on account of their smart appearance, comfort and good style. Made in tan and black chrome Russia, black Kangaroo and patent Coltskin. A shoe that will wear. Lasts and patterns exclusively our own design. Spring booklet now ready.
BOTH SHOPS

THE JOHN J. MURPHY SHOE

WHITEHOUSE & HARDY
BROADWAY at 40TH STREET 144 WEST 42ND STREET
Metropolitan Opera House Bldg. Knickerbocker Building
NEW YORK

DOBBS COATS

Dobbs Top Coats tailored from selected materials and English Coats in distinctive patterns are suggested for Spring ~ $65

A MEN'S SHOP WITH TAILORED THINGS FOR WOMEN
DOBBS & Co
620 & 244 Fifth Avenue

Don't Risk Thousands

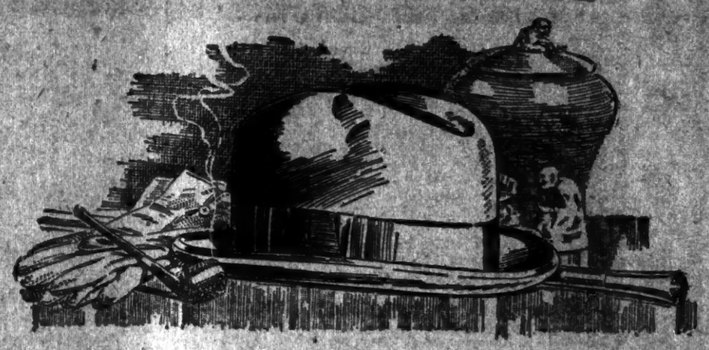
When your watchman is ill—or after a fire—or in other emergencies, rely on Holmes Patrolmen to protect your property. They are professionals.

Holmes men are ready day and night

HOLMES *PATROL* PROTECTION

139 Centre St. Tel. Franklin 6030 Night, 66 W. 39th St. Tel. Murray Hill 3050

JOHN DAVID
STEIN-BLOCH SMART CLOTHES
MEN'S FURNISHINGS AND HATS
Exclusive, But Not Expensive



Extra Quality $5 — The Saunterer — Super-Quality $7

COLORS—Filbert (Light-Brown) With Contrasting Band And Binding; Monoco (Tan-Brown) With Self-Colored Band and Binding; Coffee-Brown With Self-Colored Band And Binding; Pearl-Gray With Black Band And Pearl-Colored Binding

Right Down To Its Smart Bound Brim, The SAUNTERER Soft Hat For Spring Is Bound To Please The New Yorker, Because It Puts On His Head What He Has In His Mind. Procurable Nowhere Else In Town Or Out-Of-Town Except At The Four John David Shops

MALLORY HATS

The Easily Reached JOHN DAVID SHOPS Roundabout New York

Facing Greeley Square
BROADWAY AT 32nd

In the Times Square Section
125 AND 127 WEST 42nd

In the Financial District
62 BROADWAY, BELOW WALL

In the Borough of Brooklyn
COURT STREET, AT MONTAGUE

Uniform— Whenever and wherever you buy Domino Cane Sugars you are certain of getting the finest quality, highly refined, pure cane sugars. They are sold in the clean, convenient, economical way—accurately weighed, packed and sealed by machine—protected from insects, dirt and handling by sturdy cartons and strong cotton bags.

The flavor of sweet sugar cane is the most popular in the world — Domino Syrup brings it in the most delightful and useful form

Domino Cane Sugars

American Sugar Refining Company
"Sweeten it with Domino"
Granulated, Tablet, Powdered, Confectioners, Brown, Golden Syrup

ADVERTISEMENT. ADVERTISEMENT. ADVERTISEMENT. ADVERTISEMENT.

THE HAT OF UNEXAMPLED SMARTNESS

THE Spring Hat that looks irresistible in the window may look questionable on the wearer. To put the Hat designed for a particular head upon the head it is particularly designed for requires alert perception and shrewd observation; eyes schooled in trifles and fingers that almost think. The retailer who offers MALLORY Hats takes pride and pains before he takes your money.

MALLORY Soft Hats and Derbies, in guardedly exclusive shapes and shades are on sale today at the better Hat Shops and Hat Departments throughout the city and nearby.

FIVE DOLLARS

Also $6, $7, $9, and up to $12 for Standard MALLORY Velours

MALLORY HATS

FATIMA LETS SHIP SAIL WITHOUT HER

Princess's Legal Difficulties Over $125,000 Diamond Cause Her to Change Plans.

SEEKS TO RECOUP FINANCES

One Version Is She Wants to Fight to Get Back Gem; Another, That She's Going to England.

The Princess Fatima, who claimed cousinship to the Emir of Afghanistan, and her three sons, the Princes Mohammed Anis, Mohammed Hashim and Mohamed Akbar, did not sail yesterday on the City of Lahore, on which their passage had been booked. Their whereabout seemed to be unknown after the ship's departure. At their boarding house, 491 Lexington Avenue, the opinion was expressed last night that they were at the home of a friend. The Princess and her sons left the boarding house yesterday in ample time to have gone on board the liner but not having taken their effects with them, Mrs. J. Wyllie, who conducts the house, knew that they did not expect to sail.

Financial difficulties have been encountered by the Princess since she came here in July. The $25,000 she brought was not sufficient to keep the family in accustomed style and take them back to Bombay. So the Princess and her sons shifted several weeks ago from a hotel to the more modest environment of a boarding house.

A short time before the vessel left her Brooklyn pier one of the sons called up the British Consulate and announced that the Princess had made up her mind not to sail until she recovered the "Daryal-noor," or "Light of the Sea," a 44-carat diamond now in possession of Sheriff Percival Magie. The gem came into the care of the Sheriff when Magan Dave, a Fifth Avenue jeweler, brought suit against the Princess in the Supreme Court for $2,000 on a sixty day note, given on Aug. 31, 1921. The diamond was seized on a writ of attachment.

Consul General Armstrong said the British Consulate had no further interest in the Princess' movements. He seemed out of patience with the change of plans. He said the Princess had determined to take legal steps to recover her jewel.

John H. Clarke, chief of the Civil Division of the United States District Attorney's office, who examined the Princess on Wednesday to ascertain how the $125,000 diamond was brought into this country without payment of duty, and absolved her of any attempt to evade payment of duty, said that instead of returning to India the Princess now intended to go to England, where she hoped to raise money to pay all her debts and recover the "Light of the Sea." For the present the jewel will remain in the custody of Sheriff Magie under the attachment in favor of the holder of the $2,000 promissory note.

SUN WINS SKIRMISH WITH BRIEF SNOWFALL

Big Flakes Descend for a Few Minutes Just Before and After Noon.

Big flakes of snow glaring in the sunshine fell for a few minutes just before and after noon yesterday. At the beginning the sun darted through holes in the snowstorm. Later flakes fell so thickly that they cut off the sun. After a few gray minutes there was a change for the brighter, as scattered rays of light reflected from the flakes shot through to the ground.

Finally the curious storm came to an end, as a few big flakes that seemed to have lost their way fluttered down in brilliant sunshine and against a blue sky, vanishing when they fell on the sidewalks and streets as if they had landed on hot stoves.

It was an unexpected onset of cold wind at a considerable height that caused the storm, according to the Weather Bureau. This blast came through the upper air from the northwest, quickly condensing water held in suspension in a body of warm air and freezing it into snow on its way down.

Experienced New Yorkers were not happy until the sun shone again, because it was only three days later in the season than the date of the great blizzard of 1888, and weather prophets of Manhattan have been for years predicting a March snow that will bury some of the tall buildings.

TRANSFER POLICE STATION.

La Salle Place Building to Become Public School Annex.

The Sinking Fund Commission voted yesterday to turn over to the Board of Education the recently abandoned La Salle Place police station for use as an annex to Public School No. 43. The cost of remodeling and improving the building will be about $36,000. Accommodations will be provided for from six to seven hundred pupils. Two petitions for use of the old station house were considered by the Commission, one from the Board of Education and the other from the Board of Municipal Court Justices which wanted the building for a court house to relieve congestion due to rent cases.

A petition by the American League Baseball Club for a lease of the city's interest in certain streets of the Bronx upon which the club expects to build a baseball stadium was not acted upon yesterday, but will come up for consideration this morning. The baseball representatives asked speedy action in order that the grounds might be ready for the 1922 season. One representative said the club was not certain whether it could play on the Polo Grounds next year if its own field was not ready.

BURGLARS SET STORE AFIRE

Valuable Goods Are Taken and $2,000 Damage Is Done.

Fire started by burglars gutted the department store of Samuel Gallant at 502 Adams Street, Hoboken, late last night and drove eighteen families, scantily clad, to the street. The blaze was confined to the ground floor and the damage estimated at $2,000.

The investigation made by the Police and Fire Department showed that burglars entered the store by smashing a panel in the front door. They ransacked the store, taking bolts of cloth and pieces of silk valued at several hundred dollars. When they left they apparently set fire in the rear of the store, for when the firemen arrived the front door was open and the fire under headway.

Motorman Indicted for Manslaughter

Anthony Albrattis of 10 Maple Avenue, Tuckahoe, N. Y., the motorman who drove a Ninth Avenue elevated train into the train ahead of him at Fortieth Street and Ninth Avenue on Dec. 30 of last year, was indicted yesterday on the charge of manslaughter in the second degree.

ANTE-GENOA CONFERENCES.

Neutral Nations to Meet Tomorrow —Scandinavian Plans.

COPENHAGEN, March 16.—The conference of neutral nations organized by the Swedish Government will open Saturday, says the Stockholm correspondent of the Politiken. The purpose of the gathering as set forth in the Swedish invitations was for discussion of the questions to be considered at the Genoa Economic Conference. Denmark, Sweden, Norway, Holland, Spain and Switzerland will be represented.

[A Stockholm dispatch on March 10, telling of Sweden's invitation, said the meeting would be held in Switzerland.]

STOCKHOLM, March 16.—Harald Scavenius, the Danish Foreign Minister, was in Stockholm today, conferring with Premier Branting on important issues expected to be brought up at the Genoa conference.

Diplomatic representatives of other Scandinavian countries have been asked to take part in similar discussions, which are taken as indicative of a continuation of the policy adopted by Scandinavian States during the war of acting together in all important matters of common interest.

GERMAN PAPERS SUSPEND.

Cost of Newsprint Is Too Heavy for 157 Publications.

BERLIN, March 16 (Associated Press). One hundred and fifty-seven German newspapers and periodicals have suspended publication during the last two months, due to the increased cost of print paper, it was officially announced today.

The Laubaner Anzeiger announced it would suspend publication April 1, after a continuous existence of 105 years.

The price of print paper has particularly affected labor, socialist and radical organs, which have carried smaller amounts of important advertising.

Stern Brothers
WEST FORTY-SECOND STREET.

A Complete Display of the New Shapes and Colors for Spring 1922 in

MEN'S
Soft Hats and Derbies

Fine quality products of renowned American manufacturers, embodying high character workmanship throughout and presenting values of exceptional merit.

High-Grade SOFT HATS and DERBIES

Featured at $5.00 Two models as illustrated

The Soft Hats are in light or medium Tan, Pearl Gray, Brown, also Black.
The Derbies are of excellent quality Felt, in Black or a rich shade of Brown.

We're all set for the two biggest days' selling of the year!

Clemons
Established 1898

On Sale Today and Tomorrow

Have No Mercy On Us!

Any Winter Overcoat *or* Suit in our two stores

$24

SUITS:
639 regularly $50
299 regularly $60
107 regularly $70

YOU WON'T BUY OUR NEW SPRING SUITS FOR ANY SUCH PRICE

New Spring Topcoats, $24

Notice!
No Garment will be sold C. O. D. or on Approval in this Sale

BROADWAY *at* 39th STREET
6th AVENUE *at* 31st STREET

Extra Tailors and Salesmen Specially for Today and Tomorrow

Be Ahead!
In choosing your Spring Clothes get the pick of our new and wonderful Spring fabric assortment

© 1922, The Royal Tailors

The Tailor-dressed Man GETS IN!

DID you ever notice how the well-tailored young man carries his own welcome with him —wherever he may go?

All doors swing cordially to his approach. His winning appearance seems to thaw the coldest of "outer guards."

The tailor-dressed man gets in —in business, in society, anywhere.

And why shouldn't every man be a tailor-dressed man this Spring?

Every man WILL be tailor-dressed, who fully understands the Royal Tailor story—the Royal Tailor service.

Economy used to keep men away from made-to-order clothes. But now only ignorance need keep them away—ignorance of the fact that by selling made-to-order clothes in enormous quantities, The Royal Tailors have found the way to deliver them for actually less than the price of ready-mades.

Our new Spring fabrics are ready. Are you? There is no better day than today—to order that Spring suit or topcoat!

FEATURE VALUES
1500 combinations in fashions and fabrics for your selection in newest Spring and Summer 1922 designs. All pure wool $30
Suit or Overcoat to Order

DE LUXE GROUP
Superfine Worsteds, woven from Australian and South American wool—our own designs in all shades and tones $36
Suit or Overcoat to Order

BANKER SPECIAL
A specialized showing of rich business suitings and overcoatings. Tweeds, Twill Flannels, Thibets, Chevions, Serges $42
Suit or Overcoat to Order

GOLD MEDAL
The last word in woolen and worsted quality, at the least word in prices; elegance without extravagance; many imported $48
Suit or Overcoat to Order

10-DAY SCHEDULE DELIVERY—BACKED BY AN ALL-INCLUSIVE GUARANTEE OF SATISFACTION OR MONEY BACK

6 CONVENIENT NEW YORK SALESROOMS

*45th *and* Broadway [Times Square] *Columbus Circle, 1823 Broadway
42nd *and* Fifth Avenue 14th *and* University Place
*202 West 49th St. [Near Broadway] Park Row *and* Beekman
*These stores open evenings until 9. Others 8:30 A.M. to 6 P.M.

THE ROYAL TAILORS
(N.Y.2) Morris Kehoe, President
NEW YORK, CHICAGO, MILWAUKEE, MINNEAPOLIS, NEW ORLEANS, ST. PAUL AND 10,000 OTHER CITIES

WARNING! Always say "Bayer" when you buy Aspirin.

Unless you see the name "Bayer" on tablets, you are not getting genuine Aspirin prescribed by physicians over 22 years and proved safe by millions.

Accept only "Bayer" package which contains proper directions.

Handy "Bayer" boxes of 12 tablets—Also bottles of 24 and 100—All Druggists.
Aspirin is the trade mark of Bayer Manufacture of Monoaceticacidester of Salicylicacid

RUTH MAKES HOMER WITH BASES FILLED

Babe's First Circuit Clout of Season Helps Yankees Defeat Pelicans.

BAKER GOES ON RAMPAGE

Veteran Gets Three Hits as Hugmen Gain Third Successive Victory Over New Orleans Club.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW ORLEANS, La., March 16.—Captain Babe Ruth of the Yankees is off on his season's rampage. The Sultan of Swat inaugurated his campaign of circuit-clouting here this afternoon when he drove out his first home run. The awaited event took place in the third game between the Yankees and the New Orleans Pelicans as the Ruppert-Huston forces entered their third week of training for the championship race. About 1,000 natives enjoyed the spectacle and watched the minor leaguers go down to their third successive defeat by the Yankees. The score was 9 to 3.

Ruth made his home run under conditions which could not have been improved. The bases were crowded in the fifth inning when Babe stepped to the plate and with a mighty swish of his powerful bat sent the ball crashing over the far right field wall.

Lefty Thomas, a local southpaw, was the hurler who felt the shivering impact of Ruth's drive. Babe grunted as he took a powerful swing at the first pitch in the fifth inning and fouled the ball. The second was close and on the inside. Babe danced back to avoid being struck. The third offering of Thomas was what Ruth had been waiting for since the Yankees started their Spring exhibition series. The Babe swung, there was a crack which echoed over the ball yard, and away the ball went on its journey. Ruth grinned good-naturedly as he ambled over the base paths in the rear of a procession which included Jim Jolley, Chick Fewster and Norman McMillan, the three inhabitants of the bases at the time.

Three Pitchers Assaulted.

Babe's wallop was one feature of a riotous inning, which ended with the game safely tucked away for the crew of Huggins. Seven large runs were recorded in this tumultuous fifth stanza, and with a continuance of the assault on three local twirlers the Yankees accumulated enough runs to pull out with an easy victory.

Ruth's terrific drive was the most prolific hitting piece in the Yankee barrage. The clan of Huggins maced three local hurlers, Thomas, James and Jones, for fifteen crashing blows of all shades and varieties. Fred Hofmann, Yankee backstop, leaped into the hitting limelight in the sixth when he greeted James with a home run drive over the left field fence. Hofmann also got a double off Thomas.

Jim Jolley was Huggins's pitching nomination to start the fracas, and he acquitted himself nobly for five innings. In the first he was nicked for three hits, which were, however, discounted through snappy fielding. In the second the round southpaw yielded one safe blow and in the fourth he was nicked for another.

Young George Quinn, a product of the Virginia League, pitched the closing four innings, and as was the case on the occasion of his first appearance as a Yankee twirler in an exhibition game, failed to impress.

J. Franklin Baker cavorted around third base for his first complete game of the season and had a successful day both in the field and at bat. The former home run king got three solid crashes to right in as many official times at bat.

Thomas subjected the Yankees to unexpected humiliation for four innings, during which he allowed but two hits, both of them by Baker. In the fifth, however, the Hugmen unloosed their onslaught in all its fury and young Mr. Thomas went through a discouraging experience.

Ward drew a pass to start this session of excessive scoring, and on the hit and run raced to third when Scott drove a single to right. Hofmann doubled to right, scoring Ward and Scott, and the Yankee backstop beat Thomas's throw to third when Jolley sacrificed. Fewster's single to left scored Hofmann. Jolley reaching second, and when McMillan drew a pass the bases were jammed. It was at this juncture that Captain Ruth stepped into the picture with his homer. Baker walked, but Pipp, Ward and Scott each died on flies.

Home Run for Hofmann.

Hofmann's home run in the sixth gave the Yanks another, and in the seventh the ninth marker was chalked up when Pipp tripled to the right field fence and scored while Ward was being thrown out.

Fifteen men were called into the fray by Huggins. The mite manager gave Elmer Smith his first experience of the season as an outfielder. The mighty one played centre field for six innings and then came in to play first, while Pipp went to the outer garden. Camp Skinner received a vacation, as did Elmer Miller.

Bob Meusel got into the game as a pinch hitter in the seventh, batting for Jolley. Lanky Bob responded with a single, but limped badly on his injured right foot and Ed Neusel ran for the latter.

The score:

YANKEES (A.).	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.	N. ORLEANS (S. L.).	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.
Fewster, lf	5	2	1	1	0	Gilbert, cf	4	0	3	4	0
McMillan, rf	4	1	0	1	0	Knaupp, 2b	5	0	1	2	4
Ruth, cf, 1b	5	1	2	3	1	Fosse, ss	5	0	2	4	2
Baker, 1b	4	0	2	1	0	Wight, 3b	4	0	1	3	4
Pipp, 1b, cf	5	1	2	8	0	Chrasher, lf	4	0	1	1	0
Ward, 2b	3	1	1	2	3	Ricks, 1b	3	1	2	10	2
Killinger, 3b	1	0	0	0	1	Barbaro, rf	4	1	2	1	0
Scott, ss	5	1	1	2	1	Meyers, c	3	1	2	0	2
Mitchell, ss	1	0	0	1	0	Thomas, p	1	0	0	1	0
Hoffmann, c	3	2	2	2	1	James, p	0	0	0	2	0
Devormer, c	2	0	1	0	0	Jones, p	0	0	0	0	1
Jolly, p	1	1	0	0	0	c Kallenberg	1	0	0	0	0
Quinn, p	2	0	1	2	0	d Craft'n	1	0	0	0	0
a A. Meusel	1	0	1	0	0	e Waters	1	0	1	0	0
bNeusel	0	0	0	0	0						
Total	39	9	15	27	15	Total	34	3	14	27	17

a Batted for Jolly in sixth.
b Ran for Meusel in sixth.
c Batted for Thomas in fifth.
d Batted for James in seventh.
e Batted for Jones in ninth.

Errors—Baker, Quinn, Fosse, Thomas.

Yankees	000 07 1 1 0 0	—9
New Orleans	000 000 2 0 0	—2

Two-base hits—Ward, Hoffmann, Gilbert. Three-base hit—Pipp. Home runs—Ruth, Hoffmann. Sacrifice hit—Jolly. Double plays—Baker, Ward and Pipp; Scott, Ward and Pipp; Killinger, Mitchell and Ruth; Wight, Knaupp and Ricks. Left on bases—Yankees 8, New Orleans 6. Struck out—By Jolly 4, James 1. Bases on balls—Of Jolly 1, Quinn 2, Th. 2, J. 2. Hits—Of Jolly 9 in 5 innings, Quinn 6 in 4, Thomas 7 in 5, James 4 in 2, Jones 4 in 2. Umpires—George Moriarty and Bill Brennan. Time of game—1:55.

STAR TRINITY PITCHER HURT

Broken Bone Will Keep Reynolds Out of Box for Some Time.

HARTFORD, Conn., March 16.—Robert Reynolds, pitching mainstay of the Trinity College nine, sustained a fracture of a bone in the lower right arm yesterday when hit by a pitched ball. Reynolds is expected to be out of the game for five weeks, but it is believed he will be in shape to get into the nine's games that come in May.

Reynolds was Captain of the college nine last season. His injury leaves the Trinity nine without a member of last year's pitching staff.

Hauser on Way to Join Athletics.

MILWAUKEE, March 16.—Joe Hauser, who last year played first base for the Milwaukee club of the American Association, today left here for Eagle Pass, Tex., to join Connie Mack's Philadelphia Americans.

Bill to Levy Tax on Racing Is Killed in State Senate

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, March 16.—Legislation designed to impose a 6 per cent. tax on the gross receipts of racing associations in this State was killed today when Senator Pitcher, Republican, of Watertown, who sponsored the measure, announced that he would not press its passage.

ROBINS CHASTISE THEIR CUB CREW

Regulars Beat Yannigans, 5 to 1, and Commissioner Landis Enjoys the Sport.

Special to The New York Times.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., March 16.—Because a high wind was blowing across the ball field in South Jacksonville this morning, Manager Wilbert Robinson did not take his players to the grounds then. In the afternoon, however, he sent them through a long drilling and Judge Landis watched the workout.

A game between the Regulars and the Yannigans featured the practice session, and the Commissioner of Baseball seemed to enjoy the sport. The contest was won by the Regulars by a count of 5 to 1. Each side used three pitchers for three rounds apiece. Mamaux, Shriver and Hockett pitched for the Yannigans and Bishop, Gordinier and Vance worked for the winning team.

Ivan Olson's batting was a feature of the game. The second baseman made a two-bagger and two singles and the three hits helped the Regulars to score four of their tallies.

Bishop and Mamaux were the rival slabsters when the game started and there was no scoring while they worked. In the sixth session the Regulars produced their initial tally, and it was made off Shriver. Gordinier hit to the pitcher and the throw to first was fumbled by Post. High sacrificed and Olson scored Gordinier with a single to left field. In the next round the Regulars scored one more run. It was the result of a pass to Crane and wild pegs by Ward and Post.

In the eighth chapter the Regulars continued to hang up tallies. High drew a pass and Olson followed with a two-bagger to left on an infield out and registered when Wheat hit safely to right field. In the ninth singles by Taylor and Olson and a sacrifice by Vance enabled the Regulars to score.

The Yannigans broke the ice in the ninth, singles by Hood, Janvrin and Bert Griffith producing their only tally.

This morning Judge Landis and President Ebbets visited the golf course and the Judge scored an easy victory over the Flatbush magnate. They played an eighteen-hole match and Landis won, 6 up and 5 to go. Although he had the match clinched, Landis played the eighteen holes and made the course in 100 strokes. Colonel Ebbets's count for the distance was 125.

Commissioner Landis left here tonight for Leesburg, where the Phillies are training.

The score of this afternoon's game by innings follows:

		R.	H.	E.
Regulars	000 001 121	5	8	0
Yannigans	000 000 001	1	7	2

Batteries—Bishop, Gordinier, Vance, Taylor; Mamaux, Shriver, Hockett, Deberry. Umpire—Leon Cadore.

SCHUPP SOLD BY DODGERS.

Veteran Southpaw Pitcher Purchased by Kansas City Club.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., March 16.—Ferd Schupp, lefthand pitcher and formerly National League star, has been purchased from the Brooklyn Club by George Muehlbach, owner of the local club of the American Association. Schupp will join the Kansas City team at Fort Worth, Texas, Saturday.

ALECHINE IN CHESS TEST.

Possible Opponent of Capablanca Plays in Great Form.

PARIS, March 16.—Twelve games of chess were played simultaneously last night against local experts by A. A. Alechine, the young Russian chess marvel, without looking at the chess board, the moves being called. He won eleven of these games. The other resulted in a draw. It was announced afterward that Alechine would challenge Capablanca, the world's champion.

Capablanca sailed from New York for Europe Wednesday to compete in the international tournament in London in July after playing a preliminary series of exhibitions in France and Spain. It was announced that during his stay abroad efforts would be made to arrange a world's championship match with either Akiba Rubenstein, champion of Poland, or Alechine, the Russian champion. It had previously been announced that Alechine and Rubenstein would meet at The Hague during the present month in a match, the winner of which would meet Capablanca.

MEET FOR N. E. SWIMMERS.

Five Colleges to Contest Championship in Boston Pool.

BOSTON, March 16.—The first New England college swimming championship meet, under the direction of the reorganized New England Intercollegiate Swimming Association, will be held tomorrow and Saturday evenings in the tank of the Boston Y. M. C. A. As organized last Spring, the members of the association are Brown, Amherst, Dartmouth, M. I. T. and Wesleyan. In the past the meet has been held more as an invitation affair under Technology's auspices.

The program will comprise the 50-yard swim, fancy dive, back-stroke, 100-yard swim, plunge for distance and relay race. Each competing college is required to enter at least five men. It is expected that several other colleges will join the organization at the meeting of the executive committee on Saturday.

Fast performances indicate a close fight for team honors, while there will be individual stars in every event. It is probable that Amherst, Dartmouth, Brown and Tech will so split the points that the final decision will be very close.

HUNTER 'CHASES FEATURED.

United Hunts Announces Card for Spring Meeting on May 2.

The program for the Spring meeting of the United Hunts Racing Association, to be held Tuesday, May 2, thus opening the racing season in the East, was approved at a meeting of the Board of Directors held yesterday. The events carded are two steeplechases for hunters, one over the brush course at two and one-half miles, the other over timber at three and one-half miles; an open steeplechase at two miles and three flat races, two at six furlongs and one at a mile.

A number of the hunt clubs in New Jersey, Connecticut, Pennsylvania and Maryland are taking an active interest in making the hunter steeplechases a success.

Yale Hockey Coach Is Injured.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., March 16.—Clarence Wanamaker, coach of Yale's hockey team, while playing in a local industrial league series, fell and other players piled on him. Wanamaker was cut on the scalp by skates, and a number of stitches were needed to close the wounds.

GIANTS' COLT TEAM ON ITS WAY TODAY

McGraw Sends Ryan, Shea and Causey With Second Squad —Banishes 3 Recruits.

Special to The New York Times.

SAN ANTONIO, Texas, March 16.—Energy was carefully conserved in the camp of the Giants today, all of the two-score players going through their paces in a leisurely, not to say dignified, manner. That little brush with the White Sox at Seguin yesterday, combined with a deadly ride in a big auto bus over bumpy roads, had taken some of the ginger out of both regulars and rookies, and a halt was called to repair fences.

'Twas a busier day by far for the Giant office force than for the ball-playing employes. Three players were released outright, seventeen others were notified that they will travel North as the second team and the schedule of the latter aggregation was released to a waiting world. The second team will leave here for Beaumont, Texas, tomorrow, and there was a great bustle of preparation and packing tonight.

The youngsters who were turned loose without any strings attached to them were Pitcher George Stanton, from the Pacific Coast, recommended by Bill Lange, uncle of George Kelly, and John Fitzpatrick and William Boland, both semi-pro infielders picked up by McGraw on the New York sand lots. Stanton will return to his home in California and the two New Yorkers will get transportation back to Manhattan.

Frankie Frisch Out Again.

Frankie Frisch, who was spiked at Seguin yesterday, was up and about today, but did not go anywhere near the ball park. The Flash said that earlier reports that a stitch had been taken in the cut were erroneous; the wound is now bound in plaster and is coming along nicely, but the Fordhamite will not be in uniform for three or four days, which means that he will miss the next two games with the White Sox, on Saturday and Sunday.

Others on the casualty list today were Coach Hughey Jennings and Pitcher Red Causey. The former had charge of the team at Seguin and was sunburned so violently that he fell victim to the mysterious malady which is dragging a trail through the Giant camp. Causey is suffering from the same complaint, which has affected half a dozen of the performers. Jennings's face was reported to be badly swollen.

Quite a number of surprises lurked in the innocent looking list of second team choices which were handed around today. Three regular pitchers—Bill Ryan, Pat Shea and Red Causey—were named to tour with the youngsters, and not one of the trio was heard to give three loud cheers at the news.

As pitchers for the first team McGraw will have the two Barneses, Arthur Nehf, Fred Toney, Claude Jonnard and Larry Benton—also Phil Douglas if the Shuffler decides to join up. The Giants' pet wants to give Virgil Barnes, Jonnard and Benton a closer inspection, and it is now considered a foregone conclusion that Barnes and Jonnard will be retained after the team has been cut to twenty-five men on May 1.

The second team catchers will be Samide and Gillenwater, and the assumption is that Floyd Brown will go with the regulars. The scrubs' infield will be Berry, first base; Kopf, second base; Hale, third base, and Black, shortstop. The outfielders will be Stengel, Boone and White. The team will be in charge of Scout Dick Kinsella and the coach will be Jess Burkett.

Toney Rounding Into Condition.

Fred Toney, the mammoth one, progressed far enough in his belated training today to go on the mound during batting practice. Fred is twenty pounds lighter than last year and shows it in his figure, which has lost its ponderous effect. He has been coming along faster than expected and will be ready to leave with the first team next week.

The following is the schedule of games for the second team, twenty-four in all:

March 18 and 19, Beaumont at Beaumont; 20, Houston at Houston; 21, 22, 23 and 24, Galveston at Galveston; 25 and 26, Indianapolis at Marlin; 27 and 28, open; 29 and 30, Houston at Houston; 31, Beaumont at Beaumont.

April 1, Beaumont at Beaumont; 2, 3, 4 and 5, open; 6, Knoxville at Knoxville, Tenn.; 7, Johnson City at Johnson City, Tenn.; 8, Portsmouth at Portsmouth, Va.; 9, Bridgeport at Bridgeport, Conn.; 10, Army at West Point, N. Y.

MAY APPEAL TO LANDIS.

South Atlantic League Wants to Raise Salary Limit $500.

GREENVILLE, S. C., March 16.—The South Atlantic Association of Professional Baseball Clubs, with Class B rating, today was denied by the National Board permission to increase the salary limit $500 per month. The increase had been voted by the league at a recent meeting. Steps may be taken to appeal to Judge Landis, Commissioner of Baseball, to set aside the decision of the National Board, it was said today. Several clubs have signed players for the present season on the new basis.

TO SPEED PENN RUNNERS.

Relay Team Members Guests Tonight at Farewell Dinner.

The University of Pennsylvania relay team and John T. McGovern, a Cornell University alumnus, will be the guests of honor at a dinner to be tendered them by the Cornell Club tonight. The dinner will be in the nature of a farewell to the Red and Blue team, which will sail for England March 21 to meet the Oxford-Cambridge team in a four-mile relay event at the Queen's Club, London, April 8. Mr. McGovern is making the trip as the representative of the I. C. A. A. A. A. at the Achilles Club meet, the first ever held in the British Isles and patterned after the American intercollegiates. The international four-mile relay race will be one of the special features of the British games. Prominent athletic authorities from a number of Eastern universities will attend the dinner.

The Achilles games have been promoted by B. D. G. Rudd, who got his ideas from competing at the University of Pennsylvania relays. The Achilles Club team, composed of Rudd, H. B. Stallard, W. G. Tatham and W. R. Milligan, holds the world's record of 7:50 4-5 for the two-mile relay, made at Franklin Field in 1920, the men running as Oxford's representatives.

WESLEYAN NAMES MARTIN.

Former Oberlin College Star Selected to Coach Track Team.

Special to The New York Times.

MIDDLETOWN, Conn., March 16.—Fred Martin, an old Oberlin College star, has been appointed coach of the Wesleyan College track team for the coming season.

Martin is a disciple of Hillman, famous Dartmouth coach, who turned out Thomson, the Olympic hurdler. In his undergraduate days Martin was considered the fastest 100 and 220-yard college sprinter in Ohio.

Bain and Davis Win at Billiards.

Gus Bain and Charles Davis were the winners yesterday in the amateur handicap straight-rail billiard tournament at the Fourteenth Street Academy. Both men defeated John Horst. In the afternoon Bain won by a score of 150 to 128 and in the evening Davis was returned the victor by 145 to 103.

PARIS IS STRIVING TO RETAIN GAMES

City Council Now Expected to Vote Necessary Appropriation for Olympics.

PARIS, March 16 (Associated Press).—The French Olympic Committee met today and decided to continue the effort to have the Olympic Games held in Paris. The discussion and negotiations of yesterday and today, after the Cabinet's decision Tuesday, have, it is understood, considerably reduced the tension between the Municipal Council and the advocates of Paris as the place for the games.

It is believed now that the Municipal Council will reconsider its previous action and will vote a grant of 10,000,000 francs, with suitable grounds.

Los Angeles will get the 1924 Olympic Games if they are not held in Paris, Baron Pierre de Coubertin, President of the International Olympic Committee, told the correspondent of Auto yesterday.

"In no case can the Olympic Games be held in France in any city other than Paris," he was quoted as declaring. "If Paris does not organize the games, they will automatically go to Los Angeles." Baron de Coubertin explained that Robert S. Weaver, former President of the Amateur Athletic Union, at the meeting in Lausanne when the games were awarded, yielded on behalf of Los Angeles in favor of Paris only. The committee then decided that if for any reason whatever the games could not be held in Paris Los Angeles automatically would be chosen. "It is Paris or Los Angeles," the Baron concluded.

VON BOECKMAN HIGH GUN.

Takes Scratch Prize in Staten Island Shoot With 92 Targets.

Among the thirty nimrods who competed in the shoot of the Robin Hood Gun Club at Concord, Staten Island, yesterday, Paul Von Boeckman of the Bergen Beach Gun Club, Brooklyn, was the high scratch gunner with a score of 92 out of a possible 100 targets. Dr. G. H. Martin of the New York A. C. captured the second scratch prize with a score of 91.

Benjamin L. Duke, another representative of the Winged Foot organization, won the high handicap prize. His score was 97. The "kicker's" handicap award went to J. Silberman.

The scores:

Name.	Hit.	H'dicap.	Total.
B. L. Duke	85	12	97
P. Von Boeckman	88	4	92
Dr. G. H. Martin	87	4	91
L. Scofield	83	8	91
R. C. Sinclair	82	8	90
J. Schaeffer	81	8	89
J. Salomon	83	6	89
W. Gibbons	74	14	88
F. A. Seibert	83	4	87
J. Schaeffer	79	8	87
J. Burghard	66	20	86
O. Zucca	70	16	86
A. Roberts	66	20	86
Lieut. Col. Guggenheim	79	4	83
E. Lotzdell	71	14	85
H. W. Dreyer	72	12	84
J. Thum	62	20	82
E. Von Lenerke	74	8	82
W. Graham	74	8	82
J. Vanderveer	74	8	82
J. Silberman	65	16	81
T. Boothroyd	59	20	79
J. Sullivan	75	4	79
C. Smith	57	20	77
J. Lewis	69	4	73
G. Smith	52	20	72
J. Housman	60	12	72
T. Davis	70	0	70
C. Leall	56	14	70
J. Wittendorfer	56	14	70

COLUMBIA QUINTET WINS.

Defeats Union Team in Close Contest by 20 to 18 Score.

Special to The New York Times.

SCHENECTADY, N. Y., March 16.—Columbia University basketball five defeated the Union College team here tonight in the New Yorkers' last game of the season. The score was 20 to 18. The game was slow in the first half, the score tied, 9 to 9. Pulleyn, the star guard of the visitors, scored sixteen of the visitors' twenty points. Rinaldi, Union's right guard, played the best game for the home team, getting ten points.

The line-up:

COLUMBIA (20).		UNION (18).
Springhorn	R.F.	Simmons
Eder	L.F.	Nitchman
Smith	C.	Bellinger
Reilly	R.G.	Rinaldi
Pulleyn	L.G.	Schwartz

Substitutions—Brohan for Bellinger, Faber for Schwartz, Watson for Smith.

Goals from field—Simmons (2), Brohan, Rinaldi, Schwartz, Eder (2), Pulleyn (3). Goals from foul—Rinaldi (8), Pulleyn (10).

Referee—Metzger. Time of halves—20 minutes.

COLLEGE TRIOS TO MEET.

Indoor Polo Teams Will Swing into Action Here Tonight.

The initial round of the intercollegiate division of the national indoor polo championships will be contested at the Squadron A Armory tonight. Yale, Princeton, Pennsylvania, and Norwich swinging into action in the first skirmish. The Ells will line up against the Vermonters, while the Tigers will cross mallets with the Quaker trio. The winners will meet in the championship round tomorrow night. All four teams have been playing consistent polo throughout the season and for the last month have been pointing toward the Townsend Championship Trophy.

Yale's team has come through a fast season in excellent shape, but probably will meet its stiffest opposition of the schedule in the veteran cadets from Norwich. The latter are experienced and have built up their team play and developed a strong defense, which the hard-hitting Ells may find great difficulty in penetrating, so that the result is not unlikely to be decided by the ability of either team to take advantage of the breaks.

During the present season the Princeton team has been seen in action against a number of local teams, which the Tigers have defeated in impressive style. Pennsylvania's players are very much of an unknown quantity hereabouts, although they have gained the decision in a number of fast tilts on their home floor.

WATSON BEATS SIEDENBERG

Takes Class A Match in Pocket Billiard Tourney in Brooklyn.

Six games were played last night in the continuation of the Bushwick Amateur League pocket billiard tournament at Lawler Brothers' Academy in Brooklyn. In the Class A match W. Watson easily defeated S. Siedenberg by a score of 75 to 37. In Class B A. Ashley registered a one-sided victory over E. Graynor by 75 to 33, while E. Kendleberg defeated S. Geld in the same class, 75 to 55. The three Basler brothers had things their own way in the novice class, Jacob Basler defeating E. Graham, 50 to 30; James Basler defeating O. E. Hammer, 50 to 27, and S. Basler triumphing over W. Anderson, 50 to 29.

Hanf Beats Mayer With Cue.

In the continuation of the interstate three-cushion billiard tournament at Crenfield's Academy, in 145th Street, last night, Charles Hanf won over L. Mayer by a score of 35 to 33 in eighty innings. The winner had a high run of 4.

McCormick to Coach Haverford.

HAVERFORD, Pa., March 16.—Harry McCormick, former New York player, scout and coach, today signed a contract to coach the Haverford College team.

McNamara, Six-Day Cycling Star, Is Now Citizen of U. S.

NEWARK, N. J., March 16.—Federal Judge Charles F. Lynch today held a special naturalization court here to welcome to American citizenship Reginald James McNamara of Australian birth, known to bicycle fans of "Reggie" McNamara. McNamara couldn't attend the last naturalization court because he was too busy with his partner, Alfred Brenda, winning the six-day bike race in Madison Square Garden.

McNamara and his partner will leave shortly to compete in the Paris six-day race. McNamara wished to compete under American colors and the naturalization court was held to make that possible.

COWARD TO MEET CORDIER IN FINAL

National Squash Champion and Former Titleholder Win in Yale Club Tourney.

The two leading players of the Yale Club, Thomas R. Coward, the national champion, and Auguste J. Cordier, former champion, earned their places in the final round of the squash tennis tournament for the club championship yesterday afternoon. They will decide the club title tomorrow afternoon. This will be the second tournament final in which they will have met during the season, Coward having defeated Cordier by a narrow margin for the honors of the national handicap event.

Both winners figured in close matches yesterday, but Cordier had by far the narrower escape. Livingston Platt extended the former champion to five games. Cordier had to hustle every step of the way to win by 15—10, 15—11, 9—15, 8—15, 15—10. Platt has been playing the best game of his career this season and he was in top form against Cordier. All his shots had exceptional power and his smashes straight up and down the court frequently aced Cordier. Platt's recoveries of his opponent's well-placed shots to the back corners were other important factors in his remarkable showing.

Cordier was at his best while still fresh in the two opening games. Master of court-craft that he is, however, he was forced to call upon all his resources to win them. Then, in the two succeeding games, Platt ran into a streak of brilliant placing and equally brilliant getting. He changed pace or faded the ball away in the corners with all the skill and judgment of a champion and captured both games handily.

Cordier, in the face of this display, had been biding his time and, possibly, to a certain extent, conserving his energy for the fifth and final session. In this the former champion was at his best. His control and his position play were perfection. Platt continued to play excellent squash and was very much in the running up to the last shot. But Cordier out-manoeuvred and outsteadied him just sufficiently to win the game and the match.

Coward's place in the final was obtained at the expense of C. J. MacGuire. Coward won in straight games, 15—6, 15—10, 18—16, but he, too, was forced to display all the skill and generalship in his possession, especially in the third game. The champion's harder hitting and more thorough court covering, together with his ability to anticipate his opponent's moves, figured most largely in his victory.

The summaries:

Yale Club Championship, Semi-Final Round—Auguste J. Cordier defeated Livingston Platt, 15—10, 15—11, 9—15, 8—15, 15—10. Thomas R. Coward defeated C. J. MacGuire, 15—6, 15—10, 18—16.

BELLEAIR SCORES HIGH.

Pro Pairs Tie at 71 in Professional Best-Ball Tourney.

BELLEAIR HEIGHTS, Fla., March 16.—Scoring was high in the best-ball tournament for professional golfers, played here today as a curtain raiser to the West Coast open championship. The leaders were George Kerrigan of White Beeches and Alex Gerard of Oakland, who did 71, the same score made by Sam Belfour of Shenecossett and Bob MacDonald of Bob o' Link, the third pair were Freddy McLeod of Columbia and George Smith of Hyde Park, with 72.

Walter Hagen was one of the favorites, but he was not playing so well. Alex Smith and Clarence Hackney, another strong team, putted badly and returned no card.

IRWIN IS CUE VICTOR.

Defeats Ackerman in Close Game in Pocket Billiard Tourney.

In the best played game thus far in the amateur pocket billiard tournament for the Greater New York championship at Doyle's Academy, Martin Irwin last night defeated Martin Ackerman by a score of 75 to 65. Irwin played carefully and well and his safety work was especially commendable for an amateur performer. This was Ackerman's first defeat, and, had he won the game, he would have needed but one more to have been assured of the title. Irwin had a high run of 14 and Ackerman one of 9. In tonight's match William Watson and Vincent Connor will cross cues.

The present standing in the tournament follows:

Name.	Won.	Lost.	P. C.
E. Kaminsky	2	0	1000
M. Ackerman	3	1	.750
M. Irwin	2	1	.667
W. Watson	1	2	.333
A. Samet	0	2	.000
V. Connor	0	2	.000

HURD BILLIARD VICTOR.

Defeats Mills in New York State Pocket Billiard Tourney.

Clarence Hurd was the victor over John Mills last night in the New York State pocket billiard tournament at the Rational Recreation Academy in Brooklyn. The score was 100 to 83. Hurd was to have played Peter Farace, but the latter was ill and Mills took his place. Hurd accumulated a comfortable lead at the start, the score at the end of the fourth inning being 38 to 17 in his favor. Mills warmed to his task after that but was never able to overcome the initial handicap. Hurd had a high run of fifteen and Mills of eleven.

The St. Patrick's night contest in this tournament will bring together Edward J. O'Brien and A. V. Ryan.

FRANCIS APPLEBY LOSES.

Welker Cochran Wins Handicap Billiard Match by 400 to 170.

Welker Cochran and Francis Appleby, the latter the noted amateur player, engaged in the first of a series of handicap matches at 18.2 balkline billiards at Maurice Daly's Academy last night. Cochran winning by a score of 400 to 170. Cochran was playing for 400 and Appleby for 250 points. The winner had a high run of 277 and averaged 40. Appleby had a high run of 83 and averaged 38 8-9. They will play two blocks this afternoon and evening, and two more tomorrow afternoon and evening, each block complete in itself.

Harvard to Play on Links Here.

Special to The New York Times.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., March 16.—Included in the Spring schedule of the Harvard golf team are matches in New York City with Columbia on May 12 and Princeton on May 15. The Yale match will be contested here on May 26.

PHILIPPINE ISLANDS CHALLENGE FOR CUP

Final Entry for Davis Trophy Is Likely to Be Accepted, Though Received Late.

Just when the list of challenging nations for the Davis Cup seemed complete along came a belated entry yesterday from the Tennis Association of the Philippine Islands. Although this application was received some twelve hours after the entries were officially closed, the fault did not lie with the Philippine tennis officials. They sent their cablegram on Wednesday, but as the Secretary of the Philippine Association is connected with Governmental affairs, the message went to the Bureau of Insular Affairs at Washington. Then the Washington authorities, instead of sending the message along by telegraph, mailed it, and consequently it did not reach the United States Lawn Tennis offices until yesterday morning. Under these circumstances the challenge will undoubtedly be accepted.

This makes the total of challenging nations fourteen, surpassing the highest previous number of a year ago by two. With the United States, champion nation, included, the number of contestants in the famous competition is fifteen. This is said to have beaten not only the tennis record but that for any other international athletic contest, including the Olympic games.

The draw will be made at noon today at the office of the U. S. L. T. A. It will be made publicly, with President Julian S. Myrick of the U. S. L. T. A. presiding. Diplomatic representatives of the nations concerned have been invited to be present.

It was stated yesterday that the players from the Philippines would come to this country with the Filipino Commission next month, and that they would play in most of the important tournaments of the early season, with the Davis Cup tournament and national championships as the climax.

ABBOT WINS SQUASH TILT.

Class B Champion Beats Morrison in Close Match.

George E. Abbot, national Class B squash tennis champion, defeated P. M. Morrison, a Class A player, in the members' championship tournament of the Harvard Club yesterday afternoon and thereby won his semi-final bracket, in which he will be opposed by Murray Taylor. Abbot defeated Morrison by scores of 15-12, 17-14.

The rallies were long and the exchanges fast and well judged throughout this match. Abbot's agile court covering, which has been in marked evidence in his play all season, did much to disconcert Morrison and to upset some of his most cleverly directed shots. The Class B champion's side-wall nicks, always his principal offensive shot, also found Morrison unprepared. It was a highly creditable victory for Abbot against one of the most expert of the Harvard Club's Class A performers.

In the remaining semi-final contest Ralph G. Coburn and F. S. Whitlock are bracketed. They will meet tomorrow afternoon at 1 o'clock.

PITTSBURGH PAIR LOW.

Dr. Gregg and Mrs. Scammel Have Best Gross in Foursome.

PINEHURST, N. C., March 16.—The annual Scotch foursome tournament today brought out a field of 114 contestants. Low gross honors of the day went to a Pittsburgh pair, Dr. George T. Gregg and Mrs. M. J. Scammel, who went around the No. 1 course in 83 strokes.

Their card follows:

Out	5	6	4	5	3	4	5	4	5	—42	
In	5	3	4	5	4	5	6	5	4	—40	—82

Mr. and Mrs. Donald Parsons of Youngstown, Ohio, followed with a round of 84. Both of the leading pairs achieved birdie fours on the 437-yard third hole. Five pairs of trophies were awarded on a net score basis.

The winning scores follow:

H. G. Waring, Moore County, and Mrs. Herman Ellis, Oakmont, 80, 8—81.

S. Y. Ramage, Wanago, and Mrs. Irving S. Robeson, Rochester, 94, 12—81.

Warren Bicknell and Miss Frances Bicknell, Cleveland, 94, 12—81.

R. C. Steese, Youngstown, and Mrs. Kenneth Boynton, Andover, 94, 11—83.

T. A. Cheatham, Pittsburgh, and Mrs. A. H. Higgins, Yonkers, 98, 14—84.

Robison to Lead Wesleyan.

MIDDLETOWN, Conn., March 16.—Everett C. Robison of Dunkirk, N. Y., tonight was elected Captain of the Wesleyan University basketball team for next year.

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KEARNS ACCEPTS IN HURRY

Pugilist to Be Bare-Handed and Grapple or Spar at Will—Bets on 20-Minute Limit Offered.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., March 16.—Basing his action on his belief that wrestling is superior to boxing as a means of self defense, Ed ("Strangler") Lewis, the world's champion wrestler, today challenged Jack Dempsey, heavyweight boxing champion, for a mixed match.

The challenge was made public through an announcement by Billy Sandow, Lewis's manager, that he had deposited $5,000 with a local sporting editor as a guarantee to meet Dempsey "anywhere in the United States at a date that may be selected later." Upon hearing that Dempsey's manager had said he would agree to such a match, Lewis invited him to send his $5,000 as a guarantee.

Sandow also indicated his confidence in the outcome of the proposed match by offering to wager $5,000 personally that Lewis would defeat Dempsey before a qualified referee within twenty minutes. Some doubt was expressed in local sport circles tonight, however, as to whether any State would permit a mixed match of boxing and wrestling to be held within its borders.

The match, according to the terms of Lewis's challenge, would be to a finish, Dempsey being eligible to enter the ring with bare fists and either to hit or wrestle, while Lewis would confine his efforts strictly to wrestling. No holds would be barred.

"This challenge has been issued to the boxing champion," declared Sandow, "as a result of some idle talk that has been going around the country between different sporting writers and others interested in athletics, with a view to demonstrating to the public that wrestling is superior in every way to the fistic art as a means of self-defense. In the event that the challenge is accepted, I am willing to wager $5,000 personally that Lewis will defeat Dempsey, before a qualified referee, within twenty minutes."

"I realize that Jack Dempsey is one of the greatest boxers that ever stepped into a ring," said "Strangler" Lewis, "and there is no desire whatsoever on my part to minimize his ability, but I am fully confident that I can handle him, else I would not agree to the match. It is my contention that the world's heavyweight champion wrestler is superior to the champion boxer at all times, and that wrestling is a more powerful method of self-defense than the boxing art."

Sandow added that he would immediately post an additional $5,000 to close the match if the challenge is accepted.

Kearns Jumps at It.

Jack Kearns, manager of the world's heavyweight champion, Jack Dempsey, said last night when interrogated at the New York Hippodrome on the challenge of Ed ("Stranger") Lewis, heavyweight wrestling champion of the world, to meet the Manassa Mauler for a mixed bout: "I have received no official challenge from Mr. Lewis, but I will say that the champion is ready to meet Mr. Lewis on whatever basis he suggests, and that I, speaking for Mr. Dempsey, accept the challenge here and now.

"In addition to the $5,000 guarantee that has been asked, we will also post a side bet of $10,000 with the sporting editor of THE NEW YORK TIMES that Dempsey can have Lewis down and out within twenty minutes of the start of the match," Kearns added. "Jack is a first rate wrestler himself, having done intensive work along this line in preparation for his bout with Carpentier last Summer, and I would be willing to back him up against the whole beef trust when it comes to the mat game. However, if Lewis wishes to meet the champion, allowing the latter to box or wrestle at his pleasure I think there would be little doubt as to the outcome."

Kearns, in accepting the challenge last night, did not give any date when the two champions might meet, but that would probably have to be arranged on Dempsey's return from his European trip.

Kearns announced last night that the trip abroad had been definitely decided upon, and that Dempsey would sail for England aboard the Aquitania on April 11. According to the present plans, the champion is to terminate his engagement at the Hippodrome tomorrow, and will leave for a short trip to California in order to see his mother and make the final arrangements for his trip abroad.

Pesek's Manager Takes a Hand.

CHICAGO, March 16.—Declaring that Strangler Lewis's challenge to Jack Dempsey for a mixed wrestling-fighting bout was "a reflection on American wrestlers," Larney Lichenstein, manager of John Pesek, today posted $5,000 to guarantee a wrestling contest between Lewis, and Pesek and wired Lewis's manager that he would pay him a $1,000 bonus to sign articles for the bout.

Lichtenstein reiterated his charges that Lewis was a member of a "wrestling trust" which barred Pesek, and named four promoters he said were willing to stage a Lewis-Pesek match here.

"You cannot even defeat the best wrestlers in this country," Lichtenstein wired Lewis.

LEWIS VICTOR ON MAT.

Wrestling Champion Defeats Petroff in Straight Falls.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., March 16.—Ed (Strangler) Lewis demonstrated that he could defend his title as heavyweight champion wrestler without using the dreaded headlock in his victory here tonight over Joe Petroff, when he agreed to grapple with this hold barred. By using the double cross-bar the champion pinned his opponent for the first fall in 1 hour 32 minutes. The second fall was secured with the hammerlock in 13 minutes.

TIPLITZ SCORES KNOCKOUT.

Disposes of Brody in Eighth Round of Bout in Brooklyn.

By means of a consistent attack of right and left blows to the stomach, Joe Tiplitz of Philadelphia won the feature bout at the Broadway Exhibition Association, Brooklyn, last night, knocking out Lew Brody of Brooklyn in the eighth round of their scheduled ten-round match. Tiplitz started with a rush, but Brody kept in the running until 2 minutes and 30 seconds of the eighth chapter had elapsed, when a hard right to the solar plexus laid him on the canvas. Tiplitz used this same punch all the way through and gradually weakened Brody, who was unable to save his opponent's attack. Tiplitz weighed in at 138 and Brody at 136½.

In the semi-final encounter Sonny Smith of Brooklyn defeated Happy Gorman, also of Brooklyn, by the judge's decision, the bout going to the full ten rounds. In the third round, Smith drew a sharp left to Gorman's eye, cutting it, and Gorman was half blinded for the remainder of the bout. Smith weighed 122½ and Gorman 124 pounds.

Springfield Elects Captain.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., March 16.—Edward Abercrombie of Bridgeport, Conn., was elected Captain of the Springfield College swimming team tonight. Abercrombie is a junior. He has been a diver on the team for the last two years.

State Nets Over $200,000 From Boxing and Wrestling

The financial statement of the State Athletic Commission shows that it paid the following amounts to the State Treasurer from Jan. 1, 1921, to Dec. 31, 1921:

Five per cent. taxes from clubs	$191,576.00
License fees	57,774.86
Forfeits from boxers and clubs	4,822.70
Total	$254,173.46

The expenses of the commission during the same period were:

Personal service	$33,446.12
Maintenance and operation	20,639.71
Total	$54,085.83
Excess receipts over expenses	$200,087.63

The total revenue derived from license fees was $62,450, but only $57,774 was actually paid to the State Treasurer, as several of the licenses are held pending investigation.

WHITE AND DUNDEE TO DEBATE TONIGHT

Lightweights, in Garden Bout, Will Seek Another Chance at Leonard's Title.

Charley White, the Chicago lightweight, who has been referred to as Benny Leonard's nightmare, and who is one of the most insistent challengers of the champion, will tonight attempt to remove from his path what he regards as one of the biggest obstacles toward another bout with Leonard. The boxer who recently administered a more or less artistic trimming to Willie Jackson will enter the ring at Madison Square Garden against no less a personage than the well-known and highly respected Johnny Dundee. The bout is scheduled to last fifteen rounds. White says it won't. Dundee simply grins.

The bout is another of the series of family quarrels among lightweights for a chance to try to relieve Leonard of his crown. The fact that the winner may succeed in enticing Leonard into the ring lends considerable zest to the occasion.

Dundee is the junior lightweight champion, and even if he should be badly mistreated by the hard-hitting resident of Chicago, he cannot possibly be divorced from his prized diamond belt. The junior lightweight limit is 130 pounds. For tonight's rumpus the men have agreed to weigh 135 pounds at 2 o'clock this afternoon. Thus is Dundee's crown safeguarded.

Not so long ago White invaded this thriving centre and upset quite a few cherished calculations by outpointing Jackson in fifteen rounds. Not only did he outpoint Willie, but he succeeded in flooring him. At that time it was generally understood that Leonard had agreed to engage the winner of the bout in a title match at Madison Square Garden on March 20. But Benny went bernstorming and injured his hand so severely that his physician said it was out of the question for him even to think about fighting. At that time Billy Gibson, who acts as Leonard's business chaperon in pugilistic affairs, emphatically denied that White's having floored Leonard at Saginaw, Mich., before Leonard knocked White out, had anything to do with Leonard's stand in the matter. However, the fact remains that White wants to meet Leonard again and believes that, if he succeeds in decisively defeating Dundee, the champion will be compelled to entertain his challenge.

White has been fighting for sixteen years, having started when he was 15 years of age. He will celebrate his thirty-first birthday on March 26. During this time he has fought about 160 battles, and during the last year and a half has been swinging that useful left of his to greater purpose than ever before. Dundee, on the other fist, is 28 years old. He has been fighting twelve years, during which time he claims to have engaged in more than 200 honest-to-goodness scraps.

This will be the third meeting between this pair in six months. The first time the melee was called a draw. Later they met in Boston and White was given the decision. Dundee has claimed ever since that he should have received the verdict. They should settle the matter once and for all tonight.

White rules a slight favorite over Dundee, owing chiefly to his great hitting power.

Three eight-round bouts will precede the White-Dundee fracas. Fay Keiser will box Jack Reeves of California in one of these. In another Louis Guglielmini, former amateur champion, will engage Georgie Daly in a return bout, and in the third Sammy Noble will be pitted against Harry London.

PICKER OUTBOXES BUSH.

Captures Feature Bout in Tournament at 102d Armory.

Boxers representing the 102d Medical Regiment Armory captured both the final and semi-final feature bouts at the weekly boxing tournament held in the 102d Regiment Armory last night. Charlie Picker was the victor in the feature bout, gaining the judges' decision over Georgie Bush, Seventy-first Regiment, National Guard, in their ten-round encounter. Picker had the best of things in six of the ten chapters. He lost no time in getting started, and had things all his own way in the first four rounds. A left-hand jab and a right cross had Bush worried most of the time, but in the fifth round, Bush staged a brilliant come-back and took that inning and the next one as well. Picker also had a come-back of his own up his sleeve and captured the next three rounds and the bout. The tenth round was even. Picker weighed 144½ and Bush 146½.

Mickey Black scored a rather decisive victory over Kid Troy, Fourth Regiment, Jersey City, in the ten-round semi-final, winning all but two rounds. Black's specialty was a right cross and a fast right uppercut, and several times he had Troy groggy, but lacked the punch to carry it through to a knockout. Troy made a good come-back in the fifth and sixth frames. Black weighed 138 and Troy 139 pounds.

WILSON MAY SEE BOUT.

Middleweight Champion Likely to Witness O'Dowd-Bartfield Clash.

When Mike O'Dowd and Soldier Bartfield clash in the principal bout of twelve rounds at the Rink Sporting Club, Brooklyn, tomorrow night, it is expected that Johnny Wilson, the middleweight champion, will occupy a ringside seat. O'Dowd is the man Wilson dethroned, and Mike is clamoring for another meeting with the champion.

Amateurs to Box at N. Y. A. C.

Announcement was made yesterday that the New York Athletic Club would conduct an amateur boxing tournament at its clubhouse next Thursday and Saturday evenings. Bouts will be held in the 115, 125 and 135 pound classes. Entries will close Monday with Paul Pilgrim at the New York A. C.

Blackmer to Lead Williams Five.

Special to The New York Times.

WILLIAMSTOWN, Mass., March 16.—Allan R. Blackmer of Oak Park, Ill., a member of the sophomore class, was today elected captain of the Williams basket ball team for next year. He has played two years at right forward, leading the Purple quintet in scoring.

BOXING IS ON HIGH PLANE, SAYS REPORT

State Athletic Commission Declares Public Interests Have Been Safeguarded.

That the new State regulations governing boxing and wrestling, enacted by the 1921 Legislature, have been instrumental in bringing about better conditions and in raising them to a high plane of sportsmanship is the gist of the joint report of the New York State Athletic Commission to the Legislature of its activities for the past year. The report, which was given out yesterday, shows that the State's income has been increased by more than $200,000 through taxes derived from boxing and wrestling contests and also from license fees, and furthermore that the public interests have been safeguarded as never before.

The report states further that since boxing and wrestling have been under the supervision of the State Commission there has not been a single serious accident in any ring contest held in the State.

Describing the operation of the law and the success that has attended its régime, the commission states:

"The State Boxing law, as authorized under Chapter 714 of the Laws of 1921, is, in the opinion of your commission, a far better and more satisfactory one for the conduct of the sport than is any other boxing law now in effect in any of the States in the Union. Under Chapter 714, contestants engage in a contest to a decision. This decision is rendered by two judges appointed by the commission and a referee, also appointed by the commission. The announcer collects the decision slips of one judge, the referee and then the other judge. All the votes are of equal value. In the event of two votes coinciding, the result shall be so determined. In the event of all votes disagreeing, the contest shall be declared a draw."

Total Income Is $254,173.46.

The report goes on to show how, taking the increased patronage enjoyed by the various clubs throughout the State as a criterion the State exchequer has been enriched to the tune of $200,087.63, which represents the difference between the amount taken in from taxes and license fees and the operating expenses of the commission. The total income received from all sources during the year amounted to $254,173.46, and the total expenditures for the same period, $54,085.83.

Commenting on the vigilance exercised by the State representatives in protecting the interests of the public against sham and collusive contests as well as the penalties imposed upon various clubs, contestants and officials for violations of the rules, the report shows that in twenty-seven instances has the commission vented its wrath on malefactors or rule-breakers by revoking licenses; while in twenty-eight occasions definite suspensions and in seventy cases indefinite suspensions have been handed down.

The detailed report of disciplinary actions follows:

	Revocations.	Definite Suspensions.	Indefinite Suspensions.
Clubs	4		4
Boxers	16	19	66
Wrestlers	2	4	6
Managers	1		1
Judges	1		1
Referees	1	1	1
Seconds	1	1	1
Matchmaker		1	
Total	27	26	79

The commission states that, in accordance with the wishes expressed by Governor Miller, the number of clubs has been reduced during the year to forty-three and the boxers, managers, seconds, judges, &c., totaled 4,267.

"Since the enactment of the law," the report states, "it is gratifying to note that there has not been a single serious accident in the State. The contests have been entirely free from sham and in every instance, the official referees have, under the direction of the commission, promptly terminated all contests when it became apparent that the contestants were unevenly matched. The thorough physical examination of all contestants by a physician licensed by the commission prior to the contestants entering the ring has kept boxing free from any serious accidents due to weakened or impaired conditions."

New System of Remuneration.

The principal features of the activities of the commission in regard to wrestling, over which it also exercises control, are set forth in the report as follows:

"The adoption of an entirely new system of remuneration to boxers and wrestlers, based principally on a boxer's or wrestler's drawing power and, in the case of preliminary boxers, ability.

"Abolishing promiscuous licensing of clubs.

"Having seating capacity of clubs arranged with a view of increasing lower-priced seats and increasing price of ringside seats.

"Equalizing decisions of all officials and the method of announcing results of bouts.

"Requiring all announcers to obtain permits from the commission.

"Prohibiting referees from disqualifying boxers solely by exercise of their judgment.

"Requiring each official to make out a card announcing his decision and how it was arrived at."

The report describes several changes in the rules regarding the payments to boxers. It shows that all star bouts are arranged on a percentage basis and no guarantees or special bonuses are allowed so-called drawing cards or stars. Preliminary boxers are paid on the basis of rounds participated in at a maximum of $10 per round. If a bout ends before the scheduled number of rounds, the winner is paid for the full number of rounds, and the loser for as many rounds as he has competed in. In the case of injury, however, the commission may allow the full amount of the contract in the case of mitigating circumstances.

The report concludes with the opinion of the commission to the effect that boxing is a healthful, manly and enjoyable sport and should be encouraged, but at all times under proper regulation and control.

CORNELL WRESTLERS WIN.

Defeat Syracuse in Dual Team Match by 19 to 19 Score.

Special to The New York Times.

ITHACA, N. Y., March 16.—Cornell defeated Syracuse in a dual team wrestling match here tonight by a score of 19 to 10, the Ithacans winning one bout by default, three on decisions and one on a fall.

The summaries:

115-Pound Class—Won by Cornell by default.
125-Pound Class—Bernard, Syracuse, defeated Halley, Cornell, fall with half nelson and body hold. Time—7:32.
135-Pound Class—Keser, Cornell, defeated Leiderbach, Syracuse. Decision with time advantage of 1:22.
145-Pound Class—Greenwald, Cornell, defeated Stranahan, Syracuse. Decision with time advantage of 1:40.
158-Pound Class—Goldsand, Syracuse, defeated Frey, Cornell, fall with body scissors. Time—7:10.
175-Pound Class—Stark, Cornell, defeated Allen, Syracuse, fall with body scissors and arm lock. Time—11:25.
Heavyweight Class—Wright, Cornell, defeated Assler, Syracuse. Decision with time advantage of 1:46.

WLADEK ZBYSZKO WINS.

Gains Two Falls in Three From Guerstmans on Springfield Mat.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., March 16.—Wladek Zbyszko, Polish wrestler, defeated Laurents Guerstmans, champion of Belgium, two falls in three, here tonight. Guerstmans won the first with a head-lock in 44 minutes 36 seconds. The second went to Zbyszko in 12 minutes 10 seconds with a Dutchish back heel. A double arm-lock after 18 minutes gave Zbyszko the third and deciding fall.

COLUMBIA CREWS ON HARLEM RIVER

Oarsmen in Two Shells and a Barge Face Cold and Rough Water in First Spins.

Columbia oarsmen had their first taste of outdoor rowing this spring when Coach Rice sent two boatloads of varsity men and another barge of candidates on the Harlem River yesterday afternoon. A heavy wind and cold weather conditions necessitated a postponement of the freshman and the 150-pound crew workouts, scheduled for the early part of the afternoon, while the varsity practice was limited to only a few short spins between the Union Boat Club house, headquarters of the Columbia oarsmen until the new boathouse on the Stadium site can be completed, down the Harlem to High Bridge and back.

At four o'clock the conditions were only a little better and the members of the 150-pound crew, the latest addition to the list of Columbia eights, were given the same instructions and dismissed. By five o'clock, however, the wind had died down considerably and the sun made an effort to warm things up a bit. Two boatloads of men were chosen from the regular varsity squad, which is more than thirty strong this year, and, after being snapped by the movie men, were sent for a short workout on the water.

Coach Rice has not yet selected any definite varsity seating, so the men in the two boats were not necessarily representative of the first and second varsity crews as they will be seated for the regular rowing season, the veteran Columbia coach said yesterday. Four of the men in the first shell to take the water yesterday were members of last year's freshman crew, while the second boatload included only three oarsmen of last season's second varsity eight. In addition to these two eights, the more promising candidates and some of last season's veterans, who have not yet been fully seasoned, were sent out in one of the barges for a short row.

Cooper, a veteran of last season's varsity eight, stroked the first shell to go out yesterday, with Brodt, regular stroke of last year's varsity, rowing No. 6. Captain Swinburne pulled No. 5, while Ruffalo, the only other veteran, with the exception of Coxswain Leal, was bow. Sophomores made up the rest of the eight. Brown, stroke of the freshman boat last year, rowed No. 4, Griswold No. 2, Nelson No. 3 and Ferris No. 7.

In the second shell Norman Willet pulled the stroke oar, while Frost at No. 7 and Medigocitch at bow were the only other veterans. Last season's freshman squad again furnished the bulk of the personnel in this boat, with Ince at No. 6, Theobold rowing No. 5, Waschek No. 4, Mayo No. 3 and Christie No. 2. Wolff, another sophomore, acted as coxswain.

After a couple of brief spins over the course the order was given to return, as the wind was rising again. The work lasted in all only about twenty minutes, but the men showed snap and speed, and with a little smoothing of the blade work should be in form for actual racing by the end of the month.

BENSON DEFEATED IN 118-POUND CLASS

National Title-Holder Loses Close Match in Met. Wrestling Championships.

There was only one upset in the preliminary bouts in four classes in the Metropolitan Association, A. A. U., wrestling championships conducted at the New York Athletic Club last night. In the 118-pound class, Carl Benson, national and metropolitan titleholder at 108 pounds, lost the verdict to Milton Greenberg, a City College grappler, the referee awarding Greenberg the title after ten minutes of wrestling. The two other metropolitan titleholders, Theo Lelno and Carl Liljehult, both Mercury Foot representatives, came through with flying colors and will appear in the finals to be held at the Fifty-ninth Street Gymnasium on Saturday night, March 18.

Benson, who captured the national honors at Birmingham and at Los Angeles in 1920 and 1921 and who has held the metropolitan title for the last seven years, was forced to give away ten pounds to his opponent as a result of the change in the weights adopted by the A. A. U. in order to conform with the Olympic system. In spite of that handicap, however, most of the spectators declared that the Swedish-American representative should have been given the decision, but the referee, L. Gesell of the Greek-American Club, rendered the award to Greenberg.

Lelno, in the 108-pound class, who also holds the Olympic championship at that weight, gained an easy verdict over Thomas Barish of the Harlem Y. M. C. A. in his first test and in his second he won from Charles Humbert of the Central Y. M. C. A. by a decision at the end of ten minutes of hard labor.

The following men will appear in the semi-finals and finals: 108-pound class—Theodore Kleinsid, Boys' Club; Gabriel Smeds, Aland A. C.; Edward Rosenberg, Morningside A. C., and H. W. Strack, Newark Y. M. C. A. 118-pound class—H. Juenge, National Turners; Charles Hovies, Morningside A. C.; Milton Greenberg, City College, and Sam Goldstein, Boys' Club. 130-pound class—Arnold Edwardsen, unattached; Edward M. Lasser, Elizabeth Y. M. C. A., Alex Willelmson, East Side Y. M. C. A., and Enno Lelno, New York A. C. 139-pound Class—C. Liljehult, New York A. C.; Fred Staat, Boys' Club; Elbert Malinas, Greek-American A. C., and S. Lundquist, Swedish-American A. C.

The preliminary bouts in the 125, 137, 175 pound and heavyweight classes will be contested at the Boys' Club on Saturday, March 25, and the finals at the same club on Monday, March 27.

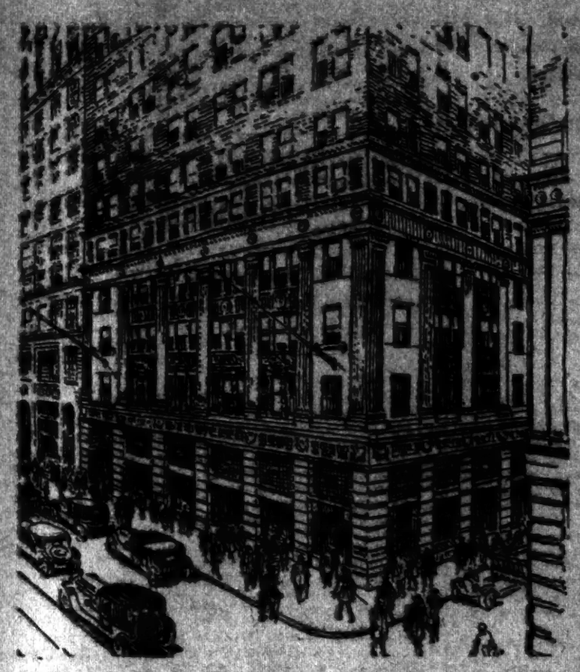
The summaries:

118-Pound Class—Sam Goldstein, Boys' Club, defeated Walter Strobach, Elizabeth Y. M. C. A., referee's decision; H. Juenge, National Turners, defeated A. Strackling, Elizabeth Y. M. H. A., fall. Time—1:41; Charles Hovies, Morningside A. C., defeated Charles Grassele, N. National Turners, fall. Time—2:40; Milton Greenberg, City College, defeated Carl Swen, Swedish-American A. C., referee's decision; Sam Goldstein, Boys' Club, defeated Henry Borasch, Elizabeth Y. M. C. A., referee's decision.

125-Pound Class—Karl Delin, Swedish-American A. C., defeated Nathan Schlossberg, Boys' Club, fall. Time—4:30; C. Liljehult, New York A. C., defeated Walter Bauschke, Bushwick Y. M. C. A., referee's decision; E. Goldsteg, Hungarian-American A. C., defeated M. Trach, Yonkers Y. M. C. A., referee's decision; Fred Staat, Boys' Club, defeated G. Gluck, Hungarian-American A. C., referee's decision; A. Dialetis, Boys' Club, defeated H. Johannesen, Norwegian Turn Society, fall. Time—6:10; J. Kohl, Boys' Club, defeated Elias Petrock, Greek-American A. C., referee's decision; George Hadgelis, Greek-American A. C., defeated J. Lundqist, Aland A. C., referee's decision; Charles Nicols, Greek-American A. C., won from Askar Carlson, Aland A. C., by default (opponent unable to continue bout); S. Lundquist, Swedish-American A. C., defeated Eugene Weber, unattached, fall. Time—1:08; Emmet Mallinas, Greek-American A. C., defeated Louis Carrake, Harlem Y. M. C. A., referee's decision; C. Liljehult, New York A. C., defeated Karl Delin, Swedish-American A. C., referee's decision; Fred Staat, Boys' Club, defeated E. Goldsteg, Hungarian-American A. C., fall. Time—4:06; A. Dialetis, Boys' Club, defeated J. Lelno, Boys' Club, fall. Time—2:32; Costas Pilavakis, Greek-American A. C., defeated George Hadgelis, Greek-American A. C., referee's decision; Elbert Malinas, Greek-American A. C., defeated S. Lundquist, Swedish-American A. C., referee's decision; C. Liljehult, New York A. C., defeated Fred Staat, Boys' Club, referee's decision.

160-Pound Class—C. Zonglowicz, Boys' Club, defeated Frank Bachmann, East Side Y. M. C. A., fall. Time—7:16; Enno Lelno, N. Y. A. C., defeated Thomas Barish, Harlem Y. M. C. A., fall. Time—3:42; Charles Humbert, Brooklyn Central Y. M. C. A., defeated J. O. Johnson, Harlem Y. M. C. A., referee's decision; Arnold Edwardsen, unattached, defeated William Lindner, Newark Y. M. C. A., fall. Time—1:06; Edward M. Lasser, Elizabeth Y. M. C. A., defeated Simon Kontelis, Greek-American A. C., referee's decision; Alex Willelmson, East Side Y. M. C. A., defeated C. Zonglowicz, Boys' Club, referee's decision; Enno Lelno, N. Y. A. C., defeated Charles Humbert, Brooklyn Central Y. M. C. A., referee's decision.

175-Pound Class—H. W. Strack, Newark Y. M. C. A., defeated Axel Arlander, Aland A. C., referee's decision.



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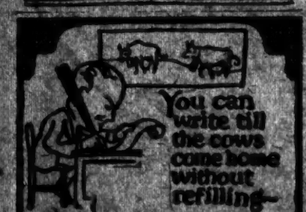

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RATING OF 38 POLO PLAYERS INCREASED

Approximately One Thousand Names on American Association Handicap List.

FIVE PUT AT TEN GOALS

Whitney and International Four at Top—Hopping, Substitute, Raised to Nine.

Nothing could lend greater emphasis to the growth of polo in this country than the official announcement made by the Polo Association yesterday of the rating list of the players for the coming season. On the form displayed during the 1921 campaign it was found advisable to increase the rating of no less than thirty-eight players, while only seven were decreased. It was announced that approximately 1,000 players were rated for this year, including the 300 members of the Army Polo Association. The majority of the 1,000 are, of course, rated at zero or one goal.

The official rating contains the names of five players who are ten-goal men. While Harry Payne Whitney is no longer an active player he is still honored with a ten-goal rating. Devereux Milburn, of course, has enjoyed the distinction for some time past and continues to hold his place. In addition to these men, the three players besides Milburn who were regulars on the American team that successfully lifted the International Polo Challenge Cup from the British team at Hurlingham, England, last Summer, were honored.

They are Thomas Hitchcock Jr., Louis E. Stoddard and J. Watson Webb. Earl W. Hopping, who was a substitute on the American team, was increased from eight goals to 9. He and Malcolm Stevenson, who has been rated at nine, are the only players with such a ranking. Captain C. C. Rumsey, who also acted as a substitute on the American team, remains as an eight-goal player, but J. Cheever Cowdin of the Rockaway Hunting Club has been increased from seven to eight, making three men rated at eight. The third is J. E. Cowdin.

The ratings are the result of the committee's work since the annual meeting of the Polo Association about six weeks ago. The announcement has been awaited with a great deal of interest by polo enthusiasts throughout the country. It was generally expected that the work of the committee would officially prove the advancement of the sport in America, and the result of their deliberations has not been disappointing.

The names of those who have been increased or decreased in rating follow:

Increased.

Name.	Club.	Goals. From.	To.
T. Hitchcock Jr.	Aiken	9	10
L. E. Stoddard	Meadow Brook	9	10
J. W. Webb	Meadow Brook	9	10
E. W. Hopping	Bryn Mawr	8	9
J. C. Cowdin	Rockaway	7	8
F. S. Von Stade	Aiken	5	6
R. L. Byrne	Bryn Mawr	5	6
B. S. Gatkins	Meadow Brook	5	6
R. Wanamaker Jr.	Bryn Mawr	4	6
R. E. Strawbridge Jr.	Bryn Mawr	4	5
R. C. Bacon	Meadow Brook	4	5
C. F. Burke	Midwick	4	5
M. Belmont	Meadow Brook	3	5
Lt. Col. T. W. Cormier	Army	3	5
Major J. L. Davers	Army	2	3
D. Jones	Meadow Brook	2	3
E. G. Miller	Midwick	2	3
E. Ayer Jr.	Myopia	2	3
A. C. Burrage Jr.	Myopia	2	3
B. Stanford	Westchester	2	3
Major T. O. Nelson	Whippany River	2	3
J. D. Richards	Whippany River	2	3
H. P. Smith Jr.	Meadow Brook	1	2
J. S. Miller Jr.	Midwick	1	2
A. E. Ogilvie	Montreal	1	2
L. Hughes	Midwick	1	2
Captain A. L. Bryan	Sandhills	1	2
J. Tuckerman	Sandhills	1	2
H. B. Blackwell	Santa Barbara	1	2
N. Bent	Dedham	0	1
C. Foster	Dedham	0	1
R. Herrick Jr.	Dedham	0	1
H. Levinson	Eatontown	0	1
J. Spalding	Midwick	0	1
J. A. Wigmore	Midwick	0	1
W. A. Timmins Jr.	Montreal	0	1
R. Tuckerman Jr.	Myopia	0	1
J. Whitney	Myopia	0	1

Decreased.

Name.	Club.	Goals. From.	To.
E. Drury	Delmonte	7	6
R. G. Shaw 2d	Dedham	5	4
Fe H. Post	Aiken	4	3
Q. A. S. McKean	Myopia	4	3
J. H. Prince	Myopia	3	2
Major G. M. Russell	Army	2	1
L. Wells	Dedham	1	0

POWERS AND WIGMORE WIN.

Stanton and Byrne Also Qualify for Handball Finals Tonight.

In the semifinal matches of the New York State one-wall handball championship tournament at the Crescent Athletic Club last night, the team of Powers and Wigmore defeated Sachman and Borthwick, 3 games to 2, while Stanton and Byrne qualified for the finals by defeating Butler and Vernon, 3 to games to 1.

The finals in the tourney will be contested tonight.

The first match was closeall through. The victors took the first game, 21 to 9, but Sachman and Borthwick staged a clean-cut comeback in the second meeting, winning by 21 to 3. They also took the third game, 21 to 11, but dropped the next two, and the match, by scores of 14 to 21 and 20 to 21. Powers's service was an important factor in the victory for his team.

Superior speed proved the margin of advantage in the second encounter, Stanton and Byrne winning all but the second game. The first game was very close, however, one point constituting the margin of advantage for the Stanton team. The last two games were easy for them, however, Stanton and Byrne winning, 21 to 8 and 21 to 3, respectively.

LEHIGH ANNOUNCES DATES.

Schedules for Spring Sports Have Been Completed.

Special to The New York Times.

BETHLEHEM, Pa., March 16.—Schedules for the Spring sports at Lehigh University have been completed and call for many attractive home games. The tennis, track and lacrosse schedules are the most extensive ever ratified by the Lehigh Athletic Association. The following are the schedules:

TENNIS.

April 21, Moravian at home; 22, Rutgers away; 26, West Virginia away; 27, Washington and Jefferson away; 28, Carnegie Tech away; 29, Pittsburgh away.

May 3, Penn at home; 5, City College of New York at home; 6, Pittsburgh at home; 10, Syracuse at home; 13, George Washington at home; 19, Navy away; 20, University of California at home; 17, Penn State at home; 19, Michigan at home; 20, Swarthmore at home; 26, Lafayette at home; 30, Moravian College away; 27, North Carolina at home.

June 3, Lafayette away.

LACROSSE.

March 25, New York Lacrosse Club at home.

April 1, Oxford University at home; 5, Rutgers away; 15, Swarthmore at home; 22, Navy at home.

May 6, Stevens away; 20, University of Pennsylvania at home; 27, Johns Hopkins away.

TRACK.

April 8, Intercolegiate meet; 22, Muhlenberg away; 27, Dickinson away; 29, Penn relays.

May 6, Haverford away; 13, Intercollegiate at Franklin and Marshall; 20, Swarthmore at Swarthmore; 24, Lafayette away.

BASEBALL.

April 8, Fordham away; 8, Princeton away; 12, Vermont at home; 15, Swarthmore away; 19, Villanova at home; 22, Union away; 24, Syracuse away; 25, Colgate away.

May 1, Trinity at home; 4, Pennsylvania away; 6, N. Y. U. at home; 13, Lafayette away; 17, Sweet Hall at home; 20, Lafayette at home; 24, Catholic University at home; 27, Holy Cross away; 30, Muhlenberg at home.

June 3, Lafayette away; 5, Colgate at home; 10, Fordham at home.

Racing Revives in Russia; Soviet Restores Calculators

PETROGRAD, March 14.—Horse racing, recently revived in Russia, has regained so much of its former popularity that the Soviet Government has decided to re-establish the calculators, which correspond to the pari-mutuel betting machines used in America. According to the communist newspapers the decision was reached when it was found that prohibitory decrees did not prevent bookmakers from operating. The revenue from the calculators also was a consideration. Most of the events are for trotting horses, and ordinary rubber-tired sulkies are used, despite the snow which frequently covers the tracks.

BILL HUNLEY WINS IN HAVANA FEATURE

Closes Big Gap and Beats Huen on Muddy Track—Judge Budrow Also Victor.

HAVANA, March 14.—Mudders had their opportunity at Oriental Park this afternoon. Heavy rains that fell during the night made the footing muddy and holding. The change in the going was responsible for the numerous withdrawals.

Bill Hunley, who developed into an unreliable proposition, proved the best in the fourth race, the feature of an ordinary card. He was a trailer in the early stages, closed a big gap, and coming through on the inside won going away from Huen.

Fenman and Judge Budrow proved a winning combination in the fifth race. Walter Turnbow trailed with the rear division in the sixth until rounding the far turn, when he moved up with a great burst of speed in the stretch run and drew away into a long lead.

Clark M., the twelve-year-old son of Kenilworth, scored his first victory of the meeting when he won the opening event, a dash for five and a half furlongs for cheap platers. Cabin Creek came from a long way back to beat Starkader by a head in the final strides in the second race and Punctual had only to make a good open gallop to beat the lot in the third race.

The summaries:

FIRST RACE—Purse $700; for four-year-olds and upward; claiming; five and one-half furlongs. Clark M., 112 pounds (Hunt), 3 to 1, 6 to 5, 3 to 5, first; Smiling Through, 104 (Garner), 6 to 5, 3 to 5, second; Berretta, 104 (Dawson), 7 to 2, third. Time—1:16 1-5. Occupation, Red Thoughtless Beauty, Dragoon, Shorty's First and Vim also ran.

SECOND RACE—Purse $700; for four-year-olds and upward; claiming; five and one-half furlongs. Cabin Creek, 113 pounds (Kelsay), 6 to 5, 2 to 5, 1 to 5, first; Starkader, 110 (Smallwood), 3 to 1, 8 to 5, second; Golden Red, 110 (Tribble), 7 to 10, third. Time—1:12 1-5. Winds of Chance, Ina Wood, Eddie Trainie, Not Yet, Kentucky, Automatic Red and Lt. Wm. J. Murray also ran.

THIRD RACE—Purse $700; for three-year-olds and upward; claiming; one mile and fifty yards. Punctual, 107 pounds (Fields), 2 to 1, 4 to 5, 2 to 5, first; Fairly, 113 (Hunt), 5 to 2, 6 to 5, second; Kelth, 91 (McLoughlin), 1 to 8, third. Time—1:53 2-5. Frank Burke, Primitive, Burley, Lady Loylit, Fair and Warmer and Caulk also ran.

FOURTH RACE—Purse $700; for four-year-olds and upward; claiming; one mile. Bill Hunley, 105 pounds (N. Swart), 7 to 5, 4 to 5, 1 to 4, first; Huen, 107 (Kennedy), 4 to 5, 2 to 5, 1 to 4, second; Hatrack, 108 (Revie), 2 to 5, third. Time—1:50 1-5. Drapery, Foxy E. and Altamaha also ran.

FIFTH RACE—Purse $700; for four-year-olds and upward; claiming; one mile. Judge Budrow, 111 pounds (Fenman), 4 to 5, 3 to 4, 1 to 10, first; Dolph, 107 (Tribble), even, 1 to 2, second; John J. Casey, 112 (N. Swart), 1 to 2, third. Time—1:49 4-5. Dolly C. and Hoenir also ran.

SIXTH RACE—Purse $700; for four-year-olds and upward; claiming; one mile and a sixteenth. Walter Turnbow, 107 pounds (Malben), 6 to 1, 3 to 2, 6 to 5, first; J. C. Stone, 110 (Garner), 8 to 5, 6 to 5, second; Bryallmah, 113 (Nolan), 1 to 2, third. Time—1:56. Wise Man, Mildred, Osgood and Rockport also ran.

Weather clear; track muddy.

HAVANA ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE—For three-year-olds and up; purse $700; five and one-half furlongs. Dixie Pilot, 110 pounds, Precious Pearl, 107, Hump 113, Sylvane 115, Blaise 113, Don Terush 115, Peaceful Star 115, Red 115, L. Gentry 115, Lost Back 115, Jack Healy 115 and Doctor D 115.

SECOND RACE—For four-year-olds and up; purse $700; claiming; five and one-half furlongs. *Bacchanalian 102 pounds, Good Hope 103, *Chisca 107, *Doctor Sheffer 107, Bayswed 108, *Pickle Fancy 100, Willie Stooks 110, Midlen 110, Hulda 110, Waterford 112, Gallon Berry 112 and Bengalese 112.

THIRD RACE—For three-year-olds; purse $700; claiming; six furlongs. *Carrie Baker 95 pounds, *Wee Can Tell 100, *Savoco 102, Fly Cast 103, *Awning 105, *Article X. 107, Plurality 110, Comorron 110, Athgarven 110, Calnite 110, Sift Cricket 110 and Hutchison 113.

FOURTH RACE—For four-year-olds and up; purse $700; claiming; mile and an eighth. *Mary Cowell 101 pounds, *Fairly 103, *Tryalong 107, Little Russ 108, Salesman 108, Caraway 110, *Comma 110, *Constantine 110, *Sol Oliver 110, *Meadowarth 110, *MaAdoo 110 and Whippet 111.

FIFTH RACE—For three-year-olds and up; St. Patrick's Day Purse $600; one mile. Olympiny 98 pounds, Rebuke 98, Patrarch 105, *Plus Ultra 102, *The Leopard 105, Black Hastie 105, Herron 105 and Stanley 107. (A. J. Lowe entry.

SIXTH RACE—For three-year-olds; purse $700; claiming; one mile. *Buckingham 92 pounds, Diversity 91, *Mary Tort 100, Ava 101, *Major Domo 105, Wise or Quit 105, *Billy Boots 106, *Blazeaway 106, Count Doria 110, Blendel 110, George W. 112 and Pittsburgh 113.

*Apprentice allowance claimed.

Weather clear; track muddy.

BATTLE MOUNTAIN IS MOBILE WINNER

Beats Oaklawn Belle in Distance Test—Eastward Princess Pays Backers 30 to 1.

Special to The New York Times.

MOBILE, Ala., March 16.—This afternoon, for the first time since the Business Men's Racing Association launched the March meeting here last year, the thoroughbreds were called upon for a journey of a mile and a furlong. Local devotees of racing have been expressing the desire for longer tests than the mile and seventy yards which has been the maximum thus far, and, in response to this demand, two such events were staged at the Fair Grounds today.

The first of these was run as the fifth race on the card and resulted in a victory for Battle Mountain, a five-year-old gelding from the stable of T. C. Travis. The son of Montgomery was outrun in the early stages, but moved up steadily after going half a mile, and, mowing down the field one by one, overhauled Oaklawn Belle, the pacemaker, in the last seventy yards, and won going away by a length from the old chestnut mare. The favorite, Old Faithful, was cut off by North Shore, but took third money.

A long shot accounted for the final race, also at a mile and an eighth. This was Eastward Princess, a black filly, owned by P. Bush, which paid her few backers the ripe odds of 30 to 1. The winner went forwardly all the way, and when Mangan urged her in the final stages she moved into the lead with a rush and outstayed Dickie W. to the finish line, where she had a half length lead. Dickie W. closed a big gap in the last half to take second place by a head from Obstinate, which had a neck's advantage over the favorite, the brown gelding Pie.

Only two public choices rewarded the sure thing players this afternoon. One of these was Miss Emma G., which annexed the second race handily enough, and the other was the consistent old gelding Murphy from R. T. Watts's string, which, packing the burden of 130 pounds, made a show of his field in the fourth event on the card, and, although under restraint much of the way, equaled the track record of 56 4-5 seconds for the short five-furlong course. St. Just also tied this mark in the third race.

In the first race three horses pelted past the judges almost in a line, Ballyhaw nosing out Malvolio, which performed the same service for Machiavelli.

The summaries:

FIRST RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $500; about five furlongs. Ballyhaw, 106½ pounds (C. Garner), 10 to 1, 4 to 1, 6 to 5, first; Malvolio, 115 (Wide), 4 to 1, 2 to 1, second; Machiavelli, 105 (Arvin), 1 to 2, third. Time—0:58 2-5. Assume, Chief Barthell, Blue Jay, Trocadero, Selma G., Hellecrosa and Tom Roach also ran.

SECOND RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $500; about five furlongs. Miss Emma G., 102 pounds (Bogaczewski), 6 to 5, 1 to 2, 1 to 4, first; Baby Evelyn, 108 (Anderson), 6 to 1, 2 to 1, second; Mabel A., 109 (Wide), 8 to 5, third. Time—0:58 4-5. Midnight Stories, Kedgwick, Doris, Powder Face, Trico and Eleanor T. also ran.

THIRD RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $500; about five furlongs. St. Just, 115 pounds (Bogaczewski), 3 to 1, 6 to 5, 2 to 5, first; Princess Lou, 115 (Gray), 6 to 5, 3 to 5, second; Orest, 120 (C. Garner), 1 to 2, third. Time—0:58 1-5. F. G. Corley, Carline S., Pomerene, Doctor Zab, Cremona, Echoland and Kitty M. also ran.

FOURTH RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $500; about five furlongs. Murphy, 130 pounds (Wells), 2 to 5, 1 to 4, 1 to 4, first; Sail Diego, 111 (Fritsche), 2 to 1, even, second; Sandy H., 122 (Wide), 1 to 2, third. Time—0:56 1-5. Ace of Aces, Lady Acton, Ragusa and My Rose also ran.

FIFTH RACE—For four-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $500; one mile and an eighth. Battle Mountain, 107 pounds (Way), 4 to 1, 8 to 5, 4 to 5, first; Oaklawn Belle, 105 (Rice), 5 to 2, 6 to 5, second; Old Faithful, 113 (Wide), 3 to 5, third. Time—1:54. American Soldier, Christie Holters, North Shore, The Cullen Bon and Captain Burns also ran.

SIXTH RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $500; one mile and an eighth. Eastward Princess, 110 pounds (Mangan), 30 to 1, 10 to 1, 5 to 1, first; Dickie W., 117 (Gray), 7 to 5, 3 to 5, second; Obstinate, 107 (Way), 7 to 2, third. Time—1:55 1-5. Miss Dixie, Blue Star, Stevenson, Pitter Patter and Beeswax also ran.

Weather clear; track fast.

MOBILE ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE—Purse $500; claiming; for maiden three-year-olds and up; about five furlongs. Gipsy Joe 102 pounds, Louis Lichtenheim 106, Sheka 110, Jackville 117, *Crest 115, *Wireless 112, Echoland 108, Sun Time 108, Hellecrosa 115, Cremona 110, T. J. Pendergast 115, *Grace King 110, *Doris 100, *Kitty M. 105.

SECOND RACE—Purse $500; claiming; for three-year-olds and up; about five furlongs. Sensawee 110 pounds, Ravenna 110, Fort Light 115, *Mr. Kressly 115, Seaboard 115, *Armistice 110, *Arthur Middleton 110, Enos 115, Midnight Stories 105, Sporting Chance 110, Surmount 115, *Brown Dick 105, Alverida 105.

THIRD RACE—Purse $500; claiming; for three-year-olds and up; about six and a half furlongs. *Forold 102 pounds, War Club 112, *Carl Roberts 111, *Machiavelli 107, *Assume 107, Rose Cliff 107, *Marse Jimmy 107, *Clive James 105, *Annette Toller 104, *No Lawn 107, *Marmite 112, Horeb 112, Myrose 111.

FOURTH RACE—Purse $500; St. Patrick's Day Purse; for three-year-olds and up; allowances; one mile and seventy yards. Old Faithful 109 pounds, *Exhorter 111, *Cecambo 111, Kirah 116, *Marse John 111, Execution 97.

FIFTH RACE—Purse $500; claiming; for three-year-olds and up; one mile and an eighth. Madge Land 110 pounds, *Sol McClintock 113, Lenena Moss 105, *Wotan 110, Brown Bill 117, Corydon 115, Tom Lagar 115, Lieutenant Perkins 116, She Devil 114, *Mah 109, Thereas 108, Plato 113, Lt. Kress 115, Jaywood 113.

SIXTH RACE—Purse $500; claiming; for three-year-olds and up; about five furlongs. Dr. Hall 115 pounds, *Treadwell 110, Skybank Bay 120, Flying Orb 115, Granny Lee 115, *Tracer 110, Miss Lavetta 115, Aunt Dada 115, *Jewder Face 95, *Tjest 110, *Cobalt Lass 105, *Capers 110, *Sky Ball 110.

*Apprentice allowance of five pounds claimed.

Weather clear; track fast.

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THE World has passed through a period of Inflation and Deflation. The War is over. Business is fast getting back to normal. Every one is making a readjustment and rearrangement of business policies that they were forced to adopt when the War turned everything upside down and inside out.

Now everyone in this organization has both feet on the ground once more. I'm back on the job, and I've put this business back on the old Platform that I adopted when I started this business 28 years ago, that is,

One Profit—One Quality—One Price

WHEN I returned from France, after the Armistice, I found that some "Multiple Stores" had introduced "Multiple Prices." I guess they were afraid that War Prices would scare their old customers away, so they introduced "Multiple Grades" and "Multiple Profits."

Coming direct from the Training Camps on the other side, it looked to me as if Business in America was trying to multiply everyone into multi-millionaires. When Business Men talked about Profits, the figures they used sounded to me like another Liberty Loan.

The disease was contagious and the germ spread in our organization. Now, I'm not going to have an Endless Chain of Prices in the Regal Chain of Stores, and starting today, we are going to cut out "Multiple Prices," "Multiple Grades" and "Multiple Profits" and do business on our old Platform of

One Profit—One Quality—One Price

The Leather Market jumped like a sky rocket when the submarines shut off the leather supply. We first had to raise our price and later had to change the price, and then introduce different prices to keep in touch with the Leather Market which jumped around faster than the Stock Market.

Now the price of Leather is back and the price of Labor is coming down, and shoes which were sold for $16.00 and $18.00, when we went over the top, we can now sell for one price, $6.80. All Sizes and Widths, All Styles and Leathers.

In other announcements I'm going to talk about "Factory Facts," "Store Savings" and "Cutting the Cost of Distribution." I'm going to tell you how the $6.80 price was made possible this year by putting the knife in Leather Costs, Averaging Labor Costs, eliminating unnecessary Over-head, Reducing Inventories, Increasing Production and Cutting our Selling Cost in two, by selling All Leathers, All Styles at One Profit and One Price.

E. J. Bliss
President
Regal Shoe Company

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27th St. & Broadway
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175 Broadway
152nd St. & Third Ave.
1413 St. Nicholas Ave.
991-993 Southern Blvd.
81 Nassau St.
50th St. & Broadway
481 Tremont Ave.
240 Broadway

Brooklyn Stores

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301 Broadway
466 Fifth Ave.
1375 Broadway
1049 Broadway
4 Flatbush Ave.
5422 Fifth Ave.

Newark Store
325 Broad St.

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NEW YORK, FRIDAY, MARCH 17, 1922.

THE LODGE HANDICAP.

The agreement to have a final vote on the Four-Power Treaty, March 24, was reached while Senator LODGE was absent from the Senate. His temporary indisposition doubtless made the negotiation between the parties easier than if he had been in his seat. For the whole course of the debate on the treaties has shown how much the Democrats not only dislike but distrust the senior Senator from Massachusetts. They believe him not only inconsistent but insincere and tricky. They cherish against him whole bundles of grievances. And as for the Republican side of the Senate, the nominal leadership of Senator LODGE is there also felt to be a hindrance to the ratification of the treaties. He gets the coldest and most intermittent support from his ostensible followers. On occasion they openly repudiate the positions which he has taken in the name of the Republican majority. Thus Senator SPENCER of Missouri bluntly declared on Wednesday that it was nonsense to say that the Four-Power Treaty is not an alliance—an alliance, that is, for conference. But this is precisely what Senator LODGE, Chairman of the Foreign Relations Committee and titular leader of the Republican Senators, had gravely maintained in his speech.

It is only fair to Mr. LODGE to say that he has borne himself as one fully aware that his personality is an obstacle in the way of ratifying the treaty. He apparently wished to keep himself in the background as much as possible. Not until he was goaded to it by the Democrats did he make up his mind even to speak in behalf of the treaties. He seemed to feel that modest stillness and humility on his part would be a greater aid than oratory. And when he was subjected to cross-examination by his political opponents, he evidently held himself under great restraint, and uttered only those few irritating things which escaped from him in spite of his having placed a bridle upon his tongue.

All told, the feeling on both sides of the Chamber is so obviously charged with animosity to Senator LODGE that, if the conduct of the treaties were to be placed in other hands during the coming critical discussions and divisions, the chances of ratification would be distinctly brightened. The Massachusetts Senator might have at least a diplomatic illness until the treaties are out of the way.

ST. PATRICK'S DAY.

Not by enthusiasm and faith and vision and energetic action alone could ST. PATRICK have made his glorious way among the tribes and clans of pagan Ireland. He must have shown tact and patience and a conciliatory and placable temper to win the consent or favor of many and difficult kings and chieftains. His spirit of forbearance and good-will is still sorely needed by his people. The long hope of Ireland is on the verge of realization. The great experiment in self-government is in the hands of the Irish. They can have a free State if they will; and it is for the South to conduct that State with such fairness and moderation that the fears and the prejudices of North Ireland will be shown to be groundless, and the divided country brought in time to unity and peace.

Mr. DE VALERA, whose notions of keeping either a truce or a treaty are singular, has chosen almost the moment of the national Saint's day to form an association of Irish Republicans for the purpose of rejecting the Anglo-Irish treaty, continuing the Civil Stream, and setting up an Irish Republic. That he has thrown away all his expressions and formulas, metaphysical or sincere, of at least a show of association with England is nothing. The deviations, inconsistencies or self-delusions of the incurable doctrinaire are unimportant. What is of infinite moment is that he seeks what every reasoning man must know to be impossible, prefers division to harmony, and, so far as lies in his power, endeavors to bring disaster upon his country.

This rending of Sinn Fein, this direct challenge to the Free State, will be welcomed, no doubt, by the mass of moderate and patriotic Irish opinion. There is no possible befogging of the question on which the voters are to pass. Shall there be civil war and anarchy in the name of an impossible republic or shall the Free State be established? The majority of the Irish people, like the majority of American voters of Irish birth or origin, the majority of American voters of all origins, are for the Free State. There lies the hope of ordered freedom, of prosperity, of the ultimate unity of all Ireland. Some of those vociferous persons who call themselves the Friends of Ireland and are notorious nuisances, whether their activities are displayed at Albany or at Washington, will march in today's parade. These pernicious busybodies are friends neither of Ireland nor of the United States. Their recommendations and their course in regard to both might well be called pernicious, if to the common sense and sense of humor of the majority of both Irish and Americans they didn't seem ridiculous.

In spite of crooked counsels and fanatical unreason on the part of some Irishmen, this is the most auspicious St. Patrick's Day that ever dawned upon Ireland, for it is near the dawn, as all men of good-will hope, of a new, free, self-governing Ireland, facing the future courageously and confidently.

BUILDING TRADES AND PUBLIC.

Whatever doubt individuals in the building trades may have expressed as to the feasibility of Mr. UNTERMYER's plan of arbitrating efficiency, the Council in its official capacity has now set its loyalty to the Lockwood committee beyond question. It has not only accepted the proposal of the Employers' Association that "the public" be represented at the forthcoming wage conference, but has asked for the presence also of a subcommittee composed of the men who lately exposed Brindellism and Hettrickism. Representatives of architects, contractors and home builders are well enough, they say, but "we regard the "Lockwood committee as more di- "rectly representing the public than "any private body or association, "however eminent and trustworthy."

That is the voice of sound sense. As appointees of the Legislature, the members of the Lockwood committee represent the people of city and State as no volunteers can. Even more important than the "directness" of their authority is the effectiveness with which they have exercised it. That the Building Trades Council insists on their presence in a conference to determine future wage scales is evidence of a new attitude. Incidentally, it is a crowning proof of the success of the committee's endeavors. Governor MILLER doubts the advisability of a permanent trade commission, but there can be no doubt as to the permanent need of administration such as the Lockwood committee has given. For the immediate future its continuance is assured. Even if the present Legislature fails to provide for a trade commission, the project may be revived next year.

A PHILADELPHIA EXAMPLE.

The opposition to the Mitten management of the Philadelphia Rapid Transit Company was able to muster only 70,000 votes, while 520,000 were in its favor. Mr. MITTEN had no need of the 10,000 votes of his employés in the Co-operative Welfare Association. It had bought shares for the purpose of retaining the management which had done as much for the workers as for the company. The dissenting shareholders resented what they called one-man management. But it had been demonstrated that one-man management was precisely what the company required. The defeated Directors objected to the payment to Mr. MITTEN of $158,000 salary, with extras. But he was cheap at the price. When he was invited to reorganize the company it was practically bankrupt of both capital and good-will. He turned a deficit into a profit and proposes for the future what he calls a co-operative dividend; the workers are to share in the surplus above the dividends which their work produces under the Mitten management. It has been a world-wide complaint that labor's efficiency has decreased as wages were increased. In Philadelphia efficiency has increased. The men actually allowed arrears due them to accumulate until the company could pay. The relations between the employés and the company have become cordial.

The contrast between the Philadelphia and the New York conditions needs no elaboration. At Mr. SHONTS's death it was reported that Mr. MITTEN would be his successor. But the latter declared that he would not leave Philadelphia until his administration had arrived its criticism. Even now no mere salary would tempt Mr. MITTEN. Whether he believes that he could repeat here what he has done in Chicago and Philadelphia we do not know. The general moral of his case is worth the attention of both labor and capital. The laborer is worthy of his hire, and that applies to management as well as to muscle. Brain work deserves good pay, since labor alone could no more have produced Mr. MITTEN's results than could capital alone. The results of the co-operation between labor and capital in this Philadelphia instance seem almost miraculous, but there is scant doubt that they could be duplicated elsewhere.

PRAISE VS. GRATITUDE.

Though the American Relief Administration is feeding ten times as many Russian famine sufferers as all the European relief agencies combined, TROTZKY assured the Moscow Soviet that while "we praise" Dr. FRIDTJOF NANSEN, we "only express gratitude" to the American Relief Administration. The reason given for the difference was that "we don't know what America wants." If the Russian Minister of War were to visit the office of the Minister of Foreign Affairs and were to look through the papers from America, as did a visitor who testified before a committee of Congress a few days ago, TROTZKY would discover what he professes not to know. He would learn that the people of America, in sending ships of grain to Russia, wanted only to feed the starving and furnish seed for next year's harvests.

His real reason, however, appears in the resolution adopted by the Soviet. They gave the "first place" to the A. R. A., but demanded that determined measures be taken against the religious leaders of the people who minister to those in need, but who, with "the counter-revolutionary elements," are seeking to use the Relief Administration for their own interests. It is, therefore, not the support of "Kolchakism" (of which America is accused by TROTZKY) that prevents the bestowal of "praise." It is the Soviet's distrust of those who still hold the spiritual leadership of the Russian people and who come closest to them in their woes. And it is admitted that the Bolshevistic attitude toward religious institutions has led to "a revival and not to a decline in religion." And if the American people read the reports that come from Tsaritsin, where the miles of sleds are carrying packages of food and grain, marked with the Stars and Stripes, to the hungry and starving, they may well be content to go without commendation by TROTZKY, for "their works do praise them" where they are best known.

A TRIUMPH FOR SMUTS.

Fortunately for the Transvaal, the Premier of the South African Union is a soldier. In the Johannesburg district he has had to deal with insurrection, not with a labor trouble. The general strike, now called off, was a cloak for a conspiracy to overturn the Government. The leaders could count upon several thousand men to seize Benoni, Brakpan, Fordsburg, and cut the Pretoria railway. The strategy was probably supplied by Boer sympathizers. Such names as VILJOEN and ERASMUS occur among the leaders of commandos which resisted the police and fought the loyal troops. But the Government attracted a much larger following of Boers who had faith in JAN SMUTS. General VAN DEVENTER led his forces, General CONRAD BRITS had an important command. But it was General SMUTS himself who took charge of the campaign. Proceeding by rail to Kimberley, he finished his dash to the Rand in a high-powered automobile. He ran into a strong position of the rebels. It must have seemed like old times to the sturdy SMUTS. All the historic names associated with two wars are repeated in the dispatches: Krugersdorp, Potchefstroom, Rietfontein and Johannesburg. If the Premier had not struck at the heart of the anarchy, for such the disturbance became, the rebels would probably have been successful.

It was the blacks of the Rand who stood by the Government best, for among the "strikers" they could not look for friends. Outside of the Johannesburg district and the Rand few of the workers went out. On the railways the loyalists were in a great majority. Nevertheless, the rebels numbered many thousands. They were fairly well armed. But training and discipline prevailed. Such commands as the Imperial Light Horse, the Durban Light Infantry and the veteran Boer outfits routed the rebels at every contact, taking from 2,500 to 4,000 prisoners. Bombing airplanes were used against the rebels. The airplanes were also effective in dropping food into the camps of beleaguered police. Once more the flying machine proved itself indispensable in warfare.

The triumph of General SMUTS seems now complete. Rebel groups are still holding out, but the worst is over. A Johannesburg dispatch goes so far as to call it a "Red revolution." If General SMUTS is correctly quoted, the disorders were the work of radicals who used the gold strike to disseminate syndicalist propaganda and to excite the white miners to rise against the Government. But they had to reckon with the conservative element in the community, Boer as well as British. The Premier on Monday said that the response to the Government's call for recruits to take the field had been magnificent. The quelling of the insurrection will add greatly to the personal prestige of General SMUTS.

THE QUIZ OF CIVIC VIRTUE.

Mayor HYLAN is on solid ground when he proposes "a public hearing "at which all interested citizens will "have an opportunity to voice their "sentiments" with regard to the MacMonnies statue of Civic Virtue confronting City Hall. It is not likely that much art criticism of note will be uttered, but first and last a public monument is public. If nothing else is accomplished, many eyes will be opened and multitudinous vocabularies limbered. In Continental cities, notably Paris, the addition of a work of art is frequently made an occasion of general observation and suggestion. But, after all, the Art Commission is the Art Commission. It will take due note of popular feeling, but will not forget that matters of professional judgment are to be ultimately decided by professional experts.

When the Mayor adds that we should take counsel especially "with the women of the city" he raises a delicate issue. Is art, which knows no nationality, to be circumscribed by considerations of sex? Already there is deep umbrage that the figure of Civic Virtue is male, whereas the "Temptations" that lie at his feet, prostrate and resentful, are females. It is not suggested that these brazen hussies with their serpent locks shall rise triumphant while the masculine figure bites the dust. Once more the cry is for equality. "In this age," says Miss MARY GARRETT HAY, "woman should "be placed not below man but side by "side with him in any representation "of civic virtue." That is the great idea that has split political committees on the plan of NOAH and his ark, threatens to give us a Lady President at Washington and even to dilute still further the masculinity of the Senate.

Something has to be left to the mood of the artist. When Chicago expressed itself in marble, the heroic figure entitled "I Will" was that of a woman. Did any man rise up and demand the privilege of standing "side by side" with her? Chicago knows what a symbol is. It admired "I Will" from a distance, stricken with awe and solemnity. Mr. MACMONNIES is of opinion that Civic Virtue confronting City Hall has a man-size job and has made his protagonist eleven feet high.

THE FUTURE POLICY OF GREECE.

GOUNARIS, who resigned as Greek Premier last week, is back again. On the whole, it is as well, for the very vote which caused his resignation showed that he was still the strongest leader in the National Assembly, if not in the nation. He was beaten because he refused to permit debate on his recent visits to London, Paris and Rome, and the results of his efforts to win support of the Powers in the forthcoming Near Eastern conference. That is a matter of vital importance to Greece, and refusal to admit debate might well be taken as indicating a bad conscience; yet even on this issue GOUNARIS was beaten by only five votes.

Apparently, then, he can count on virtually half of the Assembly in any circumstances. None of his competitors could hold office without his consent; STRATOS, who tried to form a Cabinet and failed, could apparently be sure of not more than a fifth or a sixth of the Chamber. The Liberals, followers of VENIZELOS, have less than a third. Evidently it must be GOUNARIS or nobody. The Greek National Herald of this city, representing Liberal opinion, suggested a Coalition Government, and ascribed the return of GOUNARIS to malevolent Italian diplomacy. But evidently no coalition could live without GOUNARIS's consent.

In the long run it will probably be a good thing for Greece if GOUNARIS is left to face the music at the Near Eastern conference next week. For he and CONSTANTINE are responsible for the loss of European support which has handicapped Greece; it is GOUNARIS who has visited the great Powers this Winter, who knows what they think about the Near Eastern problem and about his Government. If the conference turns against Greece, GOUNARIS ought to be left to get his country out of the difficulties into which he brought it. Let those who are responsible bear the responsibility.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Mary Ellen Held Responsible.

With the greater part of Dr. PRINCE's report on his experiences and discoveries at the MacDonald farm, and with his conclusions, there will be unqualified agreement by all except the more obstinate believers in "spirits." He shows his familiarity with the literature of the subject by recalling many of the classical cases more or less like the one in Antigonish, and it is evident that he knew when he went there the probability, amounting almost to a certainty, that in MARY ELLEN lay the solution of the mystery over which so much excitement has been aroused. He fairly well justifies, too, the taking of so much trouble to fix on her a responsibility that could have been ascribed to her safely enough without going so far and without any elaborate apparatus of bells and wires. It was only an actual investigation that would have convinced the credulous in Nova Scotia and elsewhere that the happenings which disturbed the MacDonald family doll their neighbors were the work of MARY ELLEN and not of "ghosts."

Even now, however, not a few will cling to their delusion, and for this Dr. PRINCE himself will be more or less to blame, for, quite gratuitously, he refers in his report to a "discarnate intelligence" as "the possible though not probable" inciter of the girl's actions. No such incitement was necessary, at her age, to clear her of any suspicion that her conduct was wicked or malicious, for there were other and quite sufficient explanations of her nervous disequilibration.

That she suffers somewhat from what Dr. PRINCE calls "dissociation of personality"—a splitting of the "psyche" into two or more seemingly independent beings—may be true, but that is far from requiring the assumption of the existence of "discarnate intelligences," or even any consideration of telepathic influences from intelligences that still are incarnate.

Illogical and Yet Irrefutable.

It is to be observed with regret that Dr. PRINCE is one of those investigators who, having proved that many phenomena passing for supernatural or supernormal are neither, deduces from his inability to make the same demonstration in regard to certain other phenomena that they are of an entirely different quality. Than that deduction none could be less logical, yet it is the last ditch into which the spiritists always retreat when hard pressed. It cannot be denied that they are wise to go there, for in that last ditch they will be safe until all the possibilities of trickery and deception, conscious and unconscious, have been exhausted—which will be never. Innumerable "mediums," including BROWNING's "Mr. Sludge," have taken refuge in the irreducible minimum of the, as yet, "unexplained and undetected," and it is this that enables so many of them to go calmly on with their exploitation of the ignorant and the superstitious after they have been found out in one fraud after another. It also permits them to live down their own confessions, as the FOX sisters did, and it is the foundation of the claim that there is "something" remaining after reason and science have been used to the limit.

The residual "something" does exist in these matters, but no more than in a thousand others that pass unnoticed because familiar.

Such Posts Are Not for Civilians.

It is not alone among the patients in the Fox Hills Hospital that indignation is felt over the shooting done the other day by one of the civilian guards. The feeling is shared by many, perhaps most, of the former soldiers who have heard about the affair.

They do not deny that the guard may have had some provocation for what he did, or even that, as he claims, he acted in self-defense. They insist, however, that the provocation did not justify the action taken, and that necessary discipline among the patients could be maintained without the use of deadly weapons if the task were entrusted to men with more discretion than a civilian guard is likely to have—to men with more experience in the handling of soldiers and with a better claim for their respect and obedience.

The fact that almost never did the soldiers assigned to service as military police have any difficulty in carrying out their orders, though these often involved the taking of stern measures, is cited by these critics of the system in vogue at Fox Hills and other military hospitals as indicating the change that should be made. There are many ex-service men who would be glad to get such posts in these days of unemployment, and, if judiciously selected, they could be trusted not to abuse either their power or their guns if they had them.

The soldiers in the hospitals are not all saints, by any means, nor is their conduct always commendable, but all of them have earned more than ordinary consideration for their ills, and even for their tempers, under the tedium of their confinement.

Especially should those who are the victims of war strain, commonly miscalled "shell shock," be safe from the harshness to which ignorance is so ready to resort.

They Deny They're Coerced.

English women are showing commendable consistency by asserting that with their new privileges of equality should go like equalities of responsibility. They protest against the absurdity of sending a man to prison and letting his wife go free, when both took part in a violation of the law, and they scorn a lenience that had for basis only an old law under which it was assumed that wives did what their husbands ordered and should not be punished even though obedience meant crime.

Whether that law was a good and sound one, even in the days of King CANUTE, may well be doubted, but at least there was some excuse for passing it then, while there is none at all for perpetuating it now, when, if there is any coercion incidental to the marital relation, it is about equally shared by the two parties to the contract.

FIRST GREEN.

I've seen the first green,
Small, sharp spears,
(I know the place where
The first green appears!)
Curled like a baby's hand,
Young ferns grow,
Safe in a sheltered place
That I know.

I will take you there
If you'll follow.
We'll go down a hill
Into a hollow,
Past two willow trees,
Shining gold,
Under an apple tree
Wild and old.

One silver poplar tree,
Two birches white,
Then there's a forked path—
Turn to the right!
There'll be a low wall
Of gray stone
Where old bittersweet
And clematis have grown.

Once you have learned how
Green things grow—
Watched them coming out—
Then you know
The same joy that Adam
And Eve once had
When any blossom
Could make them glad.

There by the old wall,
On the south side,
The very first snowdrops
And mandrakes hide.
I go so early
As robins call
And find them coming out
There by the wall.

LOUISE DRISCOLL.

ANATOLIA GOVERNMENT.

Quotes Unfavorable Description by Ali Kemal Bey.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

According to the Turkish journal Yeni Adana, published in Adana, capital of Cilician Armenia, on the occasion of the ceremonies incident to the transfer of Cilicia by France to the Turks, Senator Franklin Bouillon, negotiator of the Franco-Turk treaty, is reported to have made the following remarks:

"* * * Even during the bitterest days of the war France was a friend of Turkey. Now a new situation has been created in the East which makes it possible to conclude an agreement between France and Turkey. I am happy to have subscribed my name to that agreement. That agreement has also been signed by your President, Mustapha Kemal Pasha, whom I greatly respect and love." * * *

Ali Kemal Bey, the well-known Turk leader, writing in the Turkish journal Peyam Sabah, describes Mustapha Kemal and his Government as follows:

"Tyranny has free play in Anatolia. The great National Assembly, the administrative, judicial systems of Anatolia—these are empty words, pure bunk.

"The Government in Anatolia rests upon the scaffold and the sword. It keeps itself in power by murder and plunder.

"Topal Osman Agha—a hero according to Angora—at the head of his thousand brigands invaded the regions of Samsun, Marsivan and Tchorum and everywhere created a state of terror. Anatolia has been converted into a gigantic hospital.

"But Nureddine Pasha excelled him in brutality. He slaughtered at Katch-Kerni all the Kurds who had gone thither to effect an understanding with him. Whereupon the Kurd Deputies protested on the floor of the Angora Assembly, and Nureddine has been cited for trial. But he will not be punished. They cannot punish him.

"What, then, are the reasons that Angora pleads in support of these revolting deeds? National defense, is the answer. The poor people of Anatolia are living today under the continuing menace of all sorts of oppression. The Angora Government may hide the truth from the people for a few weeks or months, but the people will soon discover how badly they have been duped.

"Never before has this country had a Government that was as stupid, as unclean and as tyrannical as the so-called Government of Kemal is. The Government of Angora makes one wish for the return of the tyranny of Union and Progress (Young Turks).

VAHAN CARDASHIAN.

New York, March 4, 1922.

Flexner on Chiropractic.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In previous issues chiropractors—and those in sympathy with them—have given voice to their views in the columns of your paper. May I ask that you also grant me the privilege of your columns to quote from the speech-making report of Mr. Abraham Flexner, which, some ten years ago, "voiced in effective fashion the views of the wisest medical men in America."

"There is no need, just as there is no logical justification, for the invocation of names or creeds, for the segregation from the larger body of established truth of any particular set of truths or supposed truths as especially precious," &c. "The tendency to build a system out of a few partially apprehended facts, definitive inferences filling in the rest, has not indeed been limited to medicine, but it has nowhere else had more calamitous consequences. The logical position of medical-sectarians today is self-contradictory. They have practically accepted the curriculum as it has been worked out on a scientific basis" (page 157). I would add that as research is only being carried out by physicians (doctors of medicine) these pseudo-scientists steal the brain work of others, without adding anything to the sum total of human knowledge themselves. They are accepting and encroaching on scientific medicine more and more every year—as much as they dare.

As for chiropractic, we find the following on page 158: "Once granted the possibility of medical dogma, there can be no limit to the number of dissenting sects. As a matter of fact, only three or four are entitled to serious notice in an educational discussion." (The three or four Mr. Flexner refers to are now reduced to one, which no doubt in due time will follow in the footpaths of its predecessors.) "The chiropractics, the mechano-therapists" (now deceased) "and several others are not medical sectarians, though exceedingly desirous of masquerading as such. They are unconscionable quacks, whose printed advertisements are tissues of exaggeration, pretense and misrepresentation of the most unqualifiedly mercenary character. The public prosecutor and the Grand Jury are the proper agencies for dealing with them."

These statements, made over ten years ago, are just as applicable now as then. It is time they and their fatuous and ludicrous claims are rooted out, as what little good these various "systems" possess is already being taught in regular medical colleges—although it seems rather hard for the public to understand this.

RICHARD F. B. SCHMISCHKE.

New York City, March 8, 1922.

Alaska Transportation.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The article by Professor Chapman of Yale on "Alaska" in Sunday's issue, Feb. 26, is the best statement of the Alaskan situation which I have yet seen. The only omission in consideration of the transportation situation, so ably discussed in your editorial of Jan. 2. This editorial shows that the key to the difficulty in Alaskan development is to be found in transportation from Alaska to the markets of the United States and elsewhere.

It will be noticed that those who are anxious to throw open Alaska to the old-fashioned destructive exploitation make no mention of transportation and base their argument solely on the disadvantages of Government restrictions. An excellent example of the reasoning followed by the would-be exploiters of Alaska is Governor Riggs's article which you published some time ago. I believe in the Dec. 18 issue. In this article is clearly visible the discredited policy of destructive exploitation, regardless of the public interest. If the solicitude of these people for the development of Alaska is sincere, why do they not attack the transportation problem?

Professor Chapman shows very clearly how uncontrolled greed nearly exterminated the fur seals, the salmon fisheries and the forests, which had been left under the Interior Department. How, then, can any one genuinely interested in the sound development of Alaska sincerely advocate turning the forests and other resources of Alaska over to the Interior Department?

BARRINGTON MOORE.

New York, Feb. 28, 1922.

Mr. Untermyer's Plan.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Please permit me to call your attention to a misstatement in the editorial article headed "A Pause in De-Brindellizing," which was published in THE TIMES on March 14. The editorial states that both the Building Trades Council and the Building Trades Employers' Association now denounce as impossible the plan proposed by Mr. Untermyer for a wage settlement in the building trades. This is not true as far as the council is concerned. Carrying as it does a guarantee for efficiency and insuring peace for two years, with the interests of all parties fully protected, Mr. Untermyer's proposal is the only proper solution of the matter. The council so declared two months ago and it is maintaining the same stand now.

MEMBER EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE,
New York Building Trades Council.

Brooklyn, March 16, 1922.

ITALY DECORATES HYLAN.

Gets Order of Commander of the Crown for Hospitality.

Mayor John F. Hylan was made a Commander of the Order of the Crown by Ambassador Ricci of Italy yesterday, the ceremonies taking place in the Mayor's reception room in the presence of a number of Italians. The Mayor was decorated, the Ambassador said, for his hospitality to General Diaz and other notable Italians who visited the United States last year and also for services rendered Italians in New York City.

"This city is the greatest Italian municipality in the world, for within a radius of twenty-five miles of this building," said the Mayor, "there are almost twice as many Italians as are numbered in the capital city of Italy. I am sure that I speak the sentiments of this city when I say that we all hold a deep and abiding affection for Italy and her people and have the utmost confidence in the capacity of the Italian Government to surmount present difficulties."

At the same ceremony Rodman Wanamaker, Chairman of the Mayor's Reception Committee to Distinguished Guests, was made a Chevalier of the Order of the Crown.

PICK BRONX "TRIUMVIRATE."

Democrats Name Nugent, O'Neill and Flynn as Leaders.

After a four-hour session the Executive Committee of the Democratic County Committee of the Bronx decided last night to have a "triumvirate" rule the Bronx Democracy for the ensuing political year. The rulers will be Stephen A. Nugent, leader of the Fourth District, and former Deputy Commissioner of Charities Thomas H. O'Neill, Under-Sheriff and leader of the Sixth District, and Sheriff Edward J. Flynn.

The borough will be divided into sections. Flynn will be responsible for the lower end, Nugent will look after the middle section and O'Neill will have charge of the northern territory, adjoining Westchester. The three men were aspirants for the mantle of Arthur H. Murphy, the Bronx Democratic County Chairman, who died on Feb. 6, and were selected by the men and women leaders who make up the Executive Committee. Dr. James A. Hamilton, Commissioner of Correction, resided.

REPORTS ICE IN SHIP LANES.

Navy Department Warns North Atlantic Routes May Be Hazardous.

WASHINGTON, March 16.—The hydrographic office of the Navy Department issued a warning today that the North Atlantic steamship lanes, normally used from February 1 to August 31, may be rendered hazardous by the presence of extensive ice fields. The lanes were described as those crossing "longitude 47 west, in latitude 40 degrees 50 minutes north, eastbound, and latitude 41 degrees 30 minutes, westbound."

"Ice may be expected to threaten these lanes any time after April 1," the statement said, "making their continued use hazardous. When ice conditions render it imperative to safety, this office will issue definite instructions as to the routes to be used."

Recent reports from the coast guard cutter Seneca, on duty with the International Ice Observation Service, indicated an "unusual amount of ice" south of Cape Race, it was announced.

AMATEURS' RADIO REPORT.

Wave-Length Limits and Self-Policing Are Proposed.

WASHINGTON, March 16.—Recommendation that a wave length of from 150 to 275 meters be allocated to amateur wireless telephone operators, that the field between these limits be subdivided for various amateur classes, and that their status be fixed by law, was made in a report made public today by the Amateur Committee of the Government radio conference. The report was supplementary of those of other committees, which already have been published.

The amateur operator would continue to be under the jurisdiction of the Department of Commerce if the committee report was accepted, and "for the purpose of self-policing among the amateurs" amateur deputy radio inspectors would be elected to serve under the Federal radio inspector in charge of each district.

The deputy radio inspector would serve without compensation and would be clothed with "whatever authority may be necessary in the opinion of the district radio inspector."

$450,000 JEWISH RELIEF.

Twenty-Five Teams to Collect or Donate Sum by Monday.

David M. Bressler, Chairman of the city campaign for Jewish relief for victims of the war, famine and pogroms in Russia, said yesterday that twenty-five teams were still canvassing the trades and industries. These teams have promised to turn in $450,000 next Monday night, either by collecting the money or donating it themselves. There will be a "mopping up" meeting on Monday evening at the home of Louis Marshall, 47 East Seventy-second Street. Final reports will be made at that meeting.

Temple sisterhoods are vying with each other in going far beyond their quotas. The Shaaray Tefilah Sisterhood, which pledged $3,000, has raised $6,000; the B'nai Jeshurun Sisterhood, which started with $3,500, has obtained $8,500.

Contributions received since last Monday at campaign headquarters, 685 Fifth Avenue, include the following:

State Bank	$10,000
Officers and men in N. Y. Police Dept.	4,527.15
Temple Beth-El	2,500
George Blumenthal	2,000
Congregation Shaaray Zedek	1,000
Polech Crown Bldg. Co.	1,000
Jefferson Seligman	1,000
Alpha Epsilon Phi Sorority	1,000
Julius Fishman	1,000
M. H. Mann	1,000
Jacob Rosenthal	1,000
Mr. and Mrs. Morris Weinstein	1,000
Adolph Zukor	1,000

GREEK CABINET FORMED.

Gounaris Again in Office at the Head of a New Ministry.

ATHENS, March 16.—The new Cabinet formed by Premier Gounaris in succession to the Cabinet headed by him which resigned last week is composed as follows:

Premier and Minister of Justice—DEMETRIOS GOUNARIS.
Minister of Foreign Affairs and Marine—GEORGE F. BALTAZZIS.
Minister of War—E. THEOTOKIS.
Minister of Agriculture—M. ARGYRIS.
Minister of Communications—M. STRABENOS.
Minister of Finance—M. PROTOPAPADAKIS.
Minister of the Interior—M. GONDAS.
Minister of Public Instruction—M. POLIGENIS.
Minister of National Economy—M. ROUFFOS.

DUTCH FEAR BAN ON BULBS.

Nurserymen Await Anxiously Results of Conference at Washington.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

THE HAGUE, March 16.—Dutch nurserymen are anxiously awaiting the results of the conference at Washington regarding the importation of plants and bulbs, as should the United States continue the prohibition, it would spell calamity and ruin to many nurseries, involving many banks financing them.

The Second Chamber adopted today a bill fixing Summer time, which henceforth runs between March 18 and October 9.

A bill now introduced in Parliament advocates the changing of the eight-hour day to eight and a half hours, or 48 hours weekly.

NEW POPE INSTALLED IN MODEST QUARTERS

Pius XI. Moves Into Apartment as Simple as That of Any Cardinal in Rome.

DECREES CONCLAVE CHANGE

Voting to Begin 15 to 18 Days After Pontiff's Death—May Go Outside Vatican.

ROME, March 16 (Associated Press).—Pope Pius XI. at last occupies the private apartment in which, since the death of Pope Benedict, workmen have been making changes suggested by him. The renovation was necessitated by the usage of several years, and the Pope's quarters now have been restored to what they were under Pious X.

The room in the corner of the Apostolic Palace, looking out on one side on St. Peter's Square and on the other side on the Castle of St. Angelo, which room Pope Benedict transformed into a private chapel, is again the Pontiff's bedroom. Pius X. used it as his sleeping quarters. It is a middle-sized room, with a high ceiling, and its two large windows admit full light and sunshine. It has a southeasterly exposure.

The room is simply furnished. Near the modest bed is a wooden prie-dieu with a large crucifix on top of it.

The adjoining room, where Pope Benedict died, has been changed into a chapel, the same as it was when Pius X. was alive. A corridor leads from the bedroom to the dining room, which adjoins the chapel. Then follow the study and private sitting room of the Pontiff. The last named room opens into a large ante-chamber. From the window one may look out upon St. Peter's Square.

There is a bathroom and also three rooms for the Pope's personal attendants, his valet, Malvestiti, and his two secretaries, Mgr. Confalonieri and Mgr. Eri Venini.

The carpets, furniture and draperies were all chosen for their simplicity. Persons who have visited the apartment say that there is no Cardinal in Rome who is living in more modest quarters. The Pontiff himself supervised the bringing upstairs of many letters, telegrams and books which had accumulated in the rooms that he occupied temporarily on the floor beneath his present apartment.

The Osservatore Romano, official organ of the Vatican, publishes a Papal motu proprio modifying the Constitution of Pius X. so as to extend the period elapsing between the death of a Pope and the convening of the conclave to elect his successor. Pius XI. makes the interval fifteen days instead of ten, leaving the Cardinals free to extend it two or three days further. Not more than eighteen days, altogether, must elapse after a Pope's death before the Conclave meets.

Pius XI. also establishes that the Cardinals in their first preparatory congregation should fix the days in which to celebrate the customary nine solemn high requiem masses for the dead Pope. The rule concerning the attendants allowed a Cardinal during the conclave is modified so as to permit each member of the Sacred College to take into the conclave two servants, one an ecclesiastic and the other a layman, besides a layman servant.

The rule providing that in the first day of the conclave the Cardinals could not celebrate mass and obliging them to take communion is changed so as to leave it optional with them either to celebrate mass or take communion.

It is probable, says the Giornale d'Italia today, that Pope Pius will come out of the Vatican to take part in the procession from St. Peter's to the Church of San Giovanni in Laterano on the occasion of the Eucharistic Congress next May. The newspaper attributes this prediction to one of the Vatican monsignori whom it interviewed. The Pope may be carried in the procession, it is said, in the Sedia Gestatoria, or portable throne used on occasions of State.

This would break a precedent established at the time of the Papal loss of temporal power, since which no Pope has gone outside the Vatican. It would not, however, according to the authoritative quotes, mean a change in the attitude of the Holy See toward the Italian Government, any more than did the action of Pope Pius in appearing on the exterior balcony of St. Peter's to bless the faithful after his election.

The Marquis MacSwiney of Mashanaglass today presented to Pope Pius a

E. T. APPLEBY WEDS AFTER BROKEN TROTH

Amateur Billiard Champion Secretly Marries Miss Helen Outerbridge in Philadelphia.

THE SEVERED IN DECEMBER

Couple Patched Up Their Differences Here a Week Ago—Wedding Surprise Families and Friends.

The news of the marriage of Miss Helen Outerbridge, daughter of Dr. and Mrs. Paul Outerbridge of 49 West Seventy-fourth Street, this city, and Edgar T. Appleby in Philadelphia on Wednesday came as a surprise to her relatives and friends in this city.

Mrs. Outerbridge said last night that she did not know of her daughter's marriage until she received a telegram from Philadelphia announcing that it had taken place. She stated that she could not tell anything about their plans for the future, as she had not been advised.

Mr. Appleby's father, Edgar S. Appleby, resides at Glen Cove, L. I., and it was said at his home last night that he had gone away.

The engagement of the couple was announced last September, 1921, and in December last Dr. and Mrs. Outerbridge announced that the engagement had been broken by mutual consent.

The bride is the oldest of three children. Paul E. Outerbridge Jr. and Miss Grace Outerbridge being her brother and sister. Appleby is a grandson of the late Charles E. Appleby, who died in 1913 in his ninetieth year, leaving a large estate consisting primarily of large parcels of property in the vicinity of Seventh Avenue and Fifty-ninth Street. He is 25 years old and his bride is 22. He is the world amateur billiard champion, having won the championship in Philadelphia last month at the Manufacturers Club.

It is said that Mr. Appleby met Miss Outerbridge about a week ago in New York and patched up their differences. Then they decided to go forward with their plans to get married and to do it with speed. After arriving in Philadelphia Wednesday they went to the Rev. Franklin Joiner of St. Clement's Episcopal Church, Twentieth and Cherry Streets, and were married.

They are at present staying at the Ritz-Carlton in Philadelphia, and spent yesterday afternoon motoring through Fairmount Park.

MISS BEECHER TO WED COUNT JEAN DE LUPPE

Ex-Ambassador Wallace's Niece Engaged to Former French Aviator, a War Hero.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, March 16.—Mr. and Mrs. Hugh Campbell Wallace announced today the engagement of their niece, Miss Sally Beecher, to Count Jean Bertrand de Luppe. Miss Beecher, who is the granddaughter of the late Chief Justice Fuller, has made her home with Mr. and Mrs. Wallace since the death of her parents. She met Count de Luppe while Mr. Wallace was Ambassador to France.

Count de Luppe, who is 34 years of age, was Squadron Commander in the French Aviation Corps during the war and received the Legion of Honor and Croix de Guerre with three citations for his good work. He was shot down and taken prisoner in September, 1918, after setting fire to a German observation balloon. The Count, whose family can be traced back to the ninth century, owns the Chateau de Salestavit, as well as tea plantations in Ceylon.

It is not yet known whether the wedding will take place in Paris or Washington, D. C., but in any event Mr. and Mrs. Wallace are returning to their Tarsens home in July.

Misses Schwartz in Double Wedding

A double wedding will take place next Tuesday when two sisters, the Misses Jessie W. and Dorothy Schwartz, daughters of Louis Schwartz of 206 West Ninety-third Street, are married. Miss Jessie Schwartz, who is 24 years old, will marry Arthur J. Becker of 200 Riverside Drive and Miss Dorothy Schwartz, who is 23 years old, is to wed Joseph J. Furman, also of 200 Riverside Drive. The first news of the marriages came yesterday when the couples obtained their licenses at the Municipal Building.

Stern-Levi Wedding Sunday.

The marriage of Miss Marion Ella Levi, a daughter of Mrs. Louis Levi of 18 West Eighty-eighth Street, and Harold Melrose Stern of Hollywood, Cal., will take place in the Italian Garden of the Ambassador at 6:30 o'clock next Sunday evening. Miss Levi is a graduate of Barnard College, Mr. Stern is a graduate of the Harvard Law School and also the University of California.

CITY HELPS MAKE MOVIE.

Sault Ste. Marie Mayor and Citizens Aid Canadian Producer.

Special to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

SAULT STE. MARIE, Ont., March 16. —Contracts were executed here today between Sault Ste. Marie Films, Ltd., a provincial corporation, and Ernest Shipman, the Canadian motion picture producer, under the terms of which the local company will finance the making of Alan Sullivan's book, "The Rapids," at an estimated cost of $200,000.

On the Board of Directors are: W. D. Hearn, President Algoma Steel Corporation; Major R. B. Wilson, Vice President Spanish River Pulp and Paper Company, Ltd.; J. D. Jones, general manager, Algoma Steel Corporation, Ltd.; Colonel C. H. L. Foster, general manager Spanish River Pulp and Paper Company; George A. Montgomery, President Algoma Central & Hudson Bay Railway Company and Algoma Eastern Railway Company; George W. Goodwin, Crown attorney; James Lyons, President Board of Trade; John Hussey, general manager Hussey Ferrier Company, Limited, and Ernest Shipman.

An advisory board has also been formed, consisting of the Mayor and men and women identified with social and educational organizations.

TRUSTEE ASKS DISCHARGE.

Couldn't Stand Woman's Demands for Money From Chinese Bonds.

In an application to the Supreme Court yesterday by Oscar Gubelman, banker, to be relieved of the trusteeship of a fund set aside in 1915 by Burton F. Kreyer, a language teacher, for the support of his wife, Mrs. Aylda Kreyer, and two children, showed that although the fund was worth $16,000 at the time, it now consists only of Chinese bonds, which cannot be converted into cash. The trustee wants to quit because of Mrs. Kreyer's demands for money. Justice Newburger asked the attorneys in the case to agree on a new trustee.

Kreyer inherited $95,000 from the estate of his father in Germany in 1915. He was caught in the stokehold of a steamship trying to leave this country with the money and a young French girl whom he had introduced to his family as his sister and who was occupying a stateroom on the steamship, in which clothing owned by Kreyer was found. The Domestic Relations Court he gave $10,000, to be held in trust for his family, and continued his trip.

SOCIAL NOTES

New York.

Mrs. Arthur E. Twombly gave a luncheon for ten guests at the St. Regis yesterday.

Colonel and Mrs. Benjamin B. McAlpin and the Colonel's sister, Mrs. Frank Seeley of Greenwich, Conn., have returned from Bermuda and have reopened their apartment at 820 Park Avenue.

Miss Florence Waterbury of Convent, N. J., gave a luncheon at Sherry's yesterday, and among her guests were Miss Jean Whitridge, Mrs. J. L. Chadbourne and Miss Gladys F. Waterbury.

Mrs. Richard T. Wilson entertained at luncheon in her apartment at 200 Park Avenue yesterday. Mrs. M. Orme Wilson and Miss Almira G. Rockefeller were among her guests.

Mrs. James R. Hopkins has come from Philadelphia and is at the Ambassador for a few days.

Several dinners will precede the Saturday Evening Dance to be held tomorrow night in the Rose Room at the Plaza.

Mrs. Vanderbilt will open the ballroom at her residence, Fifth Avenue and Fifty-seventh Street, this afternoon for a benefit recital by Fritz Kreisler, for the social service work of the Broad Street Hospital.

Mr. and Mrs. Preston Davie of Tuxedo Park have returned from a visit to Cleveland and are at the Ritz-Carlton.

Mr. and Mrs. Michael J. Muluques have returned from Palm Beach, where they spent the Winter, and are at their apartment at the Vanderbilt.

Harry S. Black has returned to New York after spending two months in Bermuda.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Pilmore Hyde of 8 East Thirty-ninth Street gave a dinner at the Plaza last night, their guests including Mr. and Mrs. Orme Wilson, Mr. and Mrs. J. Augustus Barnard and Mr. and Mrs. John A. Topping. Mrs. M. Banks Taylor gave a luncheon there for her sister, Mrs. Thomas E. Satterthwaite, and Mrs. Anson L. Clark entertained at luncheon, followed by bridge.

Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Rossiter Butts of 870 Park Avenue, have returned from Palm Beach.

A concert, to be followed by a dance in aid of the Judson Health Centre, will be given this evening at the studio of A. A. Anderson, 80 West Fortieth Street.

Mr. and Mrs. Chester Dale of 103 East Seventy-fifth Street have returned to New York after an extended trip through Southern Europe and Northern Africa.

Mrs. John Clinton Gray is leaving Palm Beach for Havana for a visit tomorrow.

Arthur T. Hadley ex-President of Yale, is in town and is at the Commodore.

The first of the three Lenten dances for the benefit of the Manhattanville Day Nursery Association will be held tonight at the Plaza. Prominent society amateurs will take part in a ballet performance in the grill. Miss Marjorie Cleveland is head of the junior committee in charge.

Mrs. William K. Dick, Mrs. J. Philip Benkard and Mrs. James R. Deering were the guests of Mrs. Marjorie T. Guitrich at luncheon yesterday at Pierre's.

GRAPHIC ARTS EXHIBIT OPENS TO THRONG

Joseph Pennell Calls Whistler the Greatest Artist This Country Ever Produced.

Joseph Pennell gave an address upon "Whistler's Work in the Graphic Arts," the first of the seventh annual series of addresses at the American Academy of Arts and Letters and opening of an exhibition of over 300 etchings and engravings last evening to a distinguished audience, which crowded the building, many guests being turned away. It was one of the most successful evenings that the Academy has held.

Former United States Ambassador to Italy Robert Underwood Johnson, Secretary of the Academy, introduced Mr. Pennell. In opening his address the latter said that in 150 years this country had produced as many artists as any country of Europe.

"There are upon the walls of this lower gallery," he said, "prints as great and some of them greater than have ever been done in this world, and done by modern artists who were Americans."

Mr. Pennell spoke of Whistler as the greatest graphic artist of all time, "the greatest artist this country has ever produced." He spoke of the Whistler prints in the exhibition as being the most complete collection of his prints ever shown in this country at one time.

Of Rembrandt's "Mill" he said that it was "not a pretty etching of a building by the Dutch master—it is compared with Whistler's Alsace work. He said that in England it was Whistler and not Haden who was hailed as the successor of Rembrandt. Speaking of prints and different sets of prints by Whistler, he said that only 40 of them were now worth their weight in diamonds. Whistler told me near his end that the highest price he ever got for a print was $15." He told of Whistler's work in lithography and in ending said: "Whistler has come into his own and he will remain with the immortals, though his contemporaries did not see or would not admit it."

Mr. Pennell showed lantern slides of Whistler and his work. Following the address there was a reception to Mr. and Mrs. Pennell and Dr. Johnson. The exhibition will be open through April 16, admission by ticket. Among the exhibitors are Albert Sterner, Adolph Treidler, Rockwell Kent, Edward Hopper, Arthur B. Davies, Timothy Cole, William Meyerwitz, J. André Smith, Frank W. Benson, Mary Cassatt, George Bellows, Frederick K. Detwiller and Joseph Pennell.

SELF-DENIAL WEEK PLEA.

Presbyterians Are Asked to Save to Aid Church's Activities.

Self-Denial Week will begin in the Presbyterian churches next Sunday, in response to an appeal issued by the Rev. Dr. Henry C. Swearingen of St. Paul, Moderator of the Presbyterian Church. The missionary, educational and benevolent boards of the Church are facing a financial crisis, so all are asked to send the money thus saved to aid the Church's activities.

A "summons" to all Methodists was issued yesterday to give one-tenth of all they earn in Passion Week to the Centenary Fund of the Church. The call was signed by the Board of Bishops, the Committee on Advance Program and the Committee on Conservation and Advance.

BOOK SALE NETS $11,277.

Roxburgh Edition of Dickens's Writings Brings $140.

The sale of first editions, colored plate books and other material was concluded at the American Art Galleries last evening. The grand total was $11,277.

The highest price of the day was $140, paid by Dr. Isaacs for the Roxburgh edition of the "Writings of Charles Dickens," Boston, 1868.

Dinner to Open Wells College Drive.

The Wells College Club of New York will have a dinner at the Waldorf-Astoria, March 31. Mrs. Walter J. Salmon is chairman of the committee. It will open the campaign to raise $1,000,000 for the college. Alumnae in other large cities have arranged dinners for the same night. Mrs. Thomas J. Preston Jr., widow of President Cleveland, is the chairman of the Wells College campaign, which will close April 11. She will be toastmistress at the Waldorf-Astoria dinner.

WILSON BIRTHPLACE HAS QUOTA FOR FUND

Staunton, Va., Follows Princeton in Completing Campaign for Foundation.

WOMEN DEMOCRATS HELP

Rockaway Club to Hold Rally Tonight—New York State Has Given $100,000.

The first city in Virginia to raise its quota for the $1,000,000 fund for the Woodrow Wilson Foundation was Staunton, the birthplace of the war President, it was announced yesterday by Hamilton Holt, executive director of the campaign. Staunton is the second landmark in Mr. Wilson's life to reach the goal, Princeton University having accomplished its work a few days ago.

New York State has now raised more than $100,000, over one-tenth of the national total sought. Every contributor in New York and elsewhere receives a certificate stating that he or she is a founder of the Woodrow Wilson awards for distinguished public service. An intensive campaign is now under way throughout the city to multiply the number of certificate holders.

Judge J. Warren Davis of Trenton reported yesterday that New Jersey has contributed $30,000, more than two-thirds of its quota. Kentucky also has raised $30,000, and is organizing a "Thousand Dollar Club" for donors of $1,000 each or those who secure gifts of that amount to the aggregate. Ohio, home is one of the leading States, with about 63 per cent. of its quota in hand. Georgia reports that Atlanta and Savannah alone have raised $9,000.

Under the auspices of the Women's Democratic Club of the Rockaways, a meeting for the women of Queens will be held tonight at Pachinger's Hall, Rockaway, with Judge Burt J. Humphreys of Jamaica as the principal speaker. Mrs. D. C. Watt, President of the club, will preside. Among the contributors yesterday were:

Allen, John		Erech, Wilhelmina	
Appell, Arthur F.		Levy, Rosel F.	
Anderson, Julia		Loeb, Elizabeth	
Bell, Mildred		Loeb, Max L. Jr.	
Berguis, Hazel		Lowenstein, F.	
Berliner, Jacob S.		MacDonald, H.	
Busch, Ella A.		McRae, Janet	
Cammayer, Dorothy		Meyer, Robert H.	
Campbell, J. M.		Miller, Alice D.	
Carboy, Maybelle		Moore, Banton	
Clark, R. A.		Moses, Josephine J.	
Cotillo, Salvatore		Moses, Leila T.	
Decker, George W.		Moses, Sadie	
Dickson, Tenny V.		Nazlschmidt, H.	
Distel, Philip		Nehr, Helen	
Dix, L.		Nichols, Lillian	
Donohue, F. L.		Nickel, Louis	
Duzace, James		O'Bierne, Hugh	
Egan, Joseph D.		O'Brien, Nellie	
Eigner, Theresa		O'Keefe, Angela	
Elvers, Minnie		Pedersen, Frank	
Emminger, Thomas		Pepperday, Alfred	
Falk, Benjamin J.		Perrine, Florence	
Ferguson, Florence		Prellwitz, Henry	
Fisher, Marion		Quinlan, Gerald R.	
Flynn, Edith		Quisley, Florence	
Flynn, Marie		Remland, E. B.	
Fortuna, Wanda		Ritter, Edith	
French, Dania O.		Ruediger, Jessie	
Gallacher, Margaret		Rueb, Hazel	
Galvin, Bella		Rutherford, H. J.	
Gaston, George H.		Savage, W. H.	
Gerlach, Christine		Scofield, A. L.	
Greenman, G. W.		Scott, J.	
Griswold, Theresa		Shoppach, A. G.	
Haar, David		Sittig, Frank	
Hagan, Mary		Snyder, Frank	
Hilliard, Harry W.		Taylor, Ida	
Harris, John K.		Van Zandt, Henry	
Hasbrouck, Velma		Vicovart, Louis	
Henry, Elizabeth		Vidal, Mary	
Hilbert, Evelyn		Walther, Emma	
Hogstrom, Lillian		Weiss, Alberta	
Hughes, Katherine		Weller, Royal H.	
Johnson, Lewis W.		Wilson, Madeline	
Keim, Harriet		Winston, Jos. B.	
Kelly, Sophia		Winzig, Louise	
Kennedy, Rose C.		Witte, Emelia	
Kenney, Florence			

Contributions are received at 17 East Forty-second Street, room 508, and 150 Nassau street, fifth floor.

SUBWAY PASSENGERS RUSH GUARD, OPEN DOOR

Refusal to Let Crowd Leave Train Stalled at Station Almost Causes a Riot.

A stalled Lexington Avenue subway train at the Nevins Street station, Brooklyn, yesterday morning led to a scene of disorder when the crowded passengers tried to get out. The guard on one of the cars was asked to open the door, but refused to budge until he got orders. The passengers became impatient and made a rush for the guard, pushing him aside. They opened the doors and reached the platform. This was observed by the passengers in other cars, and they lost patience. The station master ordered that all of the doors be opened when the situation was growing serious, and the passengers scrambled out to the platform. Women were shoved aside, some lost their hats and others had their coats torn.

The motor of the stalled train went dead, and the accident caused a tie-up of half an hour, passengers said. A statement from the Interborough contained the information that the tie-up began at 9:12 A. M. and ended at 9:22. The stalled train was side-tracked and service for Manhattan-bound trains resumed.

GAS KILLS FAMILY OF THREE

Police Blame Heater in Room With Closed Windows.

Benjamin Bernoff, 35, his wife, Sarah 36, and their son, Willie, 11, were found dead yesterday in their home at 348 Keap Street, Brooklyn. The police report blamed monoxide poisoning, caused by a gas heater exhausting the oxygen in their room.

Patrolman Raymond Williams of the Bedford Avenue Station broke in and found the rooms excessively hot and the windows closed. Mr. and Mrs. Bernoff occupied one bed and the boy another. Apparently the family had gone to bed with the heater burning and without opening a window.

Mrs. Lena Solomon of 352 South Second Street, who called to see Mrs. Bernoff, unable to get a response, Dr. Louis Posner, whose office is across the hall, told her that several persons had called at the Bernoff's apartment without finding any one home.

Mrs. Solomon and Dr. Posner, thinking they detected a peculiar odor, called Patrolman Williams. None of the three appeared to have made any effort to obtain relief from the gas which overcame them.

PEOPLE'S CHORUS PRAISED.

Dr. John H. Finley Says Its Sound Symbolizes America.

Speaking at a concert given by the People's Chorus of New York in Town Hall last night Dr. John H. Finley said:

"In one of his books James Lane Allen assigns a musical sound to the different nations. For instance he speaks of France as the lyre, Rome as the trumpet. We think of Ireland as the harp, and of course to Scotland belongs the bagpipe.

"What musical sound represents America? Is it not a great democratic chorus such as the People's? That is the best sound I can suggest. In the Book of Revelation the place of ultimate happiness is spoken of as an abode where the only occupation is that of singing. Relating to a chorus such as the People's it makes us feel that heaven has been brought to earth for a while."

REPORT NEW AGITATION TROUBLES PALESTINE

Northcliffe's Prophecies of New Disorder Said to Have Had a Bad Effect.

Reports have reached this country about threatened disturbances in Palestine which may lead to new bloodshed. The agitation conducted by certain anti-Jewish Arabs and other propagandists is reported to be growing as a result of Lord Northcliffe's recent prediction that further grave trouble may be expected in Palestine.

Commenting on this situation, Herman Bernstein said:

"Lord Northcliffe's statement on the growing unrest in Palestine and his prediction of further disturbances there are almost unfortunate. It has served to fan the passions of racial hatred and strife which have been aroused by misguided or unscrupulous propagandists who are inciting violence and murder in the Holy Land for the purpose of discrediting the Jewish nation and checking Jewish progress in Palestine.

"The anti-Zionist, anti-Jewish propaganda has already led to three outbreaks in which innocent Jews lost their lives. Lord Northcliffe's statement at this time is unintentionally encouraging the agitation and there is indeed grave danger of a repetition of disturbances and massacres.

"I know Lord Northcliffe and I admire his great talent as a publicist and molder of public opinion, but I feel certain that he has been misinformed on the question of Palestine. It seems that the information was furnished him by persons who are neither the friends of England nor of the Jews, by people who for their own reasons are interested in maintaining a state of unrest and confusion in Palestine.

"The Jews and the Arabs have always lived together in Palestine as friendly neighbors until a campaign of propaganda was launched by various agitators in Palestine, France and England, inciting violence against the Jews and spreading dissatisfaction and unrest among the Arabs. The obvious purpose of this agitation, which has already led to three serious outbreaks in Jaffa and Jerusalem during the past two years, is to upset the Balfour Declaration made in 1917, which pledged the British Government in favor of the establishment in Palestine of a National Home for the Jewish people.

Nathan Straus, when asked at Lakewood yesterday to comment on Lord Northcliffe's predictions of disturbances in Palestine, said:

"I was astounded when I read Lord Northcliffe's reports about conditions in Palestine. I have the highest admiration for him and I expected that his visit to the Holy Land would result in his enthusiastic support of the movement to rebuild Palestine in the spirit of the Balfour declaration.

"I have just received word from Palestine to the effect that Lord Northcliffe's visit there was very brief, and that he unfortunately received a one-sided impression of conditions from some intriguers and mischief-makers. From certain Arab and Jewish delegations who were not really representative and who must have distorted the facts. I feel certain that when Lord Northcliffe realizes the serious consequences to which these reports may lead, he will use his great influence as a publicist and statesman to advocate peace, mutual understanding and good-will in Palestine. This is surely the time for all important and influential men everywhere to talk and promote peace, in order that the world may after all be readjusted and stabilized, that it may recover from the terrible wounds of the war.

"I am sure that the Arabs will be greatly benefited by the efforts of the Jewish people to rebuild Palestine, and their prosperity will grow together with the growth and development of the Holy Land."

GIRLS' HIKE TO PACIFIC ENDS

Two Runaways From Philadelphia Suburbs Sent Home From Newark.

Two girls who thought they were on their way to California by the "hikers' express" were found at the Young Women's Christian Association building in Newark by the police yesterday morning. They said they were Eleanor White, 17, of Fernwood, and Stella Johnson, 17, of Lansdowne, Pennsylvania, suburbs of Philadelphia. The police got in touch with their parents, Charles Johnson, a Philadelphia awning maker, and last evening he came to Newark and took the hikers home.

"We decided to walk across the country to California," said one of the girls when the suspicions of the Y. W. C. A. officials had put them in the hands of the police, "and started from home yesterday morning. We put on hiking togs a few miles from Philadelphia. A lady gave us a ride in her auto as far as Trenton, and then we hiked to Princeton. From there we walked and rode to Newark, reaching here last night. We were awful tired, and I'm glad we didn't have to walk to California."

HELD IN MURDER HERE.

Man Taken Near Trenton is Said to Have Admitted a Part in Hold-Up.

TRENTON, N. J., March 16.—Clifford Roland Hart, 20 years old, whose mother is employed on a farm near here, was arrested tonight in connection with the murder of John Berry, a real estate owner, in New York. He had been working in a New York restaurant, but came here to see his mother on Tuesday. According to the local police, he admits a part in the crime.

Berry, who lived at 310 West 123d Street and was 51 years old, was held up by two men who beat him with a lead pipe in the basement of 440 East 123d Street on Monday night. He owned the house and had just collected $50 in rent money, which was stolen. Berry was taken to Harlem Hospital where he died on Tuesday of a fractured skull. The police sent out an alarm for two men who had been sleeping in the cellar.

TRIES TO KILL HERSELF.

Homeless Young Woman is Saved From Mercury by Bystander.

Beulah Dewalt, 22 years old, who told the police she was homeless, attempted suicide yesterday by taking bichloride of mercury as she was going down the stairs of the West Side Court, in West Fifty-fourth Street. The young woman succeeded in swallowing one tablet, but the second was knocked from her hand by Harold R. Debbs, a reporter, as she was about to place it in her mouth. She was hurried to Bellevue Hospital.

Earlier in the day the woman had been arrested on a charge of disorderly conduct at the request of Dr. John Sweeney, a dentist of 1,947 Broadway. Magistrate H. Stanley Renaud dismissed the case after the complainant said that he did not wish to press it. At the hospital last night it was said the woman's condition was not serious.

LEGION TROUBLES AIRED.

State Convention is Demanded in Connecticut to Deal With Them.

NAUGATUCK, Conn., March 16.—A special State convention of the American Legion to investigate the exact status of the organization's affairs was demanded by Naugatuck Post, No. 14, at its meeting here tonight, when Adjutant Lester A. Freeman was instructed to request the Executive Board to call such a convention within the next thirty days.

Discussion of alleged unfavorable reports which were declared to have gained State-wide circulation stating that the affairs of the Legion in Connecticut were in a "muddled mess" prevailed the vote.

Proclaims Legion Unemployment Day

ALBANY, March 16.—Governor Miller today issued a proclamation designating Monday, March 20, as American Legion Unemployment Day. The proclamation states that there are many American veterans still unemployed and urges the people of the State to devote the day, so far as practicable, to means for reducing the total of unemployment. In particular employers of labor and heads of business houses are urged to give current attention to the problem.

BAR ASKS INQUIRY FOR JUSTICE STRONG

Nassau Lawyers Send Request to Governor to Appoint Legislative Investigators.

COMPLAINTS KEPT SECRET

They Relate to Justice's Actions When Presiding in Supreme Court at Mineola.

George M. Bode of Freeport, L. I., representing a special committee of the Nassau County Bar Association, went to Albany yesterday to ask Governor Miller to appoint a legislative investigating committee to inquire into the actions of Justice Selah B. Strong while presiding in the Supreme Court at Mineola last December and January. Justice Strong recently handed down a decision in Brooklyn against picketing, granting an injunction to a leather manufacturing company restraining the Leather Workers' Union for interfering with the company's business.

Complete secrecy has been thrown around the reasons for the action by the Nassau County lawyers. It is only known that complaints have been made, that meetings have been going on several weeks and that Mr. Bode, James N. Gehrig of Garden City and Charles N. Wysong of Port Washington, former District Attorney, have been appointed a special committee to investigate the complaints. Affidavits of complainants have been taken. As the result of this committee's investigation the Bar Association held a special meeting on Wednesday and voted to ask for a legislative investigating committee.

Justice Strong, who was elected in the Second Judicial District in 1920, held his first term in Nassau County last December and January. Besides sitting on the bench in regular sessions, he sat as a committing Magistrate in secret John Doe proceedings regarding road contracts. Two or three of the biggest contractors in Nassau County supplied the witnesses. On Dec. 12, in a charge to the Nassau County Grand Jury, he censured the County Board of Supervisors for "letting road contracts without competitive biddings," and asked the Grand Jury to investigate the payment of commissions to the County Superintendent of Highways. Justice Strong said the commissioner received $2,500 a year salary, and $10,000 to $15,000 in commissions annually.

Justice Strong had two State troopers seize the books of Booth & Wesson, contractors, of Cedarhurst, under subpoena at a time when he was investigating the building of a bridge at Long Beach. Booth & Wesson began suit on the ground that the papers were illegally seized, and the Appellate Division ordered Justice Strong to return the books. On March 10 the Appellate Division gave Justice Strong permission to appeal to the Court of Appeals, but denied him a stay of the Appellate Division's order pending appeal.

GOVERNOR TAKES NO ACTION.

He Understands Assembly Will Get Petition Against Strong.

Special to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

ALBANY, N. Y., March 16.—The delegation of the Nassau County Bar Association which called upon Governor Miller this afternoon to complain about the conduct of Justice Strong and ask him to take action was told by the Governor that he could take no action.

The Governor said this evening that he understood a petition would be filed with the Assembly for an investigation. This is the procedure followed when impeachment proceedings are contemplated against a Justice of the Supreme Court.

It was learned later that a request had been made on the Assembly leaders by the Nassau Bar Association that the visit to the Governor for an investigation of the official conduct of Justice Strong, but that the statement which was filed, as is customary, with one of the Assemblymen from the county, in this instance Thomas A. McWhitney, who represents the Second Nassau District, was not in proper form and for that reason returned.

It was stated that a new petition would be filed with Assemblyman McWhitney tomorrow for transmission to the Assembly.

Assemblyman Joseph A. McGinnies, Chairman of the Ways and Means Committee and a member of the Committee on Rules, said this petition when formally filed with the Assembly would be referred to the Committee on Rules, which would report to the Assembly with a recommendation for an investigation, which in this instance in all probability would be conducted by a special committee and not, as has been the custom in similar cases in the past, by the Judiciary Committee.

Obituary Notes.

NATHAN M. SHERLIP, 65 years old, a retired steel and iron merchant, died yesterday at his home, 447 Sixth Street, Brooklyn. He had been a resident of Brooklyn for more than fifty years and a member of Atlantis Eros Lodge, I. O. F. S. and of Argyle Lodge, I. O. B. A.

Mrs. CORNELIA FRANCES FRASE, widow of William C. Frase, died at her home in Huntington, L. I., in her eighty-seventh year.

FREDERICK JOHN PROVO, for thirty years connected with the Brooklyn Navy Yard, died at his home, 1,618 Greene Avenue, Brooklyn, in his sixty-sixth year. He was a member of Greenpoint Lodge, 428, F. and A. M.

WILLIAM F. MURPHY, for many years a foreman for Joe Jackson, died at his home in Rockaway at his home, 231 Cedar Avenue, Brooklyn, from pneumonia.

Mrs. ELIZABETH KENNA HOLMES, 72 years old, wife of Frederick W. Holmes, a retired manufacturer, died at her home, 128 Lincoln Place, Brooklyn, Wednesday. She was born in Scotland and had lived in Brooklyn for fifty years.

PHILIP H. VOLZ, 80 years old, a retired cigar manufacturer, died on Tuesday at his home, 588 Evergreen Avenue, Brooklyn, aged 80 years.

Mrs. PHILAHINA S. BREIDING, 47 years old, wife of George E. Breiding, died on Wednesday at her home, 88 Seventy-fourth Street, Bay Ridge. She was a member of Bay Ridge Chapter, No. 488, O. E. S., and with her husband was popular in Masonic circles in Bay Ridge.

WILLIAM A. WINN, a retired contractor and a former President of the Village of Far Rockaway, L. I., died there at the age of 78 years. He was a lifelong resident of Far Rockaway and at one time was President of the Old Bank of Long Island.

CHARLES EDWARD CHITTENDEN, for thirty-four years in the employ of the Manhattan National Bank, Manhattan, and in the past years head of its transfer department, died of pneumonia on Tuesday at his home, 284 East Nineteenth Street, Flatbush. He was 48 years old and was one of the organizers of the Wells Memorial Presbyterian Church in Brooklyn.

GEORGE T. KNIGHT, for almost years in the legal department of the Metropolitan Street Railways Company, died Wednesday at his home, 4,500 Broadway.

WILLIAM B. DYE, former Mayor of Alpine, N. J., died at his home there yesterday.

JOHN BOG, 88 years old, one of the last surviving Indian leaders in the Civil War, is dead at Kendall, Idaho.

MARY SHATTLER, daughter of Chief Seattle, for whom the city of Seattle is named, died Wednesday in her cabin on the banks of the Green River near Auburn, Wash.

PATRICK BALDWIN, "aerialist wonder" of many circuses and museums, is dead at the age of 65 in Barryville, N. Y.

FREDERICK ROSENBURGER, 75, millinerie business man of St. Louis, Mo., died in St. Petersburg, Fla., yesterday. He had been a resident of St. Petersburg two months.

Mrs. WILLIAM F. HEPBURN, widow of Colonel Hepburn, who served in Congress twenty years, died at her home in Washington, D. C., yesterday at the age of 84.

GEORGE H. SMITH, former member of the Missouri Legislature, is dead at his home in St. Louis, aged 82.

LEOPOLD W. HARBURGER, former Alderman and a member of the late Grand Jurors Harburger, died suddenly yesterday at his home, 228 Fort Washington Avenue, of apoplexy. His wife and three children survive. Mr. Harburger was a lawyer.

REV. C. E. BETTICHER DEAD.

Editor of The Spirit of Missions Dies of Pneumonia.

The Rev. Charles Eugene Betticher, editor of The Spirit of Missions, missionary magazine of the Protestant Episcopal Church and the oldest publication of its kind in the United States, died Wednesday of pneumonia at his home in Cos Cob, Conn. He was born in Carbondale, Pa., forty years ago of a family identified with the Church for several generations, and soon after graduating from the General Theological Seminary left for ten years' strenuous missionary work in Alaska.

After a year of lecturing in the cause of Alaskan missions, he became business manager of The Spirit of Missions. His wife and daughter survive. Services will be held in Calvary Episcopal Church, Fourth Avenue and Twenty-first Street, at 3:45 this morning.

Mrs. Sarah Lord McCormick.

Special to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

CHICAGO, March 16.—Mrs. Sarah Lord McCormick, widow of Robert Hall McCormick, and for fifty years a resident of Chicago, died at her home, 900 Rush Street, today of heart disease.

Mrs. McCormick was born in New York, June 4, 1850, and was the daughter of a prominent New York lawyer. She was noted for her charitable deeds both before her husband's death in 1917 and after she became one of the principal beneficiaries of his $10,000,000 estate.

Mrs. McCormick was a cousin by marriage of Colonel Robert R. McCormick, one of the owners of The Chicago Tribune.

A. E. Marvin Dies in His Office.

Alexander Burr Marvin of Lawrence, L. I., died suddenly of apoplexy late yesterday afternoon while seated at his desk in the office of the Porto Rico Tropical Products Corporation, 40 Cedar Street, of which he was President. He was preparing to leave for a conference with his attorneys when he collapsed, dying before the ambulance arrived from the Broad Street Hospital. Mr. Marvin was 45 years old, a graduate of Yale in the class of '00 and belonged to the University and Rockaway Hunt Clubs. He is survived by his wife, who was Miss Emma F. Jones. The headquarters of Mr. Marvin's company is at Villalba, Porto Rico.

Mrs. Florence Lydig Sturgis.

Mrs. Florence Lydig Sturgis, wife of Frank K. Sturgis of Strong, Sturgis & Co., bankers, died suddenly yesterday at her residence, 12 East Fifty-first Street, following a year of poor health and a stroke suffered a few months ago. A daughter of the late Phillip Lydig, Mrs. Sturgis had for years been prominent in the society of New York, Newport and Lenox. Among her relatives who survive are her sister, Mrs. John J. Stables; her nephew, Captain Philip M. Lydig; her nieces, Mrs. Brady Harriman, Mrs. Brady Harris and Mrs. Henry R. Hoyt. Services will be held in Grace Church at 2:30 o'clock Sunday afternoon.

Justice J. W. Lengley of Nova Scotia

HALIFAX, N. S., March 16.—James Wilbourforce Longley, Justice of the Supreme Court of Nova Scotia since 1905, died here late today. He was Attorney General of Nova Scotia from 1890 to 1894, resigning to become a candidate for Parliament. Defeated in the general elections of that year, he again entered the Nova Scotia Government under Premier O. H. Murray, holding the offices of Attorney General and later commissioner of Lands and Mines until his appointment to the bench. A widow survives him.

Isaac Townsend's Funeral Today.

Services will be held at 10 o'clock this morning in Grace Church, Broadway and Tenth Street, for Isaac Townsend, who died February 21 of pneumonia at Nice, France. He had gone to the Riviera early in January, intending to spend the Winter there. The body arrived Wednesday on the Paris of the Fabre Line. The services will be conducted by Dr. Slattery and burial will be in Trinity Cemetery.

Born.

WEINBERG—Dr. and Mrs. H. M. (nee Anna Masiauskey) announce the birth of a son, March 12, 1922, Brooklyn. Circumcision March 23, 1 P. M.

Engaged.

GROFFER—SIEGFRIED.—Mr. and Mrs. Ascher Siegfried of 295 East Houston St. announce the engagement of their daughter Rosalind to Mr. J. M. Groffer, son of Mrs. Bella Groffer, on Tuesday evening, March 14, 1922.

SUSSMAN—WOLLIN.—Mr. and Mrs. Hyman Wollin of 1,840 Belmont Av., Bronx, announce the engagement of their daughter Lillian to David Sussman, son of Mr. and Mrs. Hilmon Sussman of Brooklyn.

Married.

SCHWABACHER—LOEWENTHAL.— Mrs. Adolph Loewenthal announces the marriage of her daughter, Marjorie Helen, to Mr. Herman R. Schwabacher, son of Mr. and Mrs. David Schwabacher of Newark, N. J.

WEINSTEIN—ISAAR.—Mrs. Edward Isaar of 257 Central Park West announces the marriage of her daughter Lucille to Mr. Jerome Weinstein on Thursday, March 16.

Died.

AMBROSE—At her residence, 125 Prospect St., Stapleton, S. I., Mary Burke Ambrose, beloved wife of the late James Ambrose. Notice of funeral in St. Peter's Church, New Brighton, S. I., Monday, March 20, 1922, at 10 A. M.

ARMSTRONG — Gere, Campbell Funeral Church, B'way, 66th St. Notice later.

BAER—On March 16, 1922, Herbert M., husband of Ethel Hirsh Baer and son of Mrs. Morris B. Baer. Funeral at residence of family.

BARNETT—On March 15, Harry H., son of the late Solomon and Elizabeth Barnett, at his residence, 33 Manhattan Av., Fri. March 17, at the 28th Club House, 109 West 43d St., at 10:30 A. M.

BERKOWITZ—Lena, of Brookline, Mass., on his 54th year, devoted husband of the late Emma Markowitz and beloved father of Joseph, Montfort Jones and Reynold Markowitz. Funeral from Mayers's Funeral Parlors, 239 Lenox Av., Friday, March 17, 1 P. M. sharp; thence to Chapel of Beth-El Cemetery, where services will be held at 2 P. M.

BERKOWITZ—Members of the First Galician Society are requested to attend the funeral services of our late brother, Leon Berkowitz, 1 East 103d St., on Friday, March 17, at 1

Lost and Found

LOST—On Nov. 8, 1920, a black brief case containing receipts, &c., with the name Arthur H. Lawford, also had several sheets of ship owners' log sheets; a suitable reward if offered if returned to Arthur H. Lawford, 202 Main St., Bar Harbor, Me.

LOST—Heavy tortoise-shell bifocal glasses, Sunday, New York, Brooklyn; $5 reward. Henrick, 1,188 East 14th, Brooklyn. Midwood 1197.

LOST—Man's pocketbook containing bills; also Masonic card; reward for return. Powers, 517 South Water St., York, Pa.

LOST — Yellow pigskin pocketcase, gold-trimmed, containing memorandum cards; $10 reward. W 67 Times.

LOST—Black handbag, Wednesday evening on Tiffany, near 1652; reward. 940 East 1524 St. Backelman.

LOST—Monday, leather notebook containing New York University material. Columbus 4886.

LOST—Silver fountain pen; vicinity 12th; reward. Audubon 7184. 488 W. 156th St.

LOST—Spectacles, imitation tortoise rims; reward. Phone Griffith, Fitzroy 0863.

LOST—Glasses, 110th, 111th St., reward. Cath. 3968, afternoon. C 26 Times.

LOST—Canary bird. 127 West 12th St., Apt. 6B.

Jewelry.

LOST—Old gold pendant and chain, sapphire and diamond, Wednesday afternoon, between 38th St. and Fourth Av. through Madison Sq. Park to Fifth Av. and 28th St.; reward. Phone Murray Hill 6390.

LOST—In Metropolitan Opera House, or on 40th St. at carriage entrance, on Monday evening, March 13, a button brooch, golden topaz surrounded by diamonds; heirloom; reward. Andrew Cone, General Adv. Agency, 184 Nassau St. Phone Beekman 5088.

$100 REWARD
for return of platinum and diamond chain bracelet with diamond monogram I. L. F. attached; lost Feb. 23, Atlantic City. A. R. Lee & Co., Inc., 15 William St.

LOST—Solitaire diamond ring in Lane, Bryant's, West 38th St., Monday afternoon; liberal reward offered for return or information leading to its recovery. W 81 Times.

LOST—Gentleman's diamond ring, 145th St. crosstown car, between Broadway, 8th Av. and 150th St.; liberal reward. McCoffrey, 500 West 145d St. Audubon 8186.

LOST—Last Wednesday afternoon, March 15, turquoise, onyx and diamond earring between Nos. 25 and 43 Fifth Av. Reward. Return to Cartier, 653 Fifth Av.

LOST—A gold class ring, five-pointed star, 68 in circle; Charles F. Roe, U. S. M. A., engraved inside; suitable reward. 35 East 27th St.

LOST—Taxi, Greenberg's Cafe, Broome St. to 71st-Central Park West, gold mesh bag, wedding ring, cigarette holder; liberal reward.

LOST—Spider bar pin, topaz setting, Thursday morning, Lexington Av., 51st to 59th St.; reward. Cashier, Ambassador Hotel.

LOST—Broadway, 42d to 59th, Wednesday, black cameo pin, six pearls; sentimental value. Room 807, 1,819 B'way. Reward.

LOST—Circular scarf pin, diamonds on one side, sapphires on reverse; $50 reward; no questions asked. Bowling Green 1530.

LOST—Watch chain, gold and silver, sentimental value attached; liberal reward. Jacobey, 56 Vanderbilt Av., N. Y. C.

LOST—March 16, wrist watch, between 18th and 23d Sts., N. Y. C.; reward. Berkshire 3018.

LOST—String of pearls, March 8, Brooklyn subway; reward. Phone Berkshire 3015.

LOST—Gold cross on gold chain; reward. J 285 Times.

LIBERAL REWARD
for a hexagonal emerald and diamond pendant, suspended from a black silk cord; lost en route to Booth's Theatre or while getting out of auto at Booth's Theatre on West 45th St., before 8:30 P. M. on March 15. Return to Cartier, Inc., 653 Fifth Av.

$100 REWARD
for return of diamond and sapphire circle brooch lost March 9, between West 72d St. and Gaiety Theatre or in taxicab. C. G. Bennett, 18 William St. Phone Broad 8764.

Cats and Dogs.

LOST—79th and West End Av., Wednesday, about 8 P. M., brindle bull terrier, female, green sweater and harness; name Patty; reward. Dillon, 401 West End. Schuyler 8208.

LOST—Monday morning, German police dog, male, 10 months' old, with license 47148; liberal reward. 306 East Broadway at Grand St. Phone Orchard 8254.

LOST—Police dog, female, about 1½ years old; gray; slightly lame left hind leg; reward. J. A. Ralney, phone Hempstead 608.

Found.

FOUND—French bull. Call Circle 2246 and identify.

FOUND—Monday evening, 13th, Wall St., lady's handbag, containing money. E. A. Miles, 27 William St.

FOUND—Pin, gold bar set with small stones, Monday, 5th Av.; owner must describe. Phone South Orange 761.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN—PLEASE take notice that I am no longer responsible for any debts created by my wife, Mrs. Juanita Drey. EUGENE A. DREY. Hotel Commodore, New York City.

H. ROLETSKY of 911 Intervale Av. sold his stationery store; creditors must present claims up to March 23.

ADVERTISEMENT.

Cuticura Toilet Trio

Satisfies every want of the most critical in cleansing and purifying the skin and complexion. Nothing purer, sweeter or more effective for every-day toilet purposes.

PLUTO WATER

America's Physic

CATCH SECOND MAN IN M'MAIL'S DEATH

"Casey the Cowboy" Admits Being With Rabacowitz, but Denies Killing Policeman.

HIS PAL INVOLVES HIM

Owned Three Pistols Carried by First Man Arrested—Benefit for Patrolman's Family.

Casey Ivanoff, 27 years old, a clerk, was arrested last night charged with acting in concert with Tony Rabacowitz in causing the death of Patrolman John McMail, who was shot and killed Wednesday while on duty in Sutter Avenue, near Osborn Street, Brooklyn.

Ivanoff was arrested at 11:10 last night near the corner of Fifth Avenue and Ninth Street, Manhattan, by Captain Francis Trainor of the Homicide Bureau.

Ivanoff formerly served under Captain Trainor in Company L, Forty-first Infantry, at Metz, and as soon as Captain Trainor heard the Brooklyn police were looking for Ivanoff he remembered the former soldier. Early last night Captain Trainor went to Ninth Street, in which he had heard Ivanoff had friends, and waited near Fifth Avenue. Shortly after 11 o'clock a man approached him whom he recognized as the former soldier.

"Hello, Casey," said Captain Trainor.

"Hello, Captain," came the reply. "You've got a little gray." When Captain Trainor told Ivanoff that he was wanted by the police, the ex-soldier is reported to have said, "All right, Captain." He accompanied Captain Trainor to Police Headquarters. He is said to have admitted being with Rabacowitz at the time of the shooting, but said that he had no part in it.

Rabacowitz, whose condition is not serious, made a statement yesterday at St. Mary's Hospital to detectives. He is said to have told a surgeon, while the police were not present, that three of the pistols he carried belong to Casey Ivanhoff, known as "Casey the Cowboy," of Flatbush. Police of the Brownsville station said they had identified Ivanhoff as the other man who assaulted Mrs. Annie Moisheck. He was recently implicated in an attack upon a night watchman in Atlantic Avenue, the police said, and was later charged with having chloral in his possession.

Rabacowitz, according to the police, gave Mrs. Moisheck $25 to obtain a bond for Ivanhoff. She failed to obtain the bail, but did not return the $25, and the two men went to her house Wednesday to demand the money. In the resulting argument one of the men is alleged to have struck her in the mouth, and both ran.

Residents and business men of the Brownsville section of Brooklyn yesterday planned a benefit performance at Brooklyn Theatre for the wife and two children of Patrolman John McMail, known as "Happy Jack." The same persons also considered a testimonial for Samuel Cohen, the private police patrol proprietor who shot Tony Rabacowitz, McMail's alleged murderer.

Judge J. Grafton MacMahon, in a statement yesterday to the Kings County Grand Jury, said that the killing of Patrolman McMail revealed a serious criminal situation, and that criticism of the police should give way to wholehearted support. "We must uphold the police," he said. "Those that criticize the police do not know the burden of their task. Let nobody stand out against the police and lean toward the robber, the cutthroat and the murderer. The policeman as a witness is worthy of our belief. His story should always be accepted as against that of the one guilty of a violent crime."

District Attorney John E. Ruston in Brooklyn criticised the Justices and Judges outside the City of New York who issue permits to carry dangerous weapons to residents of the City of New York.

Funeral services for Patrolman McMail will be held at his home, 1,280 Greene Avenue, Brooklyn, Sunday, at 2 o'clock. Interment will be in the Lutheran Cemetery.

THE NEAR EAST IN BRITAIN'S INDIA

Britain's Viceroy warns that India is in peril unless Turkey is placated! The Secretary for India is forced out of the Cabinet. Britain and France are clashing perilously in the Near East. Know the Near East—the world's dramatic trouble source—as told by W. L. Westermann, Woodrow Wilson's advisor at Paris, and John Dos Passos, author of "Three Soldiers." Feel the passionate charm of Near Eastern life in the story of Armen Ohanian, beautiful Armenian dancer, in the

Near Eastern Number

ASIA

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April Issue
Out today—all news-stands—35 cents

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Come Up Where the Price Is Down!

Monroe Clothes for Spring at $25 are right

Extra Pants to Match $5

CHEER UP EVERYBODY—the sunshine days are coming and are coming to stay—things are getting better everywhere and prosperous and plentiful times are just ahead. Stocks are booming, crops are bountiful and enormous orders of all kinds are being placed with our mills and factories and things from now on are going to keep humming—but don't forget your recent lesson—no matter how good times are with you, be good to yourself.

Don't become wasteful, be economical and keep that way. CLOTHES ECONOMY means get acquainted with Monroe Clothes.

Monroe Clothes for Spring are really great and will be a revelation to you men who have always been accustomed to paying much higher than our price for good clothes.

We have rack after rack of fine, handsome, New Spring Suits, in all sizes and all models, ready for your inspection and selection. We have a truly wonderful collection of Spring Suits for you to select from—all the new Tweeds and Homespuns—all the sturdy, dependable new worsteds in Pin Stripes, Silk Mixtures and Plain Shades. In fact, all the choice, desirable, smart-looking this Spring's patterns are here for you and at a price that you little expected to pay for quality so good.

We are making many of our suits this Spring with extra pants to match for which we charge $5.00 extra. For most practical and economical reasons, we strongly urge that you buy your New Spring Suit 'The Two Pants Way'—"the extra pair will just double the wear."

Come up and see Monroe Clothes for Spring—spend ten minutes inspecting our wonderful worth-while values and you will save $10 because you will find your suit here at $25 instead of the $35 you'll be asked for the same suit elsewhere—a price difference because Monroe Clothes come to you

—direct from the maker
—via our lower rent Upstairs Shops
—from America's Largest Clothiers.

All $35, $40 & $50 Winter Suits & Overcoats . . . Now $21

—20 CONVENIENT UPSTAIRS SHOPS—

MANHATTAN
42d Street, cor. Broadway
50 E. 42d St., cor. Madison
Nassau St., cor. Frankfort
5 Cortlandt St., cor. B'way
14th St., opp. Acad. of Music
34th Street, cor. Broadway
46th Street, cor. Broadway
59th St., at Columbus Circle
125th Street, cor. 7th Ave.
181st St., cor. St. Nich. Ave.
BRONX
Bergen Ave., at 149th Street

BROOKLYN
587 Fulton St., at Flatbush
413 Fulton Street
NEWARK—151 Market St.
JERSEY CITY
Newark Ave. and Bay St.
PATERSON—220 Main St.
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At Exactly 1/2 Former Prices!

The Savings are $12.50 to $37.50! You pay only HALF the marked price of any garment you select!

$25 Suits and Overcoats, Now	12.50	$50 Suits and Overcoats, Now	25.00
$30 Suits and Overcoats, Now	15.00	$55 Suits and Overcoats, Now	27.50
$35 Suits and Overcoats, Now	17.50	$60 Suits and Overcoats, Now	30.00
$40 Suits and Overcoats, Now	20.00	$65 Suits and Overcoats, Now	32.50
$45 Suits and Overcoats, Now	22.50	$75 Suits and Overcoats, Now	37.50

Positively nothing reserved. Plain blues included.
All sizes—regulars, shorts, stouts and longs.

Today and tomorrow will witness buying here on a big scale, for our big twice-yearly clearance sale will get under way. Once each season, *for a few days only*, we reprice our entire remaining stock of the season at exactly HALF the former prices. We make this sweeping reduction so as to make certain that everything will be sold, as it is a rule of this store never to carry goods over. *Many of the Suits in this sale are medium weights and of the correct cut and color for Spring wear.* The Overcoats are a splendid investment for next winter.

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Broadway and 32nd Street

LABOR FEDERATION TO BACK MINERS

Gompers Announces Its Determination to Support Workers if They Go Out.

ASSAILS OPERATORS' STAND

Refusal to Confer With Miners Puts Them in an Indefensible Position, He Asserts.

DRIFTING NEARER A STRIKE

Some Hope Left That Harding Can Find a Settlement—Industrial Revival May Be Checked.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 16.—Formal announcement was made today by Samuel Gompers, President of the American Federation of Labor, that American labor, as represented by his organization, would stand firmly behind the miners in the event of a strike in the coal fields.

The action of Mr. Gompers served to emphasize the increasing danger of the threatened strike becoming a reality on April 1. So far as could be learned today the Department of Labor has made no definite headway in its efforts to bring about negotiations between representatives of the miners and operators, and other Government departments for the moment are following a policy of "hands off."

The brightest hope of a settlement would seem to lie in further steps which may be taken by the Government following the return of President Harding next week. There is lacking, however, definite information that the President personally will become involved in an attempt to bring about an agreement.

It is the view of some Government departments that a strike of the miners at this time may not prove of serious consequence in the event that it does spread to other industries. There are considerable stocks of coal on hand and a large additional supply will be obtainable from the unorganized mining districts.

A serious phase of the situation, however, is the effect a strike in the coal mines might have on the industrial revival, which now apparently has reached the stage where it may safely be termed "continuing." The opinion here is that industry could be supplied with fuel for a considerable period, if a strike should be staged, and that only a long drawn out strike would seriously cripple the general industrial situation.

The announcement by Mr. Gompers that the American Federation would stand behind the miners if it comes to a strike was not taken as a threat that there would be steps to extend the strike to other lines of industry. Moral and financial assistance, however, probably would be extended to the miners by the federation, unless the Government found means to check such procedure. When the last coal strike was called, the federation took pretty much the same position.

Gompers's Statement.

"Come what may," said Mr. Gompers in his statement, "the American Federation of Labor, the American labor movement, is with the mine workers of America in their struggle against the mine owners.

"No group of employers in any industrial controversy in this country has ever placed itself in a more indefensible position than that occupied by the mine owners at this time.

"Bound by a solemn agreement to confer with the workers upon the terms of a new agreement, they have refused to abide by the terms of their own pledge.

"The citizenship of America can draw from this conduct but one conclusion and that is that the mine owners wish it to be understood that the pledge of mine owners is valueless.

"The statement of mine owners that the representatives of the mine workers have no power to confer is baseless. The officers and the Policy Committee of the mine workers have full power to confer, to negotiate and to enter into an agreement and this power was officially and properly conferred upon them by the Mine Workers' Convention.

"The mine owners are willing to break their word if by so doing they can reduce wages or weaken the unions. Profits and power, with the mine owners, come first and everything else, including the comfort and welfare of the public, of which they talk so much, comes last.

"The whole American labor movement is with the miners. The United Mine Workers of America have an honorable record of agreements kept. The industry for twenty years has been conducted upon the basis of negotiation and joint agreement. The mine workers have met every demand made in those agreements. In addition, they have ever been subject to whim and caprice beyond any other calling or trade. They have had work for from fifty to one hundred fewer days per year than most other trades and occupations. They have been subjected to a fluctuation of work almost unknown in any other trade. What they ask is negotiation and agreement, trusting to those truly American devices to bring improvement as time passes. The thing they want least of all is to be compelled to cease work as a final project against the dishonor of the employers.

"The mine workers are striving to abide by their pledge. They have fulfilled every obligation and await only the word of the employers to enter into negotiation for the continuance of mining operations.

"The cause of the miners is just and in that justice they will have the united and unwavering support of the great labor movement of our country and, we are bound to believe, of every man and woman in our country to whom justice means something beyond an empty word."

Morrow Denies Excessive Profits.

WASHINGTON, March 16.—J. D. A. Morrow, Vice President of the National Coal Association, made public tonight copies of a letter he has addressed to John L. Lewis, President of the United Mine Workers, complaining that the union had "sent broadcast" erroneous versions of testimony given by coal witnesses seeking railroad rate reductions before the Interstate Commerce Commission.

Mr. Morrow declared he had never testified that average selling prices of bituminous coal were $10.50 during 1921, out of which miners received $1.97 as labor cost, but had fixed the total cost of mining bituminous coal during October as averaging $2.50 per ton, against an average selling price received by the mine operators of $2.73.

A statement "insisting upon conference as an alternative to industrial war" in the coal fields was issued jointly today by the Social Service Department of the Federal Council of the Churches of Christ in America and the National Catholic Welfare Council. The statement declares that a strike in the coal industry "at this time of widespread industrial depression" would "greatly add to the hardships which millions of our citizens are already enduring, would produce great economic waste and confusion and would entail a continuing legacy of suspicion and bitterness."

The "pledge of honor" in the agreement entered into two years ago between the bituminous operators and miners "to meet together in a serious effort to avert strife by negotiating a new agreement," the statement declares, "is sufficient to overrule all objections to conference."

CHARLESTON, W. Va., March 16.—Posting of a wage scale in the Kanawha coal fields has been postponed until March 20 by resolution of the operators' association at a meeting today. The resolution fixes dates for further meetings of the Board of Directors and the members of the association to be held before the new scale is posted.

In the Kanawha field, it was announced, twenty-five operators had maintained the union scale, while forty-four were operating on reduced scales, with open shops and no check-offs. It was also stated that in the New River field, which is not included in the present meeting, 102 of the 122 operators were running mines on the November, 1917, scale, with open shops and no check-offs, while in the Logan field there were no union mines.

COAL STRIKE SURE SAYS DR. F. G. DAVIS

Government Conciliator Thinks Early Peace Likely—Declares Shortage Improbable.

The Government will make no effort to avert a suspension of mining operations in the anthracite coal fields on April 1. The position of the Washington Administration was made clear here yesterday by Secretary of Labor James J. Davis, who said that the Government had adopted a "hands-off" policy toward the wage negotiations between the hard coal miners and operators now in progress in this city.

"If the negotiations are protracted," said Secretary Davis, "and the strike is of such length as to cause suffering and hardship, the Government of course will act. I am hopeful that the miners and operators will get together and adjust their own difficulties."

Secretary Davis said that the Government contemplated no new move toward preventing a strike of bituminous miners until after all replies had been received to his request sent the operators of the central competitive field asking them to meet the operators in joint conference.

"Upon my return to Washington tomorrow," he added, "I expect to have all these replies at hand and will then be able to know what to expect."

Asked if he had any hope that a general strike of 500,000 miners in the coal industry would be averted, Mr. Davis replied: "I have no notions on that subject—not just yet. I believe if the miners and operators would get together," he said, "the situation would be more hopeful." He indicated that he still had some hope of arranging such a conference. Secretary Davis, who addressed a meeting of the Woman's Department of the National Civic Federation at the Waldorf-Astoria, said that his visit here had no significance and that he did not intend to confer with John L. Lewis, International President of the United Mine Workers of America, or any of the other officials of the union.

While the miners' representatives were marking time yesterday, the anthracite operators were in conference studying the details of the demands submitted by the union. The Wage Scale Committee. They announced that they would make their position public this afternoon when they will meet the miners' spokesmen at the Hotel Pennsylvania.

Dr. F. G. Davis, Government conciliator, who has been following the anthracite negotiations, said yesterday that suspension of work in the hard coal region was a certainty, but he expected the negotiations to progress smoothly toward a new contract. Unless the public became panic-stricken, he said, and buys coal far in excess of its actual requirements, the suspension will not cause a shortage. There is a seven weeks' supply of coal in domestic sizes on hand at this time and a larger supply of steam coal, he said.

Representatives of the United Mine Workers in a formal statement said that a reduction in the wages of miners would not mean a reduction in the selling price of coal. "Coal operators are busily telling the public that coal prices are too high and that they must come down," said the statement. "If the operators were to reduce wages 20 per cent. it would mean only a reduction of about 4 per cent. in the selling price to the consumer, who would not get a lower price. But it would mean a great deal to the miner to have his earnings cut 20 per cent. There is no good reason in the world why coal should sell for five times the cost of production."

ARMS SHIPMENTS TRACED.

Rifles and Machine Guns Said to Have Been Sent to West Virginia.

Special to The New York Times.

CHARLESTON, W. Va., March 16.—Colonel Jackson Arnold, Superintendent of State Police, received reports today that firearms in large quantities, including high-powered rifles and machine guns, were being shipped into the Kanawha coal district in preparation for trouble if the coal mines shut down on April 1.

Following receipt of this information, Colonel Arnold went into conference with Governor Morgan. The Chief Executive said the State could take no action, as there was no law against the importation of firearms.

The State Police Chief said he received his information from numerous coal operators in the area surrounding Charleston and adjoining counties. An investigation, he added, showed the information was true and that shipments of firearms and ammunition were received from Cincinnati.

Colonel Arnold said his organization would step in and seize the firearms whenever there was any development to warrant a search of private property.

German Radicals Ask Lenin To Spare Lives of Socialists

BERLIN, March 16 (Associated Press).—The German Federation of Labor today sent a telegram to Premier Lenin of Soviet Russia appealing for amnesty for forty-seven Socialists held in Russia on political charges which are punishable by death. The telegram said convictions of these prisoners might seriously strain the relations between Russia and the German proletariat.

The Tageblatt, commenting upon the appeal, said: "The Communists of Germany are appealing for amnesty for political prisoners and the Communists of Moscow are shooting them."

The Independent Socialists have also protested to Moscow against Soviet Russia's "politics of vengeance."

DAVIS SEES ENOUGH COAL FOR 3 MONTHS

Secretary of Labor Says Strike April 1 Won't Cause Early Shortage.

"MEETING MUST BE HELD"

Finds Miners Ready to Keep Agreement—Wants to Register "Bootlegged" Immigrants.

James J. Davis, Secretary of Labor, addressing the Women's Department of the National Civic Federation at the Waldorf yesterday, said that two years ago the operators and miners in the bituminous fields agreed to meet prior to April 1, 1922, to discuss a new wage schedule and that it was their duty to carry out their agreement.

"I sent out notices calling the attention of both sides to the agreement," he said. "The miners were in our office yesterday and said they were ready to meet at any time.

"It makes no difference to me which side this meeting is going to affect most. I say to both sides, 'You have made this agreement. You entered into it openly and you must meet.'"

Secretary Davis pointed out that by agreement the operators and miners in the anthracite field were now meeting. He then discussed the coal situation as follows:

"On the 1st of April there will be from 50,000,000 to 65,000,000 tons of coal on the surface. With the non-union mines producing, there will be no shortage for three or four months even if the strike occurs.

"The public is entitled to know both sides of the question. You cannot tell which side to believe. Propaganda is emanating from both sides.

"If the Government had a key man whose business it was to follow the coal industry the year around and know everything that is going on in the coal field, we would know just how to handle the situation.

"If you had thirty-two key men in the thirty-two basic industries, such as coal, transportation, textiles and so on, you would know just what to do in case of threatened industrial conflict.

"Instead of having a Government commission to handle all labor disputes, you could have this group of 32 key men forming such a commission. If you wanted a board to take up the coal situation you would have the coal man as Chairman. If it were a commission of three the transportation and textile men might be the other two. You could expand the board to include as many men as you wanted up to thirty-two.

"The President has approved my idea of naming key men for the various basic industries and Congress has already appropriated $50,000 for the work. We are going to go ahead and build up this proposition."

Discussing the quarterly report of the Department of Labor, just issued, Secretary Davis said that for the first time since he had taken office all of the country's industries, with one exception, showed increases in the number of men employed.

Secretary Davis also discussed the bill to register aliens and the 3 per cent. immigration quota law.

"There is a good deal of bootlegging in aliens going on," he said. "Not being able to enter under the 3 per cent. law, they go to Cuba, Mexico and South America and are then smuggled into the United States. Sometimes they take up residence in a nearby foreign country so that in a year they may obtain the passport of that country and again try to enter the United States.

"Immigrants as well as liquor are being imported from Cuba. The Chinese exclusion law is as full of holes as a sieve. Of 100,000 Chinese in this country 40,000 are said to be here illegally. There are supposed to be from 40,000 to 50,000 Mexicans living here unlawfully. Chinese laborers come here as business men and then go to work as laborers. There are said to be 30,000 aliens awaiting an opportunity to slip into the United States from Cuba.

"How many of the women here know that there is a big organization working all the time for the overthrow of our Government? If you register aliens you will have to deport from 5,000 to 50,000 people who are insane, criminals and those who have become public charges.

"Of course some people say that the bill for the enrollment of aliens would permit espionage. There are some people who object to the idea of our knowing how often they travel from New York to Chicago, to Detroit or San Francisco. Of course they will object if they have a bomb under their sleeve to blow up real Americans. The enrollment will only interfere with undesirable citizens."

HALTS KENTUCKY TROOPS.

Judge Enjoins Interference With Strikers' Meetings in Newport.

NEWPORT, Ky., March 16.—Circuit Judge Caldwell temporarily enjoined Colonel H. H. Denhardt and other officers of the State troops stationed here on strike duty from interfering with the meetings of the strikers at their headquarters. The soldiers are also enjoined from intimidating and threatening and from removing any property from the headquarters of the union.

The plaintiffs are the Central Committee and the officers of the four local unions of the Amalgamated Association of Iron, Steel and Tin Workers. The hearing of the application for a permanent injunction will be held on March 23.

WINS $2,514 RELIEF SUIT.

Doctor Gets Full Pay for Services to Serbian Commission.

Special to The New York Times.

WHITE PLAINS, N. Y., March 16.—A jury in the Supreme Court here, presided over by Justice Seeger, today brought in a verdict of $2,514.36 in favor of Dr. George William Beach of Somerset, Ky., against the Serbian Welfare Association, for his services with the Serbian Relief Commission during 1919.

The sum was the full amount which the plaintiff claimed under a contract made with the late A. Barton Hepburn, Treasurer of the Serbian Relief Fund, and which Dr. Beach contended had not been lived up to.

The Serbian Association, which is made up of wealthy New Yorkers, put in a counter-claim for $1,000 against Dr. Beach for money advanced for his traveling expenses, which the jury disallowed.

Sir Herbert Samuel Out of Danger.

JERUSALEM, March 16 (Jewish Telegraphic Agency).—The condition of Sir Herbert Samuel, High Commissioner for Palestine, has greatly improved, a medical bulletin from Government House states today. The communiqué adds that the High Commissioner is out of danger.

Says America Must Aid in Loan to Germany; Only Way to Peace, Declares Stresemann

BERLIN, March 16 (Associated Press).—Dr. Gustav Stresemann, economist and leader of the People's Party, addressing the annual meeting of the German-American Economic Association today, said no country was more independent of foreign trade than America, but since the Treaty of Versailles had destroyed normal economic conditions she was suffering financial convulsion and wrestling with as serious an employment problem as England and neutral countries.

"America cannot cut loose from Europe," he declared, "to which she is bound by common and powerful economic laws, and she must suffer with Europe. We need enduring economic peace in Europe, especially in Germany.

"France presses for reparations in order to bring her own desolate financial conditions into order. The only possible solution of the riddle is an international loan, which would allow Germany to satisfy France and re-establish the peace of the world. America, in the name of fair play, must play a leading role in this question."

NEW HOPE OF ENDING BIG TEXTILE STRIKE

Rhode Island Board Will Make Third Attempt to Bring About a Compromise.

HELPED BY 48-HOUR BILL

Half of the State Troops on Duty in Pawtuxet Valley Will Be Withdrawn Today.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., March 16.—Hope of early settlement of the textile strike in Rhode Island, now in its eighth week, was revived today when the State Board of Mediation and Conciliation, basing its action on the passage of the Lavander forty-eight-hour bill by the House of Representatives yesterday, announced that it would renew its effort to persuade mill owners and strikers to compromise their differences.

Passage of the Lavander bill, according to a statement issued by Commissioner of Labor George H. Webb, "presented an opportunity for the board to go back to the strikers with a hope of securing some concession that might lead to a termination of the strike."

The board will meet Saturday, when the result of conferences to be held with strike leaders in the meantime will be made public.

Previous Attempts Failures.

Two previous attempts by the State Board of Mediation and Conciliation to restore peace in the Rhode Island textile industry have failed. The first fell through on Feb. 28, when manufacturers and strikers refused to submit to arbitration the questions at issue.

The second attempt was based on a compromise plan under which the forty-eight hour week was to prevail, with a wage reduction of 10 per cent. instead of 20, but the parties to the controversy would not agree on this basis.

The present plan, it is understood, will be similar to the last in that it will suggest a compromise in the matter of wages. The prospect of forty-eight-hour legislation would, in the view of board members, make strike leaders feel less hesitation in discussing terms of settlement.

The Lavander bill will be sent to the Senate tomorrow. Friends of the bill will try to have it placed directly on the calendar without reference to a committee. This was the procedure followed in the House.

Will Withdraw Half the Troops.

Announcement by Governor San Souci today that more than half the troops stationed in the Pawtuxet Valley strike area would be withdrawn tomorrow was taken as indicating that the strike situation there promises no further disorders. According to a statement from the office of the Adjutant General, maintenance of National Guardsmen on strike duty from Feb. 20 to March 15 has cost the State $70,000.

A mobile machine gun unit and a troop of cavalry, about 100 men in all, will remain for a time in the Pawtuxet Valley, it was announced.

The Royal Weaving Company of Pawtucket announced today that its silk department, employing about 900 hands, which was closed three weeks ago, would remain closed indefinitely, probably all Summer. Market conditions were given as the reason for this action. The cotton department, employing about 400 persons, would also be forced to close soon, the announcement added, unless the striking weavers returned.

Want 54-Hour Week Restored.

BOSTON, March 16.—Representatives of the cotton textile industry in Massachusetts, speaking today before the Social Welfare Committee of the Legislature on a bill to repeal the 48-hour law for women and children and restore the maximum working week of 54 hours, said that Southern competition had put their products in jeopardy. Several speakers recommended an investigation into the situation before favorable action was taken on the measure.

Richard B. Stanley, legislative counsel for the Arkwright Club, an organization of cotton manufacturers, said that Southern production had surpassed that of New England in the last fifteen or twenty years. He asserted that, because of the distance from raw material and the handicaps in shipment of goods, the industry here needed helpful rather than restrictive legislation.

Albert H. White, representing the cotton manufacturers of Taunton, said he favored the 48-hour law as a humane measure, but as a question of economics he thought it unfair to the manufacturers.

Senator John Hallowell of New Bedford opposed the bill. Manufacturers of his city, he asserted, had continued to prosper and expand.

Hoover Sees End of Depression.

PHOENIX, Ariz., March 16.—The United States is rapidly emerging from the industrial and financial collapse following the war, Herbert Hoover told the Arizona Legislature today. He pointed out that there had been a drop recently in the price of agricultural products, which, however, was not reflected in manufactured products.

QUICK WORK FOILS $20,000 PIER THEFT

Goods Stolen, Police Notified, Three Caught, Loot Found, All in a Few Hours.

DRIVER GAVE FIRST CLUE

Auctioneer and Clerk Arrested, With Goods in Their Store, Detectives Charge.

Quick work on the part of Detective Sergeants Londrigan and Collins of the Beach Street Station last night resulted in the arrest of three men and the recovery of $20,000 worth of cotton goods which had been stolen from a truck owned by John White of 29 Renwick Street. The prisoners were John J. Poggi of 270 Spring Street, a chauffeur for White; Henry Spiegel, an auctioneer of 218 Church Street, and Moses Spiegel, nephew of the auctioneer, who said that he was employed as a shipping clerk by his uncle.

According to the detectives, the truckman sent Poggi with a motor truck to the Fall River line at Fulton Street and the Hudson River to get twenty-six cases of cotton goods and deliver them to the American Docks at Tompkinsville, S. I. They said Poggi told them that when he was leaving the pier two young men came up and informed him that they could get a receipt for the goods, which were to be shipped to Manila, and would give him a large sum of money if he drove to Atlantic Avenue, Brooklyn, and transferred the goods to another truck.

Poggi said that the men then produced the receipt and he fell in with the scheme to steal the twenty-six cases. He drove the truck to Brooklyn. While he and two others were unloading the loot onto the other truck he overheard one of the men mention the address of the auctioneer in Church Street, he said.

The conspiracy did not work out as expected, according to the detectives. While learned that the twenty-six cases had not been delivered to the Staten Island docks, and successful in, Londrigan and Collins. They questioned Poggi and he broke down and told the story.

The detectives took him to Spiegel's place in Church Street at 10 o'clock last night. They assert that they found Moses Spiegel, nephew of the auctioneer, busily transferring the cotton goods to twenty-eight cases in the cellar. They arrested the two Spiegels and they, with Poggi, were locked up on a charge of grand larceny after the loot had been removed to the station. The detective said that they expected to arrest another man this morning.

VOLSTEAD IS FACING STIFF FIGHT AT HOME

May Run as Independent, It Is Said, if Beaten for Republican Renomination.

Special to The New York Times.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., March 16.—"Wets" and "drys" will turn their eyes with interest to the Seventh Minnesota Congressional District Saturday when county conventions will name delegates to the Republican Convention at which a Congressional candidate will be indorsed.

Andrew J. Volstead, author of the Prohibition Enforcement act, is seeking re-election and is facing the stiffest fight of his political career. Republican politicians today predicted that the convention would not name him. His chief opponent is Theodore Christianson of Dawson, a State legislator, who formally announced his candidacy today. He dodged all references to liquor, however, being content to say that he would appreciate votes.

Volstead obtained a renomination two years only by a legal technicality. He was beaten in the primaries by the Rev. O. J. Kvale, who was endorsed by the Non-Partisan League. But Volstead brought action under the State Corrupt Practices act, alleging that Kvale had made charges that the Congressman was an atheist. The court disqualified Kvale and declared Volstead "duly nominated."

Kvale will again seek the nomination and Republicans are looking around for a candidate who can muster wet votes.

If the Congressional Convention, which is to be held March 30, fails to endorse him, Volstead will run as an independent and will be supported by the reform and church element.

DRY MEN RAID STAMFORD.

Seize Whisky and Arrest Two Saloon Keepers.

Special to The New York Times.

STAMFORD, Conn., March 16.—A squad of prohibition enforcement men, under the lead of the State Chief, J. E. Eno, visited Stamford tonight and in a short time had seized twenty quarts of whisky in the saloon of William Cleary and had obtained evidence in Charles Kaptena's saloon. Cleary and Kaptena were arrested and released on bail.

Members of the Citizens' Committee of One Hundred, headed by Charles Eddy Fay, said they had invited Mr. Eno and his men to Stamford after obtaining evidence that the National Prohibition act was being violated. Both Cleary and Kaptena have been arrested before on similar charges.

General Pershing.

The commanding officer of the American Army does not talk much, or often.

But he has consented to give his views on the proposed reduction of our military forces. The interview will be published in

The New York Times

NEXT SUNDAY

Reserve a copy at your news stand

DRY AGENTS CAPTURE 14 MEN ABOARD SHIP

Vessel Surrounded With Harbor Craft and Arrests Are Made at 1 A. M.

CAPTAIN DIDN'T KNOW THEM

Two Brooklyn Defendants Acquitted of Charge of Bribing Detectives.

Acting on information received from "stool pigeons" that bootleggers were to make an effort to land whisky from the steamship Guiana of the Furness-Whitney Line at Pier 24, near the Atlantic Avenue ferry, in Brooklyn, police of Harbor A and customs agents, on the police boat John F. Hylan, were not far from the steamer at 1 o'clock yesterday morning when a motor boat drew alongside the vessel and several men went aboard. Two other police launches were summoned by the police and the Guiana was virtually surrounded by harbor craft.

Fourteen men were rounded up by the police and customs agents when they went aboard at a given signal. They were found in various parts of the ship and could not account for their presence. The captain of the vessel told the police that he did not know them, that they had no business on the ship and that he did not want them there. Some of the men put up a fight before they would submit to arrest. The men were taken in a patrol wagon to the Amity Street Police Station on charges of disorderly conduct and trespass.

Two Acquitted of Bribery.

A jury before Judge MacMahon, in County Court, Brooklyn, yesterday acquitted two men charged with bribery after their attorney, Sidney Gottesman, had declared that the detectives had "induced" the bribe. Judge MacMahon charged the jury that policemen should not "induce" the commission of a crime. The defendants were Orante Baffa, a grocer, and Gennaro Letteri, his brother-in-law, both of 143 Conover Street. It was alleged that they offered Detectives Casey and Ryan $95 to release Baffa from arrest. Three bottles of whisky had been found in Baffa's store, it was said. They were on their way to the station house when Letteri followed and asked if it "couldn't be fixed up," saying he had $20. The detectives replied, it was alleged, that this sum was "not enough," and Letteri returned to the store and brought back $75 more.

The police in the Seventy-sixth Precinct, in Brooklyn, are trying out a new scheme in the enforcement of the Mullen-Gage law, it was announced yesterday. A dozen patrolmen in plain clothes have been assigned to the saloons in the precinct. They are to rotate, no officer to spend longer than half an hour in any saloon. It was said that if the plan is considered successful in this precinct it will be adopted for other parts of the city.

Held on Extortion Charge.

Edward M. Manning, 34, of 139 East Eighteenth Street, a pugilist, and Henry Shafer, 34, of 400 First Avenue, a newsdealer, were held in $5,000 bail each for the Grand Jury when arraigned on a charge of extortion before Magistrate Thomas F. McAndrews in Yorkville Court. Joseph E. Cassidy, 40, of 8 West Fourteenth Street, who had been arrested on a similar charge, was released. The complainant was Fritz Gershpacher, a saloonkeeper of 1,032 First Avenue, who alleged that the men had acted in concert to extort $200 from him on promise of "protection" from prohibition agents.

Harry Gibbleman, owner of a drug store at 949 Eighth Avenue, was arrested yesterday by Federal prohibition agents, who alleged that they bought a pint of whisky from him without a prescription. Agents also left summonses for Carl Schwab, owner of a saloon at 1,247 First Avenue, and his bartender, Charles Motycka, of 370 East Seventy-sixth Street, having been served with drinks, they allege.

Six hundred cases of real beer, containing 4½ per cent. alcohol, were poured into the sewers of the Feigenspan Brewery, in Freeman Street, Newark, yesterday, under the direction of Internal Revenue and prohibition enforcement agents. The beer was brewed, it was said, during the shog interval between the Treasury Department's ruling authorizing medicinal beer and the enactment of the Anti-Beer law, which nullified the ruling.

Deputy United States Marshal Harry Quinn, in charge of the Jersey City office, was summarily removed from office yesterday by United States Marshal Mulheron, who said that he notified Quinn Jan. 13 last that his appointment was only temporary. Quinn said that, although he had turned over his office keys, revolver and bracelets, as requested by Mr. Mulheron, he would continue to report at the Jersey City office. The controversy has been brought to the attention of Attorney General Daugherty. Two new deputy Marshals were sworn in in Newark yesterday, these being Timothy Nevill of Roosevelt and George Vipp of Newark.

RUM SHIP OWNERS SUE.

Seek Damages From Officials Who Seized Liquor Cargo.

BOSTON, March 16.—Another chapter in the rum-running history of the British schooner Grace and Ruby began here today, when the Bahamas Distributing Company of Nassau entered suit in Federal Court for $50,000 each against Wilfred W. Lufkin, Collector of the Port of Boston, and Herman Hornel, Port Surveyor, alleging illegal conversion of liquor carried by the schooner. The Grace and Ruby, seized by the Coast Guard cutter Tampa off this port last month, is held pending disposition of proceedings against the vessel and its crew in the Federal courts for alleged transfer of about one-fifth of a $500,000 cargo of liquors outside Salem Harbor.

Almost at the same time that the suit was brought against the customs officials Assistant United States Attorney Charles P. Curtis Jr. filed libels on behalf of the Government. One libel asked that the vessel be forfeited because of alleged violations of the customs laws and another that the 20,113 quarts and 2,400 pints of whisky, 250 cases of gin and Scotch whisky and beer be confiscated, owing to the alleged attempt to smuggle the cargo into the country and for other reasons, including the allegation that the Grace and Ruby was bound for the United States and not for St. John, N. B., as her papers stated.

INDIANA BREWER INDICTED.

He Is Accused of Trying to Bribe Federal Prohibition Agent.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., March 16.—Indictments charging bribery were returned by a Federal Grand Jury here today against Michael Schrick, former President of the Southern Indiana Brewing Company, and J. H. Booth, both of New Albany, Ind. They are alleged to have attempted to bribe J. L. Asher, Federal prohibition agent, with money and commissions amounting to $100,000 a year to get assistance of that official in transporting illegal beer to Louisville from New Albany. They were released on bond.

Federal agents, who said they were concealed in a closet, told the Grand Jury the two men were trapped in Asher's room in a hotel here in January while Schrick and Booth were in the act of paying Asher the first instalment of $6,000.

Will Ask His 11 or 12 Wives To Prove He Is Irresponsible

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., March 16.—An appeal to some of his eleven or twelve wives is to be made by Isaiah Moore, self-confessed bigamist, for them to be witnesses in his behalf when he goes on trial here on indictments charging bigamy, embezzlement and grand larceny.

Moore said that his defense would be that his nervous condition at times caused him to be irresponsible, a fact which he said some wives could establish by their testimony, which he felt would win leniency for him.

"I think I can depend on Helen Hardgrove of Augusta, Kan.," said Moore. "If she refuses to stand by me, I'll try some of the others."

Miss Hardgrove has denied marriage to Moore, who declared he became her husband under the name of J. H. Jarvis.

VETOED DRY BILL PASSED IN JERSEY

Other Measures Turned Down by Governor Carried as Session Nears End.

SQUABBLE ON HOUSE FLOOR

Assemblyman Corio in Tilt With Counsel Munro of Anti-Saloon League.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, N. J., March 16.—Passage of bills over the veto of Governor Edwards by the House and Senate and a lively tilt in the House between Assemblyman Corio of Atlantic City and G. Rowland Munro, counsel of the New Jersey Anti-Saloon League, occupied the attention of the Legislature today. Adjournment was taken early this afternoon until 1 o'clock tomorrow afternoon, when enactment of laws over the veto will be completed and the session adjourned.

Before the session closes Governor Edwards will send to the Senate a number of appointments which have been hanging fire. A number were confirmed today, including J. T. Ashenrith of Jersey City as a member of the Public Utility Commission to succeed Thomas J. Tracey, resigned; Charles Seabrook of Bridgeton as a member of the State Highway Commission, and John Predmore of Barnegat as member of the State Pilotage Commission. The House today passed the House bills that were vetoed and the Senate acted in like manner upon the Senate bills. Tomorrow the House will pass the Senate bills and the Senate will act on the House bills, completing them as laws.

In the House the Robert Prohibition Enforcement, the Bridge and Tunnel Commission Reorganization and the $40,000,000 Highway Bond bills and some minor measures were put through. In the Senate the excess fees legislation was passed over the veto. One bill that was vetoed was beaten, that of Senator Whitney seeking creation of a permanent State budget officer.

The flare-up in the House between Assemblyman Corio and Mr. Munro was over the deciding vote on an Anti-Saloon League bill requiring that curtains and screens be removed from windows and doors of places used as pool and billiard parlors, and where beverages are sold. One vote was lacking to put this measure over the Governor's veto, and Corio charged Munro with having approached a member of the House and inciting him to vote while the roll was being called. He shook his finger in Munro's face, and after some words moved to have him removed from the floor of the House, but this motion was not pressed and the incident was closed.

'ADMIRAL' SELECTED FOR NEW DRY NAVY

Lieut. R. L. Jack Loaned by Coast Guard to Organize Ocean Patrol Service.

WASHINGTON, March 16.—Lieutenant R. L. Jack of the Coast Guard has been made "Admiral" of the newly created prohibition "navy."

Lieutenant Jack, prohibition officials said today, has been loaned by the Coast Guard to the prohibition unit as liaison officer in charge of the nine submarine chasers being made available for the enforcement of the National Prohibition act in the waters of the Atlantic Coast.

The duties of the new "Admiral," it was said, would consist in disciplining and training the crews for the prohibition vessels which are now being recruited in Baltimore by General Prohibition Agent Elmer Kirwan. It is expected that the new arm of the prohibition forces will be ready for service within a week or two, and meanwhile, it is announced, "Admiral" Jack is clearing the decks of his miniature warships for action under the prohibition flag.

BALTIMORE, Md., March 16.—Four of seven former sub-chasers have been sent to Spedden's Shipyard, Canton, near Baltimore, to be overhauled in preparation for their new duty as part of the "prohibition navy."

The sub-chasers will be part of the fleet under command of Lieutenant R. L. Jack, who, Washington reports, has been designated as "Admiral" of the "new navy." Baltimore has been designated recruiting headquarters for the new departure.

Captain Elmer Kirwan, it is said, is in charge of recruiting here. Orders have been given to hurry repairs to vessels and get crews ready within a week or two. Captain Kirwan was in Washington today in connection with his new duties. All the vessels, which will be under orders direct from Washington, will co-operate with customs officials in running down rum-runners. Captains of vessels, in addition to their nautical titles, will be known as "general prohibition agents."

Captain Fred Insley, a Baltimorean, who is supervising repairs at the shipyard, is reported to be aiding Captain Kirwan in selecting crews for the chasers.

Find a $20,000 Moonshine Plant.

BALTIMORE, Md., March 16.—Responding to a false call for aid for a woman overcome by gas, police and a pulmotor crew uncovered in an East Pratt Street house today the biggest moonshine liquor plant found here since prohibition became operative. The plant, authorities to represent an investment of $20,000, could turn out 300 gallons of liquor a day. The place was deserted.

INDICT 30 FOR TAKING $6,000,000 FREIGHT

Wholesale Charges Made at Buffalo Against Employes of New York Central.

HAD OPERATED THREE YEARS

Railroad Detectives and Inspectors Are Accused With Merchants and Farmers.

GANG STOLE MUCH LIQUOR

Total of This Alone, It Is Estimated, Would Probably Reach $750,000.

BUFFALO, N. Y., March 16.—Thefts of merchandise from New York Central Railroad cars on an enormous scale resulted in the indictment today of more than thirty railroad detectives, saloonkeepers, merchants, chauffeurs and farmers, who are alleged to have made up a ring of thieves and fences that handled goods worth $2,000,000 a year for the past three years.

The indictments were reported by a Federal Grand Jury which for ten days has been hearing evidence gathered by a force of New York Central investigators.

Whisky and alcohol composed the chief loot of the ring during the past year, it was said by Peter J. Bentley of New York, special attorney for the New York Central. Since January, 1921, twenty-three robberies of cars containing liquor have been reported and the claims on these alone total $700,000.

With the alleged connivance of railroad police detailed to guard the trains, yardmasters, switchmen and other railroad employes, it was possible for thieves to remove goods from a car and reset it, so that the looting would not be discovered until the car arrived at its destination.

The car selected for a job, Mr. Bentley said, would be taken out of a train and on a switch easily approached by automobile truck. After the car had been robbed and the contents loaded into trucks, the seals would be replaced and the car put on an outbound train with no records of the delay on the yardmaster's books. This system, he said, made it difficult to locate the point at which the thefts occurred and it required many weeks of work to point to the Buffalo and other Niagara frontier points as the probable centre of operations.

Among the men indicted today were John J. Maloney, a former chief of the New York Central police force here, and several inspectors, lieutenants and plain detectives who were discharged several months ago in the early stages of the inquiry. Others indicted were in the service of the railroad until today.

Because of the high prices and ready market for the stolen liquor it is said that several alleged members of the ring have piled up tidy fortunes within a few months. The bankbook of one switchman under arrest shows a balance of $9,000. Another is said to have displayed $35,000 and had been living in princely style.

SHIP SEIZURE AROUSES ITALY AGAINST GREEKS

Torpedoboat Holds Up Passenger Vessels in Black Sea and Removes Turks.

CONSTANTINOPLE, March 16 (Associated Press).—The Greek torpedo boat Nixos, while patrolling the Black Sea with other units of the Greek fleet, seized the steamship Abbasia, flying the Italian flag, off Ineboli.

The Abbasia was taken to Mudania, where, after a three hours' search of the vessel, the Turkish passengers, including the personnel of a Turkish sanitary corps, were declared prisoners of war.

ROME, March 16 (Associated Press).—Considerable excitement has been caused here by the news that Greek warships had stopped and searched the Italian steamships Umbria and Abbasia, detaining the latter.

The Messaggero observes that Italy, notwithstanding the Greco-Turkish war, has never recognized the right of Greece to institute a blockade or to search ships, we did France, who experienced a similar incident in the seizure of the steamship Eupolis.

[The French steamship Espoir recently was released by Greece after a sharp protest from France. The Greeks, however, retained the cargo, which they maintained was contraband of war, destined for use of the Turkish Nationalist army, with which Greece is at war.]

The newspaper declares the present case is more serious than that of the Espoir, which was stopped in Greek territorial waters, as the Italian steamships were boarded, it is alleged, on the open sea.

The press is urging the Government to demand prompt satisfaction.

BROKER HELD FOR LARCENY.

Man Accused by Relative Admits Whipping Benny Leonard.

John M. Cross, 40, a broker, of 500 Seventh Avenue, was held in the Tombs Court in bail of $1,000 yesterday charged with swindling his brother-in-law, George F. Grant, of 132 West Thirtieth Street, out of $700.

Cross was arrested at Police Headquarters by Detective James P. Murphy. By a curious coincidence Cross went to Police Headquarters to lodge a complaint against Detective Murphy just as Murphy was leaving headquarters to arrest Cross.

In the Tombs Court Cross was also charged with insanity by his brother-in-law. On the witness stand Cross admitted that he had been in a hospital for the insane, had knocked out Benny Leonard and thirty others and was pressured to make Detective Murphy the thirty-second. Magistrate Oberwager held him on the larceny charge, saying there was not sufficient evidence to hold him for insanity.

HAYS MAKES BOW AS BOSS OF MOVIES

Producers, Writers and Actors Roar Applause at His Promises for the Industry.

TO MEET PUBLIC DEMANDS

Accepts Challenges of Youth and American Mothers, He Says at Feast in His Honor.

Will H. Hays made his first public appearance as head of the newly formed Motion Picture Producers and Distributors of America at a dinner in his honor in the Hotel Astor last night and shot the big audience of men and women prominent in the industry full of campaign enthusiasm by his declaration that the industry would give the country good pictures, clean pictures, as well as entertainment.

Mr. Hays talked at them right from the shoulder with the force that he used when he was running the Republican national campaign, and judging by the roars of applause and the way men and women, actors and actresses, known everywhere by their films, jumped to their feet, they like their new boss. It was a gathering that would have made a director's heart glad when the big arc lamps were turned on and brought out the gleam of color from many gowns in the brilliant flat light of the studio.

Those at the guest table formed an index to the curious cosmopolitanism of the affair. There were Adolph Zukor of the Famous Players-Lasky Corporation; Hugh Frayne of the American Federation of Labor; Arthur Brisbane, John V. McAvoy, Channing Pollock, who told them they couldn't get along without good authors and most good authors wouldn't work for them; John Emerson, screen writer and head of the Actors' Equity; Albert D. Lasker, of the United States Shipping Board, who congratulated the picture people on getting Mr. Hays; Secretary of Labor Davis, who came from Washington to tell them what a worker Will was; William R. Hearst, who said he lost everything in the movies that he made in pictures; Constance Talmadge, Betty Blythe, Mae Murray, and lots of others, including Seward Prosser, head of the Bankers Trust Company. It was that way at every table in the room.

Potentialities for Good.

Mr. Hays said he recognized and welcomed the potentialities for good in the industry, and knew it would make him happy to bring about co-operation that would enable the industry to give of its best.

"The motion picture industry accepts the challenge in the demand of the American public for the highest quality of art and interest in its entertainment," he said. "The industry accepts the challenge in the demand of the American youth that its pictures shall give them the right kind of entertainment and instruction. We accept the challenge in the righteous demand of the American mother that the entertainment and amusement of that youth be a thy of their value as the most potent factor in the country's future.

"By our opportunities are our responsibilities measured. From him to whom much is given much is required. The potentialities of the motion picture as a source of entertainment, as a news agency, and as a moral influence and educational factor are limitless. If this is so, and it is undeniable, then just as that opportunity is great, so in like measure is your responsibility.

"That responsibility I accept for the motion-picture industry right here. Our association is dedicated to the aid of the industry and the discharge of these obligations, and to that I am dedicating my life and my best years. It is a task that commands the best efforts of every one. With an appreciation of this industry's importance in the business world and a full knowledge of its own great future, yet in that spirit of humility which recognizes difficulties and limitations, this association takes up its work in the confidence born of the knowledge of its own earnest purpose, and with the assurance that it has the sympathy and co-operation of all those connected in any way within the industry itself, and the co-operation and sympathy of the public, whose servant the industry is.

Mayor Hylan welcomed Mr. Hays to New York and said that although Mr. Hays said he was out of politics he would give an early opportunity to join Tammany Hall. Adolph Zukor said he hoped Mr. Hays would "never have to turn red in the face on our account."

Duties of Directors.

"It is up to you to see that you do not direct a picture that is not fit to be shown to the public," said Mr. Zukor, addressing his fellow-workers. "And we hope that Mr. Hays will not permit us all to be maligned because of wrongdoing on the part of some in the industry who will be most quickly condemned and ostracized by the rest of us."

John Emerson, who was toastmaster, told of the formation of the new association and said:

"From where I sit it looks as if this were about the wisest and most constructive thing the producers and distributors have ever done. I say this and I base this conclusion upon what I know of the personality, the character, the standing and the achievements of the man they have elected to head the organization.

"It would only be natural that the formation of such an organization should give rise to the queries as to whether it might not be used to control production or distribution and hold up the exhibitor, and whether it might not result in an agreement to curtail competition and reduce all salaries of writers, actors, directors to a fixed level.

"I should without hesitation answer 'no' to these questions," said Mr. Emerson. "In any organization of this kind, the majority must rule, and while there might arise some misguided member swollen with his own importance, I don't believe he would succeed in carrying any number of these gentlemen with him, nor do I believe that he would cause a quiver in the solid, sane, honest, kindly, far-seeing attitude of Mr. Will Hays.

"Competition is bound to survive because every member will want the best actors, writers and directors he can get," said Mr. Emerson, and the exhibitors if pushed too far would make their own pictures.

"Let's try to iron out all our misunderstandings and dissensions within the industry, and get together for a concerted attack upon the common enemy without," he said. "For unless we are able in some way to ward off from our industry the blighting effects of the frightful wave of Puritanical fanaticism which has swept, a small but organized active and powerful minority of the citizens of this country, the motion picture industry will soon be reduced to a state of pay dirt only for bales in arms, mental detectives and the Rev. John Roach Stratton."

RECIPROCAL TRADE FAVORED

Chicago Credit Men Endorse Suggestion of Sir Auckland Geddes.

CHICAGO, March 16.—It is desirable in the interest of American exports that the old system of cash payments be established in part at least by a reciprocal trade relationship with other nations, according to a resolution adopted tonight by the Chicago Association of Credit Men.

The suggestion made by Sir Auckland Geddes, British Ambassador, in an address before the credit men on March 11, was endorsed. The Ambassador said he heard American exports to Great Britain are dwindling because "there is not money in England to pay for them," and urged the necessity for some reciprocal arrangement.

Speaking for the interlocking of properly financed England and America, he said: "Between America and other European countries, we as credit men with a very great power to establish reciprocal trade relations, the resolution

THE PLAY

By ALEXANDER WOOLLCOTT

Miss Draper Returns.

The self-sustaining and endlessly astonishing Ruth Draper came back to town yesterday afternoon after a three-months' tour. She is booked for Paris and London in May and June, but the intervening months presented a sixty problem in the psychology of the theatre. In a season when, quite suddenly, every one in New York seemed possessed of a consuming ardor to hear Miss Draper, would it be wiser to vanish and leave them all unsatisfied or wiser still to come back and hang out her sign while the demand was brisket. Evidently it was decided that now was the time to strike. At all events, back she came yesterday afternoon, beginning the first of ten engagements at the Selwyn Theatre. The first program was given as a benefit for the Belloc Ward of the Bellevue Post Graduate Hospital, and the house was packed with elegance and appreciation.

In that program was one new thing, a monologue called "Three Breakfasts," wherein Miss Draper, with her familiar ability to crowd a stage all by herself, plays the wife at three breakfast tables, one in the first flush of the honeymoon, one in the acidity of the fifteenth anniversary, and one in the mumbling contentment of the twenty-fifth of married life. It is an artful and believable composition on the marriage state, with egg on the cravat and lumps in the oatmeal recurring through the years like minor chords touched gently for remembrance. It managed to say in seven minutes what "The First Fifty Years" says in two hours.

To say that this was the one new thing in the program is to be a little misleading. In a sense, even the oldest favorites in Miss Draper's repertoire are new each time she gives each time certainly, and never quite the same as the time before. For instance, her little travesty of a commonplace woman roaming talkative through an art exhibit has grown on a hundred glints and gleams since first rough experiment with it a year ago. And, even our old friend, the "Professor of Greek Poise," is up to some new tricks.

Yesterday afternoon's festivities ended with that singularly moving sketch of the French peasant woman waiting for the return of the regiment. Its closing moments were caught up by an orchestra that fiddled away bravely at "L'Ambre de Meuse," thus adding a little something to the considerable entitlement Miss Draper can call up unaided when she is of a mind to.

The next program will be given Sunday night at the Selwyn.

NEW COURSES AT HUNTER.

Extension Division Adds Journalism to Curriculum.

During the last semester the Extension Division of Hunter College successfully organized graduate courses leading to the degree of Master of Arts in the departments of English, French, German, history, biology and education. These courses are intended to appeal among others to school teachers who must have degrees to gain promotion. The number of these positions has increased rapidly of late years and in the past the educational system of the city has not afforded the teachers working during the day any facilities for doing the required work.

The interest displayed during the term just ended has been so encouraging that new courses in classics, mathematics, physiology and physics are being considered. The extension Division is also adding a course in journalism to its curriculum. The instructor in this class is a man of wide experience in the newspaper world, having served on the staff of several local papers.

Due to the remarkable increase in attendance, additional sections in the class of economics, sociology and English literature are to be given during the coming term. Edward Sheldon, President of the New York Drama League, will also conduct a course in dramatic composition and play producing. The commercial and secretarial department for women is growing rapidly and courses in auditing, foreign trade, income tax and practical advertising are being held.

The courses in this Extension Division are open to both men and women whose qualifications are approved by the instructor in the class in which they wish to enroll upon the payment of a small registration fee.

FIUME HAS A DICTATOR.

Commander of Armed Forces Assumes Full Control of the City.

FIUME, March 16 (Associated Press).—Party strife again threatens to plunge Fiume into anarchy. Immediately after the fall of the Zanella Government, partisan feeling subsided, all joining in choosing Major Giovanni Giriani as head of the Government, but now that he has refused the position, each party is again rivaling the others for control of the city.

To prevent disorder Lieutenant Cerbrune, commander of the armed forces in the city, has proclaimed the Committee of Public Defense dissolved and himself assumed full powers so as to organize a legal government speedily. Lieutenant Cabruna's troops took full possession of the city, placing machine guns at the Government palace, the municipal buildings and the post and telegraph offices. He issued a manifesto informing the people of his intention of prohibiting the use of automobiles, motor cycles and motorcycles by any other than the military.

UNGER FACES LONG TERM.

Pleads Guilty in Court to Nine Indictments.

PHILADELPHIA, March 16.—Walter A. Unger pleaded guilty today in Quarter Sessions Court to nine indictments, embodying nineteen counts of embezzlement, fraudulent conversion and larceny from the Evans Dental Institute of the University of Pennsylvania, of which he was assistant treasurer.

Imposition of sentence was deferred for a week to permit Unger to aid attorneys in recovering as many as possible of the securities, valued at $100,000, he was alleged to have embezzled from the fund. Most of the securities were sold to "have been lost in the stock market." Unger faces a possible sentence of fifteen years in prison.

Unger also pleaded guilty to an indictment charging the theft of $12,000 with which to finance his flight March 1. Of this sum $10,000 was found in his possession when he was captured in a Philadelphia rooming house March 7.

BLACKMAILED, HE SAYS.

Tenement House Inspector Accuses Man, Wife and Three Others.

Mrs. Sophie Mamay of 161 South First Street, Brooklyn, her husband, Gehrad, and three other men were arrested yesterday on the complaint of John J. Burke, tenement house inspector of 873 Halsey Street. The charge was grand larceny, but the inspector declared he had been a victim of a "badger game."

Burke said he had gone to the Mamay apartment on March 24 to investigate an alleged violation, that there should be an extra window in the bedroom. But Mrs. Mamay was just going out and asked him to return the following day. Then, according to the complaint, he had entered the bedroom, when Mrs. Mamay began to scream and the four men rushed in and attacked Burke, took his watch, some money and a shield, and compelled him to write a promissory note for $50. Detectives said that they found the same ticket for the watch on Mrs. Mamay and that her husband had the note. The other defendants are Anthony Sleymak, 313 West Thirteenth Street, Manhattan; Frank Horvel, 18 South First Street, Brooklyn, and Michael Murphy, 306 East 119th Street, Manhattan.

CARNATIONS REIGN AT FLOWER SHOW

Mrs. Payne Whitney Leads Private Exhibitors With Blue Ribbons.

BIG VARIETY ON DISPLAY

One Kind the Size of Cabbages Attracts Attention Among a Host of Others.

Yesterday was Carnation Day at the Flower Show and the big sweet-scented blossoms filled the air with fragrance. Mrs. Payne Whitney of Manhasset, one of the biggest winners of the blue in many classes of flowers at many shows dominated the private classes yesterday. She won the blue ribbon for the best twenty-five of a dark pink and yellow or yellow variegated varieties, and was second in both the red and scarlet and crimson shades. Other winners were Mrs. Arnold Schlaet, Saugatuck, Conn.; Mrs. William D. Guthrie, Locust Valley, L. I.; Mrs. J. L. Dunham, Madison, N. J.; Mrs. Robert Maltby, Portchester, N. Y.; Mrs. F. E. Lewis, Ridgefield, Conn., and George Mason, Tuxedo Park, N. Y. The biggest prize in this division was for a vase of 150 blooms, won by Joseph E. Widener, Elkins Park, Pa. Mrs. F. E. Lewis, Ridgefield, N. J., was second and Mrs. William D. Guthrie, Locust Valley, N. Y., was third.

With four firsts and one second the Springfield Floral Company, Springfield, N. J., almost cleaned up in the carnation classes for commercial growers. This firm also took the blue for the biggest carnation exhibit of the day, of 100 square feet, containing from 1,000 to 1,500 blooms.

In table decoration contests Thomas Aitchison, of Mamaroneck, took first prize, and A. C. Bedford of Glen Cove, second, each using the carnation for centrepiece. Mrs. Ridley Watts, who won third, used the carnation Happiness. The Marinelli carnations, almost as big as cabbages, came in for special notice yesterday, although they were not competing. Among these blooms is the Marvelle Francaise, gold medal winner, the largest of its kind in the world; Le Miracle, another gold medal flower of a soft lavender shade under artificial light and blue in daylight; Mme. Sarah Bernhardt, delicate pink; White, Mme. Olga Petrova and Gaby Deslys are other varieties.

If was Cottage or Bungalow day for the tables of the Garden Club of America yesterday, and love in a cottage should be a joy forever with any of the tables shown by the different clubs. The first prize went to the Philipstown Garden Club, Mrs. Haldane, Chairman, with bright toned Italian faience, yellow linen covers and freesias and purple and yellow Spanish iris. The Southampton Club, Mrs. Peter F. Wyckoff, Chairman, took second, and the Ridgefield Garden Club, Mrs. R. S. Hooker, Chairman, third. The Washington Garden Club and the New Canaan won honorable mention and high commendation.

A. F. Pierson of Cromwell Gardens is going to show today a new deep pink rose named for Mrs. Harding. This also is Sweet Pea Day.

KLAN OPPOSED IN COLORADO

Objects Are Too Vague, General and Indefinite, Says Attorney General.

DENVER, Col., March 16.—Victor E. Keyes, Attorney General of Colorado, in an opinion furnished Carl S. Milliken, Secretary of State, today declared that in his judgment the articles presented the Secretary by the Ku Klux Klan in seeking incorporation papers are defective and do not comply with the requirements of the statute.

"The specification of the business and objects for which the organization is formed," he said, "is too vague, general and indefinite."

The articles, as filed, contained this statement:

"The particular business and objects for which said corporation is formed are to unite white male Gentile native-born citizens of the United States into a fraternal militant society, having as its ideals and objects the support and maintenance of the principles of true Americanism as embodied in the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America."

LAREDO, Texas, March 16.—Complete investigation into the organization of the Ku Klux Klan in Laredo was ordered today by District Judge Mullaly in instructing the Grand Jury. He told the jury to summon every city, county, and Federal officer and question them as to membership in the klan, which he characterized as "a nuisance and an organization gotten up for the purpose of violating the laws of the State."

DESERTED BY BEAU OF 80?

Grandma McMahon is Much Put Out by Mr. Tewksberry's Bashfulness.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., March 16.—Grandma Emma McMahon, a centenarian, today declared she "never was so put out in her life" as she has been at recent reports that Sim Tewksberry, 80, had left her "waiting at the church," so to speak. There was only a mock marriage, Grandma said, and the suggested repetition of the ceremony when reporters were in attendance.

The venerable couple were photographed on the first occasion at the home of one of Grandma's daughters last Tuesday night, with Mr. Tewksberry depicted placing a ring upon Grandma's finger.

Mr. Tewksberry today was "not in" to callers except those who came on business.

FOUR DETECTIVES CLEARED.

Enright Dismisses Departmental Charges Against Auto Squad Men.

Police Commissioner Enright yesterday dismissed charges against former Detectives Martin S. Owens, Thomas J. Horan, William T. Henricks and George J. Andrews of the automobile squad, who in the Whitman investigation of the department in February and March, 1921, were indicted for unlawfully accepting money gratuities.

Owens and Horan were assigned to duty in the Detective Bureau at Police Headquarters. Henricks was transferred to the Charles Street Station and Andrews was sent to the Mercer Street Station.

The original indictment was dismissed, but departmental charges were lodged against the men, who were tried several weeks ago.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

A new Potash and Perlmutter play, dealing with the automobile industry, will be produced in New York about Easter time by the Selwyns in association with A. H. Woods. The new play, "The Submarine Sis," is by Montague Glass and Jules Eckert Goodman and will have Harry Bennett and Alexander Carr in their original characters.

"Madame Pierce" will end its engagement at the Ritz Theatre tomorrow night. Marjorie Rambeau, in "Sunny Jones," will probably be the succeeding attraction during the week of March 27.

Georgia O'Ramey has been signed by Arthur Hammerstein for five years.

"Marie Notre Dame" will play the leading feminine role in "Lady Boy," which Philip Klein is producing.

Lee Dennehy will appear at the Palace next week in "Tis and 'Tisn't," by S. Jay Kaufman.

Another company of "The Rose of Stamboul" is being organized for the road.

The Drama Group of the Civic Club will stage two one-act plays in the auditorium, 14 West Twelfth Street, tomorrow night. They will be Alice de Gale's "Ever Dreamed" and Millay's play, "The Lamplighter of Edge o' Remembrance," by Robert Gordon.

A pageant entitled "Pauline," written by Avon Morgan McDonald, will be presented late in the season for the benefit of the American Children's Welfare Foundation. It will be carried to the home office.

MUSIC

By RICHARD ALDRICH.

The Boston Symphony Orchestra.

A new work by Charles Martin Loeffler and the appearance of John McCormack as soloist gave an unusual distinction to the last evening concert of the Boston Symphony Orchestra's season in New York. Three of Mr. Loeffler's five Irish Fantasies for orchestra, his latest composition, were given. Mr. McCormack singing the solo part. He was also heard in two airs from cantatas by Bach, "My Dear Jesus I Must Leave Thee" (the concluding of the title, and "Take Thou Your Fill," from "All They From Sheba Shall Come." The orchestra played Schubert's C major symphony and Rimsky Korsakoff's overture, "The Russian Easter."

Mr. Loeffler's settings are of Yeats's "The Host of the Air" and "The Bucolics of Dooney," and W. Heffernan's "Song of Caitlin-ni-Houlihan." It was not surprising that he has submitted to the lure of the new Irish poets who have interpreted old Irish feelings, and to the enchantment of Irish folk song. Nothing up to his authority that, in making use of both he would fall into any of the easy formulas that have done so much service to musicians for so many years.

His settings have the individuality, the subtlety, the fine musicianship that belong to all his work; he touches the Irish musical idiom with fine discrimination and reserve and assimilates it with masterly skill to give the character and to summon the mood of the verses.

"The Hosts of the Air" relates how O'Driscoll sang and dreamed and heard a pipe and saw dancers with Bridget, his bride, till one of them bore her away, and he awoke and they were gone like a drifting smoke.

The fiddler of Dooney is he who plays so that folks dance like a wave in the sea, and who expects Peter to call him first in through the gate. "Caitlin-ni-Houlihan" is the allegorical name of Ireland on whom morn shall dawn, in song in an impassioned prophecy of Ireland's freedom.

Mr. Loeffler has found a richly impressive and characteristic musical investment for each of these poems. He has been peculiarly successful in evoking the mood of each in music that shows a strong individual character and fecundity of invention, music that is unmistakably his own; that has picturesque and graphic touches, but is chiefly concerned with the spirit rather than with the descriptive letter; and that is developed with a consummate musicianship.

He has never written for orchestra with more consummate skill, flexibility and precision of touch, with more clarity or glowing beauty of color. He has not been so "modern" as to neglect the voice for the orchestra. His vocal line is truly vocal and offers something that so great an artist as Mr. McCormack can lift to a plane of sustained interest, can make characteristically expressive, and in the prophetic song raise to a pitch of noble and passionate eloquence.

Mr. McCormack was in splendid voice and sang these pieces, difficult and in some ways exacting for the singer, with the skill of a consummate artist, with intense conviction, with great beauty of phrasing and clearness of diction. Mr. Loeffler was fortunate in having an interpreter who so completely assimilated the spirit of his music and gave it so fine, living an utterance.

Equally fine was Mr. McCormack's singing of the two airs by Bach. The first is of an especially poignant beauty and individual character, and to both Mr. McCormack's artistic mastery and fervid delivery gave a profound impression of the song than has one who thoroughly believed in them. And in the orchestral accompaniments to Bach's airs and Mr. Loeffler's "Fantasies" Mr. Monteux achieved beautiful results. Mr. Loeffler's orchestral writing is complex and difficult.

The symphony of Schubert was well played. Perhaps the scherzo might have had somewhat more elasticity of rhythm; but it was on the whole a straightforward presentation of the spirit of Schubert's music, fine and glowing in orchestral tone and balance of parts.

FRENCH ARMY TERM FIGHT.

Proponents of Shorter Period Think Move Would Please America.

PARIS, March 16 (Associated Press).—Strong opposition is developing in the French Chamber against the Government's Army Recruiting bill, calling for eighteen months' service. The advocates of a one-year term are gaining ground, and it is believed that unless Premier Poincaré makes it a question of confidence the Chamber will adopt the shorter term of service. Many of the supporters of the one-year service are war veterans, who contend that that is sufficient.

M. Maginot, War Minister, in a speech today, advocated the Fabry bill providing for eighteen months' service, but he was considered somewhat lukewarm toward the longer term.

"We need an army which will safeguard us from new aggression, insure execution of treaties and guarantee our security," he said, "but the Governor does not intend to make eighteen months' service the basis of his military program. We have the utmost desire to arrive at the one-year term at the earliest possible moment."

"It would make a good impression in the United States if we should adopt the one-year service," declared Charles Bernard, Deputy for Paris, at a session in which many of his colleagues concurred. Seemingly the Chamber is impressed with the necessity of showing America that France is not militaristic and will surely adopt that term of military service unless the Government takes a stand for confidence on the eighteen months' service.

SPALDING SCORES IN ROME.

American Violinist is Repeatedly Recalled by the Audience.

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By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

ROME, March 16.—Albert Spalding, the American violinist, received a great ovation during a concert last night in historic Augusteum Hall. Remembering his triumphs last year, a large public rushed the booking office many days in advance, all seats being sold out.

Spalding scored his greatest success in rendering Brahms's concerto in E minor, being repeatedly recalled by the enthusiastic audience.

Sergei and Max Kotlarsky Play.

Sergei and Max Kotlarsky, violinist and pianist, gave a joint concert in Aeolian Hall last evening. They were heard together in Franz Ries's third suite for the two instruments. Sergei Kotlarsky also gave Lalo's "Symphonie Espagnole" with Emil Friedberger, while among his brother's piano solos were Glinka's "The Lark," arranged by Balakirev, and MacDowell's "The Eagle."

Catalani's "Lorelei" Sung Again.

Catalani's "Lorelei" was repeated to virtually a capacity house at the Metropolitan last evening, the cast including the Misses Muzio and Sundelius, Messrs. Gigli, Danise and Mardones, and Mr. Moranzoni conducting. There was a matinee, "Tosca," earlier in the day, when Jeritza, Chamlee and Scotti sang for the Fifth Avenue Hospital.

MUSIC NOTES.

The New York Symphony Orchestra, under Walter Damrosch, will give a concert for the pupils in local high school orchestras next Tuesday evening at Washington Irving High School.

A lecture-recital by W. W. Gilchrist will be sung in St. Paul's Chapel at Columbia University on Tuesday evening under the direction of Walter Henry Hall.

Gustave Freeman, cantor of the Progressive Synagogue, Borough Park, will give a song recital tomorrow evening at the Brooklyn Academy of Music.

The fate of Irma Tchikovski's series of "Concerts Internationaux de la Libre Esthétique" will be given at the Ambassador Hotel tomorrow morning by John Barclay and R. Robert Schulze.

AMERICA'S FOREMOST THEATRES AND HITS. DIRECTION OF LEE & J. J. SHUBERT.

Winter Garden Broadway & 50th St. Daily 2:15-8:15. SHUBERT VAUDEVILLE. Winchell Smith's Comedy Success, Frank Morgan, Florence Flavin, Frank Sheridan & Co. Mon.—Fred's Shadow & Girls—Bob Nelson—Ryan & Lee—Otto.

ASTOR Thur., 45th & B'way. Evgs. 8.30. Mats. Tues. & Sat. 2.30. LEAN and Take MAYFIELD in its Musical The BLUSHING BRIDE. Orchestra Tributes. Evgs. (Through Saturday) Eve. Seats $2.50.

"LILIOM" Vanderbilt Theatre. 44TH ST. Evgs. 8.30. Matinees Thursday and Saturday. FRANZ MOLNAR'S GREAT LOVE PLAY. JOSEPH SCHILDKRAUT—EVA LE GALLIENNE and Original Garden Theatre Cast. Seats Now.

✓ Praised by the Dramatic Critic of Every Newspaper in New York — Without One Dissenting Voice!

"THE TRUTH ABOUT BLAYDS" the New comedy by A. A. MILNE with G. P. HUGHES and ALEXANDRA CARLISLE. BOOTH THEATRE West 45th St. Evgs. 8.30—Mats. Tom'w & Wed.

CENTURY Thur., 43d & Cent. Park West. The Year of All Musical Predictions! Twice Daily, Lyons, Gordon, Hinton, Arms & Co., Ryan & Lee—Otto. The ROSE of STAMBOUL. Broadway (Above Seventh). 50c. to $2.50.

Jolson's 59th St. Thur. 7:45. Sat. 2:15. Mats. Tom'w & Wed. 2:15. AL JOLSON in "BOMBO"

Ambassador 49th St. W. of B'way. Cir. 8:15. Sat. 2:15. Mats. Tom'w & Wed. 2:15. BLOSSOM TIME

NORA BAYES The Newly-Married Star in JUST MARRIED. With VIVIAN MARTIN—LYNNE OVERMAN. Opens Monday Mats. Mon. Arnold Daly in "Voltaire" Plymouth W. 45. Mts. Th. & Sat.

Last 2 Weeks. Pauline Lord in Owen Davis's Play, "Anna Christie" Vanderbilt Opens 8.30. Mats. Tom'w & Wed. 2:30.

NATIONAL THEA. 41 St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8.30. CAT AND THE CANARY. EVES. 8.30. MATINEES TOMORROW AND WEDNESDAY.

F. RAY COMSTOCK & MORRIS GEST Present DALIZE'S Chauve Souris. FROM MOSCOW—Direct from LONDON—PARIS. 49TH ST. THEATRE, West of Broadway. Mats. Tom'w, Tues. & Thurs. 2:30.

JOHN GOLDEN Presents LONGACRE W. 48th St. Evgs. 8.30. Mat. Tom'w & Wed. at 2:30. THANK-U. MIRTH LAUGHING AUDIENCE. STAGED BY WINCHELL SMITH.

LITTLE W. 44th St. Evgs. 8.30. Mats. Tom'w & Wed. at 2:30. The 1st YEAR. Made Time of the Fresh Green Comedy.

HE WHO GETS SLAPPED. THEATRE GUILD PRODUCTION. PULLMAN THEA. 44th, West of B'way. Mats. Tom'w & Wed. METHUSELAH. GARRICK 65 W. 35. SEATS NOW FOR SECOND CYCLE.

LYRIC 42nd, W. of B'way. Best Seats $2.50 (Inc. Tax). Matinees Tom'w & Wed. THE SMASHING MUSICAL COMEDY HIT. FOR GOODNESS SAKE. JOHN E. HAZZARD MARJORIE GATESON CHARLES JUDELS. VINTON FREEDLEY HELEN FORD. FRED AND ADELE ASTAIRE.

BIJOU Thur., 45th St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8.30. Mats. Tom'w & Wed. 2:30. THE DOVER ROAD By A. A. MILNE with CHAS. CHERRY. His 1st Appearance Since Sacrifice. 39TH ST. Th. Evs. 8.30. LAST MAT. TOM'W. UP IN THE CLOUDS. LAST THREE TIMES. Maxine Elliott's 39th, nr. B'way. Evs. 8.30. Mats. Tom'w & Wed. 2:30. THE MOUNTAIN MAN with Sidney Blackmer.

BELMONT Thur., W. 48th. Evs. 8.45. Mats. Tom'w & Sat. 2:30. MONTMARTRE. With all its French Flavor. Shubert-Riviera 97th & B'way. Evs. 8.15. Mats. Tom'w & Sat. 2:15. Seats at Cohan's Comedies in "MARY." Next Week—THE SEIN SAME. 39TH ST. Theatre, E. of B'way. Evs. 8.30. Matinee Tomorrow 2:30. BROKEN BRANCHES with Frances Adler. KLAW Thur., W. 45th. Evs. 8.30. Mats. Tom'w & Wed. 2:30. YOUR WOMAN and MINE. "A MELODRAMATIC KNOCKOUT."

SHUBERT Thur., 44th, W. of B'way. Evs. 8.30. COMEDY WITH MUSIC. Frances White and Taylor Holmes in "Hotel Mouse." PRINCESS 39th St., E. of B'way. Evs. 8.30. Mats. Tom'w & Wed. 2:30. THE FIRST FIFTY YEARS. A New Play by Kenyon Nicholson. CLARE EAMES and TOM POWERS.

SELWYN 42nd, W. of 7th. Evs. 8.30. Mats. Tom'w & Sat. 2:30. Frances Cambridge and Lillian Lorraine in THE BLUE KITTEN. A MUSICAL COMEDY SENSATION.

COMEDY 41st St., near B'way. Evs. 8.30. Mats. Tom'w & Sat. 2:30. Mme. PETROVA in "THE WHITE PEACOCK." Last Week. TUESDAY, MAR. 21 NOW. WALKER WHITESIDE in a Modern Mystery Melodrama "THE HINDU" by Gordon Kean and Carl Meyer.

ARE YOU ONE OF THE 138,507? People who have already seen the most talked of play in America, now at the ELTINGE THEATRE. 42d. Mats. Wed. & Sat.

REPUBLIC 42d St., W. of 7th. Evs. 8.30. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:30. "Lawful Larceny"

MOROSCO West 45th Street. EVENINGS AT 8:30. MATS. TODAY & SAT. AT 2:30. EXTRA MATINEE TODAY (POPULAR PRICES). THE BAT. THE SENSATION OF THE WORLD!

LAST 3 TIMES. MADAME PIERRE with Lucile Watson, Roland Young. RITZ West of 7th. Evs. 8.30. Mats. Tom'w & Sat. 2:30.

BROADHURST, 44 St. Evs. 8.30. MUSICAL COMEDY TRIUMPH. MARJOLAINE. With PEGGY WOOD and LENNOX PAWLE.

CASINO Evs. 8.30. Mats. Tom'w & Wed. 2:30. A CARLTON PRODUCTION. JULIA SANDERSON in TANGERINE. BEST SEATS $2.50.

PLAYHOUSE William A. Brady Presents. West 48th. Evs. 8.30. Mats. Tom'w & Wed. 2:30. "UP THE LADDER" WITH DORIS KENYON.

TIMES SQUARE THEATRE 42nd, W. of B'way. Evs. 8.30. Mats. Tom'w & Thurs. 2:30. WILLIAM COURTENAY in "THE LAW BREAKER." Last Week.

48TH ST. Thea. nr. B'way. Evs. 8.30. Mats. Tom'w, Wed. & Thurs. THE NEST. With LUCILE WATSON.

TICKETS FOR ALL THEATRES 50c ADVANCE. Branch Office, TIMES BUILDING, Subway Level. BRYANT ORIGINAL TYSON & CO. MAIN OFFICE 1493 B'WAY.

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Paramount Pictures

RIVOLI B'way at 49 St. William De Mille's production "Bought and Paid For." Rivoli Concert Orchestra. 2d Episode in "THE RACE FOR LIFE."

RIALTO TIMES SQUARE. WILLIAM S. HART in "TRAILBLAZER OF." Famous Rialto Orchestra. And "THE RACE FOR LIFE." 2d Episode in MISTRESS OF THE WORLD.

CRITERION TIMES SQUARE. Cont. Noon to 11:40 P. M. "THE LOVES OF PHARAOH" Directed by ERNEST LUBITSCH. MATINEES ALL SEATS 50c. EVENINGS ALL SEATS 99c.

APOLLO THEATRE W. 42d St. Evgs. Daily 8.15. Mats. Sundays. DAVID WARK griffith's EMPIRE OF NEW EMOTIONS. ORPHANS OF THE STORM. Mats.—All Seats 50c. & $1. Nights & Sat. Mat.—50c. to $2. Plus Seats Orch., $1.

CENTRAL THEA., B'way at 47th St. CONT. NOON TO 11 P. M. CARL LAEMMLE Presents Priscilla Dean in "WILD HONEY." HER LATEST AND GREATEST THRILLER. Sensible Prices—Evgs., Sat. Mats., 25c.-$1.10. Afternoons to 6—Best Seats 25c. and 50c. Reg. Sun. Mat.—Added Attraction MARY PICKFORD in "Going Straight"

REX BEACH'S "FAIR LADY" MARK STRAND SUNDAY

"DETERMINATION" CAMEO B'way and 42d St. Cont. 11 A.M. to 11 P.M. All seats 25c. Mat. Sat. Sun. Holidays. "The Four Horsemen of the Apocalypse." A Rex Ingram Production. Excellent Vaudeville.

STATE —LOEW'S— B'way and 45th St. Cont. 11 A.M. to 11 P.M. All seats 25c. Mat. Sat. Sun. Holidays. "The Four Horsemen of the Apocalypse." A Rex Ingram Production. Excellent Vaudeville.

PLAZA Mad. Ave. at 58th St. WESLEY BARRY in "SCHOOL DAYS." A Book Related to "White Fang."

CAPITOL B'way at 51st. GOLDWYN Presents "COME ON OVER." CAPITOL GRAND ORCH.

STRAND MARK B'way & 47 St. Richard Barthelmess in "The Seventh Day." Seventh Symphony Orch.

KNICKERBOCKER THEATRE. B'way & 38th St. SUNDAY NIGHT (March 19). Benefit Israel Orphan Asylum. Judge Gustave Hartman, President. All Star Vaudeville and Fashion Show. WITH A WONDERFUL BILL OF STARS FROM CURRENT ATTRACTIONS. Tickets now on sale at 48 Ticket Agencies and Box Office prices, $1 to Box Office.

REX BEACH'S "FAIR LADY" MARK STRAND SUNDAY

COLUMBIA B'way Theatre. Daily Benefiting LEW KELLY and Company.

NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES AND SUCCESSES

EMPIRE B'way & 40th St. Evgs. 8.30. Mats. Tom'w & Wed. at 2:30. "DORIS KEANE" GLORIOUS IN "THE CZARINA" EVE. WORLD.

LYCEUM West 45th St. Evenings at 8.30. Mats. Tom'w & Sat. 2:30. "BRIGHT AND VIVACIOUS."—N. Y. World. IRENE BORDONI A New Comedy "THE FRENCH DOLL." With a Few Smiles.

BELASCO West 44th St. Evgs. at 8.30. Mats. Tom'w & Thurs. 2:30. "Miss Bordoni performances as only Miss Bordoni can."—Sun. "The most finished piece of acting of the season."—Expressed Times. DAVID BELASCO Presents LENORE ULRIC as KIKI.

LIBERTY West 42d St. Evenings 8.30. Mats. Tom'w & Wed. 2:30. "Such fickle fooling as George Ade might have been proud to sign."—Times. "TO THE LADIES!" By the Author of Bellamy's "DULCY." With Helen Hayes and Otto Kruger.

Good Morning Deane Musical Comedy. GLOBE B'way at 46th. Evgs. 8.30. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:30. Sensation at the Globe.

KNICKERBOCKER B'way, 38th St. Evgs. 8.30. MATINEES WED. & SAT. AT 2:30. BULLDOG DRUMMOND. A Noel Mclaughlin with A. E. MATTHEWS.

COHAN B'way at 43d St. Evgs. 8.30. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:30. ED. WYNN in "The Perfect Fool" Musical Comedy.

NEW AMSTERDAM W. 42d St. EVGS. 8.15. ZIEGFELD TRIUMPH "Sally" MARILYNN MILLER. LEON ERROL. NEW AMSTERDAM ROOF AT 11—NEW ZIEGFELD MIDNIGHT FROLIC.

FRAZEE West 45th St. Evgs. at 8.30. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:30. "THE PIGEON" By Jules Eckert Goodman.

GAIETY B'way & 46th St. Evs. at 8.30. Mats. Tom'w & Wed. 2:30. MADELEINE and MOVIES. Geo. M. and Georgette Cohan AND A CAST OF COHAN COMEDIANS.

EARL CARROLL BAVU "Thrills, Chills and Laughs."—Telegram. Commencing WEDNESDAY Just Because. Evenings. THE MELODY COMEDY.

HUDSON W. 44th St. Evs. 8.30. Mats. Tom'w & Wed. 2:30. "THE RUBICON" with VIOLET HEMING. THE TALK OF THE TOWN.

63D ST. MUSIC HALL. B'way & C. P. W. Eve. 8.30. SHUFFLE ALONG. Tel. Col.—1449. Mats. Wednesday. Performances Every Night. Midnight Performances Wed. and Sat. at 11:45.

HENRY MILLER'S 124 W. 43 St. Evs. 8.15. Mats. Tom'w & Thurs. Direct Performances of Great Actress. In Shaw's Play. LAURETTE TAYLOR in J. Hartley Manners' "The National Anthem."

HARRIS W. 42d St. Evgs. 8.30. Mats. Wed. & Sat. SAM H. HARRIS' ATTRACTIONS. "A HUGE SUCCESS" SIX CYLINDER LOVE. With ERNEST TRUEX.

CORT W. 48 St. Evgs. 8.30.

ADVERTISEMENT.

The Betrayal of Roger Casement

In 1916 the British Government executed Sir Roger Casement as a traitor.

The crime alleged was his conspiring with the German goverment to bring about the "Easter Uprising" in Ireland.

New documents have just been discovered which throw a remarkable light on this whole affair. The Globe has in its possession Sir Roger's diary, written during his last days in Berlin before he went to meet his certain death in the disastrous expedition to which Germany, after all her promises, contributed only the use of a submarine, a trawler and an armful of archaic Russian rifles.

How Sir Roger learned of the betrayal of Ireland by Germany, how he sought in vain to warn his Irish friends of this perfidy, and how at last he deliberately chose the path of honor and death are told in a document of extraordinary and moving human quality.

Will be published in daily instalments beginning to-day, Friday, in

The Globe

ASKS PROSECUTIONS IN BUILDING CAVE-IN

Hirshfield Wants Banton to Try Persons Responsible for Strathmore Accident.

TELLS OF HIS FINDINGS

Says Conditions Were Similar to Those in the Collapse of Brooklyn Theatre.

In a communication yesterday to District Attorney Joab H. Banton, Commissioner of Accounts David Hirshfield urged immediate prosecution of officials and others responsible for the collapse of the nine-story Strathmore Building, at Broadway and Fifty-second Street, on the afternoon of Dec. 1, 1920, and in which one workman was killed and several others injured.

Hirshfield explained that he was actuated in sending the communication by the announcement of Chief City Magistrate William McAdoo on Wednesday that he was ready to accept manslaughter charges against four men in connection with the killing of seven workmen and injury to seventeen others in the collapse of the American Theatre Building, Bedford Avenue and Park Avenue, Brooklyn, on Nov. 29 last.

Tells of Findings.

He said that on May 16 last he made a report of his investigation of the collapse of the Strathmore Building to Mayor Hylan, and on July 25 sent a copy of his report and the testimony to District Attorney Edward Swann. No action was taken by Mr. Swann in the matter, he said. He asserted that the collapse of the Strathmore Building was due to causes similar in many respects to those which caused the collapse of the Brooklyn theatre building.

He enumerated many developments in his investigation which indicated that the Building Bureau in Manhattan was lax in its supervision of the construction of the Strathmore Building. He asserted that an inspector of the Building Bureau was found to have failed to have reported cracks in the walls of the structure and other noticeable defects in the construction.

He charged that an official of the Building Bureau failed to call the attention of the bureau's plan examiners to a record filed in connection with the structure; that other officials of the bureau, in violation of the Building Code, permitted workmen to make alterations without the plans for the changes being submitted to the bureau, and that no certified copy of the plans were kept on the premises for the use of the Building Inspectors as required by law.

Criticises the Inspectors.

Mr. Hirshfield added that his investigation showed that when workmen were ordered to remove part of the old structure insufficient underpinning was used, and that the necessary precautions were not taken in the shoring of the structure before the collapse. He also charged that the Building Inspectors countenanced the use of steel columns used for shoring in the construction of the building, and asserted that his investigation revealed that the inspectors permitted the contractors to store steelwork on the floors of the unfinished building.

James M. Finlay, inspector in charge of the steel work on the Brooklyn Theatre building, yesterday was suspended by Superintendent of Public Buildings Kleinert of Brooklyn. In announcing the suspension of Finlay, who was held in $10,000 bail for the Grand Jury following the announcement of Magistrate McAdoo's decision in his "John Doe" inquiry, Borough President Riegelmann of Brooklyn issued a statement, which said:

"I have read the decision of Magistrate McAdoo, and, in view of the fact that the matter is in the hands of the District Attorney, I deem it manifestly improper to make any statement or comment at this time that might possibly interfere with anything the District Attorney is doing or any action he proposes to take. Magistrate McAdoo's criticism of the Building Bureau will receive the fullest consideration, and if action is deemed necessary it will be taken regardless of how drastic it may be."

CARPENTIER IS ILL; MAY NOT FIGHT AGAIN

Medical Men Trace His Condition to Punishment in the Dempsey Fight.

PARIS, March 16 (Associated Press).—Georges Carpentier, the world's light-heavyweight boxing champion, may never fight again. This was the opinion expressed by medical men in close touch with Carpentier as he left today for La Guerche, his country home southeast of Rennes, where he purposes to recuperate for a few weeks and then go in training for a bout with Ted ("Kid") Lewis at Olympia, London, in May.

"The boy does not realize the shape he is in," said one of the doctors who examined Carpentier prior to his departure. "His great courage and utmost confidence in himself are responsible for his plucky attitude, but he is a very sick man."

The actual weight of Carpentier after the recent operation he underwent was given out as 160 pounds, but close friends of the champion say he was below 150 pounds.

Philippe Roth, promoter of the Ledoux-Criqui fight here, who is an intimate of Carpentier, said to The Associated Press today: "It would be cruelty to match Georges in his present condition against Dempsey, but God forbid that he should be defeated by Lewis."

The terrific pounding Carpentier received from Dempsey in the fight at Jersey City last Summer caused Mrs. Carpentier, who saw the moving pictures of the battle, to request her husband to forsake the squared circle. It is understood that she has emphatically renewed this request during his present illness.

Contrary to printed reports that income taxes had taken away all of Carpentier's available cash, it is said he still has sufficient money to keep the wolf away from his door for many years to come.

Medical men trace Carpentier's ill health to defeats he suffered at the hands of Billy Papke and Frank Klaus when he was only 18 years old, but say it was aggravated by the punishment he received in the Jersey City fight with Dempsey.

VILLA WANTS MORE LAND.

Declares His 200,000-Acre Farm is Not Enough for His 500 Followers.

TORREON, Coahuila, Mexico, March 16.—Francisco "Pancho" Villa, former rebel chieftain, who has a 200,000-acre farm near here at Canutillo, wants more ground and has petitioned the Federal Government for it, it was learned today. He has with him nearly 500 of his former followers and their families and he says his farm is not extensive enough.

With his petition for more land Villa assured the Government that he and his followers were ready to take the field at any time against bandits who harass the community or against revolutionists opposed to the established Government.

Not to Invite League to Genoa.

ROME, March 16.—Semi-official denial was made today that Italy will invite the League of Nations to the Genoa Economic Conference. It was explained that Signor Schanzer, the Italian Foreign Minister, desires only to take advantage of the technical services of the League's experts.

Nobody Ever Tailored More STYLE into two Suit Models

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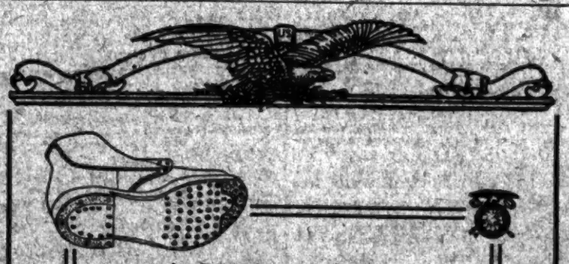


A Million Pairs of Army Shoes On a Sealed Bid Sale

The War Department offers approximately 1,273,000 pairs of new Field and Trench shoes for sale by sealed bids. Bids received for the entire lot only. Bids will be received until 12 noon (Eastern Time), April 10, 1922, by the Chief, Surplus Property Division, Office Quartermaster General, Room 1402, Munitions Building, Washington, D. C.

CONDITION:

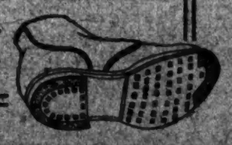
The shoes are new. They are stored at various points in the North, East, South and West. They are to be sold "as is" and "where is" F. O. B. cars or common carrier without warranty or guarantee as to size, last or condition.

TERMS:

10% deposit of total amount bid in form of cash or certified check must accompany the bid. Shipping instructions and balance of bid in Bankers' Acceptance or irrevocable Letters of Credit, payable not to exceed four months from date of award on all shoes except those located at Atlanta, Ga. On the Atlanta lot (approximately 211,000 pairs) payment and shipping instructions to be furnished on or before June 15, 1922.

Fr detailed list of sizes, widths, quantities, and locations of the various lots, together with Proposal Blanks, address:

Chief, Sales Promotion Section,
Office Director of Sales,
Room 2515, Munitions Bldg.,
Washington, D. C.



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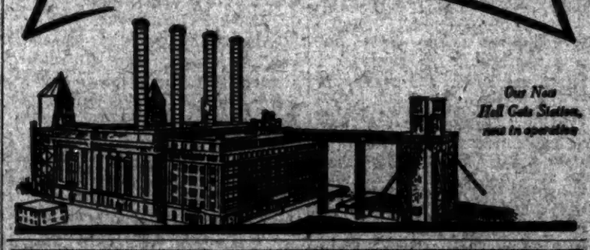
If you are unfamiliar with these modern household aids, you certainly ought to visit your local Electrical Contractor-Dealer or our nearest Branch Office and have them demonstrated and explained.



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"Telling the World by Radio"
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ASK LAW TO PAY OFF SHIP CO. CREDITORS

Representatives of 56 Debtors of U. S. Mail Line Seek Means to Collect $7,000,000.

SAY $360,000 WAS DIVERTED

Shippers Used Money of Prospective Immigrants, It is Charged—Cite Discrimination.

Legislation enabling the United States Shipping Board to pay off the creditors of the bankrupt United States Mail Steamship Company was urged yesterday by speakers representing fifty-six creditors of the company who met at the Hotel Martinique to formulate a plan to recover the $7,000,000 involved in claims. The creditors decided to direct their attention first toward a bill now in committee in Congress containing a clause requesting an appropriation of $5,500,000 to pay the United States Mail Line's debts.

Louis H. Strouse of 2 Rector Street, attorney for the creditors, presided. The speakers included J. O'Connell, member of the Creditors' Committee, and Frank Sprague, also of counsel for the creditors. Creditors represented included the New England Fuel and Transportation Company, the Tobacco Products Corporation, the Radio Corporation of America, the Moran Towing and Transportation Company, Acker, Merrall & Condit, the Berwind-White Coal Company, Shattuck & Jones and the Sheffield Condensed Milk Company.

The United States Mail Steamship Company operated eleven large ships for the United States Shipping Board. In addition to a charge that American creditors of the company were discriminated against in favor of foreigners it was brought out that the Shipping Board paid for the reconditioning of the George Washington and the America contrary to the provisions of a contract with the bankrupt company.

Harvey Rothberg, representing the Sheffield Condensed Milk Company, one of the largest creditors, said the steamship company took $360,000 paid in by prospective immigrants and diverted this sum to its own uses.

When the United States Mail Steamship Company went bankrupt," he said, "the United States Shipping Board took over the claims of the immigrants and failed to take over any of the operating and reconditioning claims other than to pay for the reconditioning of the George Washington and the America.

He added that the United States Shipping Board also took over tickets purchased by immigrants and brought the immigrants to this country on ships operated by the Board, thereby paying off foreign creditors first.

R. J. Fraser was appointed receiver for the steamship Miami of the Havana-American Line yesterday by Judge Julian W. Mack of the United States District Court. The action was taken in an admiralty suit to foreclose a mortgage given to secure a note for $250,000 by the Havana-American Line to the American Exchange Securities Corporation.

SCHOOL VICE ONLY HEARSAY

St. Louis Witnesses "Understood" or "Had Been Informed," Parents Say.

ST. LOUIS, March 16.—Victor Miller, President of the Board of Police Commissioners, and eight witnesses appeared before the executive session of the Parents' Committee of Soldan High School last night, but only evidence of a "hearsay" nature was adduced in support of Mr. Miller's charges that vice clubs existed at the school, it was announced today.

No personal, first-hand information in substantiation had been presented so far, the announcement added. Mr. Miller's summary of evidence which the committee calls "hearsay, or hearsay upon hearsay," gives testimony by a minister, several students at Soldan, a school teacher employed at another school and a number of other men and women.

All said they "understood" or had been informed" that immoral societies existed at the institution and some stated they had heard of parties given by the students at which the girls smoked cigarettes, drank intoxicants and at which boys conducted themselves improperly.

HAVANA'S MAYOR ACCUSED.

Ten Other City Officials Charged With Financial Irregularities.

HAVANA, Cuba, March 16.—A petition for the trial of Mayor Diaz de Villegas, Aldermen Fraila and Soldevilla and eight other men connected with the city administration on charges of financial irregularities was presented yesterday to the Provincial Criminal Court by the prosecuting attorney, Ortis Casanova.

Twenty years' imprisonment and fines totalling $70,000 were the penalty asked in the Mayor's case, with lesser penalties for the other defendants. Date for the trial has not yet been set.

The proceedings resulted from an investigation conducted some three months ago by Judge Saladrigas, who ordered indictments drawn against virtually every member of the city administration. The charges against all except eleven were dropped.

OFF FOR 9,000-MILE FLIGHT.

Six-Passenger Flying Boat Starts on Two Months' Journey.

What was described by officials of the Aeromarine Airways, Inc., as the longest flight ever attempted in this country was begun yesterday when a six-passenger flying boat left the foot of Eighty-second Street on a 9,000-mile journey. The plane will follow the seaboard to Key West and Havana, returning to New Orleans, and from there proceeding by way of the Mississippi River to St. Louis.

Leaving St. Louis the course will lead over the Ohio River to Pittsburgh, thence to Baltimore and back to this city. The flight will consume two months. F. E. Easten is pilot of the flying boat and Lyman A. Collins passenger.

SUES TO PREVENT NEW WILL

Los Angeles Physician, 65, Says 80-Year-Old Bride Deserted Him.

OAKLAND, Cal., March 16.—Suit to prevent his bride, 80 years old, from making out another will in which he might not be the beneficiary, was filed today by Dr. E. S. O'Brien, 65 years old, of Los Angeles.

Dr. O'Brien's petition set forth that an her family doctor he had entered into an agreement to marry her, to give up his practice in Merced, Cal., which he stated was worth $12,000 yearly, and to travel with her in Europe when the understanding that her fortune would always provide him against want and become his on her death.

She bride deserted him on their return to Los Angeles, he asserts. A will made one month after their marriage left $75,000 to relatives of Mrs. O'Brien and $100,000 to the physician.

CALL OFF RAND STRIKE; 6,000 PRISONERS TAKEN

Government Says Revelations Concerning Bolshevist Plot Will Be 'Astounding.'

JOHANNESBURG, Union of South Africa, March 15 (Associated Press).—The strike of miners which has held South Africa in its grip for more than two months, has been called off.

The decision was taken by the old South African Industrial Federation, as distinct from the Federation's augmented executive. It announced, first, that the general strike was null and void; second, that the augmented executive is to call off the mine strike, and, third, that complicity in the revolution against the Government is repudiated by the Federation.

The police declare they have voluminous evidence showing that a Bolshevist plot was responsible for the revolution. The revelations will be "astounding," they assert.

A Government official declared tonight that the prisoners exceeded 6,000, and that those among them responsible for outrages would be dealt with.

The railway men have resumed work. Order has been completely restored.

A tour of Fordsburg today showed that the place was completely clear of revolutionaries and that the occupation by the Government forces had been entirely effective. An inspection showed that the artillery fire had been well "concentrated" on the market square and had driven the defenders into the adjoining bounces.

Tonight was the quietest since the fighting began. The work of clearing out Fordsburg immediately produced a calmer atmosphere all around.

The most militant of the rebel leaders, Fisher and Spendiff, were killed by shrapnel in Trades Hall. A large number of bombs were found in this hall when it was captured by the Government forces.

The military aspect of the revolution is now regarded as practically finished, except for clearing up activities.

PRETORIA, Union of South Africa, March 16.—An official summary of the operations in the Rand area in suppressing the revolutionary outbreak there, issued today, makes acknowledgment of the assistance given by the loyal citizens and the help offered to the authorities from every quarter of the Union. People of all shades of political conviction, says the statement, came forward to help the Government suppress what undoubtedly was to have been a social revolution by Bolsheviki, international Socialists and Communists."

SYDNEY, N. S. W., March 16.—The Sydney Labor Council, representing 100,000 trade unionists, today adopted a resolution expressing whole-hearted sympathy with the South African trade unionists in their "fight against the armed forces of capitalism," and promising the utmost support. The resolution also urged workers to organize to prevent armed forces from being used in Australia to reduce wages, as it alleged was done in South Africa.

DIG UP BODIES TO SELL FOR FOOD

New Feature of Famine in Armenia Reported by American Red Cross Officials.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, March 16.—So desperate has become the famine situation throughout Armenia, says a telegram from the American Red Cross investigators there to the Paris bureau of THE NEW YORK TIMES, that attempts have been made during the last weeks by the hunger-driven people to steal corpses from one local cemetery for food and for sale as food.

That cannibalism has been taking place there as in the Volga region of Russia has been suspected for some time, but this traffic in human dead is a new feature of the terrible situation of the people.

The authorities have announced that they will punish with the utmost severity any one found attempting such traffic, and armed guards which have been stationed at the gates of the cemetery day and night have arrested several suspects.

Bread riots occurred at Alexandropol on March 1, and all food shops were pillaged. The cause of the riots, it is believed, was mainly the refusal of the local merchants to accept Russian, Georgian and Armenian currencies, which no longer command the confidence of the trading classes.

Old clothes, says the American Red Cross men's report, are now the most useful currency throughout Armenia.

DETECTIVE IS ACQUITTED.

Judge McIntyre Instructs Jury to Find Meringolo Not Guilty.

Thomas Meringolo, a detective who was indicted a year ago by the Whitman Grand Jury on the charge of taking an unlawful gratuity, was acquitted yesterday after the jury had been instructed by Judge McIntyre in General Sessions to bring in a verdict of not guilty.

Judge McIntyre held that the evidence showed that Meringolo had not taken a gratuity, but had accepted reimbursement for his expenses from the Fidelity Deposit Company of Maryland, with offices at 120 Broadway, in recovering securities. Detectives O'Gilfilan, Alonso Greer and Isaac Mindheim, who were indicted with Meringolo on similar evidence, will probably be freed today on motion of Assistant District Attorney George N. Brothers. The four men are alleged to have accepted a total of $1,500 after recovering $1,820,000 in securities stolen by messengers.

SUED FOR HALTING FUNERAL

Philadelphian Accused of Forcing Mourners to Take Union Auto.

PHILADELPHIA, March 16.—Halting of a funeral procession and the transfer of mourners in a taxicab to another operated by a member of a union was claimed as the basis for a suit filed in Common Pleas Court today.

Edwin M. Abbot, counsel for the Liberty Taxicab Company, Inc., filed suit for $25,000 damages against John S. Gibson, owner of taxicabs and said to be a member of the Liverymen's Automobile Association.

On March 3, according to the complaint, Gibson halted the funeral cortege when a motor car had broken down and another had been summoned by the undertaker. It is alleged that Gibson directed the mourners to transfer to a car furnished by the Liverymen's Association, under a threat that none of the machines would move unless the "non-union" car was taken out of the line.

SUES FOR $500,000 LOSSES.

Lawyer Accuses Six Men of Manipulating Roulette Wheels.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., March 16.—Recovery of $500,000 for losses at roulette alleged to have been due to fraudulent operation of roulette wheels is sought by Edward T. Hannon, a New Bedford attorney. He has brought suit in Federal District Court against six defendants seeking $100,000 each from Frank L. Murray of East Greenwich and John F. Hennessy of East Providence, and $75,000 each from Jacob I. Vogel and August A. Schaller of East Greenwich, James E. Moran of Providence and Charles L. Manchester Jr. of Auburn.

Statements charges that the defendants, their agents and their servants so controlled the roulette wheels at various Rhode Island resorts where he played that an element of chance was eliminated, thus enabling the defendants to win large sums of money from him.

WRANGEL REFUGEES ARRIVE IN STEERAGE

Former High Commanders Under Ex-Czar Sent to Ellis Island.

CLING TO DECORATIONS

Admiral and Major General Bring Families Here After Fleeing Bolsheviki.

Admiral Alexis Zeieff, of Russia, in a faded green uniform decorated with four medals, one of them the Order of St. Stanislaus, pinned there by the late Czar in person; his wife, also four times decorated for Red Cross work in the World War; their three children, Olga, 18, Vladimir, 10, and Nicholas, 6; Major General Ivan Kolesnikoff, a veteran of the World War and a division commander under General Wrangel, with four decorations across the breast of his sack suit, the reward of twenty years' service in the Russian Army; his wife, who has five decorations for war work—all these were among the 167 steerage passengers who arrived yesterday on the National Greek Liner Constantinople from Constantinople.

The distinguished refugees were sent to Ellis Island to undergo the usual examination to determine their fitness to enter this country. The prospective ordeal did not appear to disturb them after the hardships they had endured in Russia and after they fled that country. Mme. Zeieff alone coul speak English, having been educated in England.

"In Constantinople," she said, "our lot was aided much by the work of the American Red Cross. I wish I had words adequate to express the appreciation we all felt for that work."

She told of the revolution in Russia, the flight of the family from their home in Petrograd to their pace in Odessa, and a later flight to Constantinople after the collapse of the Wrangel movement in the Caucasus.

Admiral Zeieff and his family were met by Nicholas Aknoff, of Philadelphia, a brother of Mme. Zeieff. They expect to make their home with him. The Admiral lost his right eye in the Russian-Japanese war. In the World War he commanded a destroyer flotilla in the Baltic Fleet. Later he was sent to a command in the Black Sea fleet. General and Mrs. Kolesnikoff will go to relatives in Gary, Ind., after they are admitted.

In the steerage also came Captain Vasili Ivanoff, a former officer in the Czar's own cavalry regiment, Lieutenant Adolph Grivin, an infantry officer, and Dr. Ovsey Borodinitsky, of the medical corps. The other Russian fugitives were Vladimir Dubinsky, baritone, and his wife, Mme. Nadina Dubinsky, soprano, former stars of the Imperial Opera House in Petrograd.

PHI BETA KAPPA MEN MEET AT COLUMBIA

Annual Exercises Separated for the First Time From Commencement Period.

Distinguished scholars, including Barnard alumnae, returned in large number to Morningside Heights yesterday for the Phi Beta Kappa exercises, separated for the first time from the commencement period activities at the university. Twenty-four new members, including ten New Yorkers, were initiated into the Columbia Chapter as part of the ceremonies. The Barnard Section elections will be announced in May. A second election will be held at that time to consider the names of the members of the Columbia College Class of 1922 who may not have come under the requirements in March.

James T. Shotwell, Professor of History at Columbia, delivered the annual Phi Beta Kappa oration at a meeting in Philosophy Hall. Mark A. Van Doren, instructor in English at the university, read the Phi Beta Kappa poem written by him.

The newly elected chapter members were guests at the Phi Beta Kappa dinner last night at the Westminster Hotel, 420 West 116th Street. Informal addresses were made by Dean Herbert E. Hawkes of Columbia College, Dean F. J. E. Woodbridge of the Graduate Faculties, Professors Shotwell, John Erskine, Carleton J. H. Hayes of the Columbia History Department, and Mrs. Julian Haskell, President of the Barnard section of the Columbia Phi Beta Kappa Chapter.

The separation of the Phi Beta Kappa ceremonies from the commencement activities at Columbia, the returning alumni said, instituted a custom that would do much to emphasize the importance of the chapter's activities.

In his address in the afternoon, Professor Shotwell said: The war has given the keynote to the age in which we live. The challenge which the peoples of the world have given us is unaccepted. Idealism takes intelligence in order to become a moving force in history. It is up to the intelligent man to recover the lost ground."

SMALL ROADS ASK PAY CUT.

Two Southern Lines Seek Rail Labor Board's Permission.

CHICAGO, March 16.—Two small Southern railroads, hit by business depressions which caused them to operate at a deficit, brought pleas to the Railroad Labor Board today for permission to reduce wages and lower their operating expenses.

The Gulf & Ship Island Railroad, with a mileage of 307 miles through Mississippi, asked the board to reduce its rates to the scale recently authorized for the New Orleans & Great Northern, which practically parallels the Ship Island line.

R. H. Rock Jr., assistant to the Vice President, declared that the proposed new wages would be higher than the general wages paid along his road. The proposed reduction approximates 25 per cent.

Inability to pay the present scale fixed by the board also was pleaded by the Kansas City, Mexico & Orient, which asked a 15 per cent. reduction of wages.

Representatives of the employes appeared in both cases, citing living costs and other data in protest against any pay reductions.

TO LET PUBLIC DECIDE.

Trenton Plumbers Say Modified Working Rules Would Cheapen Costs.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, N. J., March 16.—After a final meeting tonight between the Master Plumbers' Association and a committee of employes, it was announced that the parties to the dispute would let the public break the deadlock existing over the question of changing working rules. The wage question is not involved.

The bosses feel that if the rules were modified, plumbing would cost the public less. If public sentiment proves to be with them, the bosses are prepared to lock out the men. On the other hand, if opinion favors the workers, the employers say they will drop their demands. They propose to give the public three or four days in which to make its attitude known.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, March 16.—Pressure was high Thursday over the Eastern half of the country, except New England, and it continued to fall over the Western half. There were two centres of minimum pressure Thursday night, one over Northwestern Montana, and the other over the plateau region. There have been rains within the last twenty-four hours west of the Rocky Mountains, while fair weather has prevailed almost generally east of the Rockies.

The temperature has fallen in the North Atlantic States, the lake region, California and the plateau region and it has changed little in other parts of the country.

COUNTRY-WIDE WEATHER CONDITIONS.

Observations at United States Weather Bureau stations during the twenty-four hours preceding 8 P. M. yesterday:

Stations.	High.	Low.	Temperature. Sta'n.	Rain-fall.	Weather.
Abilene	66	32	29.88	..	Cloudy
Albany	42	28	30.14	..	Clear
Atlanta	64	42	30.34	..	Clear
Atlantic City	50	34	30.12	..	Clear
Baltimore	54	36	30.18	..	Clear
Bismarck	38	28	30.00	..	Cloudy
Boston	48	34	30.16	..	Cloudy
Buffalo	32	30	30.28	..	Cloudy
Cincinnati	58	38	30.22	..	Clear
Charleston	68	46	30.22	..	Pt. Cl'dy
Chicago	40	38	30.32	..	Cloudy
Cleveland	34	32	30.22	..	Pt. Cl'dy
Denver	58	36	30.42	..	Cloudy
Detroit	42	30	30.34	..	Clear
Galveston	68	62	30.12	..	Clear
Helena	40	34	29.62	.22	Rain
Jacksonville	68	60	30.20	..	Pt. Cl'dy
Kansas City	64	50	30.06	..	Pt. Cl'dy
Los Angeles	56	50	29.72	.18	Rain
Milwaukee	38	34	30.36	..	Cloudy
New Orleans	68	54	30.18	..	Clear
Oklahoma	70	50	30.08	..	Cloudy
Philadelphia	48	36	30.14	..	Clear
Pittsburgh	42	32	30.32	..	Pt. Cl'dy
Portland, Me.	38	28	30.06	..	Clear
Portland, Ore.	46	38	30.86	..	Pt. Cl'dy
Salt Lake City	52	44	29.58	..	Cloudy
San Antonio	78	62	29.96	..	Clear
San Diego	58	50	29.90	..	Cloudy
San Francisco	54	46	29.76	..	Clear
Seattle	46	34	29.96	.10	Pt. Cl'dy
St. Louis	52	48	30.14	..	Cloudy
Washington	54	38	30.18	..	Clear

FORECAST: TODAY AND SATURDAY, *Northern New England and Southern New England*—Fair Friday and Saturday; not much change in temperature.

Eastern New York, Pennsylvania and New Jersey—Fair Friday; Saturday increasing cloudiness and slightly warmer.

Western New York—Fair Friday; Saturday unsettled and slightly warmer, probably rain.

NEW YORK CITY WEATHER REVIEW.

Official Temperatures—Average, 35.

8 AM	38	12 M.	40
9 AM	38	1 PM	38
8 AM	38	2 PM	38
9 AM	39	3 PM (high)	42
10 AM	40	4 PM	39
11 AM	40	5 PM	38
		6 PM	34
		7 PM	34
		8 PM	33
		9 PM	32
		10 PM	29
		11 PM (low)	28

Average same date last year, 52.
Average same date last 35 years, 38.

Barometer, 30.02 at 8 A. M., 30.11 at 8 P. M.
Humidity, 60 at 8 A. M., 58 at 8 P. M.
Winds at 8 A. M. northwest, velocity 15 miles; at 8 P. M. northwest, velocity 40 miles.
Weather clear at 8 A. M., clear at 8 P. M.
Precipitation, none.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 16.—Weather forecast:

Illinois—Mostly cloudy, unsettled Friday, probably Saturday; warmer northeast.

Missouri—Part cloudy, unsettled Friday and Saturday; continued mild.

Wisconsin, Minnesota, Iowa and North Dakota—Cloudy, unsettled Friday, probably Saturday; not much change in temperature.

South Dakota, Nebraska and Kansas—Partly cloudy, somewhat unsettled Friday and Saturday; continued mild.

Montana—Unsettled Friday, possibly rain or snow south. Saturday generally fair, not much change in temperature.

Wyoming—Unsettled Friday, probably rain or snow north and extreme west, slightly colder. Saturday probably fair.

North and South Carolina—Fair Friday. Saturday increasing cloudiness, warmer.

Georgia—Fair Friday. Saturday increasing cloudiness, little change in temperature.

Florida—Generally fair Friday and Saturday, little change in temperature.

Extreme Northwest Florida, Alabama, Mississippi—Fair Friday. Saturday cloudy, probably unsettled; little change in temperature.

Tennessee—Fair Friday. Saturday unsettled, probably showers; little change in temperature.

Kentucky—Increasing cloudiness, warmer, probably showers Friday night or Saturday.

Ohio—Increasing cloudiness, slightly warmer Friday; probably rain Friday night or Saturday.

Indiana—Unsettled Friday and Saturday; probably showers, somewhat warmer.

Lower Michigan—Unsettled Friday and Saturday, probably rain or snow in north and central; no decided change in temperature.

Upper Michigan — Increasing cloudiness, probably snow Friday in west. Saturday snow or rain, slightly warmer.

East Texas—Friday partly cloudy. Saturday unsettled, probably local rains; not much change in temperature.

West Texas—Friday partly cloudy. Saturday unsettled, probably rain north, colder in Panhandle and west.

Fire Record.

A. M. Loss.
12:05—737 E. 156 St., Louis Markowitz Slight
1:45—257 Avenue C, H. Reimer....Not given
3:15—296 Livingston St.....Not given
3:16—296 Pacific St.....Not given
6:45—W. 139 St.; Fred Kurtz.....Slight
7:25—13 W. 24 St., Alpine Restaurant Slight
9:45—201 E. 86 St.; Herchokits & Ray-zine.....Not given
10:50—302 W. 143 St.; Catherine Schrickis.....Not given
11:30—Havemayer and Lacombe Ave. (brush).....Not given
11:50—1,248 3 Av.; Hymak Weinstein.....Not given

P. M.
12:10—218 E. 11 St.; Anna Beckstein. Slight
12:30—1,014 Park Av.; A. Dart....Not given
12:55—2,060 St. & Riverdale Av.; Anna Weguns.....Not given
12:40—810 Intervale Av.; H. Dennis.....Not given
3:00—207 W. 116 St.; J. Robinsky.....Not given
3:40—199 W. 138 St.....Not given
3:00—53 St. & 3 Av.; Wilsed Co.....Not given
3:20—311 W. 143 St.; J. Savelli.....Not given
4:25—1,110 Jerome Av.; T. Pagano.....Not given
5:00—103 Clinton St.; F. Paulauskas.....Not given
6:30—1 Peck Slip.....Not given
6:30—30 Horatio St.; S. Yomante.....Slight
6:40—1,067 Hughes Av.; H. Trasman.....Not given
6:55—34 E. 21 St.; S. Pollack.....Not given
7:00—258 Courtlandt Av.; Fernell Co.....Not given
7:15—46 St. & Park Av. (rubber).....Not given
7:25—30 Great Jones St.; Stifson & Kepler.....Not given
7:45—17 W. 129 St.....Not given
7:45—519 W. 55 St.; Herman Brand.....Not given
8:35—619 Gerard Av.; Kiddy Wear Co.....Not given
10:10—217 E. 9 St.; Silverberg & Rosen.....Not given
10:20—123 Avenue A; Arnold Shoe Co.....Not given
10:30—237 Bowery; Worth Hat Co.....Not given

The Civil Service.

City.

Applications for stenographer and typewriter, Grade 2, will be received until 4 P. M. on March 22. The minimum age is 16 years. The subjects of the examination will be transcription, spelling, letter and punctuation. The salary is from $900 to $1,500 a year.

United States.

The commission announces examinations for preparator (anthropology), at $75 a month, and junior preparator (biology), at $70 a month, either sex, age 18 to 45, for vacancies in the National Museum, Smithsonian Institute, Washington, D. C. Competitors will not be required to appear for examination at any place, but will be rated on: Physical ability 10, material 40, training and experience 50. Age limits do not apply to persons entitled to preference because of military or naval service. Classified employes who have reached the retirement age and have served fifteen years are entitled to retirement with an annuity.

U. S. SUPREME COURT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 16.—In the Federal Supreme Court today, F. G. Welles of New York City, was admitted to practice and these proceedings were had:

406—St. Louis Cotton Compress Co., plff., v. The State of Ark.—Leave granted to submit record by motion of counsel, Mr. Kanar for that benefit.

376—Astoria Marine Iron Works, plff., v. U. S. Shipping Bd. Emerg. Fl. Corp.; 384—Sloss Shipyards Corp. et al., appts., v. Same; and 406—U. S. Shipping Bd. Emerg. Fl. Corp., petr., v. R. B. Wood, trustee in bankruptcy.—Arguments continued.

125—The U. S., appt., v. Bethlehem Steel Co.—Argument commenced.

Adjourned until tomorrow.

Court not in session: 19—Nos. 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, and 182.

SHIPPING AND MAILS

THE TIDES.

	Sandy Hook. A.M.	P.M.	Governors Island. A.M.	P.M.	Hell Gate. A.M.	P.M.
High water	10:43	11:17	11:33	11:40	12:41	1:13
Low water	4:45	5:00	4:10	5:26	7:22	7:40

THE SUN.

	Rises.	Sets.
A.M.	6:10	6:23
P.M.		

Incoming Steamships

ARRIVED YESTERDAY.

Steamer.	From.	Sailed.
McKeesport	Dunkirk	Feb. 24
Fort Victoria	Bermuda	Mar. 14
Araguaya	Bermuda	Mar. 14
Kennecott	Portland, Ore.	Jan. 27
Leonard G. Brown	Glasgow	Mar. 3
Assyria	Glasgow	Mar. 3
Montserrat	Cadiz	Feb. 22
G. Harrison Smith	Lobos	Mar. 8
Constantinople	Constantinople	Feb. 16
Carib	Cienfuegos	Mar. 7
River Orontes	Constantinople	Jan. 4
Mevania	Port Lobos	Mar. 7
Comanche	Jacksonville	Mar. 13
Lenape	Jacksonville	Mar. 13

DUE TODAY.

Steamer.	From.	Sailed.
Aquitania	Southampton	Mar. 11
Haverford	Hamburg	Mar. 3
Hellas	Turks Island	Mar. 9
Santa Rosalia	London	Feb. 25
Turrialba	Kingston	Mar. 11
Latvia	Copenhagen	Mar. 3
Matura	Trinidad	Mar. 9
Potomac	Bremen	Mar. 1
Mata Mara	Hull	Mar. 8
Mexico	Copenhagen	Feb. 21
Huron	Turks Island	Mar. 12
Dallas	Hamburg	Mar. 19

DUE TOMORROW.

Steamer.	From.	Sailed.
Nieuw Amsterdam	Plymouth	Mar. 8
Peninsula State	Southampton	Mar. 9
Monterey	Havana	Mar. 14
East Side	St. Nazaire	Mar. 8

DUE SUNDAY.

Steamer.	From.	Sailed.
Cedric	Queenstown	Mar. 14
Samland	Danzig	Mar. 5

DUE SUNDAY.

Steamer.	From.	Sailed.
Centennial State	London	Mar. 9
Hubert	Santos	Feb. 28
Philadelphia	Curacao	Mar. 15
Bristol City	Bristol	Mar. 3
Canadian Volunteer	Buenos Aires	Feb. 20
Independence Hall	Rotterdam	Mar. 3
Georgian	Hamburg	Mar. 1

DUE MONDAY.

Steamer.	From.	Sailed.
Catonia	Alexandria	Mar. 4
Cedric	Liverpool	Mar. 11
Rochambeau	Havre	Mar. 11
Calamares	Port Limon	Mar. 13
San Lorenzo	San Juan	Mar. 15
Fort Hamilton	Bermuda	Mar. 16
Camaru	Santos	Feb. 28
Empress of Britain	Colon	Mar. 6
Mount Clinton	Hamburg	Mar. 2
Tacoma	San Juan	Mar. 14
Lake Como	Baracoa	Mar. 13

DUE TUESDAY.

Steamer.	From.	Sailed.
Gothland	Antwerp	Mar. 9
Aeolus	Santos	Mar. 7
Siboney	Havana	Mar. 17
Ferswood	Port Antonio	Mar. 16
Arapahoe	Jacksonville	Mar. 18
City of St. Louis	Savannah	Mar. 13

DUE WEDNESDAY.

Steamer.	From.	Sailed.
Homeric	Southampton	Mar. 15
Munamar	Antilla	Mar. 13
Colombo	Genoa	Mar. 11
Syria	Lisbon	Mar. 3
Manoa	Cristobal	Mar. 13
Lewis Luckenbach	London	Mar. 5
Inkum	London	Mar. 7

Outgoing Steamships Carrying Mail

SAIL TODAY.

Steamer.	Destination.	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.	Carries Mail For
Kerk Castle	Cape Town	12:00 M.	6:00 P.M.	South Africa. (Specially addressed.)
Bergenfjord	Bergen	12:30 A.M.	12:00 M.	Norway, Sweden, Denmark and Finland.
Astrea	Maracaibo	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.	Cape Haitien, Port de Paix, Gonaives and St. Marc. (Curacao, Venezuela and other parts of Haiti specially addressed.)
Schoharie	Hamburg	7:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M.	Germany. (Specially addressed.)
Oropesa	Hamburg	———	12:00 M.	No mail.

SAIL TOMORROW

Steamer.	Destination.	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.	Carries Mail For
Sangue	Constanza	7:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M.	Turkey Rumania. (Specially addressed.)
Edific	Liverpool	8:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Ireland. (Other countries specially addressed.)
Finland	Antwerp	8:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Europe, Africa and West Asia. (Ireland, Latvia and Esthonia specially addressed.)
Westerdijk	Rotterdam	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Netherlands.
Chebaulip	Libau	8:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.	Sweden, Latvia and Finland. (Specially addressed.)
Bonheur	B'nos Aires	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	South Brazil. (Argentina, Uruguay and Paraguay specially addressed.)
Ft. Victoria	Hamilton	7:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M.	Bermuda, West Indies, Ciudad Bolivar and Guiana.
Porto Rico	San Juan	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.	Porto Rico and Virgin Islands.
Maracaibo	La Guayra	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.	Curacao, Venezuela. (Porto Rico specially addressed.)
Mary	Barahona	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.	Turks Island and Dominican Republic.
Tolon	Port Limon	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Costa Rica. (Cuba, Jamaica, Canal Zone and Panama specially addressed.)
Araguaya	Hamilton	9:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.	Bermuda.
Orizaba	Havana	10:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Bahamas, including Inagua and Fortune Islands. (Cuba specially addressed.)
Martinique	Georgetown	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.	Virgin Islands, West Indies and Guiana. (Grenadas St. Vincent and Trinidad specially addressed.)

SAIL MONDAY.

Steamer.	Destination.	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.	Carries Mail For
Lake Savus	Nassau	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Bahamas. (Specially addressed.)
Panama	Cristobal	11:30 A.M.	2:00 P.M.	Haiti, Canal Zone, Panama, Salvador, Nicaragua (except east coast), &c.

SAIL TUESDAY.

Steamer.	Destination.	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.	Carries Mail For
Aquitania	Southampton	9:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.	Europe, Africa and West Asia. (Norway must be specially addressed.)
Oscar II	Copenhagen	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Norway.
Patria	Piraeus	10:30 A.M.	1:00 P.M.	Azores Islands. (Italy and Greece must be specially addressed.) Mails for this steamer via rail to Boston will close at 8 P. M.
Munargo	Nassau	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.	Bahamas (including Inagua and Fortune Islands).

Other Outgoing Steamships

Steamer & Destination.	Time of Sailing Date.	Hour.
Pieternelle Cloumy, Rotterdam	Mar. 18	11:00 A.M.
Kansas, Calcutta	Mar. 18	12:00 M.
Montauk, London	Mar. 18	10:00 A.M.
Cyrthiana, London	Mar. 18	11:00 A.M.
Valacia, London	Mar. 18	9:00 A.M.
Hawaiian, Hamburg	Mar. 18	2:00 P.M.
Benlomond, Marseilles	Mar. 20	12:00 M.
Schodack, Dunkirk	Mar. 20	8:00 A.M.
Algic, Rangoon	Mar. 20	12:00 M.
Alpine Range, Leith	Mar. 21	1:00 P.M.
Anacondia, Rotterdam	Mar. 24	12:00 M.
Eastern Knight, Shanghai	Mar. 25	10:00 A.M.
Pocona, Santos	Mar. 25	9:00 A.M.

Reported by Radio

SS Aquitania, incoming from Southampton, reported by wireless yesterday; due about 4 P. M. today. Cunard Line.

Foreign Ports—Arrivals and Departures

ARRIVED.

Steamer.	At	Date.
Ledford	Trondhjs	Mar. 6
Morristown	Hamburg	Mar. 12
Callista	Bremen	Mar. 11
Elktonia	Kobe	Mar. 2
H. M. Flagler	Copenhagen	Mar. 12
Eglantier	Antwerp	Mar. 14
Stanmore	Dundee	Mar. 15
Mogali Heilog	Piraeus	Mar. 10
Chicago City	Bristol	Mar. 15
Orduna	Hamburg	Mar. 16
Empress of France	Athens	Mar. 13
Canadian Victor	Melbourne	Mar. 14
Dundrum Castle	Port Natal	Mar. 10
Worcester	Suez	Mar. 16
Eastern Guide	Dublin	Mar. 16

SAILED.

Steamer.	From.	Date.
Julia Luckenbach	Cristobal	Mar. 14
Terrier	Liverpool	Mar. 15
Santu	Valparaiso	Mar. 15
Ethelfreda	Naples	Mar. 14
Cabo Ortegal	Seville	Mar. 9
Winnecouna	Torrevieja	Mar. 11
Haleric	Bombay	Mar. 14
Sussex	Auckland	Mar. 13
Canada	Lisbon	Mar. 16
Noordam	Plymouth	Mar. 16
Stanmore	Dundee	Mar. 16

PASSED.

SS Themistocles, New York for Piraeus, passed Gibraltar.

Transpacific Mails

Connecting mails close at G. P. O. and City Hall Station at 6 P. M. as follows:

Hawaii, via San Francisco	Matsonia	Mar. 17
Japan, Korea, China, Siberia, French Indo-China, Netherlands East Indies (except Sumatra) and Philippine Islands, via Vancouver and Victoria, B. C.; also parcel post mails for Shanghai, China	Empress of Russia	Mar. 18
Japan, Korea and China (specially addressed only), via Seattle	Minnie Maru	Mar.

ROBS MRS. RHINOCK OF $12,500 IN GEMS

Porchclimber Gets into Theatrical Man's New Rochelle Home.

FAMILY WAS AT DINNER

Bag in Which Jewels Were Left Found a Mile From the House.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW ROCHELLE, N. Y., March 16.—A burglar visited the home of Joseph L. Rhinock, Vice President of the Shubert Theatrical Enterprises, at Bonnie Crest, New Rochelle, early on Wednesday evening and stole jewels valued at about $12,500, belonging to Mrs. Rhinock.

According to a report made to the New Rochelle police, Mr. and Mrs. Rhinock visited the Flower Show in Manhattan on Wednesday afternoon and returned to New Rochelle at 6:30 P. M. Mrs. Rhinock left her jewelry in a beaded bag on a dresser in her room on the second floor and then went to dinner with her husband on the first floor. About an hour later she went up stairs to get a key from her bag and found it had been stolen. The burglar evidently had climbed up on the roof of the front porch and entered a window. He wore gloves and left no finger prints. This morning Mrs. Rhinock's empty bag was found on the Quaker Ridge Road about a mile from her home.

The stolen property consisted of a pin containing four diamonds valued at $4,500; a platinum ring with black opal, $750; dinner ring, set with diamonds and sapphires, $2,000; dinner ring with cluster of diamonds and emeralds, $2,500; diamond ring, $200; ring set with emeralds, gold inlaid vanity case set with rubies and 400 shares of a theatrical company, the name and value of which were not made public.

FRENCH NAVY BILL UP; CALLS FOR 33 SHIPS

Senate Committee Thinks Submarines Will Have Chief Part in Sea Force.

PARIS, March 16 (Associated Press).—The naval program bill came up for discussion in the Senate today. It was introduced in the Chamber in January, 1920, and had undergone modifications at the hands of four Ministers of Marine before it passed the lower House.

The bill contains clauses for abandoning the construction of warships of the Normandie type, for transforming the dreadnought Dearn into a mother ship for airplanes and for laying down certain light units.

The reporter of the bill, Senator Eymery, described the present program as first aid intended to prevent the navy's collapse, combining the old fleet as far as possible with the future fleet, which must be constituted in accordance with scientific data and France's foreign policy.

The construction program provides for three cruisers, of 8,000 tons and thirty-eight knots speed, with eight guns of 194 millimeters, four guns of seventy-five millimeters and twelve torpedo tubes; six torpedo boat destroyers and twelve torpedo boats; the destroyers of 2,500 tons and the torpedo boats of 1,400 tons, together with twelve submarines of 1,100 tons and an action radius of 7,000 miles.

Mr. Eymery said:

"The Senate's Navy Committee unanimously considered that submarines would play a predominant part in our future navy. This is the arm of the weak; pre-eminently an arm of defense. Had we accepted suppression of the submarine we should be forced to abdicate entirely before the foreign naval system."

Senator Hennessy agreed as to the construction of destroyers, but thought that the laying down of cruisers and submarines ought to wait for the Washington conventions to be discussed.

LEAVES $5,000 TO HIS PETS.

James Bolton's Will Provides Fund for His Cats and Dogs.

The will of James Bolton, President of the Bronx Mills Company, textile manufacturers, at West Farms Road and the Bronx River, was filed for probate yesterday. The bequests are said to total more than $200,000.

Mr. Bolton's wife, Eleanor, is the chief beneficiary. Two nephews, William H. and Thomas Bolton, are also beneficiaries.

The will provides for a trust fund of $5,000 for the rector, warden and vestrymen of Grace Church, at Tremont and Vyse Avenues, the Bronx, and gives $5,000 to the Methodist Episcopal Church at West Farms. A fund of $5,000 is set aside to provide for the decedent's cats and dogs.

HID WHISKY UNDER FISH.

Ninety Barrels Seized in Canada Were on the Way Here.

Special to The New York Times.

ST. JOHNS, N. B., March 16.—Provincial prohibition inspectors tonight seized a car in the Canadian Pacific freight yards containing about $18,000 worth of Scotch whisky loaded here today by a wholesale firm for New York City.

The whisky was packed in ninety barrels camouflaged with an inferior quality of codfish, purporting to be for Fulton Market. Railroad officials withhold the name of the consignee, but it is thought to be fictitious. Had the whisky been shipped as whisky it could not have been seized until it crossed the line.

LIQUOR CARGO DITCHED.

Automobile, Running on Railway Tracks, Hit by a Freight Train.

SPOKANE, Wash., March 16.—An automobile equipped with flanged wheels to operate on railroad tracks and carrying a cargo of bottled liquor, was thrown into the ditch north of Springdale, today by a Great Northern extra freight train.

The train crew reported two men in the automobile took to the woods, ploughing through twenty inches of snow. The car was on route from the Canadian border.

$15,000 for Man's Death by Train.

Mrs. Concetta Di Lieto of 115 Chichester Avenue received a verdict of $15,000 against the Long Island Railroad yesterday in the Queens County Supreme Court for the death of her husband, Angelo, a former employe, killed at work. She had sued for $50,000.

Di Lieto was making repairs on Feb. 20, 1921, and had stationed a helper behind to warn him. The helper for some reason left his post. When a locomotive approached Di Lieto paid no attention to its signals, apparently expecting the helper to warn him. He was run down and killed. The railroad company contended that Di Lieto was negligent.

BUSINESS WORLD

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Yesterday—¾ to ⅝ for the best names. Wednesday—⅝ to ⅝ for the best names. The quotations are for six months' paper.

Raw Silk is Steadier.

The local raw silk market is showing a slightly better tone. While business continues limited, present values, according to H. L. Gwaltter & Co., Inc., are receiving more attention on the part of mills, and buyers are watching developments closely. Prices are steadier and holders show less willingness to press sales at a sacrifice, since there is a firmer tone in the primary markets, where quotations ruled above local prices. Conditions in the fabric trade are improving, and the outlook for both broad silks and ribbons is reported more favorable. Quotations remain unchanged at Yokohama on the basis of 1,620 yen for double extra and 1,600 yen for tram stock. Canton reports a moderate business at firm prices, while Shanghai is dull with quotations purely nominal. Advices from Europe describe another reduction on extra classical raws for single weaving to 310 lire, but exchange prevents business.

Renewable Shaving Brush.

A shaving brush has been brought upon the market to answer the demand for a strictly sanitary article. The brush part is made of Java sisal and is detached from the handle after use. Packets of brush filling being supplied for daily charges if desired. The sisal is free from animal infection and, therefore, cannot cause anthrax. While the brush part can be used for a number of latherings, it is claimed that a fresh one daily may be obtained at a yearly cost of less than half that of a bristle brush.

Cotton Might Help.

The suggestion was put forward yesterday by a man of long experience in the woolen business that the mills might overcome their difficulties with respect to the soft-faced overcoatings by using some cotton. As long as the present all-wool fleecy fabrics are produced, he said, there will be constant complaints concerning their wearing quality. Some years ago the beaver cloths used for overcoatings were similar to what is now being manufactured, but durability was achieved by adding a little cotton. He doubted, however, that the present instance upon all wool would allow the mills to folow the suggestion.

Tendency Toward Light Colors.

Some of the second Fall lines to be presented in men's wear fabrics, it is understood, will favor light colors. This is a comparatively new style development, and the trade is not aware of its cause except as a whim of fashion. Some trace the trend toward light shades on the general movement in that direction both in women's and men's wear fabrics, the governing idea being to move against the customary standards. Grays are mentioned prominently in the discussion of new Fall fabrics.

Retail Trade Not Necessary.

From the reports received in wholesale circles concerning retail business, the stores have not done as well so far his year as they anticipated. While a lull was expected during January, better results were looked for in February and March. Merchants are of the opinion that the weather has been chiefly to blame and not the attitude of consumers on purchasing. More is now heard, however, of the improvement which must take place in employment before retail business can approach normal. With the payment of income taxes over and the advent of better weather, the stores now look for a growing demand right up to Easter.

Offers a Novel Eyeshade.

A miniature eyeshade, made of transparent material resembling celluloid and especially designed for use at baseball games, beaches and other outdoor places where the light is strong, is now being offered here to retail at five cents. The shade is said also to be a boon to poker players and to office employes who work under artificial light. It is described by the makers as flexible, unbreakable and extremely light in weight, and it is claimed that it can be worn just as well by persons who wear glasses as by those who do not. It is held in position on the same principle as nose glasses, but without the pressure that the usual type of such glasses exert. The shade is self-adjusting, which makes it possible for one size to fit every wearer.

Unusual Check-Writing Machine.

The right to manufacture an automatic dividend warrant and check-writing machine of British invention is now being offered here. The device differs in several respects from anything yet brought out. For one thing, it inserts the amounts payable on warrants and checks simultaneously in words and figures, perforating the paper to prevent "kiting." In filling in a check for $5,000 for instance, pressing the five key in the thousands line of the device not only prints the figure five but the words "five thousand" as well. The actual printing is done by pressure of a lever at the side of the machine, which automatically sets it back to zero when the impression has been made. The lever printing arrangement also makes possible any necessary corrections before the impression is made. Another feature of the machine is that it can be set to permit printing any number of checks or warrants where the amount is the same. It can be used by railways, steamship and insurance companies, banks, business houses, &c.

To Unite Credit Bureaus.

As a result of action taken by the Executive Boards of the United Waist League of America and the Associated Dress Industries of America, the credit bureaus of those organizations will in the future function as one under the title of the Joint Service and Credit Bureau. The combined bureaus will be located in the offices of the Associated Dress Industries on the tenth floor of the Marbridge Building. Several changes looking to the general improvement of the service are contemplated, one of which is the more general and wide-spread dissemination of information concerning retailers who make a practice of cancelling orders or unjustifiably returning goods.

Gray Goods Still Dragging.

Gray goods continued to drag in the local market yesterday, although some business was reported in print cloths. For 38½ inch 64-60s buyers again paid 7¼ cents, with 7⅛ cents, as before, the price for 39-inch 68-72s. In the high-count cloths the asking prices for 39-inch 72-76s and 80 squares were, respectively, 9⅞ and 10⅞ cents. One of the few features of the day was the sale of some Eastern 38½-inch 60-48s at 7 cents, by second hands. For 39-inch 56-44s, 6⅞ cents was paid, in the sheetings end of the market, some "quick" 6.15s from second hands brought 6⅞ cents, with 6⅞ cents the holding price of first hands. For 4.50s, 5½ cents was asked, with little, if any, business.

NEW BRITISH TRAFFIC RULE.

"Keep-to-the-Left" System is Being Extended to Pedestrians.

LONDON, March 16.—The "keep-to-the-left" system, which has in London's traffic been a source of bewilderment to many a confirmed "keep-to-the-right" American, is being gradually introduced among pedestrians.

At the recent annual meeting of the Safety First Council it was announced that the rule had been adopted by many local councils, and the hope was expressed that it would be followed in central London.

Kansas Girl Heads Smith Council.

NORTHAMPTON, Mass., March 16.—Announcement was made today by President William A. Nielson that Miss Miriam W. Conklin of Hutchinson, Kan., has been chosen President of the Smith College Student Council. This is the highest undergraduate honor in the college.

WORK OR PLAY CLOTHES?

Upon This It Depends Whether They Shall Be Taxed or Not.

A Specialty Manufacturers' Division of the International Association of Garment Manufacturers was organized yesterday at a meeting held in the association's rooms at 320 Broadway for the purpose of taking action to obtain a proper distinction, for tax purposes, between untaxable work clothing and sports clothing that is subject to a tax of 10 per cent. L. A. Guiterman of Guiterman Brothers was elected President of the division, with A. F. Allison, Secretary and Treasurer.

At the meeting it was decided that the manufacturers will seek detailed application and limitations of the tax on hunting or riding garments to distinguish them from work clothing which is not taxable, and that all manufacturers shall pay the tax under protest and then file a claim for all taxes paid on riding breeches, claiming that they are not a habit by themselves any more than leggins are. This action was suggested as forcing a definition of a habit that would be clear and specific.

It was further decided to secure a method for establishing exemption forms for affidavit or certificate by purchasers for all articles known to have been used, or to be used, for purposes other than those taxable by the law. Statistics are to be collected from the Department of Commerce, together with affidavits from the trade, &c., to substantiate the definition of a riding habit and percentages of laced breeches and hunting type coats sold for work uses.

ALBANIA LIVES ON CORN.

Natives Recently Refused to Buy Wheat Shipped From America.

SCUTARI, Albania, March 14.—There is one country in Europe where wheat is not the staff of life. That country is Albania. White flour is frowned upon here. A cargo of wheat recently received from the United States had to be given to charity because there were no buyers. The principal article of diet is corn meal, prepared exactly as the North American Indians used to prepare it.

In his food as well as in his customs the Albanian feels that what was good enough for his ancestors is good enough for him. As among the mountaineers of Virginia and Kentucky, the staple food among the men of the hills is corn bread made from slender crops of maize grown on the steep slopes. This is eked out with milk and eggs and occasionally a fowl, while on fete days a sheep is killed.

ARRIVAL OF BUYERS

Arriving Buyers may register in this column by telephoning Bryant 1000.

ALBANY, N. Y.—J. G. Myers Co.; W. W. Dodge, housefurnishings, glass, silverware; 520 5th Av.; Brostell.
ALTOONA, Pa.—Whitman's; A. L. August, coats, suits, furs, waists; Pennsylvania.
BALTIMORE—American Wholesale Corp.; W. F. Coggins, notions, leather, toilet goods; 304 4th Av.
BALTIMORE, Md.—Bloch Bros. Co.; F. S. Deutsch, women's furnishings; 1,150 B'way (Baer & Lilienthal); McAlpin.
BALTIMORE, Md.—Bernheimer Bros.; J. B. Berk, cloaks, suits, waists, furs; 1,261 B'way (B. Solomon).
BALTIMORE, Md.—J. Hoos Co.; G. Hoos, housefurnishing goods, glassware, crockery; Pennsylvania.
BALTIMORE, Md.—Polan, Katz & Co.; C. Katz, umbrellas, parasols; 1,370 B'way.
BINGHAMTON, N. Y.—J. L. Morgan Co.; H. L. Riggs, domestics, blankets, table linens; Grand.
BOSTON—Jordan Marsh Co. Upstairs—G. W. Ross, women's tailored suits, high-grade suits; 483 4th Av.
BOSTON—C. F. Hovey Co.; F. C. Hincks, men's high-grade silk shirts; H. Friedberg, tricotine and tricot suits, basement; 1,164 B'way, 2d floor.
BOSTON—Gilchrist Co.; H. Rafeld, extra-size coats, suits, skirts, dresses, basement; 200 5th Av.
BOSTON—Goldie Dress Co.; W. Goldberg, jobs canton crepe, crepe knit dresses; 1,123 B'way (Goldstein & Brown Co.).
BOSTON—Conried & Co.; Miss D. W. Killeen, dresses; 152 Madison Av.; Marlborough.
BOSTON—Chandler Co.; G. F. Johnson, furs; 240 Madison Av.
BRIDGEPORT, Conn.—D. M. Read Co.; C. Chewenhill, silks, dress goods, velvets; W. W. Taylor, house furnishings; 104 4th Av.
CHICAGO—12th Street Store; Miss S. Speck, millinery; 370 7th Av. (Munzer-Mann).
CHICAGO—Sol Klein Store; Miss M. Speck, millinery; 370 7th Av. (Munzer-Mann).
CHICAGO—I. P. Friend, jobs coats, suits, dresses; 1,261 B'way (S. Solomon).
CHICAGO—Livingston, Rosch & Co.; J. Livingston, sweaters, fancy goods, work shirts; Imperial.
COLUMBUS—F. & R. Lazarus & Co.; J. B. Bellamy, mdse. mgr.; Miss R. Winkler, sweaters, waists; 225 5th Av. (Retail Research Assn.).
COLUMBUS—Gorbach Stores Co.; Harry G. Katzman, dresses, suits; 4 W. 14th, 3d floor.
DAYTON—Rike-Kumler Co.; R. Plumer, Oriental rugs, draperies, domestic rugs; 225 5th Av. (Retail Research Assn.).
DETROIT—A. Krolik & Co.; B. M. Greene, B. Berman, hosiery, underwear, sweaters, work shirts; 377 B'way, 5th floor.
DETROIT—J. L. Hudson Co.; B. Owen, drapories; S. J. Dunn, coats; 225 5th Av. (Retail Research Assn.).
DETROIT—Crowley-Milner Co.; J. B. Jones, clothing, boys' furnishings; 120 W. 32d (A. Fanti).
DETROIT—G. P. Yost Fur Co.; G. P. Yost, P. D. Richley, furs; Breslin.
FORT WAYNE, Ind.—Rurode Dry Goods Co.; E. C. Rurode Jr., coats, suits, furs, genl. mdse.; Martinique.
HARTFORD—A. Fox & Co.; M. H. Kashman, jewelry, silverware, novelties; 120 W. 32d (A. Fanti).
HARTFORD—Sage, Allen & Co.; G. D. Allen, suits; Miss K. D. Sheean, waists, muslin underwear, petticoats; 404 4th Av.
INDIANAPOLIS—L. S. Ayres & Co.; H. L. Goldberg, coats, suits, dresses, skirts, millinery, children's, girls' wear, basement; 225 5th Av. (Retail Research Assn.).
INDIANAPOLIS—Pettis Dry Co.; Mrs. H. Benson, jobs coats; 240 Madison Av.
LEXINGTON, Ky.—B. B. Smith & Co.; B. B. Smith, women's ready-to-wear; 1,182 B'way; Pennsylvania.
LIBERTY, N. Y.—H. J. Sarles Co.; H. J. Sarles, dry goods, ready-to-wear; 106 Grand (Jay & Co.).
LOS ANGELES—Bullock's; Mrs. H. Lawson, girls' wear, basement; 1,123 B'way, teen wear, ventings; 225 5th Av. (Retail Research Assn.).
MINNEAPOLIS—The Dayton Co.; J. V. Cavanna, rugs, draperies; 225 5th Av. (Retail Research Assn.).
MONTPELIER, Idaho—S. L. Lewis, genl. mdse.; Pennsylvania.
OMAHA, Neb.—J. L. Brandeis & Sons; E. J. Brandeis, radio buyer; 1,134 B'way.
PHILADELPHIA—Baumgarten & Hurwitz, jobs silk dresses; 129 W. 32d (A. Fanti).
PHILADELPHIA—Gimbel Bros.; A. Lowenthal, women's, misses' silk dresses; B'way-32d (N. Y. office).
PHILADELPHIA—John Wanamaker; J. Franzen, coats; B'way and 10th.
PHILADELPHIA—L. Snyder & Co.; L. Snyder, women's cuttings; Martinique.
PITTSBURGH—Krieger Cloak & Suit Co.; L. Krieger, jobs coats, suits, dresses; 40 W. 38th (M. A. James Co.).
PITTSBURGH, Pa.—The Porter Co.; F. C. Wadell, hats; Imperial.
PITTSBURGH—Miss G. Warner, millinery; Marlborough.
PORTSMOUTH, N. H.—The White Store; A. Selden, ladies' wearing apparel; Brostell.
RICHMOND, Va.—Kaufman & Co.; F. L. Lesket, flowers; Martinique.
ROCHESTER—Duffy-Powers Co.; Miss T. Cohen, jobs silk-lined tweed and tailored tricotine suits; 1,261 Broadway. (S. Solomon.)
ROCHESTER—B. Forman Co.; Miss Rogers, inexpensive dresses; 225 5th Av. (Retail Research Assn.).
SAN FRANCISCO, Cal.—A. J. Marcus Co.; M. Epstein, canton crepe capes, wraps; 225 5th Av. (Hart, Flanagan & Co.).
SAN FRANCISCO—Raphael Weill Co.; Miss L. Feiner, skirts, sporting goods, wash dresses; 11 E. 26th, Room 1503.
SAN FRANCISCO—R. Wallace, ready-to-wear; Martinique.
SHREVEPORT, La.—Bernstein Bros.; E. R. Bernstein, dry goods, notions, furnishings; Pennsylvania.
ST. LOUIS—Scruggs-Vandervoort-Barney; Miss J. Wade, waists; 225 5th Av. (Retail Research Assn.).
ST. LOUIS—Gorbach Stores Co.; H. H. Levine, dresses, suits; 4 West 14th, 3d floor.
ST. LOUIS—Jacobson & Co.; I. Selzer, jobs regular, extra size silk waists, wraps, suits; 134 West 32d. (L. Weber.)
ST. LOUIS—Addison Cloak & Suit Co.; W. I. Selzer, jobs regular, extra size silk waists, wraps, suits; 134 West 32d. (L. Weber.)
ST. LOUIS—Stix, Baer & Fuller D. G. Co.; Miss M. Langhauser, art needlework; 1,107 B'way, 5th floor.
SYRACUSE, N. Y.—J. A. Witherall; H. G. Cameron, dry goods; Mrs. C. E. Leonard, waists, house dresses, children's and infants' wear; Imperial.
TOLEDO—Lesalle & Koch; L. Eppstein, mdse. mgr.; E. F. Talley, mdse. mgr., basement; jobs coats, suits; 225 5th Av. (Retail Research Assn.).
TROY, N. Y.—Woelman's, Inc.; Miss L. A. Dawson, ready-to-wear; McAlpin.
VALDOSTA, Ga.—L. & I. Lazarus & Bros.; F. Lazarus, genl. mdse.; Grand.
WASHINGTON, D. C.—S. Kaufman, Inc.; B. Wise, genl. mdse.; Pennsylvania.
WELLSVILLE, N. Y.—Rockwell Bros. & Co.; I. Rees, F. L. Rockwell, gen. mdse.; 23 E. 26th; Breslin (Mills Reporting Co.).
WHEELING, W. Va.—A. W. Graham, jobs coats, suits, dresses; 46 East 25th. (G. A. James Co.).
WILKES-BARRE, Pa.—Justin Burgman; Miss J. B. Smith, underwear, petticoats; 117 W. 32d; Martinique.

BUYERS' WANTS—OFFERINGS TO BUYERS

Special wants supplied and special merchandise quickly disposed of. Information requested of any questionable offer.

BUYERS' WANTS.

Fifteen cents per word each insertion.

GERONAS or Marvellas, F. & H., Wanted—For cash; all colors. Call Longacre 7084.

GEORGETTES Wanted—Navy and brown, 3-thread; quantity, for cash. Garfiel Dress Co., 212 East 23d.

GERONA Wanted—Black, navy, serrenic, for cash. Mendelson Sussman, Fitzroy 1708.

GERONA, Marvella, Orlando Wanted—For cash. Jacobs & Jacobs, Watkins 3023.

GERONA Wanted—All colors. Watkins 0456.

HERRINGBONE Wanted—American, tan and brown. Phone Chelsea 5830.

LINEN Wanted Non-crushable, all colors. 44 East 23d, 5th floor.

MINUETTE Wanted—Cat use quantity of navy; must be cheap. Sugarman, 472 Broadway.

NORMANDIES Wanted—All shades; also cloth suitable for polo coats. Silver & Goldstein, 15 West 29th.

ORLANDOS Wanted—For cash. Mendelson Sussman, Fitzroy 1708.

PIQUETTE Wanted—Color 208; also girona, black. Madison Square 8275.

PLAIDS Wanted—For cash; large quantity, all-wool plaids in desirable combinations; also stripes in tan and green combination and blue and gray combination; show samples. F. J. Barsch, 27 West 20th.

POLAIRE Wanted—Frankenburg 1290 or similar. Phone Chelsea 9050.

POLAIRE Wanted—15100, color 1. Victor H. Everett, Watkins 2020.

POPLIN Wanted—Black American or similar. Chelsea 1538.

RADIUM Wanted—Heavy quality, all colors, large quantity; cash; at a price. Terrie Fres., 9 West 31st.

RATANIE Wanted—Imported checks and fancy. Leo Finkenberg, 31 East 31st.

RATINE Wanted—Imported only; shade leather. Finkenberg, 31 East 31st.

SILKS Wanted—Spot cash, large quantity canton crepes, crepe back satins, 3-thread crepe de chines, taffetas, charmeuse, shirtings, sport silks; also odds, ends; call with sample pieces. Beaver's Silk Clearing House, 34 East 29th. Madison Square 8259.

SILKS Wanted—Plains and fancies; all descriptions; large or small quantities; also silk and cotton mixtures. Madison Textile, 116 East 27th.

SILKS Wanted—Spot cash for any silk; large or small quantity. Kanter, Piermont & Kanter, 39 East 29th. Madison Square 1268.

SILKS Wanted—Swatches and short ends, pieces; pay highest prices. Royal Manufacturer Supply, 54 Bond St.

SILKS Wanted—Jobs only printed crepes, foulards, crepe de chine; cash. Alper Bros., 133 West 27th.

SILKS Wanted—Fancy de cygnes, satin de chine; green for quantity. Rothblum-Goldberg, 33 West 20th.

SILKS Wanted—Jobs of all description; cash. A. Solomon, 621 B'way, Spring 7084.

SILKS Wanted—Printed tubs at a price. Rosenfeld Bros. Rosenberg, 22 West 31st.

SILKS Wanted—Jobs of all descriptions; cash. Fourth Avenue Silk, 42 East 27th.

SILK Wanted—Pongee and jap silk, natural and colors; cash. Watkins 6168.

SUITS Wanted—Jobs of 1,000 or less; will pay cash. 1 West 56th St., second floor. Ask for Mr. Klein.

SUITS Wanted—Jobber looking at Spring suits and coats. 6 East 27th, 14th floor. See Mr. Cohen.

TRICOLETTES AND MINUETTES Wanted—Fancies and prosbtitch direct from mills. C. M. Goldberg, 334 4th Av.

TRICOLETTES Wanted—Fancy weaves. 22 West 30th, 5th floor.

TRICOTINES Wanted—Spot cash at price; navy, black; tan; also olive. American 09152. Madison Square 1520-5191.

TRICOTINE Wanted—Twill cloth and similar, quantity; tan and rookie shades. Vanderbilt 1439.

TRICOTINE and Twill Wanted—Tan color; better quality. Pearlstein, 110 West 25th.

TRICOTINES Wanted—Greenwich 310, navy and black; cash. Madison Square 8079.

TRICOTINES Wanted—For cash. Shagam & Block, 315 4th Av.

TWEEDS Wanted—Pepper and salt effects and mixtures. S. Glatstone & Son, 607 Broadway.

TWEEDS, Homespuns Wanted—Cash 19822, all colors. Pepper & Salt, Gramercy 4227.

TWEED Wanted—American 04811, color 911 and 934. Phone Madison Square 8272.

TWEEDS Wanted—Open for quantities at a price. Phil Katz Co., 11 East 26th.

TWEEDS Wanted—Stevens 1125-6. Myer Gans Co., 151 West 26th.

TWEED Wanted—04811, color 874. Phone Watkins 4465.

VELDYNES Wanted—Geronas, marvellas and orlandos, all colors; pay cash. Longacre 7086.

VELDYNES Wanted—Black, for cash. Madison Square 6670.

VELOURS Wanted—Navy, 131210 or similar. Westchester Cloak House, 156 West 22d.

VELOURS Wanted—Dark rookie. I. & B. Espire Dress Co., 332 7th Av.

VELOURS Wanted—All shades. 16 West 25th, ninth floor. Watkins 672.

VELOUR Wanted—131111, 131210; Spring shades. Chelsea 9724.

VENETIANS Wanted—36-inch black for cash. Spring 9332.

VOILE Wanted—Large dot Normandy, dark brown quantity. Finkenberg, 31 East 31st.

WOOLENS Wanted—Open to buy all makes, any grade; tweeds come with samples. Elias Surut & Sons, 670 Broadway.

WOOL Crepe Wanted—Large quantities, all shades; cash. Lipshitz & Fiedelbaum, 32 West 32d.

ARTIFICIAL Silk Wanted—Quantities, for cash. Meritzer, Longacre 7166.

ARTIFICIAL Silks Wanted — Quantities; cash. National Spinning Co., Stagg 8857.

BELTING Wanted—Will pay cash for quantity 1¼-inch stiff white woven belting. P. J. Barsch, 27 West 20th.

BOLIVIAS Wanted—American 0485, 0417, all shades, at a price. Militex Cloak and Suit, 22 West 23d.

CANTONS Wanted—Dark colors; cash. Lowe Silk, 94 East 27th. Madison Square 2650.

CAPES and Coats Wanted—Novelties; jobber placing orders. Room 407, 1,166 Broadway.

CLOTH Wanted—At price; cash: 0461, 15100, 0463, 0417, 19823; also all qualities (tricotines, navy, black, tan; American poirots, light shades). Mandel Brothers, 36 West 38th.

CLOTHS Wanted—Frankenburg 1124, color 9-1. Madison Square 1107. Abrug & Co., 15 West 27th.

CLOTH Wanted—Open for quantity for polo coats. Bramson Bros., 49 West 28th. Watkins 6284.

COATINGS Wanted—Frankenberg 150, Lawrences 923, or similar in jade, green. Louis Greenberg, 471 West 23d.

COATINGS Wanted—American 11119, 15100; all colors; will pay cash. Orchard 8432.

COATS and Suits Wanted—Open to buy 14000 coats and suits for a sale; cash. Call between 10-2. H. Narler, 7 West 18th.

COATS Wanted—Open to buy quantities of wraps, capes, straight lines coats in bolivia and velour. 18 West 27th, 1st floor.

COATS Wanted—Jobs of 1,000 or less; will pay cash. 1 West 56th St., second floor. Ask for Mr. Klein.

COATS Wanted—Jobber looking at Spring suits and coats. 6 East 27th, 14th floor. See Mr. Cohen.

COATS Wanted—Jobber placing orders on sport suits, coats, wraps. 20 West 18th, 1st floor.

COATS; Dresses Wanted—Cash for any quantity; jobs or retail. Watkins 8154.

COTTON Goods, Fancies, Remnants Wanted—Also pound goods, quantities, for cash. J 170 Times.

CREPE de Chines Wanted—Open for large quantity white and flesh; cash. La Rose, 20 West 32d.

CREPE Wool Wanted—Open for Julliards, high colors; cash. Moe D. Leipzig & Bro., 16 West 27th.

CREPE de Chines Wanted—High shades, better grade; must be cheap. Sunty Maid, 46 West 26th.

CREPE de Chine Wanted—4-thread, good quality, black only. E. D. Winter, 139 West 37th.

CREPE Wanted—Wool Julliards, all shades, for cash. Harry Sallman, 520 6th Av.

CREPE de Chines Wanted—For cash. The E. W. Waist Co., 46 West 26th St.

CREPE de Chines Wanted—3 and 4 thread, quantities only. Herbrich, 35 West 36th.

DRESSES Wanted—We are placing stock orders on all kinds of Summer silk and cotton dresses; only new models of exceptional style will be considered; submit samples from 9-12 A. M. only. Sherr Bros., 20 Crosby St.

DRESSES Wanted—Now placing orders on cantons, georgettes, crepe de chines, crepe knits, foulards, sport and cotton dresses. Call all day with samples. 9 East 32d, 7th floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Large jobber placing orders on better-grade sport and Summer silk dresses. Call 9 to 12. Room 1312, Waldorf Building, 2 West 32d St.

DRESSES Wanted—Contractor on voiles, dotted Swiss and organdie dresses; bring samples; placing large orders. Criterion, 11 West 21st.

DRESSES Wanted—Open for quantity of canton, taffeta, georgette and crepe knit dresses for cash. Watkins 8809. Mr. Shone.

DRESSES Wanted—Placing orders sample models crepe de Chines; also dotted Swisses and linens. 32 West 32d, 5th floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Organdies, spotted swiss, ginghams, canton crepes; jobber placing orders. 152 West 27th, 3d floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Open for quantity of 1,000 or less; will pay cash. 11 West 25th St., second floor. Ask for Mr. Klein.

BUYERS' WANTS.

Fifteen cents per word each insertion.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber looking at new Spring models; call between 9 and 10 A. M. 35 West 32d, 6th floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Will pay spot cash for jobs in silk dresses, quantity no object. 6th floor, 16 West 32d.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing orders on silk canton dresses of better kind. 143 Madison Av., 13th floor.

DRESSES Wanted—We have the cash for any quantity of silk dresses in jobs. 36 West 32d (first floor).

DRESSES Wanted—Will buy for spot cash dresses of the better kind, all materials. 9 East 32d, 7th floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing orders on new silk or cotton styles. Eleventh floor, 54 West 26th.

DRESSES Wanted—Will pay cash for canton and crepe dresses. Call 11th floor, 48 West 25th.

DRESSES Wanted—Buying jobs, spot cash; highest prices paid, any quantity. Watkins 596.

DRESSES Wanted—High class, all kinds, jobs, for cash. Telephone Canal 4889.

DRESSES Wanted—Cash for jobs, any quantity. Chelsea 6434.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobs; all kinds; spot cash; bring samples. Queen, 114 West 26th.

DRESSES Wanted—Better grade silks, tricotines. Ninth Floor, 34 West 25th.

DRESSES Wanted—Open for jobs, silks; cash. 5th floor, 16 West 27th.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber open for sport dresses. 9 West 32d, Room 1006.

DRESSES Wanted—Job silk dresses; any quantity, for spot cash. Longacre 4178.

DRESSES, Coats Wanted—Cash for any quantity; no lots too large. Watkins 8154.

DRESSES Wanted—Job odds and ends, any quantity. 5th floor, 153 West 27th.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobs, any quantity, for cash. Store, 16 West 21st St.

OFFERINGS TO BUYERS.

Fifteen cents per word each insertion.

APRONS—Plaid ginghams, $4.25-$5.85 dozen. Simon Kahn Co., 911 Broadway.

ARTIFICIAL Silks—Viscose, tubize, 205-150 A. National Spinning Co., Stagg 5631.

ARTIFICIAL Silks, American viscose. Edward Kramer, Longacre 4987.

BLOOMERS—Jobs of jersey, nainsook and sateen bloomers, 30 cents dozen upward. Simon Kahn Co., 911 Broadway.

BOLIVIAS—In black and navy; also poiret twill, 09132 and 09111; for immediate delivery; reasonable. Madison Square 2050.

BOLIVIAS—Tweeds, American, 0461, 0462, 0411, all colors. Louis Leifer, 220 5th Av. Madison Square 5868.

BOLIVIAS—Style 0461, 0462, 0417, 16068, in high shades. Heyman Cohen & Sons, Fitzroy 1165.

BOLIVIAS—0453, 0417, 21973, 21888, 21868. Israel Cummings, 25 West 20th. Chelsea 6910.

BOLIVIAS 0461, 0417, 0463; poirots 09132, 09111; all shades. Nortie, Stuyvesant 7344.

BOLIVIA—Tweed chinchilla, 0461, 0462, 19823, 04811. Chelsea 7069.

BOTANYS—5161, color 616; F. & H. 5111, color 240; Stewart's 508, color 77, color 8. Color Card Mission Square 1181.

CANTON CREPES, shirtings, crepe de chines, 3-4-5 thread; crepe, network, radiums, mesalines, crepe satins, charmeuse, wash satins, failles; all colors; far below manufacturing cost. 42 Marks Co., 354 4th Av. Madison Square 7200.

CAPES, novelty tweed capes, $6.75; jersey suits, $3.75. Simon Kramer, 1,166 Broadway.

CAPES and Sport Coats on racks, 8, 4 B. Cloak Co., 114 West 30th.

CHINCHILLA—Buckley Cohen, Yale green and scarlet; will exchange for tan, sand and beaver. Pennsylvania 0917.

CHINCHILLAS and Velours—American and others. Henry Samson, 626 Broadway. Spring 2716.

CLOTHS—American, chinchillas, bolivias, Norinandies, Shawsheen, velours; also 04811, 19823, tweeds, tricotines; all qualities and mixtures. S. Glatstone & Son, 607 Broadway.

CLOTH—About 75 yards wide fabrics for making sport skirts, coats, caped, millinery, negligees, kimonos, or theatrical costumes; at a special price, because slightly muffed from handling. 42 Marks Co.

CLOTH—Lawrence's 1125, shades 1 and 8 and 10; reasonable. Chelsea 4814.

COATINGS—Immediate delivery, suitable for polo coats; copen, tan, rose and reindeer. Stuyvesant 7469.

COATS, Wraps and Capes—Latest styles, including sportwear, bolivia, shawsheen, polaire, and plain backs, at closing out prices for immediate delivery. Glantz & Schreiber, 127 West 26th.

COATS, Suits—Never undersold; snappy velour sport coats; half price, $8.75; long, silk-lined polos, $6.75-$10.75; tailored jersey suits, $35; several jobs very cheap. Emanuel, 49 West 27th.

COATS—For jobbers and manufacturers only; wraps and capes, $5.75 up; coats, all lined, polos, $6.75 up; merchandise that you can turn over with a profit. Liberty-Bloom, 119 West 25th.

COATS, capes, wraps; showing exclusive styles in suedines, shawsheen, polaires, poiret twills, $10.75 up; unbeatable values. Cohen & Whelan, manufacturers, 48 West 25th.

COATS—Children's, intermediates', infants' capes, sport coats, $5.50-$7.50; 5,000 on racks, wonderful assortment for special sales. Perfect Kiddie Coat House, 156 West 45th.

COATS, Wraps, Capes—Featuring exclusive styles in bolivia, herringbone, shawsheen, polaire, velour, $6.75 up; on racks. L. Schwartz & Sons, 139 West 29th.

COATS, Capes, Wraps—Remarkable values, newest models, latest materials, for immediate shipment; we pay to call. Slager & Son, 45 West 27th.

COATS—Children's, jobs on hand, we have a few hundred sample lots to close out. Perfect Kiddie Coat House, 156 West 27th.

COATS—Spring, tweed, herringbone and polos; on rack for immediate delivery. Ulin Bros., 34 East 12th.

COATS—300 chinchillas, polos; A1 merchandise; closing out. Davidson, 431 Broome, near Broadway.

COATS, Capes and Wraps—5-16 sizes, $5.85 up; all materials, on racks. Fox & Elias, 35 West 31st.

COATS, Capes and Wraps—Wonderful styles; immediate shipment. Novick, 45 West 27th.

CO

THE NATIONAL CITY COMPANY NEW YORK

Richmond Terminal Railway Company

First Mortgage 5% Guaranteed Gold Bonds

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Payment of principal and interest unconditionally guaranteed jointly and severally, by the Richmond, Fredericksburg & Potomac Railroad Co. and the Atlantic Coast Line Railroad Co.

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Cover part of property by first mortgage and balance by general mortgage.

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Legal Investment for Savings Banks and Trust Funds in New York and New Jersey

$80,000 Town of West Hoboken
New Jersey
6% Improvement Bonds
Due June 1, 1937

FINANCIAL STATEMENT
Assessed Valuation, $37,287,687
Net Debt, 930,138
Population—40,000

Price 105½ and Int. to yield 4.80%

Circular upon request.

R.J. Van Ingen & Co.
46 Cedar Street, New York
Telephone John 6284

FINANCIAL MARKETS

Upward Movement in Most Stocks—Foreign Exchange Firm—Call Money 3.

Decline in money rates was the outstanding movement of yesterday's financial markets; it was more emphatic than at any time since the opening of January. Yesterday's call money rate reached the year's low 3 per cent. quotation; no lower figure has been touched since the Spring of 1916, and in fact a 2½ per cent. rate was quoted freely yesterday outside the Stock Exchange. What was of more significance than the demand loan rate, the market for thirty-day secured loans fell to 4¼ per cent. and for sixty days to 4½; the year's previous minimum having been 4¾ and the new rate being the lowest since the Summer of 1917. This rather impressive downward movement marks the release of capital, not only from trade but from previously tied-up credits. The reason why the lowering of rates did not occur until this week lies probably in the policy of banks to keep their available funds within reach until the income tax payments should have been effected.

The weekly Reserve Bank statement reflected these money market tendencies though the decrease of 2¼ per cent. in the system's ratio of reserve did not at first glance seem to do so. That decrease, however, was wholly attributable to a very large addition to the reserves held for member banks, which in turn resulted undoubtedly from preparation for the week's tax settlements. So far as the statement indicated conditions in the credit market, the week's reduction of $20,500,000 in the system's outstanding rediscounts speaks for itself. It brings the total to the lowest since April, 1915, and shows reduction of almost exactly 50 per cent. since the year began.

Indications of easier money were not confined to the American market. While actual market rates in London did not change yesterday, the ratio of reserve to deposits in the Bank of England statement rose to 19 per cent., the highest since March, 1920. Payment of 700,000,000 francs by the French Government on its debt to the Bank of France made possible the largest reduction of the paper currency which has as yet occurred in any single week. The outstanding total is thereby brought 4,000,000,000 francs below the maximum, reached in 1920; a curtailment of 10½ per cent.

Recovery from the recent downward reaction continued in both foreign exchange and grain markets; it was slow and interrupted by recurren temporary declines, but on the whole showed a persistent upward trend. Sterling at $4.34¾, the day's highest, stood 7 cents above the low rate of Tuesday and not quite 9 cents below the high rate of March 1. Wheat at $1.35⅝ for the May delivery stood 6 cents a bushel above this week's lowest price and 14¼ below the season's high mark of Feb. 27. Considering what the preceding advance had been in the sterling exchange and grain markets, this recovery of ground after the full force of realizing sales had been spent is pretty good evidence of stability.

Yesterday's stock market advanced rather emphatically, though not until after a spell of uncertainty, with excited selling of some railway stocks by speculators who disliked the news that the Great Northern Railway would not announce its policy on dividends until the year's financial results were more clearly indicated. Professional Wall Street can accept with complacency an unearned dividend paid from a not too abundant surplus, but it resents suggestions that a management will reserve decision and determine the rate on lines of financial prudence. The day's advances converged on the more speculative industrial shares, some of which rose 2 points or more, under buying which brought total transactions again above a million shares. The passing of its quarterly dividend by the Crucible Steel Company was not announced until after the close of business.

MONEY.

THURSDAY, MARCH 16, 1922.

Call money was in liberal supply at 3 per cent. on Stock Exchange, with outside loans at 2½. Opening and renewal rate was 4, with subsequent easing to 3½ and then 3, which is minimum for demand loans since Jan. 10. Time money was also easier, quite a large block loaning at 4½ for thirty days, on all industrials; sixty days at 4½, with market at 4½@4¾, for three to six months. Money was freely offered at 4¾. Acceptances were lower by ⅛ to an average buying rate of 4 and selling of 3⅞, and even this was shaded another ⅛ by one important institution. Paper brokers report discount at 4¾, and 4½ for prime names, with some bills still commanding 5.

Call Loans.

Renewals.	High.	Low.	Last.	Wednesday's Last.
4	4	3	3	3½

Time Loans.

Mixed collaterals, 60-90 days	4½@4¾
4, 5 and 6 months	4½@4¾
All industrials collateral, 60-90 days	4½@4¾
4, 5 and 6 months	4½@4¾

Commercial Paper.

Best names, 4 to 6 months	4¾@5
Other names, 4 to 6 months	5@6
Discount Rates, Federal Reserve Bank.	
Commercial paper, 15 days, 4½; 16 to 90 days	4½
Liberty bonds, Victory notes and Treasury certificates of indebtedness, 15 days, 4½; 16 to 90 days	4½

Open Market Rates.

Call loans against acceptances	3½
Prime bankers' acceptances eligible for purchase or rediscount by Federal Reserve Banks. Rates quoted are for discount at purchase.	Bid. Asked.
30 days	4 3⅞
60 days	4 3⅞
90 days	4 3⅞
4 months	4 3⅞
5 months	4¼ 4
Non-members and private bankers, 60-90 days	4½ 4¼

London Markets.

Money on the London market unchanged at 3½ per cent.; short bills unchanged at 3⅝ per cent.; three months unchanged at 3 5-16@3⅜ per cent.

Gold bullion on the London market down 5d at 95s 11d. Taking the British Mint's standard price of 85s 11d per ounce as par, the market quotation for gold would represent a price of 113 at London. On the same basis the highest London price for gold for the year to date was 115¾, on Jan. 5; for 1921 it was 126, on Jan. 3; the highest of the period, 140¾, on Feb. 8, 1920.

Clearing House Exchanges.

Exchanges of checks at the New York Clearing House, $322,200,000; balances, $76,500,000. Federal Reserve Bank's credit balances, $56,100,000; this day a year ago, $678,150,642.

SILVER BULLION.

Bar silver in London ¼d higher at 35¼d. New York price for domestic silver was 90½c per ounce, the Mint price; foreign silver ⅛c higher at 64¼c.

Range of prices for silver bullion for the year to date:

	Highest.	Lowest.
London	35¾d Jan. 9	27¾d Feb. 22
New York	69½c Feb. 1	62½c Feb. 23

Range for the year 1921:

London	43¾d Sep. 27	30¾d Mar. 8
New York	79½c Oct. 17	58½c Mar. 8

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS

THURSDAY, MARCH 16, 1922.

Day's Sales.	Wednesday.	Tuesday.	A Year Ago.	Two Years Ago.	Year to Date.	Same Period 1921.	1920.	1919.
1,121,900	1,157,670	941,042	814,291	1,899,740	43,105,219	36,081,839	57,837,293	38,671,250

1922 High.	1922 Low.	Sales.	Stock and Dividend Rate.	First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.	Closing Bid.	Closing Ask.
66	48	800	Adams Express	63⅞	64	63⅞	64	+1	64	65
18⅛	10⅞	200	Advance Rumely	16¼	16¼	16¼	16¼	+⅛	16¼	18½
49	31½	100	Advance R. pf. (3)	44½	44½	44½	44½	+2½	44½	46
56	45½	100	Air Reduction (4)	51⅝	51⅝	51⅝	51⅝	+1½	51	52
17	12⅝	3,800	Ajax Rubber	16⅛	16⅛	16	16	-⅛	16	16¼
⅝	⅜	300	Alaska Gold Mines	⅝	⅝	⅝	⅝	+⅛	⅝	¾
1⅞	⅝	400	Alaska Juneau	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛		1⅛	1¼
59⅝	55⅝	8,200	Allied C. & D. (4)	58⅝	59¼	58⅝	59	+⅜	58⅞	59⅛
106⅝	101	100	Allied C. & D. pf. (7)	106	106	106	106	+⅛	105½	106
47⅞	37⅝	1,600	Allis-Chal. Mfg. (4)	46¼	46¼	40¼	40¼	+⅛	40	40¼
41½	29⅝	800	Amer. Agri. Chem.	35⅝	35⅝	35⅛	35⅛	+⅛	35	35½
48⅞	31⅝	800	Amer. Beet Sugar	42½	42⅝	42½	42½	+1	42½	42⅝
47	31⅛	5,000	Amer. Bosch Mag.	43½	47	43½	45⅝	+3	45½	45⅞
62⅝	51	400	Amer. B. S. & F. (4)	59½	60	59½	60	+1½	60½	60⅝
47⅞	32⅛	12,120	Amer. Can	45¼	47⅝	45¼	47¼	+2½	47¼	47⅝
156⅞	141	400	Amer. Car & F. (12)	155	155½	155	155½	+1½	155⅝	156
12⅞	7	900	Amer. Chicle	10	10½	10	10	-⅛	10	12
26⅞	19⅛	300	Amer. Cotton Oil	26	26⅛	26	26⅛	+⅛	25½	26½
6⅞	4½	900	Amer. Drug Synd.	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝		5⅝	6⅝
139⅞	127⅞	400	Amer. Express (8)	133½	134	132	133½	-1½	133½	134½
15⅝	12	800	Amer. Hide & L.	14⅝	15⅝	14⅝	15⅝	+⅞	15½	15⅝
70⅞	58	500	Amer. Hide & L. pf.	68⅝	69⅝	68⅝	69⅝	+⅞	69⅝	69⅞
111½	78	6,400	Amer. Ice (7)	108⅝	111½	108⅝	109⅞		109⅝	110
82½	73	1,000	Amer. Ice pf. (6)	80½	81½	80½	81½	+1	80	81½
45⅞	36¼	1,800	Amer. International	43½	44	43½	44	+⅛	43⅞	44⅛
11⅞	9⅞	400	Amer. LaF. F. E. (1)	10⅝	11	10⅝	10⅝		10⅝	10⅞
24⅞	20⅝	700	Amer. Linseed	22⅝	22⅝	22⅝	22⅝	-⅝	22⅝	22⅞
59⅞	54⅛	200	Amer. Linseed pf.	56	56½	56	56½	+1	55½	57
111⅞	102	2,400	Amer. Locomo. (6)	108	109¼	108	109	+1	109	109¼
8⅞	5⅛	5,700	Amer. Safety Razor	7⅛	7⅛	6⅞	7	+⅛	7	7⅛
15⅛	5½	2,600	Amer. Ship & Com.	14⅝	14⅝	14⅝	14⅝	+⅝	14½	14⅝
52⅞	43⅞	4,600	Amer. Smelt. & Ref.	51	52⅝	51	52⅝	+2	52½	52⅝
95	86½	700	Amer. S. & R. pf. (7)	95	95	94½	95		94	94⅝
34⅞	30⅝	1,100	Amer. Steel F. (3)	33⅝	33⅝	33½	33½		33½	33⅞
74⅞	54⅛	1,100	Amer. Sugar Ref.	73½	73⅝	72½	72½	+⅝	72½	73
35⅞	29⅛	8,900	Amer. S. Tobacco	32⅝	35	32⅝	34⅝	+2⅛	34⅝	34⅞
71	52⅛	300	Amer. S. Tob. pf.	68	68	68	68	+2⅝	64	65
124½	114½	4,000	Amer. Tel. & Tel. (9)	123½	123⅝	123	123⅝	+⅝	123½	123⅝
142⅞	129⅛	2,500	Amer. Tobacco (12)	137⅞	138⅞	137½	138½	+2	137½	138½
138½	126	700	Do Class B (12)	134½	135	134½	134⅝	+⅝	134	134⅝
102½	96½	200	Do pf. (6)	101	101	101	101		101	102
12	6	300	Amer. W. W. & E.	12	12	12	12	+1⅝	10⅝	11½
31½	17¼	500	Do particip'g pf.	31½	31½	30	30	+1	29	32
90⅞	78⅞	1,000	Amer. Woolen (7)	88⅞	89⅞	88½	88½	+⅛	88	88¼
108⅞	102½	100	Amer. Woolen pf. (7)	106¼	106⅛	106⅛	106⅛	+1	105⅛	107
29½	22⅞	200	Amer. W. Paper pf.	25⅞	25⅞	25⅞	25⅞	+1⅛	26	27
16½	12⅛	2,100	Amer. Zinc, L. & S.	15⅝	16½	15	16⅝	+1⅛	16	16½
40⅞	36	800	Amer. Z., L. & S. pf	40	40½	40	40½	+1	40⅝	41
51½	47	16,700	Anaconda Copper	50⅛	51½	49⅞	51⅛	+1⅛	51⅛	51⅛
20⅞	10	200	Ann Arbor	15	18	15	18	+1⅛	18	18½
48½	20	100	Ann Arbor pf.	46	46	46	46	+1	44½	46
2½	⅛	400	Assets Realization	2⅛	2½	2⅛	2⅛	+⅛	2	2¼
56⅞	43	4,000	Amer. Dry Goods (4)	54	56⅝	54	56⅝	+2	56⅝	56⅞
79½	75	100	Amer. D.G.1st pf. (6)	79½	79½	79½	79½	+½	79	80
80	75⅝	100	Amer. D.G.2d pf. (7)	80	80	80	80	+½	80	81
107¼	99	1,400	Associated Oil (6)	105	107½	105	107½	+2⅝	105½	106½
100	91⅝	1,900	Atch., T. & S. F. (6)	97⅝	97⅞	96⅞	97⅞	+⅞	97½	97⅞
88⅞	85	800	A., T. & S. F. pf. (5)	85½	86	85½	86	+⅛	85⅞	86⅛
3⅛	⅝	12,300	Atlanta, Birm. & At.	1⅛	3½	1⅛	3⅛	+1⅛	2⅛	2⅝
90½	82	100	At. Coast Line (7)	90½	90½	90½	90½	+1	89½	90½
4½	2½	3,500	Atlantic Fruit	3⅛	4⅛	3⅛	3⅛		3½	4
31⅝	23½	900	At. Gulf & W. Indies	30½	30½	30½	30½	+⅛	30½	30⅝
23	16½	100	At. Gulf & W. I. pf.	21½	21½	21½	21½	+⅛	21	22
19½	13½	1,700	Atlas Tack	18½	19⅞	18½	19⅝	+⅝	18⅝	19⅝
26⅝	9⅝	13,000	Austin Nichols	24	26⅝	23½	26⅝	+⅝	26⅝	26½
85	68	1,200	A. Nichols pf. (7)	82	85	82	85	+3	85	85⅝
5½	3⅝	800	Auto Sales	4½	5½	4½	5½	+1	5	6
15½	14	400	Auto Sales pf. (¼)	14½	15½	14½	15½	+⅝	15	15⅝
180⅝	92⅝	9,300	Baldwin Loco. (7)	106½	107⅞	106½	107⅝	+1⅝	107⅛	107⅝
38⅞	33½	1,900	Baltimore & Ohio	38	38	37⅞	38		37⅞	38
55⅞	52½	100	B. & O. pf. (4)	55⅝	55⅝	55⅝	55⅝			
47⅞	40	200	Barnet Leather	42	42	42	42		40	45
36½	19⅝	100	Barnsdall Class A	29	29	29	29	-4⅝	28½	32
31½	19½	1,200	Barnsdall Class B	28⅝	28⅝	24½	26	-3½	25½	27
1½	½	2,800	Batopilas Mining	⅝	1⅛	⅝	1	+⅛	1	1⅛
61	51	100	Bethlehem Steel (5)	60	60	60	60	+1	59⅝	60½
66	55⅛	3,800	Beth. Steel Cl. B (5)	64⅛	64⅞	64⅛	64⅝	+⅝	64⅝	64⅞
8½	4⅝	100	Booth Fisheries	6½	6½	6½	6½		6½	7
67	58	200	B. Emp. S. 1st pf. (7)	60½	60½	60½	60½	+⅛	60	62
12⅝	6⅝	1,500	B'klyn Rapid Tran.	11½	11⅞	11½	11⅞	+⅛	11⅝	11⅞
10	5⅝	2,700	Do cfs. of dep.	9½	10	9½	10	+⅛	9⅝	10¼
96	79	600	B'klyn Union Gas	94½	96	94½	96	+2½	96	97
4½	2⅛	1,600	Brunswick T.&R.Sec.	3⅞	4⅛	3⅞	4⅛	+⅛	4	4⅛
127⅞	115	500	Burns Bros.Cl.A(10)	127	127	126½	127	+⅛	126⅝	127
97½	94	2,200	Burns Bros. pf. (7)	97	97⅛	97	97⅛		97	99
40½	28⅝	300	Burns'Bros. Cl. B(2)	38⅝	40	38⅝	40	+1	39⅝	40
92½	87⅞	200	Bush T. Bldgs.pf.(7)	91	91½	91	91½	+⅛	90½	91½
6⅝	5⅛	3,000	Butte Copper & Zinc	6	6⅝	6	6⅝	+⅝	6⅛	6½
25½	20⅝	3,700	Butte & Superior	26½	27½	26½	27	+⅛	27	27⅛
34	28½	300	Butterick Co.	32	32	32	32	+⅛	31⅝	32⅝
12⅝	10⅛	1,400	Caddo Cent. O. & R.	11½	11½	11½	11½		11½	12
76	68	2,700	Cal. Packing (6)	74½	76	74½	76	+2	75½	76
54⅝	43⅛	800	Cal. Petroleum	52⅛	52½	52⅛	52½	+1⅛	52	52⅝
90½	83	400	Cal. Pet. pf. (7)	89	90½	89	90½	+⅛	90¼	92
7½	5⅛	4,600	Callahan Zinc Lead	7	7⅛	6⅞	7	+⅛	7	7⅛
60½	56½	100	Calumet & Ariz. (8)	60	60	60	60		60	61
140½	119⅝	400	Canadian Pac. (10)	136¼	136½	134	136	-⅛	135¼	136
5	3	200	Case (J. I.) Plow	5	5	5	5	-⅝	5	5⅛
75	68	100	Case (J.I.) T.M.pf. (7)	75	75	75	75	+3	76	77
37½	29⅝	7,600	Central Leather Co.	36	37⅛	35⅝	37½	+1⅛	37⅛	37⅛
72½	63⅝	1,200	Cent. Leath. Co. pf.	70⅝	72½	70⅝	72½	+1⅝	72	72½
36½	32⅝	3,500	Cerro de Pasco Cop.	35⅝	36½	35½	36½	+1	35½	36⅛
62⅝	54	100	Certain-Teed P. (6)	59	59	59	59	-⅝	58	59½
74⅞	48¼	4,600	Chandler Motor (6)	72	73⅝	72	72⅝	+⅝	72½	72⅝
61½	54	900	Chesa. & Ohio (2)	60⅞	61	60½	61	-⅛	60⅝	61
10⅝	3⅛	100	Chicago & Alton pf.	9½	9½	9½	9½	-⅛	9½	9⅝
21⅝	13⅞	3,500	Chi. & East. Illinois	21½	21⅝	21½	21⅝	+⅛	21½	21⅝
44½	31⅞	1,000	Chi. & East. Ill. pf.	44½	44½	43⅝	43⅝	+⅛	43⅝	44
7½	5⅛	300	Chicago Great West.	7½	7½	7⅛	7⅛	+⅛	7	7⅛
18⅝	14½	400	Chi. Great West. pf.	18	18	17⅝	17⅝	+⅛	17⅝	17⅝
24⅞	16⅞	300	Chi., Mil. & St. Paul	23½	23½	23	23½	+⅛	23	23½
38⅞	29	700	C., M. & St. P. pf.	37⅞	38	37⅞	37½	-⅛	37⅞	37⅞
71	59	1,600	Chicago & N. W. (5)	69½	70	69½	70	+⅛	69⅝	70
42⅝	30⅝	2,800	Chi., R. I. & Pacific	40⅝	41	40⅝	40⅝	-⅛	40½	40⅝
94	83½	200	Chi., R. I.& P.pf.(7)	93	93	93	93		92⅝	93½
80⅝	70⅝	100	Chi., R. I.& P.pf.(6)	79½	79½	79½	79½	-⅝	79⅝	79⅞
19⅝	15⅛	10,100	Chile Copper	18⅝	19⅝	17⅞	18½	+⅛	18⅝	18⅝
29⅝	25⅝	3,400	Chino Copper	28⅝	29⅛	28⅛	28⅝	+⅝	28⅝	29
63	54	300	C., C., C. & St. L.	63	63	63	63	+1	63	64
46⅝	41	1,300	Coca-Cola (4)	44⅛	44⅛	44	44	+⅛	44⅛	44½
29⅝	24	900	Col. Fuel & Iron	29	29	28⅝	29	+⅛	28⅝	29⅛
48⅝	38	400	Col. Southern (3)	47½	47½	47½	47½	+⅝	47½	48
59	55	300	Col. So. 1st pf. (4)	58⅞	59	58⅞	59		58⅝	59½
87½	64⅝	11,800	Columbia G. & E. (6)	80	82½	79⅞	81⅞	+2⅛	81⅝	82
4	1⅛	16,000	Columbia Graph.	3⅛	4	3⅛	3⅝	+⅛	3⅝	3⅞
18⅝	5	3,600	Columbia Graph. pf.	15⅞	18⅝	15⅞	17	+1⅛	17	17⅛
72⅝	55⅛	2,700	Comput. Tab. R. (4)	72½	72½	71⅝	72⅛	+⅛	71⅝	72⅛
2⅝	⅝	6,600	Consol. Distributors	1½	2⅛	1⅜	1⅝	+⅝	1⅝	2
30⅝	18⅝	900	Consol. Cigar	24½	25	24½	25	+⅛	24½	25⅛
111⅝	85	7,900	Consol. Gas. (7)	109⅝	111⅝	109⅛	110⅝	+1⅛	110⅝	111⅛
15	12	2,500	Consol. Textile	13⅝	13⅝	13	13	+⅝	12⅝	13
62⅝	45⅝	1,900	Continental Can	62	62⅝	61⅝	61⅝	+⅛	61⅝	62⅛
104	100½	100	Continental C.pf.(7)	104	104	104	104	+1	103½	
107⅛	91⅛	1,300	Corn Prod. Ref.(†6)	104	104⅞	104	104⅛	+⅛	104⅛	104⅝
115⅞	111	200	Corn Prod. R. pf. (7)	114⅝	114⅝	114⅝	114⅝	+⅛	113	115
37	31⅝	3,900	Coaden Co. (2½)	35⅞	36½	35⅝	36½	+⅛	36	36⅛
67⅛	52⅝	22,100	Crucible Steel	54	56⅛	53⅝	55½	+⅛	55⅛	55⅝
85½	80	400	Crucible Steel pf. (7)	80½	80½	80	80½	+⅛	80	81
26⅝	14½	4,800	Cuban-Amer. Sugar	25⅝	26	25	25½	+⅛	25	25⅛
19⅝	8⅛	8,100	Cuba Cane Sugar	17½	18½	17⅝	17⅝	+⅝	17⅛	18
40⅝	15⅛	6,900	Cuba Cane Sugar pf	39⅝	39⅝	38⅝	39⅝	+⅝	39⅝	39⅞
65⅝	49⅝	4,100	Davison Chemical	59⅞	59⅞	59	59⅛	+⅛	59	59⅝
117½	106⅝	100	Del. & Hudson (9)	116⅝	116⅝	116⅝	116⅝	+⅝	116½	116⅞
119⅝	110½	200	Del., L. & W. (†6½)	114	114	114	114		113⅝	114⅝
107⅛	100⅝	200	Detroit Edison (8)	107⅛	107⅛	107	107	+⅝	107	107⅝
26	18½	1,200	Dome Mines (1)	26	26	25⅞	25⅞		25⅞	26
700	600	10	Eastm'n Kodak (†45)	680	680	680	680		678	685
151⅛	125	4,800	Elec. Storage Bat. (12)	140⅝	151½	140⅝	150	+2	150⅛	151⅛
9	2⅛	500	Emerson Brant'nham	8⅞	9	8½	9	+⅝	9	9½
33⅛	22	200	Emerson Brant. pf.	30½	33⅛	30½	33⅛	+3⅛	31	35
82⅞	76⅛	2,700	Endicott Johnson (5)	81⅝	82	81⅞	81⅝	+⅝	81½	81⅞
11⅛	7	300	Erie	10⅝	10⅝	10⅝	10⅝		10⅝	10⅞
18⅛	11⅛	400	Erie 1st pf.	17⅝	17⅝	17⅛	17⅛		17⅛	17⅞
85⅝	75½	8,400	Famous Play. L. (8)	80⅝	81⅝	80⅝	80½	-½	80½	80⅝
99	91½	200	Famous P. L. pf. (8)	93	93⅝	93	93⅝	+⅝	92⅝	93⅝
12	9	100	Fed. Min. & Smelt.	12	12	12	12	+3	10⅝	12
37	27	2,500	Fed. M. & S. pf. (4)	33	41	33	41	+8	40⅝	41
103⅝	75	3,100	Fisher Body (6)	94⅝	102⅝	94⅝	102	+8	101½	102
94⅞	76⅝	500	Fisher B., C., pf. (8)	91⅞	94½	91⅞	94½	+2⅝	91	93
17	11⅛	12,700	Fisk Rubber	15⅞	17	15⅞	16⅝	+⅝	16⅝	16⅞
20⅛	12⅛	2,200	Freeport-Texas	18½	19⅛	18½	19	+⅛	19	19⅛
1⅛	⅛	16,900	Gaston, Wm. & W.	½	1⅛	½	1	+⅝	⅝	1
59⅞	45⅝	500	Gen. Am. T. Car (3)	58	59	58	58		58	58½
65⅝	55⅛	10,000	General Asphalt	59⅛	61⅛	59⅛	61⅝	+2	61⅛	61⅝
157	128	800	Gen. Electric (†12)	155⅝	155⅝	155	155	-⅛	155⅛	156⅛
10⅛	8⅛	6,600	General Motors	10⅛	10⅛	10	10⅛	+⅛	10⅛	10⅛
74⅞	69	400	Gen. Motors pf. (6)	74	74⅝	74	74⅝	+1⅝	74⅝	76
85	79⅝	200	Gen. Motors deb. (7)	84⅝	85	84⅝	85	+⅝	85½	87
75	67⅝	1,900	Gen. Motors deb. (6)	73½	75	73½	74⅝	+1⅝	74⅝	75
41⅛	34⅞	1,600	Goodrich (B.F.) Co.	40⅝	40⅝	39½	40		39⅝	40
29⅝	23⅝	2,200	Granby Consol.	29	29⅝	28	28½	+⅛	28½	29
19⅝	12	1,000	Gray & Davis	18	18½	17⅝	18	+⅛	17⅝	18
86⅝	76⅛	19,500	Gt. Nor. pf. (7)	76½	76½	74⅝	75	-2⅝	75	75⅛
36⅝	31⅝	1,100	Do cts. for o.p. (4)	35⅞	35⅞	35½	35⅝	-⅝	35½	35⅝
28⅛	25⅝	400	Greene Can. Copper	27⅝	28⅛	27	28⅛	+1⅛	27⅝	28⅛
14⅝	6⅛	3,000	Guantanamo Sugar	14⅛	14⅝	14	14⅛	+⅝	14	14⅛
80⅝	77⅛	200	Gum. Sugar pf.	80	80⅛	80

Mississippi River Power Company

7% Debentures, Due November 1, 1951

To Yield 8.90%

Because of the large equity back of this issue, the wide margin of earnings over all interest charges and the stable character of the business of the company we recommend these bonds as a particularly attractive hydro-electric power security.

Complete information upon request

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Telephone, Rector 6020
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LEE, HIGGINSON & CO.
Established 1848

NEW YORK
BOSTON CHICAGO

HIGGINSON & CO.
London

Houston Gas & Fuel Company

Refunding and Improvement (New First) Mtge. 5% Bonds

Due September 1, 1932

The Company supplies artificial gas without competition to Houston, Texas, and vicinity. Population served, over 180,000. Secured by First Mortgage on property valued at over $3,268,000, against $1,970,000 of these bonds outstanding with the public.

Net earnings for year 1921 over 3½ times interest charges.

Price to Yield 6.15%

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BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE

THURSDAY, MARCH 16, 1922.

	1922	1921	1920	1919	1918
Day's Sales:					
Liberty bonds	$8,570,100	$4,185,900	$9,526,500	$6,050,000	$5,116,000
Other domestic bonds	6,640,000	2,977,800	1,900,500	2,180,000	818,000
Foreign bonds	1,907,500	1,416,500	684,500	712,500	445,000
Total all bonds	$17,417,600	$10,650,200	$12,141,500	$10,942,500	$6,079,000
Year to date:					
Liberty bonds	$437,256,200	$419,859,800	$643,420,800	$477,938,850	$139,928,800
Other domestic bonds	375,890,500	182,659,800	137,683,500	63,953,500	72,690,500
Foreign bonds	131,462,800	55,523,500	72,955,800	8,196,500	41,374,500
Total all bonds	$944,609,500	$658,043,100	$854,060,100	$550,038,850	$253,743,800

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT WAR LOANS.

Issue.	Open.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.	Bid.	Asked.	Yield.
Liberty 3½s, 1932-47 reg								
Liberty 3½s, reg								
Lib. 1st cv. 4s, 1932-47						97.66	97.68	4.18
Lib. 1st cv. 4s, reg								
Lib. 2d 4s, 1927-42	97.86	97.86	97.86	97.86	+.10	97.66	97.68	4.18
Lib. 2d 4s, reg								
Lib. 1st 4¼s, 1932-47								
Lib. 1st 4¼s, reg								
Lib. 2d 4¼s, 1927-42	97.80	97.80	97.80	97.80	+.10	97.66	97.68	4.18
Victory 4¾s, 1922-23	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00		100.00	100.04	5.14
Victory 4¾s, reg	100.30	100.40	100.30	100.40	+.04	100.36	100.38	4.34

FOREIGN BONDS.

Issue.	Open.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.	Bid.	Asked.
Argentine 5s, 1923							
City Bergen 8s							
City Berd'n 8s							
City Marseilles 6s							
City Lyons 6s							
Danish Munic s f 8s, Ser A							
Dept of Seine temp 7s							
Dutch E Ind 6s, 47, tr rcts							
Jap Govt 4½s sterl loan							
Kingd Denm's 4s							
King Swed 6s							
Kingd Norway 4s							
Peru Chim Int 6s, 1926							
Prussia 6s							
Russ Govt 6½s, int ctfs							
Russ Govt 5½s, int ctfs							
Russ Govt 5½s, reg							
Russ Govt 6s, 1919							
Russ Govt 5½s, 1921

Brooklyn City Co. R. R
1st Cons. Mtge. 5s, due 1941
Authorized and Outstanding $5,000,000

Secured by a First and "closed" Mortgage on entire property of Company, consisting of about 109 miles of double-tracked road; equipment; valuable real estate, etc.

Latest assessed value of real estate alone, irrespective of tracks and equipment, exceeds the amount of these bonds outstanding.

Interest has always been met and promptly paid. Present earnings largely in excess of the interest requirement on this issue.

Price 82 & int.; to yield 6.62% to maturity.

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To yield at normal rate of exchange about 8¾%

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TO BUY $30,000,000 FRENCH RAIL BONDS

New York Bankers Agree to Take 6 Per Cents, Which They Will Float at 83.

FOR NEEDED ROLLING STOCK

French Government Pledged to Provide Common Fund to Cover Road's Requirements.

Kuhn, Loeb & Co. and the National City Company have agreed to purchase $30,000,000 Paris-Lyons-Mediterranean Railroad Company 6 per cent. external sinking fund gold bonds, due Aug. 15, 1958, which are to be issued publicly by them at 83, at which they will yield 7.55 per cent. to maturity. In case of earlier redemption of the entire issue at 103, the yield gradually increases to a maximum of 8.78 per cent., if called on Feb. 15, 1932, the earliest date on which the entire issue may be redeemed, and in case of any bonds being redeemed at 100 by the sinking fund, to a maximum of 9.23 per cent. on any bonds redeemed on Aug. 15, 1929.

An issue of 25,000,000 in bonds of the same type as the dollar issue was sold recently in London at 80—now quoted at 90%. The proceeds of the American issue are to be utilized for the purchase of additional rolling stock, electrification of some lines and other improvements.

The bankers made the following comment about the railroad yesterday:

"The Paris-Lyons-Mediterranean Railroad is by far the largest railroad enterprise in France, owning nearly 28 per cent. of the French broad-gauge lines. The company's system in France, comprising about 6,121 miles of road, consists of a main line from Paris to Lyons and from Lyons to Marseilles, with branches and extensions throughout the part of France southeast of Paris, through the French Riviera and to the Swiss and Italian frontiers. The company operates 641 miles in Algeria, of which 412 miles are under lease.

"The Paris-Lyons-Mediterranean Railroad properties are not mortgaged or subject to any other lien, all of its bonds being debenture bonds, and the company agrees that, so long as any of the bonds now being issued shall be outstanding, it will not create any mortgage, lien or other charge upon any of its properties or revenues or on any rights, benefits or advantages under the convention mentioned, unless such mortgage, lien or charge shall expressly provide that the bonds of this loan outstanding shall be secured by such mortgage, lien or charge ratably with any other indebtedness secured thereby."

Under a new convention between the French Government and the larger railroad companies the Government undertakes to provide a common fund with any sums by which receipts should fall short of requirements, the bankers said.

COMMONWEALTH POWER CO.

Annual Report Shows Increase in Balance of $1,041,629.

The annual report of the Commonwealth Power, Railway and Light Company for 1921 shows gross income amounting to $31,309,259, as compared with $31,285,981 reported in 1920. The balance amounted to $1,836,767 last year as against $797,138 for 1920. Details of the report are shown in the following table:

	1921	1920.
Gross	$31,309,259	$31,285,949
Net after taxes	10,445,305	8,805,582
*Fixed charges	7,827,809	7,020,764
Net avail. for deprec. and dividends	2,617,497	1,784,818
Pfd. dividends	1,078,730	1,077,180
Balance	1,538,767	707,138

*Fixed charges include interest and dividends on preferred stocks and constituent companies.

In the balance sheet securities and properties owned are shown at $52,320,767; cars and equipment, $376,831; coal properties and equipment, $1,204,004; car trust certificates, $138,280; mortgage payable, $65,000, and accrued accounts, $283,482.

In his letter to the stockholders President Hardy said in part:

"The general outlook is more encouraging than it was a year ago, and it is believed that 1922 will mark the beginning of a healthy business revival."

RAILROAD TRAFFIC SHRINKS.

Passenger Revenue Last Year $133,671,441 Below 1920.

Railroad passenger traffic in 1921 was approximately 20 per cent. below what it was in 1920, according to reports just filed by the carriers with the Interstate Commerce Commission. Passenger miles for the year, that is the number of passengers multiplied by the distance carried, totaled 27,332,670,000, compared with 46,341,032,000 in 1920, or a reduction of 9,508,835,000. These figures are based on reports from carriers representing a total mileage of 224,467 miles.

Revenues derived from passenger service in 1921 totaled $1,153,732,002, which was $133,671,441 less than the total passenger revenues in 1920. Reports show that of the total passenger revenue $32,601,980 was derived from the Pullman surcharge in 1921. The average monthly revenue derived from passenger traffic in 1921 was $96,146,000, while the average amount derived monthly from the Pullman surcharge was $2,716,550, or 2.83 per cent. of the total revenue.

Magma Copper Meeting Called.

A special meeting of the stockholders of the Magma Copper Company has been called for March 28 to act on a resolution authorizing the issue of convertible bonds not to exceed $4,000,000 and to increase the capital stock from $1,500,000 to $1,750,000, to provide for the conversion. The proceeds from the new issue will be used to build a smelter, enlarge the concentrator and standard gauge the Magma Arizona Railroad.

Mohawk Valley Resumes Dividend.

The Mohawk Valley Company, a public utility corporation operating in New York State, has declared a dividend of 1¼ per cent. payable April 1, to stock of record March 24 according to announcement yesterday. This is the first dividend since 1917. From 1911 to 1917 the company paid 8 per cent. The New York Central Railroad Company owns $5,114,300 of the Mohawk's $7,500,000 stock.

FOREIGN SECURITIES.

	Rate.	Due.	Bid.	Ask.
Argent. (reds.)	6	1923-34	65	80
*Argent. (unissued)	5	Sep., 1942	79¾	79¾
Belgian (Restorat.)	6	Sept., 1925	60	72
Bolivia Pres.	8	1926	80	84
Brazil	4	1889	49	50
Brazil	4½	1883	52¼	55¼
Brazil	5	1895	67	69
British Victory	4	Sept., 1919	77¾	78¼
British Fund	4	Mar., 1960	71¼	74¼
Brit. Nat. W. R.	5	Oct., 1927	89¼	91¼
Brit. Nat. W. R.	5	Oct., 1922	90	91
Brit. Nat. W. R.	5	1929	87¾	90¾
Brit. Nat. W. R.	5	1923-27	88	91
Brit. Pub.	5½	1929	90	91
*Canada	5½	Mar., 1937	99¾	99¾
*Canada	5½	Nov., 1933	97	98
Chile	8	1941	84¼	85
City Copenhagen	5	Apr., 1901	71	79¾
Costa Rica	7	1911	55	61
Cuba	5	1920	97	99
French Govt. War	3	Jan., 1924	86	86
French Loan, '17	5	Jan., 1943	81	82¼
French Loan	4½	May, 1920	76¾	77¼
French Loan	4½		79¾	81¼
Italy War Loan	5		32	33
*Tokio, extra loan	4½	Feb., 1925	74	75
*Tokio, external	5½	Dec., 1931	15¾	16¾
Do (Nat. City Bk. ctfs.)			17	18
*Tokio, reorganization	5½	Dec., 1954	18¼	19¼
Do (Nat. City Bk. ctfs.)			17¼	18¼
*Prussia, realm of	6	1926	74	75
San Paulo	8 (ctfs.)	1936	98	101
*Serbs, Croats, Slovenes	8	June, 1962	100¼	100¾
Switzerland	8½	Aug., 1926	100¾	100¾
Uruguay	8	1915	71¾	73

*Ex-dividend. †Flat. ‡Ex-interest.

FOREIGN STOCK MARKETS.

Government Bonds Reactionary on European Exchanges.

LONDON, March 16.—Trading was quiet on the Stock Exchange today. Old 2½ per cent. consols, unchanged at 54¾; British 5 per cent. war loan, ½ lower at 96½; 4½ per cent. war loan, unchanged at 94.

Rand Mines ¼ higher at 2⅝; De Beers Mining, unchanged at 10⅝.

PARIS, March 16.—Prices improved on the Bourse today, but 3 per cent. rentes were 1 franc lower at 58 francs 15 centimes; 5 per cent. war loan, unchanged at 78 francs 95 centimes.

Exchange on London, 5 centimes lower at 48 francs 47 centimes per sovereign; American dollars were quoted at 11 francs 14½ centimes, against 11 francs 23½ centimes yesterday.

FOREIGN BANK STATEMENTS.

French Paper Currency Reduced Half a Billion Francs—London Reserve Ratio Up.

Yesterday's statement of the Bank of England shows the following changes for the past week:

Gold coin and bullion	increased	11,477
Res. in banking dept., gold and notes	increased	487,000
Notes in circulation	decreased	476,000
Loans on Government securities	decreased	2,415,000
Loans on other securities	decreased	786,000
Public deposits	increased	2,768,000
Other deposits	decreased	7,484,000
Notes in reserve	increased	478,000

Proportion of the bank's reserve to deposit liabilities this week is 18.08 per cent.; last week it was 18.06 per cent.; two weeks ago it was 17.78 per cent. Highest reserve percentage of 1922 to date is that of the present week; lowest was 11.04 per cent., on Jan. 5. Highest in 1921 was 18.61 per cent., on Sept. 29; lowest, 8.83, on Jan 7. The lowest percentage since the war began was 7.59, on Dec. 30, 1920.

The statement compares as follows with the corresponding week one year and two years ago:

	1922	1921	1920
Total gold holdings	£128,275,451	£129,235,496	£118,279,071
Res. in bkg. dept., gold and notes	26,781,804	18,669,404	35,348,162
Notes in circulation	122,519,350	128,106,095	101,171,915
Public deposits	21,868,223	16,910,444	18,419,000
Other deposits	128,714,910	107,250,094	133,086,922
Government securities	47,133,810	39,825,863	42,059,549
Other securities	91,632,016	102,076,713	91,954,013
Ratio of reserve (per cent.)	18.08	14.75	23.50

The Bank of England's official minimum discount rate remained unchanged at 4% per cent., to which it was reduced Feb. 16, after a 5 per cent. rate had been maintained since Nov. 3, 1921. At this date of 1921 it was 7 per cent., against 6 in 1920, 5 in 1919 and 1918, 5½ in 1917, 5 in 1916 and 1915, and 3 in 1914.

The weekly statement of the Bank of France shows the following changes, in francs:

Gold in hand	increased	200,000
Silver in hand	increased	257,000
Notes in circulation	decreased	505,478,000
Treasury deposits	decreased	20,478,000
General deposits	decreased	151,499,000
Bills discounted	decreased	91,021,000
Advances	increased	26,637,000

The State repaid the bank 700,000,000 francs.

The principal items in the statement compare as follows with the same date one and two years ago, in francs:

	1922	1921	1920
Gold	5,532,588,175	5,502,743,259	5,563,118,088
Silver	290,814,095	284,829,495	248,783,374
Circulation	35,640,367,000	38,245,593,370	38,160,808,495

The highest point which the French Bank's outstanding note circulation has ever reached was 39,645,806,000 francs, on Nov. 3, 1920. The highest point in 1922 has been 37,401,830,000, on Jan. 5; the lowest, the 35,640,367,000 francs of the present week, which is also the lowest of any week since Sept. 4, 1919. The bank's official discount rate was changed on March 11 to 5 per cent., after a 5½ per cent. rate had been in force since July 28, 1921.

More Locomotives Ordered.

The American Locomotive Company has closed several new contracts during the last few weeks, including four engines for industrial companies, two for export, one for the Kentucky and Tennessee Railway and seven for the Florida East Coast Railway.

EQUIPMENT BONDS.

(Quoted on a percentage basis.)

Name.	Maturity.	Rate.	Bid.	Ask.
Atch., T. & S. F.	1923-35	6	5.65	5.35
Atlantic C. L.	1923-35	6	5.80	5.60
Do	1923-34	6½	5.75	5.50
Balt. & Ohio	1923-27	4½	6.00	5.85
Do	1923-35	6	5.95	5.65
Bethlehem Steel	1922-30	7	6.75	6.25
Buff., R. & P.	1922-23	4½@3, 6	5.70	5.50
Canadian Pacific	1922-32	4½@6	5.80	5.50
C. R. R. of N. J.	1923-35	6	5.70	5.50
Ches. & Ohio	1922-30	6@6½	5.85	5.50
Chi., R. I. & Q.	1923-35	6	5.85	5.35
Chicago & N. W.	1922-23	4½	5.70	5.35
Do	1923-35	6	5.85	5.65
Do	1925-34	6½	5.75	5.50
C., B. & Q.	1922-27	4½@5	6.00	5.60
Do	1923-35	6	5.90	5.60
C. St. L. & N. O.	1922-34	6	5.85	5.50
C., C., C. & St. L.	1922-29	5 @6	5.85	5.50
Del. & Hudson	1926-35	6	5.75	5.60
Erie Railroad	1922-26	4½@5, 6	6.20	5.75
Great Nor. Ry.	1922-35	6	5.75	5.60
Illinois Central	1922-27	4½@5	5.70	5.50
Do	1923-35	6	5.70	5.50
Do	1925-35	6½@7	5.70	5.50
Louis. & Nash.	1922-32	6	5.70	5.35
Do	1923-35	6	5.70	5.55
Do	1922-36	6½	5.70	5.50
Michigan Central	1922-35	5 @6	5.80	5.60
M., St.P. & S.S.M.	1922-26	4½@5	6.00	5.60
Do	1926-36	6 @6½, 7	5.80	5.60
Mo., Kan. & Tex.	1922-34	6	6.50	6.00
Nat. Steel Car L.	1922-23	5	5.80	5.50
New York Cent.	1922-33	4½@6	5.75	5.50
Do	1923-35	6	5.85	5.60
Do	1926-34	6½	5.75	5.50
N. Y., N. H. & H.	1922-29	4½@5, 6	6.00	6.00
Norfolk & West.	1922-34	4½	5.70	5.25
Do	1923-35	6	5.70	5.50
North. Pacific	1922-30	7	5.75	5.60
Pac. Fruit Exp.	1925-30	7	5.75	5.50
Penn. Gen. Pur.	1922-23	4 @4½	6.15	5.25
Penn. Railroad	1923-35	6	5.80	5.50
Pere Marquette	1922-35	6	5.90	5.60
Pitts. & L. E.	1922-35	5 @6½	5.85	5.50
Reading Co.	1922-27	4½	6.15	5.50
Seaboard Air L.	1922-37	4½@5, 6	6.20	4.50
Southern Pacific	1922-34	4½	5.75	5.25
Do	1925-35	6	5.70	5.50
Do	1926-35	6½@7	5.70	5.50
St. L. & S. F.	1922-35	6	5.90	5.60
Union Pacific	1924-27	4	5.80	5.37
Virginian Ry.	1923-35	6	6.00	5.65

SHORT-TERM NOTES.

Security.	Rate.	Due.	Bid.	Ask.	Yld.
Atlan. Co.Am.Y	Nov., 1922	101¼	102	6.35	
Atlan. Co.Am.Y	Oct., 1923	103¾	104	6.35	
Am. Cot. Oil	Sept. 1, '24	6	95¼	7.60	
Am. T. & T.	3 Feb., 1924	4	100¼	4.85	
Am. T. &T.	6 Feb., 1924	100¼	101¼		
Am. Thread	6 Dec., 1922	100¼	101¼	5.45	
Am. Tobacco	6 Nov., 1922	100¼	100¾	5.12	
Am. Tobacco	6 Nov., 1923	102	102¾	5.40	
Anaconda Co.	7 Jan., 1929	99¼	99¾	6.32	
Anaconda Co.	7 Jan., 1929	101	101¾	6.45	
Anglo-Am. Oil Co., Ltd.	7½ Apr., 1925	105¾	105¾	6.52	
Atlantic Refg.	July 15, '20	101	105¼	6.67	
B. & O. R.R.	4½ Apr., 1924	99¼	99¾	6.00	
Bell Tel. Can.	7 Apr., 1925	101	101¼	6.37	
Beth. Stl. Co.	7 July 15, '22	101¼	101¾	6.91	
Can. Nor. Ry.	6½ Dec., 1923	100	100¼	6.25	
Can. Nor. Ry.	7½ Dec., 1924	99¾	100¼	6.38	
Can. Nor. Ry.	7 Mar., 1924	100¼	101¼	6.40	
Cent. Argent.	6 Feb., 1927	99	99¼	7.32	
Cons. Gas Co. New York	7 Dec., 1922	101¼	101¾	5.40	
Cudahy P. Co.	7 July 15, '22	100¼	101¼	6.10	
Fed. Sug. R.	7 Nov., 1924	99¾	100¼	8.00	
The B. F. Goodr. Tech. Co. cv.	7 Apr., 1923	99¾	99¾	7.47	
Gulf Oil Co.	6 July, 1923	100¼	100¾	5.70	
Gulf Oil Corp.	7 Feb., 1923	100¼	100¾	6.62	
H. Hefner	7 Dec., 1922	100¼	100¾	6.30	
Hock. Val.	6 Mar., 1924	100¼	100¾	6.15	
Hum. O. R.	7 Mar., 1923	100¼	101¼	5.34	
I. Rap. Tr. Co.	8 Sep., 1922	75	79		
Kan. C. Tpr.	6 Nov., 1923	100¼	100¾	6.65	
Kennecott Co.	7 Nov., 1923	100¼	100¾	6.60	
Ladiede Gas	7 Jan., 1923	99	99¼	7.45	
Nat. Dis. & S.	7 Sep., 1923	101	102	7.50	
Penn. Co.	6 Feb., 1924	99¾	99	6.24	
Pitts. & Conn.	7 Mar., 1923	101¼	101¾	6.15	
R. J. Reyn'ds A	7 Aug., 1922	101¼	101	7.05	
Sears, R. & C.	7 Oct. 15, '22	100¼	100¾	6.00	
Sears, R. & C.	7 Oct. 15, '22	99¾	99¾	7.10	
Stand. Sal.	7 Aug., 1922	101¼	101¾	7.50	
Solvay Co.	6 Oct., 1922	100¼	101	7.50	
Stand. Oil Co. N. Y.	7 Jan. 15, '21	99	100¼		
Stand. Oil Co. N. Y.	6¾ Mar., 1923	100¼	100¾	5.70	
Std. P. R. G.	6¾ Dec. 15, '23	100	100¾	6.30	
Swf. & Co. T.	7 Apr., 1923	102¼	102¾	6.10	
Swift & Co.	7 Oct. 15, '21	101¼	101¾	6.80	
Swift & Co.	7 Aug. 15, '22	102¼	102¾	6.60	
Texas Co.	7 Mar. 1, '23	101¼	101¾	6.85	
Utah Sec. Co.	7 Apr., 1923	99¾	100¾	7.50	
Vacuum O. Co.	7 Apr., 1923	100¼	100¾	6.15	
Wm. McCas.	7 Apr., 1923	100¼	100¾	6.25	

FOREIGN EXCHANGE

Market Steady — Sterling, Francs and Other Rates Higher—German Marks Easy.

European exchanges were steady yesterday, fluctuations being less volatile than on preceding days of the week. Rates started generally higher than Wednesday's closing, reacted moderately after initial trades but turned back in later dealings. Demand sterling was high at $4.34¾, later yielding to $4.33¾, with a final at $4.34⅛, while Paris checks after alternating between 8.97 and 8.93 cents closed at 8.96. Rome, Holland and the Scandinavians moved in same fashion, with German marks easier. Far Easterns and South Americans were firm.

In the subjoined table the quotation on sterling represent dollars and decimals of a dollar; all others represent cents and decimals of a cent. Quotations preceded by the decimal mark indicate a price measured in fractions of a cent.

THURSDAY, MARCH 16, 1922.

Range of Rates, Sight Exchange.

	High.	Low.	Wednesday's Close.	Close.
LONDON	$4.34¾	$4.33¾	$4.34⅛	$4.33¾
PARIS	8.97	8.93	8.96	8.93½
ROME	5.06½	5.01½	5.03	5.01½
AMSTERDAM	37.75	37.53	37.60	37.55
BERLIN	.37	.36¾	.36¾	.37¾
MADRID	15.59	15.50	15.55	15.53

CLOSING RATES.

Parity of exchange is given as reported by the United States Mint, except in countries with a silver standard, where parity fluctuates with the price of silver.

Europe.

	Thursday.	Wednesday.	Week Ago.	Year Ago.
STERLING—Par $4.86⅔ per sovereign.				
Demand	4.34¼	4.33¼	4.28¼	3.90¾
Cables	4.34⅛	4.33¾	4.28⅝	3.91⅝
Com., 60 days	4.30¾	4.30¼	4.25¼	3.85
Com., 90 days	4.29¾	4.28¾	4.24⅝	3.83
FRANCE—Par 19.3 cents per franc.				
Demand	8.96	8.89¾	9.00¼	6.99
Cables	8.96¾	8.90	9.01	7.00
ITALY—Par 19.3 cents per lira.				
Demand	5.05	5.01½	5.10½	3.91
Cables	5.05½	5.02	5.11	3.92
BELGIUM—Par 19.3 cents per franc.				
Demand	8.31¼	8.22	8.45	6.31
Cables	8.32	8.23	8.46	7.32
GERMANY—Par 23.8 cents per mark.				
Demand	.39¾	.37¾	.40¾	1.59¼
Cables	.37	.37¼	.41¼	1.60
AUSTRIA—Par 20.3 cents per crown.				
Demand	.01½	.01¾	.016	.24¼
Cables	.02	.01¾	.02	.25
CZECHOSLOVAKIA—Par 20.3 cents per crown.				
Demand	1.76	1.76	1.62¼	4.51¼
Cables	1.77	1.77	1.63¼	4.52
DENMARK—Par 26.8 cents per krone.				
Demand	20.95	21.00	21.50	17.20
Cables	20.96	21.00	21.55	17.25
FINLAND—Par 19.3 cents per finmark.				
Demand	2.10	2.11	2.05	2.70
Cables	2.11	2.12	2.06	2.75
GREECE—Par 19.3 cents per drachma.				
Demand	4.53	4.55	4.58	7.55
Cables	4.55	4.57	4.60	7.60
HOLLAND—Par 40.2 cents per florin.				
Demand	37.60	37.55	37.82	34.40
Cables	37.65	37.60	37.88	34.42
HUNGARY—Par 20.3 cents per crown.				
Demand	.12¾	.12½	.13¼	.26
Cables	.13¼	.13	.13¾	.26¼
JUGOSLAVIA—Par 20.3 cents per crown.				
Demand	.33	.33	.34	.70
Cables	.33¼	.33½	.34¼	.71
NORWAY—Par 26.8 cents per krone.				
Demand	17.28	17.45	18.10	16.00
Cables	17.30	17.50	18.15	16.05
POLAND—Par 19.3 cents per mark.				
Demand	.02¾	.02¾	.02¾	.12
Cables	.02¾	.02¾	.02¾	.12¼
RUMANIA—Par 19.3 cents per leu.				
Demand	.74¾	.75	.73¼	1.38
Cables	.75¾	.76	.75¼	1.37
SERBIA—Belgrade: Par 19.3 cents per franc.				
Demand	1.28	1.32	1.36	2.80
Cables	1.29	1.33	1.37	2.81
SPAIN—Par 19.3 cents per peseta.				
Demand	15.58	15.53	15.72	13.94
Cables	15.60	15.55	15.74	13.95
SWEDEN—Par 26.8 cents per krona.				
Demand	25.85	25.90	26.60	22.70
Cables	25.90	25.95	26.15	22.75
SWITZERLAND—Par 19.3 cents per franc.				
Demand	19.41	19.40	19.39	17.375
Cables	19.43	19.42	19.41	17.40

Far East.

	Thursday.	Wednesday.	Week Ago.	Year Ago.
CHINA—Cents per silver dollar for Hongkong; per tael for Shanghai and Peking.				
Hongkong, demand	53.50	53.375	53.125	46.25
Hongkong, cable	53.625	53.50	53.25	46.38
Peking, demand	75.50	75.50	75.75	68.50
Shanghai, demand	71.25	71.00	71.625	61.00
Shanghai, cables	71.50	71.25	71.875	61.50

MARKET AVERAGES.

STOCKS.

TESTERDAY'S RANGE.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
25 railroads	68.64	68.06	68.29	—.22
25 industrials	90.44	88.70	89.40	+1.14
50 stocks	74.54	73.41	73.90	+.46

DAILY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
Mar. 15	74.49	73.23	73.54	—.73
Mar. 14	74.49	73.62	74.27	+.47
Mar. 13	74.34	73.38	73.80	—.10
Mar. 11	74.03	72.47	73.90	+.62
Mar. 10	74.01	73.31	73.28	+.32
Mar. 9	73.63	72.80	73.24	+.33

MONTHLY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

Mar.	High.	Low.	Last.
*1922	74.54 Mar. 16	71.85 Mar. 4	73.90
1921	69.78 Mar. 23	64.90 Mar. 12	67.61
1920	92.80 Mar. 22	78.84 Mar. 1	80.06
1919	78.12 Mar. 12	69.56 Mar. 6	76.47
1918	80.78 Mar. 2	77.40 Mar. 27	80.49
1917	89.18 Mar. 31	79.42 Mar. 1	84.33

YEARLY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

*1922	74.54 Mar. 16	66.21 Jan. 10	73.90
†1921	78.23 Jan. 17	64.90 Mar. 12	67.61

Full Years.

1921	72.12 Mar. 26	58.55 June 21	68.06
1920	94.07 Apr. 5	62.10 Dec. 22	67.98
1919	90.80 Nov. 5	69.73 Jan. 21	83.03
1918	89.16 Nov. 12	64.12 Jan. 15	78.59
1917	90.43 Jan. 4	57.61 Dec. 20	66.48

BONDS.

YESTERDAY'S CLOSE.

	Net Change. Day.	Month.	Year.
40 issues	77.63	—.02	+.69	+7.55

DAILY RANGE OF BONDS.

Mar. 15	77.65	+.04	Mar. 7	77.37	—.08
Mar. 14	77.51	+.11	Mar. 6	77.45	+.05
Mar. 13	77.40	—.10	Mar. 4	77.40	—.05
Mar. 11	77.50	—.06	Mar. 3	77.45	+.10
Mar. 10	77.56	+.07	Mar. 1	77.35	+.16
Mar. 9	77.49	—.05	Mar. 1	77.31	+.20
Mar. 8	77.43	+.06	Feb. 28	77.11	+.04

YEARLY RANGE OF BONDS.

*1922	77.65 Mar. 14	73.01 Jan. 9	77.53
†1921	71.00 Jan. 20	63.86 Jan. 3	70.05

Full Years.

†1921	72.00 Jan. 20	63.60 Jan. 3	69.57
1920	73.14 Oct. 21	65.57 May 21	69.06
1919	79.05 June 3	71.05 Dec. 16	72.05
1918	82.38 Nov. 27	65.85 Sep. 27	78.78
1917	89.47 Jan. 29	74.34 Dec. 20	76.80

*To date. †The corresponding date last year.

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS

FOREIGN ISSUES.

Closing quotations for Government and municipal bonds issued in this country and in American currency values:

	Bid.	Asked.
Argentine 5s, 1909	M. & S.	82
Argentine 5s, 1921	90	90¼
Belgium 6s, 1925	J. & J.	103¾
Belgium 7½s, 1945	J. & D.	108¾
Belgium 8s, 1941	F. & A.	107
City of Bergen 8s, 1945	M. & N.	108¾
City of Berne 8s, 1945	F. & A.	110¼
City of Bordeaux 6s, 1934	M. & N.	85
U. S. of Brazil 8s, 1941	J. & D.	104¾
Dom. of Canada 5s, 1926	A. & O.	99
Dom. of Canada 5½s, 1926	F. & A.	99¾
Dom. of Canada 5s, 1931	A. & O.	98¾
Rep. of Chile 8s, 1941	F. & A.	105¾
Rep. of Chile 8s, 1926	A. & O.	101¼
Rep. of Chile 8s, 1945	M. & N.	103¾
City of Christiania 8s, '45	J. & J.	110
City of Copenhagen 5½s, '44	J. & J.	90¼
Rep. Cuba ext. 5s, 1944	M. & S.	90¾
Rep. Cuba ext. 5s, 1949	F. & A.	86
Rep. Cuba ext. 4½s, 1949	F. & A.	78
Denmark 8s, 1945	A. & O.	108¼
Denmark 6s, 1942	J. & J.	97¾
Dan. Mun. 8s, Ser. A, '46	F. & A.	108¼
Dan. Mun. 8s, Ser. B, '46	F. & A.	108¼
Dutch East Indies 6s, 1947	J. & J.	94¼
Dutch East Indies 5s, 1962	M. & S.	84¾
French Gov. 7½s, 1941	J. & D.	100¾
French Gov. 8s, 1945	M. & S.	105
Italy 6½s, 1925	F. & A.	93¾
Japanese 4s, 1931	F. & A.	74¾
Japanese 4½s, 1933	F. & A.	82¼
Japanese 4½s, 2d ser., '36	J. & J.	82¼
City of Lyons 6s, 1934	M. & N.	85
City of Marseilles 6s, 1934	M. & N.	85
U. S. of Mexico 4s, 1954	J. & D.	44
U. S. of Mexico 6s, 1940	J. & D.	64¼
U. S. of Mexico 6s, 1945	J. & D.	58¼
King. of Norway 6s, 1940	A. & O.	111¼
State of Queensland 6s, '47	F. & A.	90¾
State of Queensland 7s, '41	A. & O.	106¾
State of Rio Grande do Sul 8s, 1946

Legal Investment for Savings Banks and Trust Funds in New York, New Jersey and Massachusetts and Connecticut.

NEW YORK CENTRAL AND HUDSON RIVER RAILROAD COMPANY

Thirty-Year 4% Gold Debenture (now secured) Bonds

Due May 1, 1934.

Price to yield about 5.35%

Kean, Taylor & Co.
5 Nassau Street, New York

"A safe investment is a shield for the future."

IN addition to suggesting conservative investments which are adapted to individual needs, we are always glad to act in an advisory capacity in analyzing the investment holdings of those who desire unbiased and painstaking personal attention.

MURRAY & WICKES
120 Broadway
NEW YORK

Algoma Steel Corp.
1st and Ref. Sinking Fund 5% Bonds

Dated Apr. 1, 1912 Due Apr. 1, 1962

Denomination £100

Interest payable April 1st and October 1st at the Bank of Montreal, New York, at the fixed rate of exchange of $4.86 to the £.

GUARANTEED AS TO BOTH PRINCIPAL AND INTEREST BY THE LAKE SUPERIOR CORPORATION.

Bonds redeemable by means of a Sinking Fund of 1% per annum by purchase in the open market if obtainable below 105 or by drawings at 105.

Price to Yield Over 11%

COWEN & Co.
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We recommend purchase

Interborough Rapid Transit 5% BONDS

DUE JAN. 1, 1966

Price at market about 59½

Listed on New York Stock Exchange.

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Members New York Stock Exchange
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We Suggest for Conservative Investment

Guaranteed by the Dominion of Canada
Grand Trunk Railway
3s, Due 1962
To yield 5.30%
and by the
Provinces of Alberta and Saskatchewan
Grand Trunk Railway
4s, Due 1939
To yield 5.75%

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NEW YORK'S GOLD MOVES WESTWARD

Reserve Bank Here Loses $34,000,000 and Chicago Gains $24,000,000 in Week.

RATIO DECLINES TO 77.8

Discounts Show Drop, Deposits Large Increase, in Federal Board's Report.

WASHINGTON, March 16.—Aggregate reductions of $33,900,000 in the holdings of discounted and purchased bills, as against an increase of $129,200,000 in the holdings of Treasury certificates, accompanied by an increase of $135,400,000 in total deposits and a reduction of $8,800,000 in Federal Reserve note circulation, are indicated in the Federal Reserve Board's weekly bank statement, issued as at close of business of March 15, 1922.

Gold reserves show a gain of $10,100,000, while total cash reserves increased by $7,400,000. The reserve ratio, in consequence of the above changes, shows a decline for the week from 77.9 to 75.8 per cent.

Government operations during the week included, besides the redemption of the bulk of about $530,000,000 of tax certificates maturing on March 15, payment of semi-annual interest on about $3,600,000,000 of Third Liberty Bonds and $300,700,000 of Treasury notes; also the handling of the first installment of income tax payments and the issuance on the same date of over $600,000,000 of new Treasury notes and of about 250,000 of tax certificates.

Discounted bills show a decline for the week of $39,300,000, while acceptances purchased in open market fell off about $14,900,000. United States bonds and notes increased by $28,200,000. Pittman certificates on deposit with the Treasury to secure Federal Reserve Bank note circulation show a reduction of $2,000,000, while other Treasury certificates show an increase of $130,200,000.

At the close of the day, seven of the Federal Reserve banks held a total of $167,000,000 of special certificates to cover advances to the Government pending collection of income tax checks and funds from depositary institutions. In consequence of the changes noted total earning assets increased by $100,000,000, and, on March 15, stood at $1,277,500,000, compared with $2,658,500,000 on the corresponding date of last year.

Government paper on hand shows a further decrease for the week, from $238,500,000 to $229,100,000. Of the total held $198,500,000, or 86.7 per cent., was secured by Liberty and other United States bonds; $16,600,000, or 7.3 per cent., by Victory notes; $7,100,000, or 3.1 per cent., by Treasury notes, and $6,900,000, or 3 per cent., by Treasury certificates, compared with $204,400,000, $19,800,000, $6,400,000 and $7,900,000 reported the week before.

As against a decrease of $7,400,000 in Government deposits, members' reserve deposits show an increase of $125,600,000, and other deposits, composed largely of cashier's checks and non-members' clearing accounts, an increase of $15,200,000. These increases represent mainly payments to the credit of the banks for matured certificates and will largely be wiped out during the following days, as income tax checks drawn on the banks are cleared.

A movement of gold to some volume from New York, mainly toward Chicago, Philadelphia and Cleveland, is shown for the week. Gold reserves of the New York bank show a decrease for the week of $34,000,000, while smaller decreases aggregating $10,900,000 are shown for the St. Louis, San Francisco and Richmond banks. The largest accession of gold for the week, by $24,400,000, is reported by the Chicago bank. Philadelphia and Cleveland report increases in their gold reserves of over $10,000,000 each, while five other reserve banks report aggregate increases in their gold reserves of $10,800,000.

Since Jan. 1 of the present year the Reserve banks have gained a total of $101,000,000 of gold. The largest increase, $51,400,000—is shown for Chicago. Atlanta, with an increase of $43,900,000, and Cleveland, with an increase of $22,300,000, follow next in order. Increases of over $10,000,000 each since the beginning of the year are also shown for Minneapolis, Kansas City and Dallas.

Boston and New York show smaller gold reserves than at the beginning of the year, the first reporting a decline of $80,500,000 and the latter a decline of $24,700,000.

TRUNK LINES MUST AID SUSPENDED LITTLE ROAD

I. C. C. Orders Them to Give More on Joint Rates to Missouri & North Arkansas.

WASHINGTON, March 16.—Trunk line railroads associated with the Missouri & North Arkansas in handling through freight were ordered today by the Interstate Commerce Commission to increase the proportion of the joint freight to an extent necessary to allow that railroad to resume operation.

The Missouri & North Arkansas suspended its railroad transportation activities last year, the receiver appointed by the court having claimed that it was impossible to continue with existing rates. An appeal was made to the Interstate Commerce Commission asking that the railroad be assisted by a Government loan and further by an increased division of joint rates.

After hearings in which the objections of the trunk line railroads were considered, W. A. Colston, director of finance for the commission, recommended that the claims of the Missouri & North Arkansas for the increased revenues be granted, and the commission has now approved the recommendation.

If the Missouri & North Arkansas on resuming operations develops as much traffic as it did prior to its suspension under the commission's order it will get approximately $200,000 a year in revenues which formerly were divided among all the trunk line railroads with which it connected.

Big Auto Equipment Contract.

The Stewart-Warner Speedometer Corporation is reported to have closed a contract to supply the vacuum tanks for the new Starr car, which is being placed on the market by W. C. Durant. Deliveries are expected to start in June. It is believed that 75,000 will be turned out before the end of 1922.

NEW YORK CITY BONDS.

	Yesterday Bid.	Yesterday Asked.	Wednesday Bid.
4¼s, Dec. 15, 1967	104¼	104¾	104¼
4¼s, July, 1967	104¼	104¾	104¼
4¼s, June, 1965	104¼	104¾	104¼
4¼s, May, 1965	104¼	104¾	104¼
4¼s, Nov., 1957	103¾	104¼	103¾
4¼s, May, 1957	103¾	104¼	103¾
4¼s, April, 1960	99¾	100¼	99¾
4¼s, Mar., 1954	99¾	100¼	99¾
4¼s, Sept., 1959	99¾	100¼	99¾
4¼s, Mar., 1960-30	99¾	100¼	99¾
4¼s, Mar., 1958	99¾	100¼	99¾
4s, May, 1959	95	96	95
4s, Nov., 1959	95	96	95
4s, May, 1957	94¾	95¾	94¾
4s, Nov., 1956	94¾	95¾	94¾
4s, Nov., 1956	95	97	95
3½s, May, 1966	88	89	88¼
3½s, Nov., 1966	88	89	88¼
3½s, Nov., 1965	88	89	88¼
3½s, Nov., 1964	88	89	87¾

The following are quoted on a percentage basis:

4½s, 1940-1952	4.40	4.35	4.40
4½s, 1928-1930	4.30	4.20	4.30
4½s, 1932-1934	4.35	4.30	4.35
4s, 1944-1954	4.40	4.35	4.45
4s, 1925-1929	4.35	4.30	4.40
3½s, 1930-1947	4.75	4.65	4.80
3s, 1923-1925	4.20	4.10	4.20
4¼s, 1922-1923	4.20	4.10	4.20
4¼s, 1926-1931	4.35	4.30	4.35
4¼s, 1934-1937	4.40	4.30	4.40
4¼s, 1932-1936	4.45	4.30	4.45

GREAT NORTHERN DIVIDEND POLICY

Chairman Hill Explains Change From Quarterly to Semi-annual Payments.

The change in the dividend payments of the Great Northern Railroad from a quarterly to a semi-annual basis, which was announced Wednesday, was made in recognition of long-existing conditions and should not be construed pessimistically, Chairman Louis W. Hill stated in a letter sent yesterday to the stockholders of the road. The executive points out that poor earnings in January and February are to be expected, as the company's big business does not normally come until later in the year. For the first two weeks in March, however, loadings were 28 per cent ahead of last year, Mr. Hill said.

"The present cash situation of the company is satisfactory and funds are available from which the customary quarterly dividend could be paid, together with such other requirements as are apt to arise in the near future," Mr. Hill said. "It is of the greatest importance, however, that this strong cash position should not be impaired, and the directors believe it to be in the best interest of shareholders to ascertain more accurately the probable results of the present year before determining finally upon the dividend policy.

"Even in normal times directors could act on dividends with much more confidence in June than in March. Crop prospects always are an important factor; they are unknown in March of any year. Likewise the season's iron ore traffic, as well as the general business, is measurably determined by June 30."

Operating expenses have been abnormally high, Mr. Hill said in enlarging on the cash position of the road. In 1921 they totaled nearly 80 per cent. of gross revenues, as compared with about 60 per cent. in 1916, he showed. The average pay per man per hour in 1921 was two and one-seventh times as much as in 1916, while the payroll taken in its entirety amounted to 58 per cent. of the total expenses of 1921, or $47,000,000.

"In order to have even moderately successful results," said the executive, "we must have a larger volume of traffic and lower operating costs before any general reduction is made in freight rates."

Railroad Shows a Surplus.

The report of the Chicago, North Shore & Milwaukee Railroad Company, for the year ended Dec. 31, 1921, shows surplus after all charges and taxes of $389,720, as compared with $433,011 in the preceding year. In 1919 the company's surplus, after charges, was $481,839.

RESERVE BANK POSITION.

Comparison of Yesterday's Items With Those of Other Periods.

Yesterday's Federal Reserve statements show the gold reserve of the entire system to have reached its highest recorded level this week, and rediscounts on both Government and other collateral to have fallen to the lowest point since 1918 and 1919, respectively. Federal Reserve notes, at $2,188,503,000, were above the year's low level. The ratio of reserve of the whole system, at 75.6 and that of the New York Bank at 78.0 were below the high level for 1922.

Yesterday's statement makes possible the following comparison of highest and lowest figures of the Reserve system statements for 1922 to date and for previous years. Figures are in thousands of dollars.

Total Gold Holdings.

	High.		Low.	
1922	$2,976,022	Mar. 15	$2,875,266	Jan. 4
1921	2,870,098	Jan. 28	2,060,982	Jan. 7
1920	2,068,238	Dec. 30	1,934,613	Mar. 19
1919	2,201,804	June 6	2,096,786	Aug. 29
1918	2,090,274	Dec. 27	1,847,720	Jan. 4
1917	1,671,133	Dec. 28	1,242,063	Jan. 5
1916	732,238	Dec. 29	484,080	May 5
1915	542,413	Dec. 30	251,308	Jan. 29

Rediscounts.

	High.		Low.	
Secured by U. S.	1922.		1922.	
Gov. col.	477,456	Jan. 4	229,064	Mar. 15
Oth. col.	685,111	Jan. 4	362,662	Mar. 15
	1921.		1921.	
Gov. col.	1,104,068	Jan. 7	431,291	Nov. 16
Oth. col.	1,402,813	Jan. 7	692,840	Dec. 23
	1920.		1919.	
Gov. col.	1,572,986	Feb. 27	1,141,036	Dec. 26
Oth. col.	1,616,716	Dec. 3	716,463	Jan. 30
	1919.		1918.	
Gov. col.	1,963,416	May 16	1,414,350	Dec. 19
Oth. col.	684,814	Dec. 26	172,562	May 9

Reserve Note Circulation.

	High.		Low.	
1922	2,405,216	Jan. 4	2,168,179	Feb. 4
1921	3,270,023	Jan. 7	2,386,003	Nov. 26
1920	3,404,941	Dec. 31	2,850,944	Jan. 2
1919	3,057,696	Dec. 26	2,420,728	Jan. 31
1918	2,685,244	Dec. 28	1,934,934	Jan. 25
1917	1,248,488	Dec. 29	939,768	Jan. 26
1916	375,383	Dec. 29	192,340	June 30
1915	189,626	Dec. 30	14,500	Jan. 29

Ratio of Reserve.

With previous percentages computed on the basis introduced by the Reserve Board on March 18, 1921, the highest and lowest reserve percentages of the Federal Reserve system compare as follows:

	High.		Low.	
1922	78.1	Feb. 22	75.1	Jan. 4
1921	78.1	Dec. 7	44.2	Jan. 7
1920	43.0	Dec. 17	40.8	May 14
1919	51.1	Feb. 8	42.3	Dec. 26
1918	52.9	Dec. 28	47.9	Dec. 6
1917	86.2	Mar. 2	60.8	Dec. 28

The reserve percentages of the New York Reserve Bank compare as follows:

	High.		Low.	
1922	89.6	Jan. 25	77.3	Jan. 4
1921	84.1	Sept. 27	58.5	Feb. 5
1920	43.3	Sept. 24	35.9	Feb. 20
1919	52.9	June 20	38.8	Dec. 26
1918	66.4	Aug. 2	41.7	Dec. 27

MISCELLANEOUS STOCKS.

	Yesterday Bid.	Yesterday Asked.	Wednesday Bid.
Amalgamated Leather	10¾	12	10¼
Amalgamated Leather pf.	40	50	36
Atlas Powder	113	117	112
Atlas Powder pf.	74	76	74
Babcock & Wilcox	109	109½	108
E. I. Bliss	27	28	26
Borden Co., The	96	98	95
Borden Co., The, pf.	95	97	94
Childs Co.	103	107	103
Childs Co., pf.	104	105	104
Du Pont	78	84	78
Du Pont pf.	71	73	71
Eastman Kodak (new)	69	70	69
Gillette Safety Razor	187	195	187
Do fractional shares	18	19	18
Hercules	152	156	152
Hercules pf.	92	93	92
Ingersoll-Rand	145	155	145
Tapersoll-Rand pf.	92	100	92
Mack & Co.	89	91	88¾
New Jersey Zinc	144	148	144
Niles-Bement-Pond	49	52	49
Niles-Bement-Pond pf.	85	90	85
Northern Securities	84	86	84
Postum Cereal Co., w. i.	63	63¼	
Postum Cereal Co., pf., w. i.	16¾	16¾	16¾
Royal Baking Powder	100	110	100
Royal Baking Powder pf.	90	92	90
Safety C. H. & L.	67	70	67
Scovill Mfg.	350	375	350
Singer Mfg.	100	105	100
Standard Screw	230	240	230
Van Raalte	44	47	43

FEDERAL RESERVE STATEMENT.

The following table shows the total gold holdings and other chief items in this week's report of each of the twelve Federal Reserve banks:

District.	Gold Reserve.	Rediscounts on Government War Paper.	Total Bills on Hand.	Due Members' Reserve Acct.	F.R. Notes in Circ'lat'n.	Ratio of Reserve to Deposits and F.R. Notes.
Boston	$114,605,000	$14,480,000	$48,440,000	$108,883,000	$153,814,000	73.0
New York	1,086,470,000	32,070,000	92,728,000	757,835,000	626,301,000	81.0
Philadelphia	227,067,000	24,836,000	78,308,000	118,338,000	236,187,000	77.4
Cleveland	226,417,000	41,216,000	85,473,000	146,400,000	196,727,000	76.8
Richmond	79,167,000	22,601,000	73,322,000	86,178,000	92,946,000	84.6
Atlanta	114,468,000	11,281,000	45,979,000	49,325,000	119,612,000	72.5
Chicago	491,907,000	21,323,000	85,115,000	294,812,000	398,376,000	72.9
St. Louis	104,468,000	8,408,000	32,819,000	64,447,000	81,447,000	69.9
Minneapolis	21,742,000	2,872,000	26,080,000	19,439,000	55,711,000	72.2
Kansas City	79,346,000	7,419,000	33,086,000	71,903,000	82,122,000	60.8
Dallas	40,241,000	4,139,000	17,353,000	46,250,000	23,659,000	69.7
San Francisco	290,979,000	29,017,000	60,178,000	122,912,000	235,544,000	77.3

In the Previous Week.

District.	Gold Reserve.	Rediscounts on Government War Paper.	Total Bills on Hand.	Due Members' Reserve Acct.	F.R. Notes in Circ'lat'n.	Ratio of Reserve to Deposits and F.R. Notes.
Boston	$114,620,000	$12,375,000	$50,898,000	$111,036,000	$148,152,000	73.0
New York	1,090,440,000	41,270,000	102,810,000	684,283,000	628,220,000	84.8
Philadelphia	216,926,000	48,100,000	78,740,000	104,946,000	187,346,000	78.5
Cleveland	248,141,000	20,900,000	67,298,000	131,111,000	196,328,000	77.7
Richmond	78,855,000	10,416,000	72,876,000	84,634,000	94,133,000	84.6
Atlanta	115,390,000	11,498,000	46,876,000	44,535,000	111,383,000	74.1
Chicago	466,571,000	27,154,000	104,070,000	345,506,000	360,552,000	77.3
St. Louis	105,286,000	9,456,000	33,223,000	70,864,000	82,338,000	76.4
Minneapolis	26,308,000	1,111,000	31,554,000	42,694,000	52,520,000	72.2
Kansas City	76,100,000	7,718,000	32,198,000	71,853,000	81,680,000	69.9
Dallas	38,841,000	5,091,000	17,003,000	44,205,000	23,015,000	69.0
San Francisco	284,843,000	19,538,000	71,174,000	118,866,000	227,807,000	79.4

Consolidated statement of twelve Federal Reserve Banks combined as follows:

RESOURCES.	Mar. 15, 1922.	Mar. 8, 1922.	Mar. 16, 1921.
Gold and gold certificates	$321,388,000	$320,322,000	$296,431,000
Gold settlement fund—Federal Reserve Board	484,780,000	491,394,000	513,572,000
Total gold held by banks	$806,463,000	$811,717,000	$780,003,000
Gold with Federal Reserve agents	2,090,124,000	2,090,161,000	1,257,907,000
Gold redemption fund	80,435,000	82,690,000	161,730,000
Total gold reserves	$2,976,022,000	$2,984,568,000	$2,205,640,000
Legal tender notes, silver, &c.	125,375,000	126,087,000	209,150,000
Total reserves	$3,101,397,000	$3,095,960,000	$2,414,790,000
Bills discounted:			
Secured by U. S. Government obligations	229,053,000	238,497,000	1,060,386,000
All other	502,092,000	502,544,000	1,224,533,000
Bills bought in open market	87,311,000	101,931,000	122,790,000
Total bills on hand	$818,041,000	$852,972,000	$2,347,699,000
United States bonds and notes	218,093,000	189,773,000	23,864,000
U. S. certificates of indebtedness:			
One-year certificates (Pittman act)	92,000,000	92,000,000	254,375,000
All other	291,274,000	161,103,000	30,576,000
Municipal warrants	105,000	105,000	.....
Total earning assets	$1,277,510,000	$1,195,953,000	$2,658,514,000
Bank premises	38,005,000	37,394,000	20,865,000
Five per cent. redemption fund against Federal Reserve Bank notes	6,065,000	8,175,000	12,428,000
Gold abroad in custody or in transit	.....	.....	3,300,000
Uncollected items	697,752,000	488,160,000	716,882,000
All other resources	15,310,000	16,216,000	6,801,000
Total resources	$5,048,622,000	$4,818,848,000	$5,836,289,000
LIABILITIES.			
Capital paid in	$102,848,000	$102,802,000	$101,058,000
Surplus	215,398,000	215,398,000	202,028,000
Reserved for Government franchise tax	1,570,000	2,530,000	.....
Deposits:			
Government	16,780,000	24,207,000	58,780,000
Member banks—Reserve account	1,845,408,000	1,719,910,000	1,871,774,000
All other	57,181,000	25,888,000	39,072,000
Total deposits	$1,919,463,000	$1,780,065,000	$1,774,635,000
Federal Reserve notes in actual circulation	2,188,503,000	2,197,434,000	2,962,880,000
Federal Reserve Bank notes in circulation—net liability	78,029,000	79,635,000	179,250,000
Deferred availability items	629,812,000	424,418,000	570,347,000
All other liabilities	17,109,000	16,519,000	48,063,000
Total liabilities	$5,048,622,000	$4,818,848,000	$5,836,289,000
Ratio of total reserves to deposit and Federal Reserve note liabilities combined	75.8%	77.8%	51.0%

NEW YORK FEDERAL RESERVE BANK.

STATEMENT AT CLOSE OF BUSINESS MARCH 15, 1922.

RESOURCES.	Last Week.	Prev. Week.	Year Ago.
Gold and gold certificates	$222,687,000	$285,422,000	$181,772,000
Gold settlement fund, Fed. Reserve Board	53,109,878	56,118,980	38,300,000
Total gold held by bank	$275,796,525	$339,541,000	$269,972,000
Gold with Federal Reserve agent	716,079,678	740,909,000	295,539,000
Gold redemption fund	10,000,000	10,000,000	34,000,000
Total gold reserves	$1,001,469,017	$1,090,450,000	$599,511,000
Legal tender notes, silver, &c.	34,081,442	35,127,000	102,087,000
Total reserves	$1,000,550,600	$1,125,577,000	$701,598,000
Bills discounted—Secured by United States Government obligations	27,970,288	41,279,000	385,790,000
All other	26,227,798	27,136,000	351,024,000
Bills bought in open market	28,437,172	34,170,000	34,957,000
Total bills on hand	$82,635,761	$102,619,000	$772,011,000
United States bonds and notes	77,547,750	63,024,000	1,255,000
U. S. certificates of indebtedness—one-year certificates (Pittman act)	20,400,000	21,400,000	59,276,000
All other	177,207,000	19,084,000	24,001,000
Total earning assets	$377,770,511	$277,018,000	$856,543,000
Bank premises	7,576,339	7,578,000	4,675,000
Five per cent. redemption fund against Federal Reserve Bank notes	1,231,000	1,406,000	2,271,000
Gold abroad in custody or in transit	.....	.....	311,000
Uncollected items	124,814,065	94,979,000	154,066,000
All other resources	2,580,906	2,548,000	5,317,000
Total resources	$1,095,452,842	$1,507,302,000	$1,682,773,000
LIABILITIES.			
Capital paid in	$27,062,300	$27,062,000	$26,489,000
Surplus	60,197,137	60,197,000	56,414,000
Reserved for Government franchise tax	585,172	523,000	.....
Deposits: Government	5,049,966	6,049,000	410,000
Member banks—Reserve account	737,553,630	681,253,000	639,300,000
All other	14,131,415	10,702,000	14,631,000
Total	$772,085,201	$698,024,000	$654,327,000
Federal Reserve notes in actual circulation	526,500,671	623,290,000	758,220,000
Federal Reserve Bank notes in circulation—net liability	15,851,200	15,862,000	32,892,000
Deferred availability items	97,625,988	72,883,000	105,832,000
All other liabilities	4,110,553	2,250,000	16,904,000
Total liabilities	$1,095,452,842	$1,507,302,000	$1,682,773,000
Ratio of total reserves to deposit and Federal Reserve note liabilities combined	78.6%	84.3%	45.5%
Contingent liability on bills purchased for foreign correspondents	$10,241,879	$11,700,984	$14,148,978

Reserve percentage of one year ago is calculated on basis of net deposits and Federal Reserve notes in circulation.

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 16.—Revenue receipts and expenditures as at close of business March 14:

	This Month.	Corresponding Month 1921.	*Fiscal Year 1922.	*Corresponding Fiscal Year 1921.
Customs	$15,415,184.69	$14,825,797.90	$223,234,331.05	$200,561,260.13
Internal revenue:				
Income and profits tax	58,340,083.24	140,194,619.57	1,571,301,698.92	1,893,132,915.55
Miscellaneous	27,300,092.72	61,720,052.44	802,997,325.53	1,054,817,501.48
Miscellaneous revenue	19,429,208.17	13,435,344.63	511,149,458.13	505,308,372.92
Panama Canal tolls, &c.	225,006.89	182,880.00	5,238,934.24	6,747,225.05
Total ordinary	$122,074,495.74	$230,157,305.65	$2,613,169,770.74	$3,660,568,247.01
Excess of ord. receipts over ord. disbursements	546,171.83	32,675,021.87	436,305,105.13	218,791,527.49
Expenditures	131,828,324.21	197,481,183.78	2,232,848,564.02	3,444,776,819.51

*Receipts and disbursements for June reaching Treasury in July included.

BIG CHICAGO CAR EARNINGS.

Surface Lines Take in $60,343,733 in Year Due to High Fare.

CHICAGO, March 16.—The gross earnings of the Chicago surface lines totaled $60,343,733 during the twelve months ended Jan. 31, according to the annual report made public today.

This was declared to be the largest sum ever collected by the surface lines and was attributed to the handling of an increased number of passengers on the eight-cent fare basis. Receipts for the 1920-21 period were $55,016,345.

The total cost of operation given in the report was $48,516,150, leaving "residue receipts," or earnings, to be used for interest and surplus of $11,827,583. The report shows that $2,844,963 is the city's share.

$60,000
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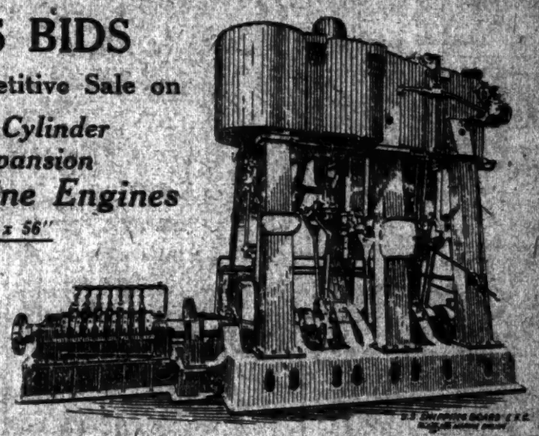

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CRUCIBLE PASSES COMMON DIVIDEND

Due to Long Depression in the Iron and Steel Industry, Says Chairman.

BELIEVES IT NEAR AN END

Hopes to Be Able to Resume Payments Soon—New Construction Put Into Operation.

Directors of the Crucible Steel Company of America at their meeting yesterday passed the quarterly dividend due to be declared on the common stock at this time. This action was taken, it was stated, because of the long period of depression in the iron and steel industry and the uncertainty as to how long it would be before normal conditions returned. The company has been paying dividends at the rate of $1 quarterly since June, 1921, when the rate was reduced from $2 quarterly. In all the company paid $6 in cash dividends last year, comparing with $10 in 1920 and $4.50 in 1919.

The company has $50,000,000 common stock outstanding, the total having been increased to that amount as a result of stock dividends during the boom year of 1920, when a payment of 50 per cent. in common stock and two others of 16 2-3 and 14.28 per cent were made. Previous to that year the common stock amounted to $25,000,000. No dividends had ever been paid on the common stock prior to 1919.

Horace S. Wilkinson, Chairman of the Board of Directors, commenting on the action of the board, said:

"I am of the opinion that the long-drawn-out depression in the steel business is nearing the end and that from now on we shall have a gradual return to the more normal business. I believe it will not be long before the company will be able to resume the payment of the dividend on its common stock. On March 1, 1922, the company has a surplus of $24,032,121 which may be applied to the payment of dividends, but we do not believe this surplus should be reduced at this time, except in payment of dividends upon the preferred stock. It will be the policy of the management to resume a reasonable disbursement for dividends on the common stock as soon as the earnings and business conditions improve sufficiently to justify same."

Mr. Wilkinson pointed out that the improvement in the steel industry thus far has made it possible to start up several furnaces and to put into operation some of the new construction which cost the company $15,000,000 and which was completed just as the depression set in. Up to this time, he said, it has been impossible for the company to use any of these facilities to augment earnings.

A number of preferred stockholders have recently inquired the reason for the prevailing low market price of the company's preferred stock," said Mr. Wilkinson. "The recent decline in the market price of the stock was caused primarily by the disposition in the open market of a large block which had been held by persons formerly connected with the management of the company. This floating supply of the stock is being gradually absorbed by investors."

STANDARD OIL STOCKS.

	Yes-terday. Bid.	Wednes-day. Asked.
Atlantic Lobos Oil Co.	68	69½
Atlantic Lobos Oil Co., pf.	40	45
Anglo-Amer. Oil Co., Ltd.	17	17½
Atlantic Ref. Co.	925	930
Atlantic Ref. Co., pfd.	112	112
Borne-Scrymser Co.	300	310
Buckeye Pipe Line	91½	92½
Cheesebrough Mfg. Co. cons.	190	195
Chesebr. Mfg. Co. cons. pf.	111	114
Continental Oil Co.	130	132
Crescent Pipe Line Co.	33	34
Cumberland Pipe Line Co.	140	140
Eureka Pipe Line Co.	95	97
Galena-Sig. Oil Co. pf., new	100	105
Galena-Sig. Oil Co. pf., old	110	114
Galena-Sig. Oil Co., com.	44	46
Illinois Pipe Line Co.	174	179
Imperial Oil, Ltd.	100	101
Indiana Pipe Line Co.	87	90
Inter. Petroleum Co., Ltd.	15¾	16
National Transit Co.	27	28
New York Transit Co.	170	174
Northern Pipe Line Co.	95	100
Ohio Oil Co.	271	275
Penn-Mex. Fuel Co.	28	30
Prairie Oil and Gas Co.	540	545
Prairie Pipe Line Co.	253	257
Solar Refining Co.	350	370
Southern Pipe Line Co.	96	98
South Penn Oil Co.	183	186
Southwest. Pa. Pipe Lines	58	62
Stand. Oil of Cal.	83½	84½
Stand. Oil of Ind., $25 par	38¾	38¾
Stand. Oil Co. of Kan.	525	530
Stand. Oil of Kentucky	470	480
Stand. Oil of Nebraska	162	168
Stand. Oil of N. J., $25 par	175	177
Stand. Oil of N. J. pf.	114¾	115¾
Stand. Oil of New York	270	280
Stand. Oil Co. of Ohio	400	450
Stand. Oil Co. of Ohio pf.	115	116
Swan & Finch Co.	35	45
Union Tank Car Co.	98	100
Union Tank Car Co., pf.	103	103
Vacuum Oil Co.	295	296
Washington Oil Co.	35	39

TOBACCO STOCKS.

	Yester-day. Bid.	Wednes-day. Asked.
American Cigar	68	73
American Cigar pf	85	90
American Mach. & Fdy.	220	225
American Tobacco, new	125	128
George W. Helme	145	150
George W. Helme pf.	107	110
MacAndrews & Forbes	100	104
MacAndrews & Forbes pf.	92	98
Mengel Co.	20	22
J. S. Young	73	75
J. S. Young pf.	60	62
Porto Rican-American	90	95
Porto Rican-Am. Tob. pf.	70	75
R. J. Reynolds, new A	65	75
Tobacco Products $ p. c.	99	102
Tobacco Products ? p. c.	98	101
Universal Leaf	135	140
Universal Leaf pf.	106	108
Weyman-Bruton	150	160
Weyman-Bruton pf.	107	110

SUGAR STOCKS.

	Yester-day. Bid.	Wednes-day. Asked.
Caracas Sugar	14	16
Central Aguirre	57	60
Fajardo	54½	56½
Federal Sugar	100	105
Great Western	140	140
Great Western pf.	99	102
Godchaux	14	16
Godchaux pf.	60	65
Holly	17	19
Holly pf.	47	49
National	133	136
Savannah	80	83
Savannah pf.	85	90
West Indies pf.	60	65

BOSTON CURB.

	Bid.	Ask.		Bid.	Ask.
Arts. Ext.	1	3	Iron Cap.	7¼	8
Arts. Silver	12	13	La Rose	43	46
Arts. Top Top	2	3	Majestic	8	10
Black Hawk	4	5	Mex. Metals	9	10
Chief Con.	5½	6½	Midway Motor	2	3
Calaveras	20	60	Mut. Div. Tr.	50	60
Crystal, new	23	28	Monarch	15	18
Dedrick	1	2	Nat. Lead A	65	70
Eagle R. R.	5½	6	Nipissing	10	12
Eureka Cro.	22	23	Seven Metals	6	7
Fortuna	3	4	Silver Reef	3	4
Goldfield	22	23	Tonopah	8	8½
Hecla	5½	5¾	U. V. Ext.	2½	3
Iron Blossom	26	28	Yukon	1	1½

METAL MARKET REPORT.

These prices were quoted on the local Metal Exchange:

	Yesterday. Bid.	Ask'd.	Wednesday. Bid.	Ask'd.
Antimony	$4.25	$4.50	$4.25	$4.50
Quicksilver	60.00		60.00	
Aluminum	.17	.18	.17	.18
Iron, No. 2X	$21.22.00		$22.00	$23.00

Electrolytic copper was quoted at 12½c on the New York Metal Exchange.

London quotations were:

	Yesterday. £	s.	d.	Wednesday. £	s.	d.
Copper, spot	60	5	0	60	5	0
Copper, futures	61	10	0	61	0	0
Tin, spot	145	0	0	145	15	0
Tin, futures	145	0	0	145	15	0
Spelter, spot	25	0	0	25	15	0
Spelter, futures	24	0	0	25	15	0
Lead, spot	22	15	0	23	5	0
Lead, futures	22	15	0	23	5	0

NEW YORK CURB EXCHANGE

THURSDAY, MARCH 16, 1922.

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
4,300	Acme Coal M	1¼	1⅛	1⅛
1,000	Acme Pack.	20¾	20¾	20¾
25	Adirondack	17	17	17
4,000	Amal Leath.	13	12¼	12¾
200	Do pf.	40	38	40
200	Am-How 88.	22¾	22	22
100	At L & Tr.	141	139¾	139¾
100	AmThread pf.	5½	5½	5½
800	B-AmTob.cp.	14¾	14½	14½
100	Do reg.	14¼	14¼	14¼
5,500	Buddy Buds.	70c	70c	70c
10	Celluloid	106	106	106
400	Chi Nipple	1	1⅛	1⅛
100	Cont Motors	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛
200	Curtis Aero.	5½	5½	5½
100	Do pf.	26½	26½	26½
800	D & H S.pf.	60c	60c	60c
600	Durant Mot.	23½	21⅞	23½
400	DurantMtrd.	13⅛	13⅛	13⅛
300	Eas'Kn.wi.	69¾	69¾	69¾
1,400	EldeBr.new.	38¾	38	38
100	Fed Tel	5⅞	5⅞	5⅞
200	Gardner Mo.	14¼	14¼	14¼
100	Gibson'How.	15⅝	15⅝	15⅝
450	Gil Sa? Ras.	190	186½	190
800	Glen A Coal.	43¾	43¼	43¼
12,000	Goldwyn Pic	7⅞	6⅞	7
200	Grant M Car	95c	92c	95c
400	Hoy Chem.	95c	84c	95c
200	Hud Co pf.	19¾	19¾	19¾
1,000	HudsMasBit	5½	5	5½

STANDARD OIL.

1,500	Ang-Am Oil.	17¼	16¾	17¼
800	Atl Lobo Oil	10	10	10
200	Cros P L.	35¾	35	35¾
10	Illinois P L.	175	175	175
235	Imp Oil Can.			
1	Jennings	100	97½	100
11,800	Internat Pet	15¾	14¾	15⅞

SUBSIDIARIES.

200	Nat Transit	27¼	27	27
10	South Pipe L.	97	97	97
5,800	Std Oil Ind.	36½	35¼	35¼
100	Std Oil Ky.	17½	17½	17½
20	Std Oil Ohio	320	320	320
60	Vacuum Oil	341	340	341

MISCELLANEOUS OIL STOCKS.

600	Ark Nat Gas	9¾	9¾	9¾
15,600	Boone Oil.	18c	16c	18c
81,150	Bos-Wyo Oil	80c	70c	80c
6,000	Carib Syn.	4⅛	3⅞	3⅞
45	Cities Ser.	196½	195	195
500	Do hkrs sh	21½	20¾	21½
30	Do pf.	60¾	60¾	60¾
100	Colum Syn.	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
1,100	Colum Pet.	1⅜	1¼	1⅜
100	Cont Pet.	14	14	14
900	Cost Bet.	5¼	5	5
1,700	Cosden P.old	4¾	4⅜	4⅜
200	Creole Syn.	2¼	2¼	2¼
200	Dom Oil Tex	9¾	9¾	9¾
19,800	Engre Pet.	62c	60c	61c
22,200	Federal Oil.	1⅜	1⅛	1⅜
1,700	Gilliland Oil.	9	8¾	8¾
7,200	Glen Rock O	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
400	Granada Oil	3⅜	3⅜	3⅜
41,000	Hudson Oil.	40c	35c	35c
1,300	Key Ranger.	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞
9,700	Kirby Pet.	22⅞	22¼	22⅞
6,000	Lance Cr R.	6c	5c	5c
4,900	Livingston P	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
1,000	Lyons Pet.	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
2,400	Maracaibo O	25¾	24¾	25¾
200	Mar O of M	1⅞	1	1
3,500	Merritt Oil.	12	9¾	12

MINING STOCKS.

800	Al-Brit C M	2⅜	2⅜	2⅜
1,000	Ang-AmCorp of Sou Ar.	23¾	23¼	23¾
7,000	Big Ledge O	22c	21c	22c
20,500	Bost & Mont.	44c	40c	45c
2,700	Do Corp.	3⅜	3⅜	3⅜
1,000	Best & Ely.	62c	62c	62c
100	Cal & Jer.	23c	23c	23c
4,000	Canada Cop.	20c	19c	20c
400	Con Copper	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜
1,100	Col Emerald	66c	62c	66c
300	Cop Can. M.	1⅛	96c	99c
4,500	Cortez Silver	89c	88c	93c
500	Cres Cr G M	24¼	24¼	24¼
600	Delaware Exp.	60c	50c	60c
1,000	Div Ext Min	15c	15c	15c
9,000	Eureka-Cro	22c	22c	22c
5,800	Gadsden Cop	74c	59c	74c
22,700	Gold Fissure	15c	13c	15c
1,000	Green Monst	13c	13c	13c
2,500	HardShell M	16c	16c	16c
13,000	Harm D. M.	12c	11c	11c
100	Hecla Min.	5⅞	5⅞	5⅞
100	Howe Sound	8	8	8
7,000	Indepen L M	20c	18c	18c
2,200	Jer Ver Dev	3⅜	3⅜	3⅜
1,000	Keora Gold.	8c	8c	8c
400	Kerr Lake M	3¼	3¼	3¼
1,400	Magma Cop.	29¾	28¼	29¾
1,000	Marsh Min.	6c	6c	6c
300	Mason Val M	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞

WRINTS

(In $1,000 lots)

12	Allied Pack 8s.	71¼	71	71
10	Do ctfs	84	84	84
1	Alum 7s, '25.	101⅞	101⅞	101⅞
8	Do 7s, '35.	102⅜	102⅜	102⅜
20	AmCotO 6s, '24	95¾	95¾	95¾
66	Am L&T 8s, '25.	104¾	104¾	104¾
10	Am T&T 6s, '22.	100¾	100¾	100¾
17	Bat Rub. '24, '41.	100⅞	100⅞	100⅞
1	Am Tob 7s, '22.	102	102	102
11	Anaconda 6s, '29	98¾	98¼	98¼
30	Do 7s, '29.	103	102¾	102¾
2	Anglo-A C 7½s.	103¾	103¾	103¾
1	Armour 7s, '43.	103¼	103	103¼
15	Barnsdall 8s, '31	99¾	99	99
31	Beth Stl 7s, '23.	101¾	101¾	101¾
80	Do 7s, '35.	102	101¾	101¾
1	CanadianNatRy 7s, '35.	100⅞	100⅞	100⅞
1	Can Pac 6s, '34.	101	101	101
8	CentStl 1st mtge 8s, '41.	98¾	98¾	98¾
58	ColGrph 6s, '42.	49	46	46
13	Do int dep	40	37½	37½
54	Consol Coal 5s, '50, w i.	86¾	86	86¼
8	Con Gas 7s, '25.	101¼	101¼	101¼
15	Con G,ELS&P of Balt 7s, '31.	108	108	108
1	Cop R A 6s, '24.	102⅞	102⅞	102⅞
4	Do 8s, '25.	104¼	104¼	104¼
5	CubanTel1st lien Ard mtge gold 7½s, '41.	104	104	104
4	CudahyPack 7s.	101¼	101	101¼
3	Deere 7½s, '31.	97¾	97¾	97¾
10	Duquesne L&P 7½s, '49.	104¼	104¼	104¼
5	Fed Land Bank 5s, '41, w i.	103	103	103
2	B Gair 1st mtge 7s, '37.	96	96	96
1	Gulf States St. 7½s.	101¾	101¾	101¾
21	G'rich (BF) 7s.	98¾	98¾	98¾
4	Grd Trunk 6½s.	105¾	105¾	105¾
8	Gulf Oil 7s, '33.	103¾	103¾	103¾
10	Duquesne L&P 7½s, '49.	100¼	100¼	100¼
2	Hoodlub 7s, '26.	96¾	96¾	96¾
2	Humble Oil 7s.	100⅞	100⅞	100⅞
72	IntRT 8s, '32(JT Minor recto) A.	78⅞	77½	78½
12	J. Kayser & Co 7s, '42, w i.	99¾	99	99
1	Kennec'Cop 7s.	102¾	102¾	102¾
1	Laclede Gas 7s.	97¼	97¼	97¼
1	Libby 7s, '31.	99¾	99¾	99¾
86	Mar Oil 7½s, '31 Ser B, w i.	98¾	98	98¾
22	NatAcuelet mtge 10-yr 7½s, '31.	93½	93	93
10	NatChemAS 8s.	102	102	102
6	NY,NH&H 4s, '22.	79¼	79	79¼
2	Do 7s, '35, w i.	79	79	79
23	Phila Co 6s, '44.	96¾	96¾	96¾
5	Phillips 8s, '41.	101⅞	101⅞	101⅞
1	Phillip Gov 5½s, '41, w i.	106⅞	106⅞	106⅞
5	Do 5s, '52, w i.	105⅞	105⅞	105⅞
15	Phillips Petrol 7s, 1931.	104¾	104¾	104¾
10	Pub Serv of N J 7% sf bds, '41.	96¾	96¼	96¼
1	Proc&G 7s, '42.	101⅞	101⅞	101⅞
25	Saxon 7s, '33.	98¾	98¼	98¼
7	Sac G Elec, '21.	15¾	15¾	15¾
7	Sales & Co s f 7s, '42, w i.	89¾	89¼	89¼
15	Sears-Roe 7 yr.	90⅞	90⅞	90⅞
	ShawinigWPulp 10-yr 7s.	102¾	102¾	102¾
1	Solvay & Cie 8s.	103⅞	103⅞	103⅞
10	S W Bell 7s.	102¾	102¾	102¾
8	SONY 7s, '25.	104¼	104	104¼
3	Do 7s, '26.	105	104¾	105
2	Do 7s, '27.	105⅞	105⅞	105⅞
3	Do 7s, '31.	108⅞	108	108⅞
1	Do 6½s, '33.	100⅞	100¼	100⅞
10	Sup Oil 7s.	100⅞	100⅞	100⅞
45	Swift 7s, '25.	101¼	101⅛	101⅛
4	Do 7s, '31.	102¾	102¾	102¾
89	Swiss E 6½s, '29.	100¾	100¼	100¼
25	Tex Co 7s, nts.	101¼	101¼	101¼
1	TitCoaOil7s, '31.	101	101	101
15	Tol Ed 1st mtge g bds 7s, '41.	104¼	104¼	104¼
4	Un Oil Pr 8s, '31.	92¾	92	92
15	Un Ry & Ref 7½s, 1936.	103¼	103	103
	Vacuum Oil 7s.	107	106⅞	106⅞
15	WardSR-Fis, '41.	96¾	96¾	96¾
18	West Elec 7s.	106¼	106¼	106¼
	GERMAN BONDS.			
10	Hamburg 4½s.	4	4	4

OUT-OF-TOWN EXCHANGES

PHILADELPHIA.

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
400	Am Stores	123	123	123
50	Do 1st pf.	123	123	123
625	Am Rys.	8¾	8	8¼
10	Do pf.	40	40	40
115	Am Water W.	57	57	57
100	Con Tr N J.	49	49	49
625	Elec Stor.	181	149	159¾
19	Ins Co N A.	33¾	33¾	33¾
210	Lake Sup.	8	7¾	8
25	Lehigh Nav.	77¼	77¼	77¼
205	Phila & West.	54	54	54
10	Do pf.	22	22	22
85	PhCo cum pf	39	38¾	38¾

Bonds.

$1,000	A G & E 5s	83⅞	83⅞	83⅞
5,000	El A Tac 4s	64¾	64	64
1,000	1st stabl'yd	46	46	46
1,000	L V 6s, '33.	101¼	101¼	101¼
1,000	Do Con 7s	99¾	99¾	99¾
1,000	Pb Co con 5s	90	90	90

PITTSBURGH.

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
800	Ark Nat Gas	9¾	9¼	9¾
140	Barnsdall A.	30	29¾	30
100	Tidal	12	12¼	12
100	Duquesne	9¾	9¾	9¾
10	Lone Star G	95¾	95¾	95¾
54	Mfrs Light.	67	67	67
120	Nat Fireprfg.	7¼	7¼	7¼
10	Ohio Fuel O.	17	17	17
261	Okla N Gas.	10¾	10¼	10¾

DETROIT.

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
150	Am Lt & T.	142	139	139
215	Colum Mot.	4¾	4¼	4¼
400	Colum Sugar	8¼	8¼	8¼
300	Com Motors.	6	5	5
100	Dom Stamp.	100	100	100
125	Ford	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE

THURSDAY, MARCH 16, 1922.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
120	Adv Rumely pf	44¾	44¾	44¾
280	Ajax Rubber	16⅞	16⅞	16⅞
200	Allied C & D	61¾	60¾	60¾
100	AlliedChem	44	44	44
140	Am Cot Oil	20¾	20¾	20¾
300	Am Best Sug	43	42¾	42
2,910	Am Beet S	47¾	47¾	47
200	Am Can	18¾	18¾	18¾
100	Am C & F.	153¾	153¾	153¾
410	Am Chicle	100	100	100
300	Am Col Oil	8¾	8¾	8¾
200	Am Drug S.	8	8	8
100	Am Eur Sec	133¾	133	133¾
200	Am H & L.	15¼	14¾	15¼
200	Do pf.	69¾	69¾	69¾
2,430	Am Tob.	111¼	107¾	109¾
140	Do pf.	84¾	84¾	84
125	AmLinseed	11	11	11
1,820	Am Internat	43¾	43¾	43¾
1,140	Am Linseed	23¾	23¾	23¾
40	Do pf.	85¾	85¾	85¾
520	Am Loco.	109¾	107¾	108¾
2,700	Am Safety R	7¾	6¾	7¾
200	Am S & G.	14¾	14¾	14¾
125	Am S & R.	52¾	49¾	52¾
120	Am Sil Fay	53¾	53¾	53¾
1,110	Am Sug Ref	73¾	72¾	73¾
2,637	Am Sum Tob	35¾	33¾	35¾
235	Am T & T.	124	123¾	124
435	Am Tobacco.	139¾	138¾	139¾
200	Am Woolen.	38¾	38¾	38¾
300	Am W,LAE.	12¾	12¾	12¾
320	AWPaper pf	26¾	26¾	26¾
200	Am Zinc.	16¾	16¾	16
790	Anaconda C.	51¾	50	51¼
310	Ann Arbor.	18¾	17¾	17¾
140	Do pf.	46¾	46¾	46¾
830	A.O Goodr.	64	62¾	63¾
300	Atlantic Gulf.	10¾	10¾	10¾
400	A, T & S F pf	97¾	97¾	97¾
400	Atl Fruit.	4	3¾	4
1,870	Atl G&W I.	31	30¾	30¾
2,470	A, B & A.	26	25	25
1,150	Bald Loco.	107¾	105¾	107¾
280	Balt & Ohio.	26¾	26	26
100	Do pf.	53¾	53¾	53¾
530	Beth Stl. B.	13¾	12¾	12¾
245	Bklyn R T.	11¾	11¾	11¾
500	BurnaB,wi	43	38¾	40
345	Butte & Sup.	27¾	26¾	27¾
195	Butte C & Z.	6¾	4¾	6¾
310	CadoCO&G.	12	11¾	12
140	Cal Pack.	76¾	74¾	75¾
260	Cal Pet.	52¾	52	52
110	Do pf.	83¾	83¾	83¾
125	Case Plow.	54¾	54	54¾
1,075	Cal Zinc L.	7¾	7	7¼
160	Can Pac.	136¾	136¾	136¾
440	Cen Leather.	37¾	36¾	37
110	Do pf.	71¾	71¾	71¾
120	C Del Cop.	26¾	26¾	26¾
2,900	Chandler M.	73¾	71¾	72¾
240	Ches A Ohio	60¾	60¾	60¾
235	Chi & T Ill.	21¾	21¾	21¾
210	Do pf.	44¾	44¾	44¾
220	Chi Gt W pf	18	17¾	18
285	C, M & St P	23¾	23	23¾
520	Do pf.	38	37¾	37¾
240	Chi R I & P.	39¾	39¾	39¾
140	Chi Gt West	7¾	7¾	7¾
480	C, R I & P.	41¾	40¾	40¾
650	Chile Cop.	18¾	18	18¼
150	Chigo Cop.	28¾	28¾	28¾
250	Cocs-Cola	44	43¾	44
420	Col South.	47¾	47¾	47¾
1,380	Col Gas & E	82¾	79¾	82¾
10,075	Col Grapho.	4	3¾	3¾
230	Comp-T Tab	72	72	72
100	Con Cigar.	55	55	55
500	Con Distrib.	2¼	1¾	2¼
900	Con Cigar.	25	25	25
2,890	Consol Gas.	111¾	109¾	110¾
280	Con Textile.	11¾	11¾	11¾
325	Cont Can.

TIME MONEY LOWEST SINCE SEPT., 1917

Thirty-Day Funds Lent at 4¼ Per Cent. and 60-Day Loans Made at 4½.

The financial district yesterday was surfeited with money. As a result of this condition, brought about by heavy payments to the banks, with but light drains on them, the market rates for funds, on approved collateral, declined to abnormally low figures. Thirty-day time funds lent at 4¼ per cent. for the first time since the week of Sept. 1, 1917, when the rate was 4@4½ per cent. The Stock Exchange rate for call money was 3 per cent., the lowest since Jan. 20, but in the outside market about $10,000,000 was lent on call at 2½ per cent., also a new figure for recent months. Both commercial paper rates and acceptance rates were shaded.

The situation, in which bankers in their efforts to keep surplus deposits employed slashed rates, has been brought about by the backing up of funds in the banks, some of it from the interior, but much of it owned by the Government and on deposit here.

Ample blocks of all sorts of money were available, but the demand was light, dealers and brokers said. The rate of 4¼ per cent. for thirty-day time money was established on several blocks, lent on all industrial collateral. Some sixty-day money was offered at 4½, and that rate was bid for ninety-day to 120-day money.

In the call market the rate came down rapidly from the opening figure of 4 per cent. to 3 per cent., at which it closed. The loan crowd in the Stock Exchange became deserted when it was noised about that ample amounts could be obtained in the "outside market" at 2½.

Because the situation probably is temporary, the commercial paper market was not much affected, but there was evidence that the posted figures were being shaded. The average discount is 4⅝@5 per cent., with an exceptional 4½ per cent. reported. An extremely good demand from Western sources was reported in the bankers' acceptance market, with a buyers' rate of 4 per cent. and a sellers' rate of 3⅞ per cent to 3¾ per cent. before the day ended. Chicago bankers were heavy purchasers of acceptances here.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

UNITED STATES TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK

at the close of business on the 10th day of March, 1922:

RESOURCES.

Specie (gold certificates)		$100,000.00
Due from the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, less offsets		4,000,000.00
Due from approved reserve depositaries, less offsets		7,100,353.90
Stock and bond investments, viz.:		
Public securities	$3,300,200.00	
Private securities	8,111,797.53	$11,411,997.53
Loans and discounts secured by bond and mortgage, deed or other real estate collateral		26,250.00
Loans and discounts secured by other collateral		29,277,988.83
Loans, discounts and bills purchased, not secured by collateral		11,066,604.63
Bonds and mortgages owned		4,340,634.76
Real estate, viz.:		
Bank buildings		1,000,000.00
Other assets, viz.:		
Accrued interest entered on books at close of business on above date		526,671.58
Total		$68,860,501.32

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock		$3,000,000.00
Surplus:		
Surplus fund	$12,000,000.00	
Undivided profits	3,937,995.65	15,937,995.65
Deposits: Preferred, as follows:		
Due New York State savings banks	$1,850,160.62	
Other deposits due as executor, administrator, guardian, receiver, trustee, committee or depositary	11,491,175.16	
Other deposits secured by a pledge of assets	1,706,080.96	
Not preferred, as follows:		
Deposits subject to check	18,262,204.09	
Time deposits, certificates and other deposits, the payment of which cannot legally be required within thirty days	8,628,623.53	
Other certificates of deposit	2,126,481.45	
Due trust companies, banks and bankers	5,675,710.90	40,740,547.31
Other liabilities, viz.:		
Reserves for taxes, expenses, etc.	$641,055.00	
Accrued interest entered on books at close of business on above date	504,554.58	
Estimated unearned discounts	35,948.80	1,181,958.38
Total		$68,860,501.32

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

COMMONWEALTH BANK, NEW YORK,

at the close of business on the tenth (10th) day of March, 1922:

RESOURCES.

Specie		$40,821.00
Other currency authorized by the Laws of the United States		405,297.00
Cash items, viz.:		
Exchanges and checks for next day's clearings	$396,999.53	
Other cash items	262,500.58	659,500.11
Due from the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, less offsets		2,508,822.50
Due from other banks, trust companies and bankers		104,016.42
Stock and bond investments, viz.:		
Public securities	$1,508,022.45	
Private securities	1,896,855.08	3,404,877.11
Loans and discounts secured by other collateral		1,701,210.83
Loans, discounts and bills purchased not secured by collateral		2,808,912.50
Overdrafts		37.04
Bonds and mortgages owned		70,750.00
Real estate, viz.:		
Bank buildings		520,000.00
Other assets, viz.:		
Furniture and fixtures	$15,324.01	
Accrued interest not entered on books at close of business on above date	61,395.14	76,719.15
Total		$11,900,653.24

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock		$400,000.00
Surplus:		
Surplus fund	$400,000.00	
Undivided profits	269,002.59	669,002.59
Deposits, preferred, as follows:		
Due New York State savings banks	$1,096,142.42	
Other deposits secured by a pledge of assets	209.40	
Not preferred, as follows:		
Deposits subject to check	8,338,379.18	
Demand certificates of deposit	102,901.63	
Cashier's checks outstanding, including similar items of other offices	41,035.05	
Certified checks	104,780.83	
Unpaid dividends	80.00	
Due trust companies, banks and bankers	24,771.07	9,608,241.58
Other liabilities, viz.:		
Accrued interest entered on books at close of business on above date	$12,159.66	
Estimated unearned discounts	20,208.51	32,368.17
Total		$11,900,653.24

TELLS COINS BY WEIGHT.

Blind Newspaper Vendor Is Not Often Deceived, He Says.

"How can I tell a counterfeit coin?" said the blind newspaper vendor at a subway entrance. "Why, by the weight. You'd think that people would fool a blind man with fake coins pretty often, but they don't with me. Another thing I go by is the demeanor, for I know from the way folks behave whether they are honest or not.

"I remember during the war a woman tried to cheat me three times with German cents,' the blind man went on, for he was in a conversational mood and business was dull. "A German cent is a little smaller than ours, but it's about the same weight, and feels much the same to the touch. I found the German coins at night when I was counting up my change at home. The third time I told her to 'get out,' and she never came back. And she was 60 years old at that. I hadn't the heart to have her arrested."

The CONTINENTAL and COMMERCIAL BANKS

CHICAGO

Statements of Condition March 10, 1922

CONTINENTAL and COMMERCIAL NATIONAL BANK

Resources

Time Loans	$155,686,179.41	
Demand Loans	112,186,514.31	
Acceptances	1,349,262.20	
Bonds, Securities, Etc.	20,386,927.58	$289,608,883.50
U. S. Bonds and Certificates of Indebtedness		11,978,170.04
Bank Premises (equity)		7,250,000.00
Other Real Estate		32,945.00
Stock of Federal Reserve Bank		1,200,000.00
Customers' Liability on Letters of Credit		3,909,811.88
Customers' Liability on Acceptances (as per Contra)		5,205,163.67
Overdrafts		73,563.59
Cash and Due from Banks		104,055,069.61
		$423,313,607.29

Liabilities

Capital		$ 25,000,000.00
Surplus		15,000,000.00
Undivided Profits		4,589,130.66
Reserved for Taxes		1,837,952.36
Circulation		50,000.00
Liability on Letters of Credit		4,138,528.87
Liability on Acceptances		5,224,801.17
Deposits: Individual	$190,906,498.31	
Deposits: Banks	176,566,695.92	367,473,194.23
		$423,313,607.29

CONTINENTAL and COMMERCIAL TRUST AND SAVINGS BANK

Resources

Time Loans		$20,201,124.47
Demand Loans	$21,378,055.54	
*Bonds and Securities	15,892,206.23	
Cash and Due from Banks	34,083,818.05	71,354,079.82
		$91,555,204.29

*Adjusted to cost or market price, whichever is lower.

Liabilities

Capital	$5,000,000.00	
Surplus	5,000,000.00	
Undivided Profits	2,574,384.53	
Unearned Interest	109,153.81	
Reserved for Taxes, Int. and Div.	1,745,490.80	$14,429,029.14
Demand Deposits	$20,890,638.66	
Time Deposits	49,114,968.46	
Special Deposits	7,120,568.03	77,126,175.15
		$91,555,204.29

The Capital Stock of this Bank is owned by the Stockholders of the Continental and Commercial National Bank of Chicago.

Combined Deposits, $444,599,369.38

Report of the Condition of

The Fifth Avenue Bank of New York

at the close of business on the 10th day of March, 1922.

RESOURCES

Specie		$158,276.57
Other currency authorized by the laws of the United States		820,642.00
Cash items, viz.:		
Exchanges and checks for next day's clearings	$640,775.03	
Other cash items	948,036.14	1,788,812.97
Due from the Federal Reserve Bank of New York less offsets		2,365,100.86
Due from other banks, trust companies and bankers		605,152.86
Stock and bond investments, viz.:		
Public securities	$4,531,429.67	
Private securities	104,400.00	4,635,829.67
Loans and discounts secured by bond and mortgage, deed or other real estate collateral		11,500.00
Loans and discounts secured by other collateral		7,848,148.00
Loans, discounts and bills purchased not secured by collateral		7,276,041.09
Overdrafts		14,250.02
Real estate, viz.:		
Bank buildings		552,086.00
Customers' liability on acceptances (see liabilities, per contra)		282,586.55
Other assets, viz.:		
Accrued interest entered on books at close of business on above date	$64,769.12	
Accrued interest not entered on books at close of business on above date (estimated)	8,017.12	72,786.24
Total		$25,801,211.56

LIABILITIES

Capital stock		$500,000.00
Surplus:		
Surplus fund	$2,000,000.00	
Undivided profits	425,317.27	2,425,317.27
Deposits:		
Preferred, as follows:		
Due New York State Savings Banks	$144,000.86	
Due New York State Savings and Loan Associations, Credit Unions and Land Bank	43,011.60	
Other deposits due as executor, administrator, guardian, receiver, trustee, committee or depositary	201,117.16	
Not preferred, as follows:		
Deposits subject to check	22,234,945.72	
Demand certificates of deposit	1,527.02	
Cashier's checks outstanding, including similar checks of other offices	165,344.08	
Certified checks	55,223.15	
Unpaid dividends	60.00	
Due trust companies, banks and bankers	54,757.58	22,071,986.61
Acceptances of drafts payable at a future date or authorized by commercial letters of credit		282,586.55
Other liabilities, viz.:		
Reserves for taxes and contingencies	$417,686.66	
Estimated unearned discounts	135,985.06	553,673.72
Total		$25,801,211.56

METROPOLITAN TRUST COMPANY OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK

120 BROADWAY — 716 FIFTH AVENUE

STATEMENT OF CONDITION

As at the close of business, March 10, 1922

RESOURCES

Cash on hand and in banks	$ 8,865,267.75
Loans and Discounts	21,240,136.07
U. S. Government Securities	584,938.00
New York State, County, and City Bonds	3,715,920.29
Other Stocks and Bonds	3,614,021.73
Bonds and Mortgages	1,312,660.00
Accrued Interest Receivable	154,329.05
Customers' Liability on Commercial and Travellers' Letters of Credit	123,047.30
Bankers' Liability on Acceptances Endorsed	21,300.00
	$39,631,620.19

LIABILITIES

Capital	$ 2,000,000.00
Surplus and Undivided Profits	3,711,474.44
Reserve for Dividends, Taxes, etc.	232,810.42
Deposits	33,401,084.97
Accrued Interest Payable	59,018.29
Unearned Interest and Discount	82,884.77
Commercial and Travellers' Letters of Credit Issued	123,047.30
Bankers' Acceptances Endorsed	21,300.00
	$39,631,620.19

DIRECTORS

PHILIP D. ARMOUR ..... Vice-President, Armour & Co.
EARL D. BABST ..... President, American Sugar Refining Co.
VAN LEAR BLACK ..... President, Fidelity Trust Co., Baltimore
THEODORE C. CAMP ..... Director, Lawyers Mortgage Co.
WILLIAM CARPENDER ..... Of W. & J. N. Carpender
PIERRE C. CARTIER ..... Cartier, New York City
BEVERLY CHEW ..... Director, Geneva Trust Company
THOMAS DeWITT CUYLER, Director, Pennsylvania Railroad Co.
CORNELIUS ELDERT ..... President, Atlantic Mutual Insurance Co.
HALEY FISKE ..... President, Metropolitan Life Ins. Co.
HAROLD HERRICK ..... Director, Niagara Fire Insurance Co.
ERSKINE HEWITT ..... Vice-President, Union Sulphur Co.
ARTHUR A. HOUGHTON ..... Director, Corning Glass Works
WILLIAM B. JOYCE ..... President, National Surety Company
RAYMOND T. MARSHALL ..... Treasurer, Willcox, Peck & Hughes
BRADLEY MARTIN ..... Director, Hudson Trust Co., New Jersey
WALTER E. MAYNARD ..... New York City
SAMUEL McROBERTS ..... President
OGDEN MILLS ..... Director, New York Central R. R. Co.
CHARLES W. OGDEN ..... Of Ogden & Wallace, Iron and Steel
HERBERT PARSONS ..... Of Parsons, Closson & McIlvaine, Lawyers
HAROLD I. PRATT ..... Of Charles Pratt & Company
WILLIAM ROSS PROCTOR ..... Of Abbott, Hoppin & Co.
CORNELIUS A. PUGSLEY, Pres., Westchester County National Bank
CHARLES G. SMITH ..... President, Great American Insurance Co.
HAROLD B. THORNE ..... Vice-President, Pierce Oil Corp.
ALFRED P. WALKER ..... President, Standard Milling Company
JOSEPH WALKER, JR. ..... Of Joseph Walker & Sons
CLARENCE W. WATSON ..... President, The Consolidation Coal Co.
CHARLES W. WESTON ..... Vice-President

The American Exchange National Bank

128 BROADWAY — NEW YORK CITY

Condensed Statement of Condition, March 10, 1922

RESOURCES

*Loans, Discounts and Investments	$ 90,621,662.90
*U. S. and Liberty Bonds, Loans on Liberty Bonds	12,701,834.83
Cash, Balance with Federal Reserve Bank, Exchanges for Clearing House and due from U. S. Treasurer	60,068,013.75
Due from Banks and Trust Companies	3,423,622.67
Customers' Liability under Letters of Credit and Acceptances	4,405,753.87
Interest earned but not collected	43,469.65
Other Assets	3,152.51
	$171,267,710.18

*Includes those securing Circulation, Postal Savings, U. S. Deposits and Federal Reserve Bank.

LIABILITIES

Capital Stock	$ 5,000,000.00
Surplus Fund	5,000,000.00
†Undivided Profits	2,845,967.95
Reserved for Taxes, etc.	1,282,872.97
Interest and Discount collected, not earned	407,243.54
Deposits	135,450,504.67
Acceptances and Letters of Credit	4,964,686.21
Acceptances sold with our endorsement	10,473,447.70
Circulation	4,955,000.00
Foreign Exchange Account Customers	885,792.14
Other Liabilities	4,195.00
	$171,267,710.18

†*After paying dividend $175,000.00 due Feb. 1, 1922.*

Documentary Letters of Credit issued but not used or drawn against *$5,008,096.75*

FINANCIAL NOTICES.

TO THE HOLDERS OF FIRST MORTGAGE 7% BONDS OF THE

UTAH FUEL COMPANY

Due March 1, 1931.
SINKING FUND.

Notice is hereby given as provided in Article 12 of the mortgage of the Utah Fuel Company and Pleasant Valley Coal Company dated March 1, 1901, that written proposals will be received by the undersigned at its office, 140 Broadway, New York City, until 10 o'clock A. M., Thursday, March 23, 1922, for the sale to it, as Trustee, of the lowest prices at which such bonds shall be offered, not exceeding 110% of their principal amount, of sufficient of the above bonds to exhaust the sum of Fourteen Thousand Nine Hundred Ninety-nine Dollars and Eighteen Cents ($14,999.18). Interest on the bonds accepted will cease on March 24, 1922.

The Trustee reserves the right to reject any and all proposals in whole or in part. Each proposal must designate the bonds offered by their serial numbers, should state the post office address of the party making the proposal and should be enclosed in a sealed envelope and endorsed "Proposal for sale of Utah Fuel Company Bonds to Sinking Fund" and addressed to the TRUST DEPARTMENT.

Persons desiring to make offers of bonds to the Sinking Fund, whose responsibility is not known to the Trustee, should accompany their offers by a sufficient letter of introduction or guarantee of good faith by a bank, banker or others whose responsibility is established.

GUARANTY TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK.
By WILLIAM C. POTTER, President.
Dated March 2, 1922.

TO THE HOLDERS OF

THE ATLANTIC REFINING COMPANY

Ten Year Six and One-Half Per Cent. Gold Debentures.

The Equitable Trust Company of New York, as Trustee under The Atlantic Refining Company Trust Agreement dated March 1, 1921, hereby invites sealed offers to be made to it for the sale to the Sinking Fund under said Trust Agreement, of Debentures issued thereunder, sufficient to exhaust the sum of Five Hundred Thousand Dollars ($500,000), now held in the Sinking Fund, at a price not to exceed par and accrued interest. In the event that sufficient of said Debentures shall not be offered before March 27, 1922, at prices not to exceed par and interest, any unexpended balance of the Sinking Fund will be applied during the four months next succeeding March 1, 1922, as far as possible, by the Trustee, in the purchase of additional Debentures at prices not to exceed par and accrued interest.

Sealed offers will be opened at the office of the undersigned, 37 Wall Street, New York City, at 12 o'clock noon, March 27, 1922. Offers should be addressed to the Trust Department.

THE EQUITABLE TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK, Trustee.
By LYMAN RHODES, Vice-President.
Dated, March 3rd, 1922.

FINANCIAL NOTICES.

TO THE HOLDERS OF THE OUTSTANDING 7% GOLD NOTES, SERIES A, OF

Maxwell Motor Corporation

Notice is hereby given, in accordance with the provisions contained in Article 4 of the Trust Agreement, dated June 1, 1921, between Maxwell Motor Corporation and Central Union Trust Company of New York that the above named Maxwell Motor Corporation has elected to redeem on the 1st day of April, 1922, the entire issue of Series A of the above mentioned notes at the principal amount thereof and accrued interest, and that the interest on all said notes of Series A shall cease on said 1st day of April, 1922.

All said notes of Series A are required to be presented for redemption and payment on said 1st day of April, 1922, to Central Union Trust Company of New York, the agency of said Maxwell Motor Corporation, for the payment of said notes, at its office, 80 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City and State of New York.

MAXWELL MOTOR CORPORATION.
By WM. BOBT. WILSON, President.
W. LEOTARD MITCHELL, Secretary.
Dated, Detroit, Mich., March 14, 1922.

DIVIDENDS.

UNITED DYEWOOD CORPORATION,
New York, March 1, 1922.

Preferred Capital Stock Dividend No. 22.
Common Capital Stock Dividend No. 22.

The following dividends on the stocks of this Corporation have been declared:

A dividend of $1.75 per share (from a sum set aside for the payment of $7.00 per share for the year 1922) on the Preferred Stock, payable April 1, 1922; a dividend of $1.00 per share on the Common Stock, payable April 1, 1922, payable to stockholders of record of Preferred and Common Stocks at the close of business Wednesday, March 15, 1922.

The Transfer Books will not be closed.

Checks will be mailed by the New York Trust Company of New York.

ERNEST W. PICKER, Treasurer.

Beach Royalties Corporation

Wichita Falls, Texas,
March 15, 1922.

DIVIDEND NO. 4.

The Board of Directors of this Company has declared the regular monthly dividend of 2% on the Capital Stock outstanding of the Company, payable April 15, 1922, to Stockholders of record March 31, 1922.

H. BEACH, Secretary.

UNIVERSAL LEAF TOBACCO CO., INC.

A Dividend of 3% for the quarter on the Common Stock of the Universal Leaf Tobacco Company, Inc., has been declared, payable April 1st, 1922, to the Common Stockholders of record at the close of business March 22nd, 1922.

G. M. DOZIER, Secretary.

THE EQUITABLE TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK

Alvin W. Krech, *President*

Condition at the Close of Business, March 10, 1922

ASSETS

Cash on Hand and in Banks	$ 26,640,708.57
Exchanges for Clearing House	16,044,620.83
Due from Foreign Banks	4,604,971.07
Bonds and Mortgages	1,799,500.00
Public Securities	11,933,903.33
Short-Term Investments	2,001,529.22
Other Stocks and Bonds	14,740,221.56
Demand Loans	43,062,665.02
Time Loans	24,951,258.06
Bills Discounted	47,064,321.97
Customers' Liability on Acceptances (Less Anticipations)	22,902,358.62
Real Estate	3,391,312.56
Foreign Offices	29,695,610.01
Accrued Interest Receivable and Other Assets	9,845,322.20
	$258,678,303.02

LIABILITIES

Capital	$ 12,000,000.00
Surplus and Undivided Profits	15,851,303.92
Deposits (Including Foreign Offices)	200,263,548.01
Acceptances (Less in portfolio)	24,891,149.96
Accrued Interest Payable, Reserve for Taxes, and Other Liabilities	5,672,301.13
	$258,678,303.02

37 Wall Street

Madison Ave. at 45th St. — 222 Broadway

London—3 King William St., E. C. 4 — Paris—23 Rue de la Paix

Established 1810

THE MECHANICS & METALS NATIONAL BANK

OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK

Condensed Statement of Condition March 10, 1922

ASSETS

Loans and Discounts	$134,795,302.69
Customers' Liability Under Acceptances	3,899,668.98
United States Government Securities	3,961,320.57
Bonds, Securities, etc.	6,486,286.29
Banking House Furniture and Fixtures	3,385,195.20
Cash and Exchanges	74,154,476.82
	$226,682,250.55

LIABILITIES

Capital Stock		$ 10,000,000.00
Surplus		10,000,000.00
Undivided Profits		7,401,699.06
Unearned Discount		597,240.98
Reserved for Interest and Taxes		490,935.00
National Bank Notes Outstanding		984,500.00
Time Acceptances (Foreign Dept.)		4,365,177.29
DEPOSITS		
Individual and Banks	$189,318,702.03	
United States Government	3,523,996.19	192,842,698.22
		$226,682,250.55

Head Office, 20 Nassau Street

BRANCHES

25 Broadway

Columbus Ave. and 93d St. — First Ave. and 103d St.
Madison Ave. and 90th St. — Broadway and 80th St.
Seventh Ave. and 58th St. — Amsterdam Ave. and 125th St.
Third Ave. and 116th St. — Second Ave. and 14th St.

DIVIDENDS.

CITY INVESTING COMPANY
61 Broadway,
New York, March 16, 1922.

The Board of Directors have declared a quarterly dividend of one and three-quarters per cent. upon the preferred stock of this Company, payable at its office on April 1st, 1922, to holders of preferred stock of record on the books of the Company at the close of business on March 24, 1922.

G. R. GUNTHER, Secretary.

ALLIS-CHALMERS MANUFACTURING COMPANY (DE).
Preferred Dividend.
March 3rd, 1922.

The Board of Directors has declared a quarterly dividend of One Dollar Seventy-Five Cents (61.75) per share on the preferred stock of this Company, payable April 15th, 1922, to preferred stockholders of record at the close of business March 24th, 1922.

Transfer books will not be closed.
Checks will be mailed.

H. WOODLAND,
Secretary and Treasurer.

U. S. INDUSTRIAL ALCOHOL CO.
PREFERRED DIVIDEND NO. 62.

The regular quarterly dividend of 1¾% upon the preferred capital stock of this Company has been declared, payable April 15, 1922, to preferred stockholders of record March 31, 1922. Transfer books will not be closed.

A. G. ROBINSON, Treasurer.
Dated, March 16, 1922.

DIVIDENDS.

FIDELITY-INTERNATIONAL TRUST COMPANY

NEW YORK CITY.

The Board of Directors of the Fidelity-International Trust Company has declared a quarterly dividend of TWO AND ONE-HALF PER CENT (2½%) on the capital stock of the company, payable March 31, 1922, to stockholders of record at the close of business March 20th, 1922.

Transfer books will be closed at 1 P. M. on March 23th, 1922, and will reopen on April 1st, 1922.

Checks for the dividend will be mailed March 30, 1922.

ARTHUR W. MELLEN, Secretary.

THE NEW YORK TRUST COMPANY
100 Broadway.

The Board of Trustees has declared this day a quarterly dividend of FIVE PER CENT., payable March 31, 1922, to stockholders of record at the close of business March 18, 1922. The transfer books will close March 18, 1922, and re-open April 1, 1922.

EUGD G. CUNTS, Secretary.
New York, March 15, 1922.

THE IMPORTERS & TRADERS NATIONAL BANK OF NEW YORK.
New York, March 14th, 1922.

A quarterly dividend of Six Per Cent. has today been declared by this bank, payable on the first day of April next to stockholders of record at the close of business March 22nd, 1922.

C. F. REGAN, Cashier.

DIVIDENDS.

240th Dividend

BANK OF THE MANHATTAN COMPANY

CHARTERED 1799

New York, March 16th, 1922.

The President and Directors of the Manhattan Company have this day declared a quarterly dividend of SIX PER CENT. on the Capital stock of this Company, payable April 1st, 1922, to stockholders of record at the close of business, March 23rd, 1922.

The transfer books will not close.

OWEN E. PAYNTER, Cashier.

PROPOSALS.

PROPOSALS FOR SERVICE HATS. War Dept., Phila. Quartermaster Intermediate Depot Phila., Pa. Sealed proposals, in triplicate, will be received here until 11 A. M. April 12, 1922, for furnishing 30,000 Hats, service, size 7¼. Information on request.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF

THE EQUITABLE TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK

At the close of business on the 10th day of March, 1922:

RESOURCES.		
Specie		$26,038.45
Other currency authorized by the laws of the United States		1,472,720.00
Cash items, viz.:		
Exchanges and checks for next day's clearings	$16,044,620.62	
Other cash items	220,525.00	16,265,045.62
Due from the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, less offsets		19,977,417.36
Due from other banks, trust companies and bankers		14,484,606.61
Stock and bond investments, viz.:		
Public securities $17,983,906.33		
Private securities 16,741,750.78		34,675,684.11
Loans and discounts secured by bond and mortgage, deed or other real estate collateral		944,866.89
Loans and discounts secured by other collateral		57,061,885.04
Loans, discounts and bills purchased not secured by collateral		40,916,022.40
Own acceptances purchased		1,530,965.41
Overdrafts		$1,831.06
Bonds and mortgages		1,190,850.00
Bank buildings	12,861,130.00	
Other real estate	86,182.50	3,961,312.50
Customers' liability on acceptances (see liabilities, per contra)	$24,321,149.66	
Less anticipations	1,420,191.24	22,902,358.42
Other assets, viz.:		
Foreign offices (per contra)	$28,996,590.00	
Accrued interest entered on books at close of business on above date	1,016,974.39	
Accrued interest not entered on books at close of business on above date	210,000.00	
Due from branches	4,886,717.81	
Sundry debtors	2,065,414.74	35,779,317.94
Total		$235,078,300.02
LIABILITIES.		
Capital stock		$15,000,000.00
Surplus:		
Surplus fund	$14,500,000.00	
Undivided profits	1,361,202.97	15,861,202.97
Deposits—Preferred, as follows:		
Due New York State savings banks	$2,043,521.62	
Due New York State savings and loan associations, credit unions and Land Bank	71,073.72	
Other deposits due as executor, administrator, guardian, receiver, trustee, committee or depositary	16,067,109.33	
Deposits by the State of New York	200,000.00	
Deposits by the Superintendent of Banks of the State of New York	105,661.19	
Other deposits secured by a pledge of assets	8,527,588.50	
Not preferred, as follows:		
Deposits subject to check	94,854,583.95	
Time deposits, certificates and other deposits, the payment of which cannot legally be required within thirty days	3,130,934.54	
Demand certificates of deposit	492,558.49	
Deposits withdrawable only on presentation of passbook	1,141.78	
Cashiers' checks outstanding, including certificates of other officers	7,504,818.74	
Certified checks	1,070,836.40	
Dividends unpaid	2,576.00	
Due trust companies, banks and bankers	45,808,548.80	
Foreign branch deposits	25,596,609.00	
Total deposits		200,263,548.01
Acceptances of drafts payable at a future date or authorized by commercial letters of credit		24,801,149.96
Other liabilities, viz.:		
Reserves for taxes, expenses, etc.	$1,819,557.21	
Accrued interest entered on books at close of business on above date	$400,386	
Accrued interest not entered on books at close of business on above date	262,190.62	
Dividends payable	2,576.00	
Estimated unearned discounts	515,070.48	5,672,301.15
Total		$235,078,303.02

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF

THE PACIFIC BANK

at the close of business on the 10th day of March, 1922:

RESOURCES.		
Specie		$91,068.92
Other currency authorized by the laws of the United States		1,005,882.00
Cash items, viz.:		
Exchanges and checks for next day's clearings	$1,306,097.85	
Other cash items	112,804.35	1,419,902.10
Due from the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, less offsets		4,878,187.35
Due from approved reserve depositaries, less offsets		801,819.71
Due from other banks, trust companies and bankers		87,018.47
Stock and bond investments, viz.:		
Public securities	$442,180.00	
Private securities	430,911.40	873,091.40
Loans and discounts secured by bond and mortgage		6,145,035.11
Loans, discounts and bills purchased not secured by collateral		15,219,671.87
Own acceptances purchased		740,047.39
Overdrafts		2,083.41
Real estate, viz.:		
Bank buildings		60,000.00
Customers' liability on acceptances (see liabilities, per contra)	$2,258,169.54	
Less anticipations	285,054.30	1,973,114.24
Other assets, viz.:		
Accrued interest entered on books at close of business on above date		18.75
Total		$32,288,785.82
LIABILITIES.		
Capital stock		$1,000,000.00
Surplus:		
Surplus fund	$1,000,000.00	
Undivided profits	146,868.14	1,146,868.14
Deposits:		
Preferred, as follows:		
Due New York State savings banks	$372,088.82	
Other deposits secured by a pledge of assets	200,000.00	
Not preferred, as follows:		
Deposits subject to check	26,376,078.82	
Time deposits, certificates and other deposits, the payment of which cannot legally be required within thirty days	263,000.00	
Demand certificates of deposit	28,234.32	
Cashiers' checks outstanding, including similar checks of other offices	48,836.00	
Certified checks	207,411.11	
Due trust companies, banks and bankers	881,109.43	
Total deposits		28,387,880.30
Acceptances of drafts payable at a future date or authorized by commercial letters of credit		3,888,288.64
Other liabilities, viz.:		
Reserves for taxes, etc.	$81,080.28	
Estimated unearned discounts	146,088.68	224,084.96
Total		$32,288,785.82

STATEMENT OF GROSS AND NET EARNINGS FOR YEAR 1921.

Gross earnings	$[illegible]
Operating expenses	$[illegible]
Net earnings	$[illegible]
Int. — interest	$[illegible]
Net profits	$[illegible]

NEW YORK [illegible] COMPANY.

TIDE WATER OIL CO. PASSES ITS DIVIDEND

Two Per Cent. Paid Quarterly Since the Cut From 16 Per Cent. Last Year.

DEFICIT IS PUT AT $2,026,830

Mexican Investments Reduced to Practically Junk Value in Readjusting Books.

The Directors of the Tide Water Oil Company have passed the quarterly dividend. The company had been paying at the rate of 2 per cent. quarterly since June, 1921, when the rate was reduced from 16 per cent. R. D. Benson, President, in a letter to stockholders, said in part:

"The Directors of your company have decided that, by reason of conditions in the oil trade, the present is an inopportune time to determine the dividend policy of the company for the year, and hence will not declare a quarterly dividend, payable on March 31, as has been the custom in recent years."

Capital stock outstanding amounts to $49,057,300, of which 43 per cent. is owned by the Standard Oil Company of New Jersey. The annual report issued yesterday showed gross income of $48,256,200 against $60,077,038 in 1920 and expenses of $45,294,448 against $45,195,834, leaving operating income of $2960,546 against $14,881,607 in the previous year. Following all charges, including depreciation and depletion, there was a deficit of $2,026,830 against a surplus of $9,867,849 after Federal taxes in 1920. The profit and loss surplus at the close of 1921 totalled $12,067,825 against $18,660,086 at the end of 1920.

The general balance sheet showed net current assets of $22,478,921 and net current liabilities of $10,655,381. Among the assets, stocks of crude oil and products on hand were valued at $14,161,007 against $18,878,476 at the end of 1920. Cash totaled $1,728,118 against $1,921,434 and accounts and bills receivable were $5,864,390 against $6,319,633.

The year 1921 was a distressful one for the oil industry as well as for the other great industries of the country," said Mr. Benson. "In adjusting our books to show actual conditions, we have reduced our Mexican investment to practically junk value, and have also reduced to present-day replacement cost the inventoried value of our ships, which are in constant service carrying oil products to Atlantic ports. To offset the failure of our Mexican production we have increased our holdings of producing property in the Mid-Continent field. These properties we carry on our books at a value of $2,000 per barrel of daily production, which is a very conservative valuation for settled production of the character of ours maintained at our standard."

RAILROAD SHOWS GAIN.

Chicago, Indianapolis & Louisville Net Earnings $723,564.

The annual report of the Chicago, Indianapolis & Louisville Railway shows a net income, after taxes and charges, amounting to $723,564. This was equivalent, after preferred dividends, to $4.09 a share earned on the $10,500,000 common stock, and compared with a deficit of $1,133,893 in the preceding year. Details of the income account for last year, compared with 1920, are shown in the following table:

	1921.	1920.
Operating revenues	$15,162,876	$13,611,139
Operating expenses	12,184,660	13,210,549
Net revenues	$2,980,920	$400,586
Taxes, &c.	738,000	402,450
Operating income	$2,242,920	$401,842
Other income	449,006	153,906
Standard return		270,000
Guaranty U. S. Gov.	496,761	816,340
Total income	$2,892,676	$1,127,487
Int. rentals, &c.	2,169,812	2,261,380
Net op. income	$722,864	*$1,133,893
Pref. dividends	199,653	199,653
Com. dividends	170,674	170,571
Surplus	$352,538	*$1,504,118

*Deficit.

Southern Railway Bond Exchange.

Announcement was made yesterday by the Southern Railway Company and the Guaranty Trust Company, as trustee, that the Southern Railway Company development and general mortgage bonds bearing interest at the rate of 6½ per cent. annually, in definitive form, will be ready for delivery, in exchange for outstanding temporary bonds, at the office of the Guaranty Trust Company, March 20, 1922, was the date set for the exchange.

Welsbach Profits Decrease.

The Welsbach Company for the year 1921 reports gross profits of $630,830, compared with $1,072,882 in 1920 and net income, after depreciation, interest and sinking fund charges, of $161,790, compared with $519,842 in 1920. The net income for 1921 after preferred dividends was equal to $2.17 a share on the $3,500,000 common stock, comparing with $13.40 a share in 1920.

Texas & Pacific Meeting.

The Directors of the Texas & Pacific Railroad held a regular meeting yesterday following the annual meeting of the stockholders. Only routine matters were discussed, it was explained, as the road's record of operations for last year was not ready for inspection. Questions regarding the reorganization of the property did not come up for discussion.

Chairman Loree on Inspection Tour.

L. F. Loree, Chairman of the Kansas City Southern Railroad, left for the West yesterday to conduct his annual inspection of the property. Mr. Loree will make his tour in company with President Edson and will probably make some announcement upon his return concerning the company's budget for the year.

Otter Okmulgee Bonds.

An issue of $150,000 Okmulgee County, Okla., 6 per cent. funding bonds, dated Jan. 1, 1922, and due Jan. 1, 1937, is being offered by C. W. McNear & Co. to yield 5.15 per cent. The bonds are to cover the cost of the construction of bridges in the county and are exempt from all taxes.

Replogle Steel Reports a Deficit.

The Replogle Steel Company and its subsidiaries for the year 1921 reports net earnings of $[illegible] against $189,974 in the previous year. After all charges for depreciation, interest and inventory adjustment there was a deficit of $[illegible], $72 for the year against a surplus of $3,013 in 1920.

London Wool Market Firm.

LONDON, March 16.—The offerings at the wool auction sales today amounted to 12,979 bales. The large supply was readily cleared, and recent rates were fully maintained, with all sections buying.

American Tank Car Earnings.

The General American Tank Car Corporation for the year ended Dec. 31, 1921, reports net earnings, after depreciation, of $2,260,404, comparing with $2,941,828 in 1920. The surplus after Federal taxes and charges was $1,154,614, comparing with $1,[illegible] in the previous year.

TREASURY ISSUE ALLOTTED.

Subscriptions for Certificates Total $674,820,500.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 16.—Secretary of the Treasury Mellon announced today that the total amount of subscriptions received for the one year 4¾ per cent. Treasury certificates was $674,820,500 and that the total amount of subscriptions allotted was $366,250,000. The amount offered was $250,000,000 or thereabouts. All of the Federal Reserve districts oversubscribed their quota.

Subscriptions received from the New York district totaled $197,520,500, and the allotment was $101,050,000. Philadelphia sent in subscriptions of $105,000,000 and was allotted $17,050,000. None of the other districts sent in subscriptions in excess of $100,000,000.

WESTINGHOUSE MADE PROFIT

Air Brake Co. Net Income Is Put Down at $705,546.

The Westinghouse Air Brake Co. for 1921 reports net income, after charges and taxes and inventory adjustment, of $705,546, equal to $1.81 a share on the $39,144,200 capital stock of $50 a share par value outstanding. In 1920 the company reported profits of $5,330,403, equal to $9.15 a share on the same amount of stock. The income account for 1921 and 1920 follows:

	1921.	1920.
Profits	$1,412,496	$6,590,403
Federal taxes		1,250,000
Inv. adjustment	706,950	
Net income	$705,546	$5,330,403
Dividends	4,081,274	4,081,281
Deficit	$3,375,928	*$1,249,122
Previous surplus	16,140,579	14,879,657
Total surplus	$12,764,651	$13,129,751
Sundry chgs. and adj.	$163,452	†11,826
Profit and loss surp.	$12,921,103	$13,140,579

*Credit. †Surplus.

Inventory at the close of 1921 was valued at $10,803,889 according to the balance sheet. This compared with $15,628,812 at the close of 1920. Accounts receivable totaled $5,068,744, against $13,550,169 and cash $3,109,906, against $2,947,664. Accounts payable were $1,112,491, against $2,187,909.

OIL OUTPUT INCREASES.

Production for Week of March 11 Averages 1,429,200 Barrels Daily.

Production of crude petroleum in the United States in the week ended March 11, averaged 1,429,200 barrels daily, according to the American Petroleum Institute. This compares with an average of 1,420,050 in the previous week and 1,245,125 in the same week last year.

Estimates of the daily average production of the various fields follow, figures being in barrels:

	1922— Mar. 11.	Mar. 4.	1921 Mar. 12.
Oklahoma	347,800	345,500	270,400
Kansas	92,650	93,000	92,000
North Texas	50,700	50,850	72,175
Central Texas	206,750	205,150	126,150
North Louisiana and Arkansas	154,750	156,800	77,485
Gulf Coast	111,350	107,950	107,200
Eastern	110,500	110,000	119,500
Wyoming and Montana	61,300	57,900	58,550
California	310,600	310,000	328,000
*Total	1,429,200	1,420,050	1,245,125

*Daily average gross production.

Imports of petroleum (crude and refined oils) at the principal United States ports for the week ended March 11, totaled 3,785,350 barrels, a daily average of 540,764 barrels, compared with 2,611,000 barrels, a daily average of 373,000 barrels for the week ended March 4.

BUCHAREST BANK GAINS.

58,338,097 Lei Net Income, With 20 Per Cent. Dividend.

Arthur Zentler of the New York agency of the Banca Marmorosch, Blank & Co. of Bucharest, in a statement issued yesterday, said that for 1921 on a paid-up capital of 125,000,000 lei and 150,000,000 lei reserve the bank showed a profit of 48,752,055 lei, which, with the 16,006,042 lei profit carried over from 1920, made a net profit for 1921 of 58,338,097 lei, against 51,567,578 lei net profit for 1920.

The bank, after paying 20 per cent. dividend on the par value of the capital stock, increased its reserve fund with 10,000,000 lei, its pension fund with 2,000,000 lei, carrying over 17,608,552 lei for 1922, the total reserve being 177,608,552 lei.

Martin Parry Places Lumber Contract.

Announcement was made yesterday by the Martin Parry Corporation that negotiations have been completed for a five-year contract between the company and the Edward Hine Lumber Company of Chicago for lumber for Martin Parry bodies. The contract also calls for the erection of two plants at Lumberton, Miss., one plant to be used as a special cutting-up plant of the Edward Hine Lumber Company and the other to be built by Martin Parry for the finishing and assembling of their base and top units.

J. I. Case Annual Report.

The J. I. Case Threshing Machine Company reports for 1921 net operating profit of $406,914. After allowing for inventory adjustment and idle plant expense, amounting to $3,280,345, there was a net loss of $2,873,431, but of this amount $2,500,000 was charged to reserve for contingencies, so the company had to draw only $373,431 from profit and loss account. The profit and loss surplus at the close of the year amounted to $1,621,681.

More Stokers Ordered for England.

Officials of the International Combustion Engineering Corporation announced yesterday the receipt of a cable from the English company confirming an order of another central power station in England for twelve machines, the fifth repeat order in this plant. Orders also have been taken this month for stokers to be installed in Japan and Belgium and additional orders for India.

A New Merritt Oil Well.

The Merritt Oil Corporation has struck oil at 4,300 feet in its deep test well on Section 8 in the Big Muddy field of Wyoming, the oil flowing over the top of the casing. This information was received in Wall Street from Denver. The well ranks among the deepest in the country. The drilling of the deep test well was watched with keen interest by Wyoming producers, because of the effect it might have on that field.

Dutch East Indies Loan Popular.

It was reported in the financial district yesterday that subscriptions to the new $40,000,000 Dutch East Indies loan were so heavy that approximately 50 per cent. allotments will be necessary. The bonds were traded in on a "when issued" basis and advanced moderately.

Mechanics Bank Dividend.

The Mechanics and Metals National Bank has declared the regular quarterly dividend of 5 per cent. on its stock, payable April 1 to stock of record March 18. The extra dividend of 2 per cent., paid Jan. 3, has been eliminated.

Eldredge & Co. Get $1,000,000 Issue

Eldredge & Co. received yesterday an issue of $1,000,000 Louisville (Ky.) forty-year 6 per cent. bonds on a bid of 110.81. The next highest bid was 110.36.

FINANCIAL NOTES.

The Directors of the Columbia Trust Company yesterday elected Harry I. Cooper of H. A. Dascal & Co. a member of the board.

Gilbert Elliott & Co. have prepared a booklet on bank, trust company and insurance company stocks.

J. Frank Howell, 35 Whitehall Street, has issued a circular on the Continental Gas and Electric Corporation 8 per cent. cumulative preferred stock, analyzing the financial condition and prospects of the company.

NEW CROP MONTHS LEAD COTTON RISE

Prices Recover 21 to 30 Points as Pressure Lifts From All Positions.

Resistances shown in cotton for several days became more pronounced yesterday and a sharp recovery ensued. Efforts by holders of the May position to start a definite downward movement were finally abandoned and the moment pressure from this quarter ceased prices turned upward easily. Though weather conditions improved, sentiment was influenced by flood warnings in the Mississippi Valley. Trading in new crop months proved larger than for some time, indicating a further shifting of interest from near to distant positions. Final prices showed a gain of 21 to 30 points.

Selling pressure on near positions was resumed immediately after the call. Steadiness abroad left prices about unchanged at the start, but circulation of March notices for 1,500 bales had a depressing influence on quotations for that month. Spot houses threw May contracts into the ring in sufficient volume to break prices to 17.00 when pressure ceased abruptly. The decline in March and May ran July to nearly 17 cents, but demand at the even figure seemed to be heavier than on Wednesday. One line of several thousand bales was purchased at 17.02 by a prominent room operator taking all contracts available. It became evident that more cotton would be sold than spot interests cared to furnish, and buying orders for July as well as new crop positions began to be received in increasing volume.

The feature of morning trading was a further loss in the May premium to less than 55 points over July, compared with 80 points on Monday. At the same time new crop months strengthened until October sold less than a hundred points under May, compared with 138 points last week.

There was nothing in the morning news to produce a radical change in sentiment. Weather conditions proved definitely more favorable, but several weeks will be needed to get planting well under way. Reports from dry goods circles reflected further price cutting, despite curtailment now in progress in several quarters. But the decline of about half a cent in a narrow market the past ten days appeared to reduce the supply of contracts to a degree that favored an upturn the moment covering started. With certain spot interests holding both the New York stock and an extensive line of May contracts, it will require freer selling by Southern spot owners or growing confidence over the new crop outlook to furnish persistent pressure. Prices declined or advance to a certain point when the movement is reversed.

Covering became very general after midday when it was discovered that the supply of contracts failed to increase on the advance. Southern selling orders were executed after May crossed 17.80, and scale selling orders in March were encountered. At times demand for July ran prices up 5 points or more before attracting contracts. Buying in new crop months increased with strength in July, and for the point did the market run into important selling orders. July rose over 17¼ cents and touched 17.36 before a setback of 10 points took place. Scattered profit taking by morning buyers created some irregularity the last hour, but cotton appeared to be wanted on every slight reaction.

The highest levels of the sessions were reached in final trading. Commission house buying of October and December took contracts from the ring and closing covering orders in May advanced that month to 17.95. Both May and July gained 25 points from Wednesday's close, the morning with May selling 60 points over July, compared with 52 points over early in the day. Several buying orders in March ran prices to 18.10.

Yesterday's quotations follow:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Previous Close.
March	17.88	18.10	17.74	18.09-10	17.57
May	17.70	17.95	17.59	17.88-90	17.39
July	17.07	17.36	17.01	17.34-35	17.09
Oct.	16.68	16.85	16.59	16.80-83	16.59
Dec.	16.62	16.78	16.40	16.75-78	16.54
Jan.	16.38	16.60	16.20	16.60	16.30

The local market for spot cotton was steady, 20 points advance to 18.45c for middling upland.

Southern spot markets were: Galveston 17.60c, 20 points advance; New Orleans 16.75c, unchanged; Savannah 17.38c, 13 points advance; Augusta 17c, 12 points advance; Memphis 17.25c, unchanged; Houston 17.50c, 20 points advance; Little Rock 16.75c, unchanged.

Yesterday's cotton statistics were:

	Yesterday.	Last Wk.	Last Yr.
Port receipts	16,962	10,488	12,555
Exports	3,063	5,692	24,832
Exports, season	3,893,809	3,983,815	3,588,208
N. Y. stocks	81,111	79,367	127,204
Ports stocks	1,070,858	1,064,719	1,365,864
N. Y. arrivals	408		

Liverpool cables: Spot cotton, good demand, 12 points decline, 10.52d for middling. Sales 10,000 bales; American, 6,000. Imports, 1,000; American, 1,000. Futures opened quiet, 4 to 7 points decline; closed very steady, 23 to 26 points advance. Prices: March, 10.37d; May, 10.26d; July, 10.14d; October, 9.78d; December, 9.61d; January, 9.53d. Manchester: Yarns, fair business doing. Cloths steady.

DECLARED DIVIDENDS.

Company.	Rate.	Period.	Payable.	Holders of Record.
Am. W. Works & El. pf.	1½	Q	Apr. 1	Mar. 15
Beechnut Pk. pf.	1½	Q	Apr. 15	Apr. 1
Cent. Aguirre, Sug.	$1.50		Apr. 1	Mar. 21
Chicago City Ry.	1½	Q	Mar. 31	Mar. 23
Cities Service	2	M	Apr. 1	Mar. 15
Do.	2½	Bi	May 1	Apr. 15
Do pf. and pf. B	1½	M	Apr. 1	Mar. 15
Columbia Trust Co.	4	Q	Mar. 30	
Hood Rubber Co.	$1.75	Q	Apr. 15	Mar. 25
Library Bureau	1½	Q	Apr. 1	Mar. 21
Do pf.	3	Q	Apr. 1	Mar. 21
Manning, M. & M.	1	Q	Mar. 31	Mar. 21
N. Y. Trust Co.	5	Q	Mar. 31	Mar. 21
Otis El. & Ren. pf.	1¾	Q	Apr. 1	Mar. 15
Ottawa Pr. Mfg.	2	Q	Apr.	Mar. 20
Pacific C. & P. pf.	$1.50	Q	Apr. 1	Mar. 15
Panama P. & L. pf.	2	Q	Apr. 1	Mar. 15
Phelps Dodge	$1.50	Q	Apr. 1	Mar. 15

*Payable in scrip.

EARNINGS.

NORTH AMERICAN LIGHT & POWER CO. Statement of the North American Light and Power Company for the twelve months ended Jan. 31, 1922, is as follows:

	1922.	1921.	Increase.
12 mos. gross	$1,614,620	$1,170,197	$444,423
Net after taxes	1,011,133	737,140	273,993
Bal. after charges	441,563	225,140	216,423
Bal. after pf. divs.	322,813	108,293	214,520

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO.

COMSTOCKS.			
Andes	.08	Black Jack	.04
Best & Belcher	.70	Lucky Boy	.08
Caledonia	.16	Sunbeam	.20
Challenge	.08	Zone	.20
Consolidated Virginia	.02	GOLDFIELD.	
Gould & Curry	.07	Booth	.03
Hale & Norcross	.20	Consolidated	.01
Justice	.04	Florence	.01
Mexican	.12	Jumbo Extension	.01
Ophir	.02	Kewanah	.02
		Silver Pick	.03
TONOPAH.		CATARI.	
Belmont	1.40	Big Jim	.07
Cash Boy	.03	Cash Entry	.01
Halifax	.01	Gold Key	.03
McNamara	.13	Belle	.01
Midway	.02	Unitas	.01
North Star	.02	United American	.11
Rescue	.19	United Western	.01
Tonopah Extension	1.47½	OTHER DISTRICTS.	
Tonopah 700	.04	Bullfrog-Goldfield	.07
West End	.05	Crystalite	.04
West Extension	.06	Manhattan Consol.	.16
GOLDFIELD.		Round Mountain	.19
Aladdin	.02	Fairview Mts.	.15
Bovis	.03	Silver Hills	.03
Brougher	.03	Stewart	.01
Divide Extension	.02	Tonopah Mines	.84
Dividend	.02	Tonopah Merger	.01
Extension	.14	Uncle Sam	.12
Hermit	.12	White Caps	.08

COLORADO SPRINGS.

	Bid.	Asked.
Cresson	.70	.75
Elkton	.14	.15
Golden Cycle	.16	.17
Granite	.25	.26
Portland	.24	.25
Mary Reid	.1	.2
Vindicator	.24	.26
D. Gold M.	.11	.12
Wonder	.04	.05

OFFER LOAN TO HAITI.

Three American Banking Houses Bid for $14,000,000 Bond Issue.

WASHINGTON, March 16.—The Haitian Government has received three offers from American banking houses for the handling of its contemplated $14,000,000 long-term loan, John A. McIlhenny, American financial adviser to that Government, told the special Senate committee on Haitian affairs today. Propositions have been made, Mr. McIlhenny said, by the National City Bank, Speyer & Co. and Lee, Higginson & Co. of Boston.

Mr. McIlhenny said the Boston firm had made what he regarded as the best offer, proposing to supply the money for a period of three years at 6 per cent. Speyer & Co. and the National City group first offered money only for short term use, he said, adding that the former group had then since offered to make it for a thirty-year term. Other features of the Speyer contract were said by the witness not to have been as favorable to the Haitian Government as the Boston company proposed.

Consummation of the loan has been held up pending word from the Haitian Government, Mr. McIlhenny said. He told the committee he expected Brig. Gen. Russell, recently sent to Haiti as American High Commissioner, would get that authority soon and arrangements for the loan would then be made.

In the protocol of the treaty between the United States and Haiti it is stipulated that $40,000,000 of 6 per cent. bonds may be issued by Haiti. The purpose of the issue would be to pay off accumulated obligations and to provide physical improvements on the island, primarily good roads and schools. The country is in the hands of a Receiver General, an employe of the State, but who was named for the place by the American State Department.

BARNSDALL INCOME DROPS.

Corporation Reports a Net of 8 Cents a Share in 1921.

The Barnsdall Corporation, including subsidiary companies, for the year ended Dec. 31, 1921, reports gross sales of $8,804,080, comparing with $7,105,715 in 1920. The net income after all charges and depreciation amounted to $55,150, equal to 8 cents a share on the $16,714,400 capital stock of $25 a share par value outstanding. In 1920 the company reported profits of $3,842,386, equal to $4.58 a share.

The income account for 1921 and 1920 follows:

	1921.	1920.
Gross sales and earnings	$8,804,080	$7,105,715
Fred. and op. exp., &c.	5,631,382	2,970,080
Net op. income	$3,052,709	$4,135,635
Other income	188,206	715,175
Total earnings	$3,791,915	$4,850,810
Interest, depreciation, &c.	2,708,763	1,942,135
Prov. for Federal taxes		365,289
Net income	$55,150	$2,542,386
Dividends paid	418,706	1,376,000
Deficit	$461,645	$1,167,386
Stock premium		400,000
Adjustment credit	$1,718,044	179,832
Previous surplus	3,168,485	4,734,931
Total surplus	$3,418,884	$3,122,425
Surplus of subsidiary companies not previously consolidated, adjustments, &c.	1Surplus.	1Debit.

RAILWAY EARNINGS RISE.

Chicago City Company Reports Net Income of $1,759,928.

The Chicago City Railway Company, in its annual report for the year ended Jan. 31, 1922, shows net income, after all charges, amounting to $1,759,928, equivalent to $9.78 a share earned on the $18,000,000 capital stock. This compared with a net income of $1,485,149, or $8.25 a share earned in 1920.

Details of the report, as compared with 1920, are shown in the following statement:

	1922.	1921.
Net earnings	$1,862,791	$1,387,267
City's share	1,080,085	735,497
South S. R. Co. share	46,694	33,097
Company's share	$885,102	$568,673
Int. on capital invested	2,761,580	2,739,056
Operating income	$3,586,691	$3,307,729
Other income	12,745	7,245
Total income	$3,599,446	$3,307,486
Bond interest	1,824,018	1,822,337
Net income	$1,759,928	$1,485,149
Dividends	1,080,000	1,080,000
Surplus	$679,928	$405,149
†Debit.		

John A. Spoor was elected a Director of the company, it was announced yesterday, succeeding E. R. Bliss, resigned.

COMMODITY PRICES.

Wheat and Corn Score Recoveries—Lard and Eggs Higher—Metals Firm.

Several of the grains scored substantial advances in yesterday's local cash markets, wheat and corn being the staples to show a recovery from the weakness evident on Wednesday. Eggs and lard continue better, fractional gains being registered in each, with cotton, middling, firm at an advance of 20 cents per hundred pounds. There was a slight recession in tin, steady, but other metals were firm, as were the groceries and other provisions.

Following are the cash prices for the principal commodities in the wholesale market at the close of business Thursday, a week before and a year ago:

FOODSTUFFS.	Mar. 16, 1922.	Mar. 9, 1921.
Wheat, No. 2 red	$1.42¼	$1.42¼
Corn, No. 2 yellow	.70¾	.74¾
Oats, No. 2 white	.40¾	.47¾
Flour, Minn. patent	8.75	8.75
Coffee, No. 7 Rio	.09¾	.09¾
Sugar, granulated	.053	.052
Butter, crm. 92 score	.40	.38¾
Eggs, fresh gathered firsts, per dozen	.25	.24
Lard, Mid. W.	11.70	11.60
Pork, mess	29.50	29.50
Beef, family	36.00	36.00
METALS.		
Iron, No. 2 Philadelphia	21.26	21.26
Steel billets, Pitts.	28.00	28.00
Tin	41.00	43.50
Copper, lake	12.87½	12.75
Lead	8.75	8.75
TEXTILES.		
Cotton, mid. upland	18.40	18.55
Print cloths	.06	.06

Highest and lowest prices for the year to date are as follows:

	Highest.		Lowest.	
Wheat	$1.54½	Feb. 27	$1.42¼	Mar. 7
Corn	.81¼	Feb. 21	.70¾	Mar. 7
Oats	.50	Feb. 21	.40¾	Mar. 14
Flour	9.60	Feb. 27	7.75	Jan. 24
Coffee	.09¾	Mar. 13	.09¾	Mar. 13
Sugar	.053	Mar. 10	.048	Jan. 3
Butter	.42	Feb. 28	.36¾	Jan. 16
Eggs	.34	Feb. 28	.24	Mar. 16
Lard	12.10	Feb. 28	9.40	Jan. 3
Pork	29.50	Feb. 17	24.50	Jan. 24
Beef	36.00	Mar. 16	30.00	Jan. 20
Copper	14.00	Jan. 4	12.00	Jan. 31
Iron	21.76	Jan. 3	21.26	Mar. 16
Steel	32.00	Jan. 3	28.00	Mar. 16
Tin	43.50	Mar. 16	39.00	Jan. 11
Lead	8.75	Mar. 16	8.62	Feb. 21
Cotton	19.05	Jan. 5	18.40	Mar. 16
Printcloths	.06	Feb. 23	.05¾	Feb. 21

PRODUCE MARKETS.

BUTTER—Receipts Yesterday, 5,604 packages. Market without change in prices. Creamery, higher than extras, prime, 40@42c; extras, 92 score, 40c; firsts, 36@39c; seconds, 34@35c; fresh packing stock, firsts, 30c; seconds, 28c; lower grades, 26@28c; specials, 92 score, 43@44c; extra

SEES CLOUDY TITLE TO 5TH AV. HOUSES

Lawyer Says Decision in Woolworth Case Affects Valuable Property.

WALLS BEYOND LEGAL LINE

Court Upholds Contention Based On Encroachment of Mansion on Street.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., March 16.—That titles to probably one-quarter of the houses in New York on Fifth Avenue, extending from Sixtieth to Ninetieth Street, have been rendered unmarketable as a result of a recent decision of the Supreme Court of New York, was asserted by Sol Kohn of the law firm of Wolf & Kohn, in an interview here today.

The case referred to was that of Hubert T. Parson, as committee of the property of Mrs. Jennie Woolworth, the widow of Frank W. Woolworth, against Jules S. Bache, head of the banking firm of J. S. Bache & Co.

"Mr. Bache purchased the Woolworth residence at the corner of Fifth Avenue and Eightieth Street, New York, for nearly half a million dollars," said Mr. Kohn, "but my firm, as his counsel, rejected the title on the ground that the front wall of the building encroached for several feet beyond the building line on Fifth Avenue.

"Attorneys for the plaintiff brought an action to compel Mr. Bache to perform his contract, but we put in a counter-claim for the recovery of the $200,000 paid by him on the signing of the contract. The action was brought to trial and the Court dismissed the complaint and rendered judgment on the counter-claim. An appeal was taken and the judgment of the trial Court was unanimously affirmed.

"A permit had been issued by the Park Department authorizing this encroachment on Fifth Avenue, and Mr. Woolworth had paid for this authorization. We contended that the Avenue belonged to the city and that no department of the Government could take the right to the Avenue away from the people, and that the mere fact urged by plaintiff's counsel that there was no probability of the owner being disturbed in his possession by the city authorities did not offset the fact that the city had the power to compel the removal of the encroachment which, in the case in question, would have involved the expenditure of a small fortune, as well as have destroyed the artistic appearance of the building.

"As probably one quarter of the buildings on Fifth Avenue between Sixtieth and Ninetieth Streets encroach to some extent on Fifth Avenue it is clear that the ultimate effect of this decision is to invalidate or render unmarketable the titles to probably one quarter of the houses on the Avenue between the streets mentioned."

CONVICT SUED BY WIFE.

Marriage Annulment Asked by Woman on Ground of Prior Union.

Special to The New York Times.

WHITE PLAINS, N. Y., March 16.—Amelie H. P. Clark began a suit today in the Supreme Court to have her marriage to William Eugene Crosby, alias William Eugene Clark, declared void on the ground that he deceived her as to his vocation and had another wife. They were married on April 7, 1920, in White Plains.

At the time of the marriage it has been discovered that the defendant was the husband of Florence Becket or Florence Crosby, then living at 126 Madison Street, Hoboken, N. J. The plaintiff alleges that defendant represented to her that he had been a priest in the Episcopal Church, and that at the time of his proposal he was a lawyer. Defendant is now in Auburn prison.

ALARM CLOCK HALTS THIEF.

Bell Rings as He Starts Off With Booty Under Coat.

The untimely ringing of an alarm clock served to expose Herbert J. Plate, 32, of 409 West Nineteenth Street, as a thief as he left the Liggett drug store last night, at 375 Sixth Avenue. William H. Seaman of 156 Sherman Avenue, the Bronx, manager of the store, heard the alarm bell and summoned Policeman James Flaherty, who found Plate hugging a clock under his overcoat.

When he appeared before Magistrate Sweetser, in Night Court, Plate admitted under cross-examination he had stolen the clock.

"I needed it in my business," he said.

"You won't need it for some time," remarked the Magistrate, ordering him held in $100 bail for Special Sessions.

Plate said he was employed as a steward aboard the Ward liner Mexico.

Stars and Stripes Reunion June 13.

BOSTON, March 16.—The first reunion of the Stars and Stripes Historical Association, members of which are newspaper men who worked on the doughboys' daily paper that was published overseas, will be held at Washington on June 13, it was announced at headquarters here today. General Pershing and his staff are expected to be present. At that time the association will give to the Library of Congress a bound volume of all issues of the Stars and Stripes printed in France.

Platinum Is Discovered in Albania.

WASHINGTON, March 16.—Discovery of vast deposits of platinum in Albania was announced today by Constantine A. Chekrezi, Commissioner from Albania to the United States. The announcement was contained in a letter to H. Foster Bain, Director of the United States Bureau of Mines, which said platinum was found in sufficient quantities to warrant belief that the deposits in the Ural Mountains, controlled by the Russian Soviet Government, would lose their prestige as the world's chief supply of the precious metal.

RUSSIAN WHO HAWKED GREEN BADGES FREED

He Had No License, but Magistrate Sweetser Thanks Him for Irishmen.

Nathan Harris, 30 years old, of 360 Broome Street, was not born in Ireland, but equipped with a variety of decorations, emblems and symbols honoring Saint Patrick he established himself in the centre of Broadway at Forty-second Street last night and hawked his wares to the passing crowds.

Policeman Eberle, who did not say he came from Ireland, questioned Nathan about the formality of a license.

"I'm a green one in this game," admitted Nathan, confessing he had forgotten to obtain one.

"What part of Ireland do you come from?" inquired Magistrate Sweetser in night court when Nathan was arraigned before him.

"Russia," said Nathan.

"My friend Cohen," continued Nathan, "said yesterday about selling green St. Patrick's badges. Cohen is an old business man and said I could sell on Broadway with heavy profits."

"Well, how were the profits?" the Court asked.

"Well, I'm not complaining," smiled Nathan, "only I sold more badges to Jews than to Irishmen."

"Irishmen are proud of you, Harris," said Magistrate Sweetser, "as well as your friend and adviser, Cohen. You have done a service for which they thank you. In consideration whereof I suspend sentence."

"Yes, honor," beamed Nathan, "I like to make a present to you of a St. Patrick's badge." He selected the largest of his few remaining emblems and proffered it to the Judge.

"Thank you, Harris," said the court.

"Thank you, Judge, and I wish you a merry St. Patrick's day," was his parting felicitation.

BRIDGEPORT IS BUSIER.

Plants Increase Working Hours and Number of Employes.

BRIDGEPORT, Conn., March 16.—Indications of an improvement in industrial conditions in this city were given today in announcements from several corporations of increases in working hours and the employment of additional forces.

The Singer Manufacturing Company increased its working schedule from three to five days a week. Improvement in foreign business was given as the reason. A wage reduction of 15 per cent. recently was put into effect at this plant.

The Remington Arms Company, which had been operating three days a week, went on a forty-eight-hour basis this week. Three thousand persons are being employed, compared with 1,500 a few weeks ago.

The Bridgeport Castings Company, running four days a week, will go on a six-day schedule next Monday.

ASSAILS UNION CONTROL.

Canadian Legislator Objects to Domination by United States Leaders.

Special to The New York Times.

QUEBEC, Quebec, March 16.—Control of Canadian workmen by United States labor leaders or international officials from headquarters across the border was violently criticized this afternoon in the local house by General Smart. He did not desire to be considered an antagonist of organized labor so long as it kept within its proper spheres, but he did not want it to acquire special privileges or set itself above the common law.

Unions had done good in the past, he said, but efforts must be made to curb the reactionary elements. He objected to the interference of labor leaders and agitators from the United States in the domestic affairs of the province. Politicians had pandered to the labor vote and labor leaders had taken advantage of this and demanded special privileges. Many unions had broken away from American connections and he hoped the day was near when the international unions in the province would completely disappear.

He thought it unwise to introduce Catholic unions and aggravate the differences between capital and labor. The Catholic national unions, he thought, were born out of dissatisfaction with the international unions.

AUTO THIEVES CONVICTED.

Two New York Men Will Be Sentenced at Riverhead Next Week.

RIVERHEAD, L. I., March 16.—Thomas Luckese and "Jack" Spuna, both living in Manhattan, were found guilty of larceny in the first degree here tonight before County Court Judge George H. Furman. The men will be sentenced a week from today.

On Sept. 15, 1921, an automobile belonging to William T. Harding, a flour broker, who lives at Brightwater, L. I., was stolen from in front of a theatre in Bay Shore. The following day detectives arrested the two men, who were in the stolen auto in Third Avenue, Manhattan. Spina said he had purchased the car from a man the day before for $1,000. Half a dozen relatives of the two men were in court when the verdict was returned and they became hysterical. Two women had to be carried from the court room.

NEARING SUPPORTER PUNCHED BY STUDENT

Vice President of Clark University Liberal Club Assaulted at Indignation Meeting.

WORCESTER, Mass., March 16.—Hermon Switzer, a normal school teacher from the West, who is doing post-graduate work at Clark University, struck Hugh Keenleyside, Vice President of the Liberal Club, at the university, in the face today at an indignation meeting held by graduate students of the university to discuss the action of President Atwood in breaking up the meeting Tuesday at which Professor Scott Nearing was the speaker. The blow followed an accusation made by Keenleyside that Switzer was upholding President Atwood.

Other developments in the controversy included the action of Professor Edwin G. Boring, experimental psychologist, in joining the Liberal Club, the storm centre of the discussion, after issuing a statement in which he took the President to task for "contradicting the explicit provisions of the will of the founder of the university."

The Worcester Rotary Club, at a noon meeting, commended Dr. Atwood. There was talk in the corridors of a general student strike directly after Dr. Atwood's address on Monday noon.

STAB WOUND PROVES FATAL.

Proprietor of Billiard Hall Dies From Wound Following Quarrel.

Philip Hess, 32 years old, of 55 South Second Street, Brooklyn, died last night in Bellevue Hospital from a stab wound received Monday night during an argument in front of a billiard parlor at 308 Second Street. According to the detectives of the Fifth Street Station they know Hess's assailant.

Hess, proprietor of a billiard parlor at Clinton and Delancey Streets, was standing in front of the Second Street address when an argument arose and a penknife was plunged into Hess's heart. The cause of the quarrel is unknown to the police.

DIVORCE VERDICT SEALED.

Brooklyn Woman Names Cloak Model as a Corespondent.

Justice Mitchell May, in the Supreme Court in Brooklyn, yesterday ordered the jury hearing the suit by Mrs. Rita Fettes of 4,905 Bay Parkway for a divorce from Dr. David S. Fettes of 1,400 Avenue P to bring in a sealed verdict, which will be opened this morning. Mrs. Fetters charged her husband with misconduct with Ruth Hutchinson, a cloak model.

The alleged indiscretions, according to Mrs. Fettes, took place at 39 Argyle Road, extended from April 6 to July 6, 1921. Both Dr. Fettes and Miss Hutchinson denied the allegations. Mrs. Mary Jane Hutchinson, mother of the corespondent, testified that she requested Dr. Fettes to avoid the company of her daughter. The Fettes have two children, Marjorie, 11 years old, and David, 9 years old. Mrs. Fettes received an award of $30 a week alimony and $250 counsel fees pending the trial of her action.

MIND BLANK ON INJURY.

New Rochelle Man Seems Not to Know How Skull Was Broken.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW ROCHELLE, N. Y., March 16.—The police of Manhattan joined today with New Rochelle detectives in an effort to determine what happened to Nicholas Martin of 8 Beechwood Avenue, New Rochelle, who is at the hospital here with a fractured skull.

Martin does not know what happened to him or refuses to tell, although he says he is telling all he recalls of his experiences since last Friday noon.

At that time, he says, he quit work and went to New York, where he had drinks with a "Swede named Jack." At 146th Street and Boston Road Martin was arrested Friday night. Next day he was fined $1, which he paid. When he got home he was taken ill. A doctor found that he had a fracture at the base of the skull and had him taken to the hospital.

BIG WAREHOUSE LEASED.

Burton Bros. & Co. Reduce Overhead Charges and Facilitate Shipping.

Burton Brothers & Co. of Twenty-ninth Street and Fifth Avenue, one of the principal cotton goods houses in this country, have leased a large warehouse at 61-63 Vandam Street running through to 74-76 Charlton Street, in which to carry their stocks of merchandise. This location is within two blocks of the freight yards in which all their merchandise is received and from which it is reshipped, and therefore will be of great advantage in the saving of time and expense in handling.

The warehouse at Vandam Street leased by Burton Brothers & Co. was built by H. C. Griffin & Co., the present owners, for the crating of automobiles to be shipped to all parts of the world, and as it was arranged particularly with elevators planned to move large crates, it is especially adapted to the purposes which the lessees wish to use it for—the moving at the minimum of cost of large quantities of cotton goods.

Burton Brothers & Co. have already rented six floors in their Fifth Avenue building for offices, and this new move on their part will enable them to rent three additional floors, making the entire upper part of their building an office building for the textile trade. Burton Brothers & Co. will permanently occupy their second floor and street floor for their own office and showroom.

Mr. Karnow of Brett & Goode negotiated the lease which will undoubtedly be a strong factor in helping the development of the Vandam Street section.

Commenting on the lease J. H. Burton said: "At this time it is the duty of every manufacturer or producer to reduce his overhead and cost production to a minimum, and to sell his products on as close a basis as possible, in order to enable the retailer in turn to sell to the consuming public at the very lowest possible price; and if this plan is generally carried out, the cost of living will come down more rapidly and men can afford to work for lower wages."

Buying in the Suburbs.

Jane R. Wetmore sold the dwelling at 39 North Twentieth Street, Broadway-Flushing, to Lester D. Auchmoody.

The house is on a plot 120 feet front. The sale was made by J. Albert Johnston.

R. S. Smith purchased from the Einstein Millinery Company, 584 Fifth Avenue, the residence at Oak Street, Far Rockaway, consisting of a large house and barn and about sixty-five lots. The broker in this transaction was Andrew McTigue.

Mr. Smith also purchased from Mr. Stokes the residence at Far Rockaway located at Seaview Avenue, covering 200 feet on Cornaga Avenue, 100 feet on Seaview Avenue and 190 feet on Samuel Avenue.

H. Frankfort sold for John Schubert to Morris Goldzier his home on Read's Lane and Frederick Court, Far Rockaway, purchased by him from Fred Haberman.

This dwelling was built by the late President of the Enamel Trust for his own occupancy. The purchaser, after renovating the home, will occupy.

Mrs. John Hopkins Denison and others sold to Curtis R. Hathaway, for occupancy, her property of eight acres, with large modern dwelling, on the westerly side of North Street, Litchfield, Conn. The Payson McL. Merrill Company were the brokers.

The same brokers sold for Mrs. Frank M. Londoss to O. Fred Rost, for occupancy, her property of an acre, with a three-story dwelling and outbuildings, on Honeysuckle Avenue, Llewellyn Park, West Orange, N. J.

Fish & Marvin sold for Frank Ewing his residence at 22 Woodland Avenue, New Rochelle, to C. Cotesworthy Pinckney.

The same brokers sold for Mrs. William R. Laidlaw her property on Forest Avenue, Forest Heights, New Rochelle, comprising one-half acre, to Herbert Ollendorff. Mr. Ollendorff will improve the property with a home for his own occupancy.

The same brokers sold for Harvy Briggs his property on Broadview Avenue, New Rochelle, comprising one-half acre, to a client, who is to erect a brick Colonial residence.

The Bronx Market.

The two-story frame dwelling on a plot 14 by 105 feet at 1,240 Fulton Avenue was sold by Maurice Rosen to Camillo Rollo for occupancy.

Cahn & Cahn sold to a client of H. L. Phelps 2,765 Webster Avenue, near 198th Street, a one-story brick business building on lot 23 by 121.

Richard Dickson sold for Thomas F. Somers 3,344 to 3,346 Third Avenue and 1,004 Franklin Avenue, which is at junction of Third Avenue, two four-story brick apartments with stores. This property has been in present ownership since 1904.

Mr. Dickson purchased a four-story brick building for his own occupancy as a real estate office at 3,295 Third Avenue, near 163d Street.

The same broker sold for Lawrence Davies, 3,222 Broadway, near 230th Street, a four-story brick business building. The purchaser will occupy store with business. Also for Fred Misfeldt, 1,010 East 172d Street, a three-story frame dwelling, to a home seeker, and for J. Hyman, 458 and 460 Concord Avenue, a one-family frame dwelling, lot 50 by 100, to a client who will occupy.

Harry T. F. Johnson sold for Aaron Blum the northwest corner of Cromona Park North and Prospect Avenue, a plot 50 by 100, to the J. T. Construction Company. Joseph Theiss, President, which will erect a five-story apartment; also sold to Morris Cohen, the one-story taxpayer, on plot 80 by 80, on the east side of Jerome Avenue, 100 feet south of Kingsbridge Road, held at $60,000.

The Benenson Realty Company purchased from a client of L. Greenberg and I. Hillman 1,887 Vyse Avenue, a five-story new-law apartment, on plot 85 by 145, containing thirty-five apartments, and renting for $16,000. The property was held at $90,000.

$500,000 Fifth Avenue Loan.

The Title Guarantee and Trust Company has loaned to the 1,140 Fifth Avenue Company $500,000 on the fourteen-story apartment house being erected on a plot 70 by 100 feet, on the northeast corner of Ninety-fifth Street and Fifth Avenue.

BUSINESS RECORDS.

In Town.

YOUNGSVILLE CREAMERY COMPANY, INC.—A petition in bankruptcy was filed yesterday against the Youngsville Creamery Co., Inc., of 203 East 110th Street, by these creditors—Abraham Goldstein, $2,000; Abraham Turnoff, $3,000; Harry Dreyfoos, $1,020.

LOUIS DIAMOND COMPANY—A petition in bankruptcy was filed yesterday against Louis Diamond, doing business as Louis Diamond Company, manufacturer of shirts, at 500 Broadway, by these creditors—Sam B. Mazel, $30; Charles Rubin, $500; A. Gill, $100. It is stated that the liabilities are about $60,000 and assets about $50,000. Judge Mack appointed Joseph P. McDonough, receiver, under $5,000 bond. The debtor sustained a loss by fire recently.

NATIONAL BLOUSE STORES, INC.—A petition in bankruptcy was filed yesterday against the National Blouse Stores, Inc., of 38 West Twenty-first Street, by these creditors—Joseph Adelson & Son, Inc., $931; Louis Honigbaum, $214; Ginsberg & Henkins, Inc., $113. It is stated the corporation transferred its assets under a deed of trust to a committee of creditors recently.

VOGUE COAT HOUSE, INC.—A petition in bankruptcy was filed yesterday against the Vogue Coat House, Inc., manufacturers of coats and suits, at 800 Seventh Avenue, by Jeanette Frimark, who claims $1,000. It is stated the liabilities are about $50,000 and assets about $7,500. Judge Mack appointed Dorothy Straus receiver under $5,500 bond.

C. C. MEDBURY & CO.—A petition in bankruptcy was filed yesterday against Chauncey C. Medbury, doing business as C. C. Medbury & Co., stock broker, at 1 West Thirty-fourth Street, by these creditors: Polygraph Printing Co., $376; William Jones Auditors, Inc., $200; Thomas W. Durkin, $32. Liabilities are about $8,000 and assets $2,000.

H. S. THOMAS CO., INC.—A petition in bankruptcy was filed yesterday against H. S. Thomas Co., Inc., trucking, at 311 Moore Street, by George W. Martin as receiver for S. G. Blowers Co., Inc., on a claim of $30,000 for advances made to the debtor corporation for the account of Alexander & Baldwin, Ltd.

JACOB SUSSMAN—A petition in bankruptcy was filed yesterday against Jacob Sussman, also known as Jack Sussman, dealer in furniture on the installment plan, at 1,032 Boston Road, by these creditors: Celia Friedman, $279; Hyman Abramson, $50; Minnie Sapel, $195.

SYSTEMS MANUFACTURING CO., INC.—A petition in bankruptcy was filed yesterday against the Systems Manufacturing Co., Inc., stationery and printing, at 45 Lafayette Street, by these creditors—Sam Grasin, $108; Schmer Press, Inc., $482; Stationery Ruling Co., $405.

JACOB C. DAVIS—A petition in bankruptcy was filed yesterday against Jacob C. Davis, dry goods, at 2,941 Webster Avenue, by these creditors—Solomon Singer, $800; Morris Gallipsey, $25; Jack Greenberg, $10.

SAM J. SILVERSTEIN of 600 South Second Avenue, Mount Vernon, filed a petition in bankruptcy yesterday, listing liabilities of $2,757 and no assets.

S. S. CITY OF MIAMI—Judge Mack yesterday appointed R. J. Fraser receiver for the S. S. City of Miami, under a bond of $5,000, in an admiralty suit filed by the American Exchange Securities Corporation in connection with a foreclosure suit upon a mortgage given as security for a note of $250,000 executed by the S. S. City of Miami and the Havana American Steamship Corporation.

GRASSY SPRAIN COMPANY, INC.—Judge Mack yesterday appointed Lawrence Bernhan receiver for the Grassy Sprain Company, Inc., real estate, at 150 Nassau Street, under $10,000 bond. It is stated the liabilities are about $200,000, evidenced mainly by notes and current debts of the Grassy Sprain Golf Club, and assets of approximately the same amount, consisting of first mortgage bonds of the Grassy Sprain Golf Club amounting to $43,000 and bills of the club accrediting over $300,000.

GEORGE H. PERKINS & CO., INC.—Judge Mack yesterday appointed Ruth Levinson receiver for George H. Perkins & Co., Inc., stock brokers, at 56 Broad Street, under $2,500 bond. Liabilities are about $20,000 and assets about $5,000.

WILLIAM FISCHER—Judge Mack yesterday appointed Ruth Weiss receiver for William Fischer, dealer in baby carriages and toys, at 550 Tremont Avenue, under $500 bond.

SAMUEL EISSER, manufacturer of handbags, at 19 West Eighteenth Street, filed schedules in bankruptcy yesterday, listing liabilities of $46,888 and assets of $61,822, main items of which are accounts $20,446; stock, $20,000; fixtures, $3,000. Principal creditors listed are J. R. Margolf, $5,751; Bank of Manhattan Trust Co., $3,000; Graham and Phenix National Bank, $3,000; Fleitman & Co., $2,624; M. Brukenfeld, $2,523.

WESTCHESTER PRINTING SERVICE, INC.—Of White Plains, filed schedules in bankruptcy yesterday, listing liabilities of $26,989 and assets of $21,158, main items of which are machinery and fixtures, $17,000; accounts, $2,707; notes, $1,350. Principal creditors listed are Mobile Printing Press & Mfg. Company, $4,776, secured; Morgenthaler Linotype Company, $1,790, secured; Thomas L. Twomey, $1,000, secured.

FRANK SURTOHIN, doing business as F. & S. Silk Mills, at 409 Fourth Avenue, filed schedules in bankruptcy yesterday, listing liabilities of $119,884 and assets of $2,837, main item of which is accounts, $1,838. Principal creditors listed are Mercantile Silk Mills, $6,874; Alvin Silk Mills, $2,085; Domestic Silk Mills, $1,833.

PETITIONS DISMISSED.—The following petitions in bankruptcy have been dismissed upon the consent of creditors: Milton Paul Jewelry, of 47 East Fifth Street; James Cafiero, Inc., merchant tailors, at 1,625 Broadway, and Judis Provision & Supply Co., Inc., of 20 Commerce Street.

Out of Town.

Special to The New York Times.

UTICA, March 16.—Mattie Tone Phonograph Corporation of Cohoes filed a petition in bankruptcy today, with liabilities at $37,675 and assets of $48,415.

JUDGMENTS.

Filed yesterday; the first name being that of the debtor:

In New York County.

Ackerson, Alexander—N. Y. Telephone Co. $154.42
American Transatlantic Line, Inc.—N. Y. Telephone Co. 240.25
Adams Alfred—Burns Bros. 236.45
Asher, Isidore—Geo. I. Fox, Inc. 194.50
Bernado, Charles—L. Aldorothy 214.50
Beer, Henry—F. W. Mateer 505.85
Blue Ribbon Hair Net Co., Inc.—Rex Production Products Co., Inc. 380.98
Bristol, Jack and Peter J. Parnikel—Mfrs. Trust Co. 2,174.07
Balsamo, Joseph—H. Avirnone et al. 105.06
Beckman, Simeon—R. J. Waring 415.41
Cook, Henry—Doctors' Service Corps., Inc. 117.20
Board of Education Union Free School District No. 1, Town of Pelham, Westchester Co., N. Y.—Moody Engineering Co., Inc. 5,163.14
Baker, Ellsworth—W. G. Rubkies Mfg. Chinery Co. 351.01
Flanoff, David—M. Oser 532.15
Bodine, M. Harold—J. R. Reilly 3,640.46
Behrend, Alexander—France American Publishing Co. 193.02
Bord, Wilson Co., Inc.—George F. Tayler & Co. 924.45
Boyer, Mary H.—Herald Silk & Dress Goods Shop, Inc. 140.35
Adams, Alfred—Burns Bros. 236.45
Caldwell, Marguerite—N. Y. Telephone Co. 133.15
Cecil Restaurant Co., Inc.—F. Rozzo, et al. 730.29
Colman Machine & Tool Co., Inc.—Iron Age Pub. Co. 118.56
Continental Distributing Co., Inc. and Minuteman & Co., Inc.—Ritt Surety Co. 1,094.30
Chayes & Co., Inc.—F. Friedman et al. 308.32
Cohen, Harry and David Wissenfeld—C. Spicehandler 476.00
de Pasta E. Bacin—L. Levy 802.25
Days, Moses—M. Jokell 1,208.32
Diament, Solomon—Manhattan Swiss Embroidery Co. 130.10
Dixon, Henry—A. H. Kacob 435.40
Dyer, F. Monroe—G. F. Leurs 1,195.65
Dramatic Mirror, Inc.—Eggers Inc. Photo. Engraving 6,507.78
Electric Welding Co. of America—C. Eagle Electric Co. 1,932.48
Empire Waist Co., Inc.—S. Reich et al. 6,686.40
Egan, Peter—F. H. Smith et al. 134.00
Elshorn Cleak Co., Inc.—F. Glickman et al. 887.33
Emerson Watch Case Co., Inc.—Diel Watch Case Co., Inc. 661.78
Eigenfeld, Harry—H. Solomon 270.65
Edwards, Harry T.—R. Buttlar 125.46
Elkelas, Percy—A. H. Rosenbaum 2,132.45
Eisenberg, Louis—F. Greenberg 170.40
E. M. Kane Co., Inc.—G. W. Tryon 126.30
E. N. Minter Co., Inc.—Patterson Bros. 593.28
Friedland, Geo. P., and Lilly Landress—W. Jauch 681.20
Fredericks, Frank W.—Alexander Hamilton Institute 133.33
Goodwin, Isaac—J. Silverman, et al. 132.78
Gronner, Emil—R. Minus 321.20
Goldberg, Hyman, and Samuel B. Reiss—L. Perlman 146.40
Goldberg, Abe—Burns Bros. 362.90
Giles, Herbert H.—Merchants & Mfrs. Exchange of N. Y. 988.00
Giles, Herbert H.—Same 256.32
Goldstein, Nathan—S. F. Steinberg 370.25
Gwin, George—J. R. Clark et al. 236.40
Hyman, Gerald—Weinreb Kaplan Silk Co. 601.80
Hersfeld, Solomon—Irving and Nathaniel Bastman 243.80
Hilliard, Robert—G. M. Cohen, costs 100.10
Harlem Beef Co., Inc.—City of N. Y. 110.70
H. Ballenzweig, Inc.—A. Kaplan 126.97
Hallman, Israel J.—I. Hyman et al. 750.52
H. Barron Co., Inc.—B. A. Unger 1,058.90
Hatgopoulos, Nathan and Mary Karacher—Polak & Schlan, Inc. 177.85
Haffe, Morris—Eagle Corrugated Fibre Products Corp. 448.67
Junas, Edward—M. Gourdier 15,000.00
Jerome, Rose—E. B. Allen 176.72
Klein, Charles—Dorice & Reynolds Co., Inc. 130.04
Kearney, Charles—M. Tanner 134.91
Kafka, Otto—B. Bloom 23,067.72
Kelly, Harry—S. Rassas 456.15
Koffler, Sam—Doctors' Service Corps., Inc. 256.30
Kelly, Albert W. and James F.—J. R. Clarke et al. 402.12
Kaufman, Samuel—A. Emerson 385.80
Lane, Frank—Broadway-Park Place Co. 1,000.18
Lane, Lawrence and Stephen F. Hogan and Lane Co., Inc.—R. Ury Jr. 119.64
Leed, Joseph—Advance Novelty Candy Mfg. Co., costs 109.07
Leed, Michael—Advance Novelty Candy Mfg. Co., costs 109.07
Levine, Aaron—I. Lieboman et al. 833.47
Leslie, Chas. S.—L. Bilts 113.85
Leed, Hyman—Advance Novelty Candy Mfg. Co., costs 109.07
Leed, Emanuel by guardian—Same 109.07
Leed, Henry E. and Trieste Molesani—J. Landenheim et al. 125.75
Lewis, Lester—F. Honings 117.40
Lewis, Mrs. Theresa—S. Lewis 109.07
Miller, David—S. Gottlieb et al. costs 106.55
Murray & Tregurtha Corp.—M. M. Brandow 2,002.07
Mercer Dress Co., Inc.—M. Seltzer 668.19
Mutual Chemical Co. of America—Marden Orth & Hastings Co., Inc. 489.20
Mendl, Hermione—G. A. Hall 183.52
Mantle, Agreppino—J. Thomas 273.20
Miller, Devin—S. Gottlieb et al. costs 106.55
Martinez & Tregurtha Corp.—M. M. Brandow 2,002.07
Mercer Dress Co., Inc.—M. Seltzer 668.19
Mutual Chemical Co. of America—Marden Orth & Hastings Co., Inc. 489.20
Mendl, Hermione—G. A. Hall 183.52
Mantle, Agreppino—J. Thomas 273.20
Miller, Devin—S. Gottlieb et al. costs 106.55
Martinez Navigation Co., Inc.—U. S. Lloyds, Inc. 491.94
Mosbius, Anna—Doctors' Service Corp., Inc. 122.20
Mott, Anthony—T. W. Martin et al. 109.06
Muoca, Alphonse (by guardian)—M. Keckeisen, costs 109.07
N. Y. R. R. Co.—L. Leiss 20,638.72
Nisi, Carl J.—Doctors' Service Corp., Inc. 146.10
Nothy, Alan—J. A. Easter 1,156.20
Packer Manufg. Co.—J. Dreesen 275.30
Pepper, Fred R. (Fred Pepper & Co.)—A. Bontne 252.20
Peterson, Clarence—Tropical Tire and Rubber Co. 301.30
Prevot, Lena—Schotz-Powers Co., Inc. 100.43
Parker, Amy S. and Vera Edgar—E. Sharp 104.86
Richard Andrews & Co., Inc.—Bush Terminal Buildings Co. 2,630.92
Ross, Nathan—S. D. Landon et al. 362.40
Rifteen, George W.—T. Pulvermacher 126.90
R. M. Chemical Mfg. Corp.—U. S. Gypsum Co. 272.04
Randenberg, Ernest—Dale Machinery Co., Inc. 105.24
Russell, Henry—H. C. Hazen 605.20
Rubel, Bennett (Charlotte Dress Co.)—Manhattan Swiss Embroidery Co. 102.55
Rubel, Bennett (Charlotte Dress Co.)—J. Herman 307.16
Rowe, Elizabeth H. and Elizabeth H. Rowe, Inc.—L. L. Allen 593.32
Rosenberg, Jacob—I. M. Edelman 146.81
Sherwin Publicity Corp.—Climax Compression Co. of N. Y., Inc. 272.93
Sherman, John—P. Kanter et al. 521.41
Stattile Water Proofing Products Co., Inc.—Pan-American Smelting Works Co., Inc. 580.06
Soldner, Elizabeth (by guardian)—W. C. Young, costs 109.07
Steele, Daniel H.—Thistlecraft, Ltd. 375.14
Schlessinger, Arthur—G. S. Gottlieb, costs 109.07
Seigel, Louis—S. Altman & Co. 2,857.56
Schmitt, Louis F.—General Cigar Co., Inc. 152.42
Steel, Daniel H.—I. Kaminsky 211.44
Sintow, Friedman & Unger, Inc.—B. Krulewitch 2,128.20
Seekely, Isidore—A. Lazare 273.10
Spiegler, Irving E. (Accurate Coat Front Pad Co.)—J. Lunitz et al. 122.98
Tepedino, James—C. De V. Tepedino, costs 146.05
Tobias, Morris—Chelsea Exchange Bank 5,496.51
Tobias, Belle—S. Werner 2,645.60
Taylor, Frank P.—N. Y. Telephone Co. 76.57
Travin Realty Co.—T. J. Drennan 264.20
Ternore, Martin—M. Lewers 547.45
Warshaw, Rubin—P. Palevsky 230.95
Watson, Anthony W.—A. Giordano 158.51
Wolfe, David, and Harry Levine (L. I. Merchandise Co.) and Edw. A. Dalton—General Motors Acceptance Corp. 416.65
Weiss, Max—P. Kanter et al. 993.77
Willy, Samuel R.—Bell Telephone Co. of Pennsylvania 104.57
Yachover, Jacob—S. Berlin 547.70
Wistreich, Benjamin (Trop Dress and Costume Co.)—F. Cliffe 100.00
Ziegfeld Cinema Corp. (a Delaware Corp.)—J. R. Stathers 1,942.75

In Bronx County.

Allegro Const. Co.—W. Farrell & Son, Inc. $568.70
Cronce, Paul W.—S. F. Kelly 104.72
Feifer, Isidor, Morris and Nathan—J. Lerman 108.20
Griff, Barnett—London and Lancashire Ind. Co. of America 92.85
Hassin, Sylvia—J. Friedman 109.02
Hurwitz, Sol—H. Wolfstein 126.58
Harry Hindleman, Inc.—S. Brim 93.85
Liebeskind, Irving—W. Hyman 114.30
Lenet, Samuel and Frank M., and Robert Nathanson—American Wet Wash Laundry 2,216.80
Marzuski, Harry—B. O. Golding 49.96
Mitchell & Cramer Co., Inc.—M. De Salvo 4,222.67
Natleson, Meyer—H. Abrams 110.06
Reiger, Isador—G. Wise 6,123.25
Rockmore, Alexander, Harry Gletch and Louis Rockmore—M. Newmark 320.73
Rosenblum, Julius—B. Flapan 250.15
Russell, Henry—H. C. Hazen 605.20
Riggs, John T.—S. Ehrlich 140.26
Schwartz, Hedry, and Jacob Tomasion—M. Pickoff 43.96

SATISFIED JUDGMENTS.

The first name is that of the debtor; the second that of the creditor and date when judgment was filed:

In New York County.

Pressey, Henry A.—L. S. Landers, April 8, 1918 ..... $443.71
Cassel, Marion A.—S. E. Levison, Jan. 4, 1922 ..... 321.45
Zimmo, Federico—Parodi Cigar Co., June 9, 1921 ..... 159.20
Pam, Max—Title Guarantee & Trust Co., July 14, 1920 ..... 303.60
Same—Same, March 13, 1922 ..... 323.71
Kelley, Emilie—C. Schultz, Inc., Sept. 12, 1917 ..... 316.41
Same—J. K. Schmidt, Sept. 10, 1917 ..... 300.60
Hedges, Job B., receiver—R. Colbourne, Dec. 9, 1921 ..... 236.95
Lenkel, Emilie—D. Coulter et al., Nov. 22, 1916 ..... 192.00
Thompson, George W.—E. Pasch, Jan. 24, 1922, vacated 1,382.30
Same—J. Pasch, Jan. 24, 1922, vacated 628.30
Frank Heitzner Co., Inc., and Frank Heitzner—W. P. Youngs et al., Jan. 16, 1922 ..... 1,282.73
Union Liberty State Bank—I. Siargavion, Dec. 9, 1921 ..... 1,291.28
Ballenberg, Joseph, and Jacob Fischer, May 29, 1919, vacated 550.78
Thompson, P. Chester—A. R. Peacock, July 14, 1920 ..... 15,504.20
Same—J. Ridgway, Sept. 2, 1920 ..... 3,978.57
Fishman, Harry, and Fidelity and Deposit Co. of Md.—People, &c., July 22, 1921, canceled 5,000.00
A. A. Dreyspool Co.—Herman & Fishman, Inc., Jan. 6, 1922 ..... 2,601.43
Stein, Samuel—L. Barth & Son, Inc., May 19, 1921 ..... 1,149.93
Krulewitch, Emanuel M.—G. H. Stern et al., Feb. 9, 1916 ..... 2,408.00
Fallon, Wm. J.—Meyers & Zehner Lumber Co., Jan. 3, 1922, canceled 2,545.04
Kosovsky, Wolf—I. Bernstein, March 1, 1922 1,
Reeler, Samuel—S. McV. Hemenway, June 1, 1920 (canceled) 2,243.20
Etenson, Abrahamson Women's Wear Co., Inc., Oct. 25, 1921 ..... 325.87
Sezzis, William—M. Versell, Sept. 29, 1919 ..... 412.91
Saine—Burns Bros., Sept. 1, 1919 ..... 221.96
Cohen, Benjamin—Standard Knitting Co., Inc., Dec. 16, 1920 ..... 4,445.22
Kay, Day, Dee Mfg. Co., Michael and Samuel Mintz, Jan. 6, 1922 1,
Jan. 9, 1922

APARTMENT HOTEL FOR THE EAST SIDE

Operators Buy Large Restricted Plot on 72d St., Near Lexington Avenue.

PROPERTY HELD AT $200,000

Brisk Trading in Apartment Houses —The Hudson Overlook, Held at $250,000, Resold.

A sixteen-story apartment hotel improvement will result from a purchase made by builders yesterday in East Seventy-second Street.

The building will be erected on the north side of the street, between Lexington and Third Avenues, where Shroder & Koppel and J. C. & M. G. Mayer purchased from the Etagloe Holding Company a plot 50 feet on Seventy-second Street and 102 feet deep, known as 156 and 158 East Seventy-second Street.

The site, which is restricted to residences under the zoning law, is improved at present with two four-story and one five-story apartment houses, which will be demolished.

The property was held at $200,000. Harris, Vought & Co. and Ruland & Benjamin were the brokers in the sale.

Hudson Overlook Sold.

The Hudson Overlook apartment at 504 West 180th Street, southeast corner of Pinehurst Avenue, has been sold by the S. J. & L. Realty Company to the Moton Realty Company.

The building is a six-story high-class elevator structure, on a plot 100 by 100 feet, and brings an annual rental of $41,000. It was held at $250,000. Henry I. Cooper and M. Cohen & Co. were the brokers in the transaction.

Ryan & Co. sold for William R. Bohmert, President of the Acme Manifold Company, the five-story twenty-two family new-law apartment house at 22 St. Nicholas Place. The seller acquired the property in 1906 from the Builders, Murry & Hill.

Sol Friedman, the purchaser, has resold the property at a substantial profit.

George Steinman, Inc., have sold for the Karin Realty Company the premises 2,525 to 2,531 Amsterdam Avenue, comprising two six-story, twenty-four family houses with stores, on plot 82 by 100 feet.

The property rents for $21,600, and was held at $100,000. The purchasers are the Penzance Realty Company, Inc., Samuel Brubaker, President.

The Merlan Realty Company sold the seven-story apartment house with stores at the southeast corner of Columbus Avenue and Seventy-third Street, known as 43 West Seventy-third Street.

The house was held at $225,000 and frontes 102.2 feet on the avenue and 50 feet on the street. The seller owned it since 1910.

Resale has been made by the Manport Realty Corporation to Minnie Rose of Emerose Court, two six-story walk-up apartment houses on plot 50.8 by 100, at 206 to 208 West 109th Street, renting for $39,000 and valued at $180,000. Isidore Silverman was the broker in the resale of the property, which was acquired a few days ago by the selling company from Emma Donellan.

The Ahl Company, A. E. Levy, President, bought from the Manning-Bernhard Realty and Construction Company the six-story elevator apartment house at 449 to 453 West 123d Street, on a plot 74 by 100.11, near Amsterdam Avenue and facing Morningside Park.

The house has accommodations for thirty-five families and returns an annual rental of approximately $18,000. It was held at $170,000. A. V. Amy & Co. were the brokers in the deal.

Ward Belknap & Son sold for Louis Hildenstein to Patrick A. Carney the two-five-story apartment-houses at 554 and 556 West 184th Street, each occupying lot 37 by 74 feet.

Frederick Brown Assembles Site.

Frederick Brown purchased from Gustavus L. Lawrence the three old flats at the northeast corner of Lexington Avenue and Seventy-fourth Street, for which he gave in part payment a plot 125 by 94.4 on the north side of 172d Street, 100 feet east of St. Nicholas Avenue. M. I. Strunsky negotiated the sale.

The same broker, in conjunction with Frank Solomon, also sold for George White to Mr. Brown an adjoining four-story dwelling at 1,039 Lexington Avenue, which gives the purchaser a plot 44 by 94.4 at this point. It is the buyer's intention to improve the site with a multi-family house.

Slawson & Hobbs sold for Anna J. Golden 348 West End Avenue, a four-story high-stoop dwelling on lot 19.10 by 90, to a client for occupancy. The property was held at $55,000.

The Brett & Goode Co. sold the three-story-and-basement dwelling, 16.10 by 70, at 1,558 Lexington Avenue, for the estate of William Laing. This is the first sale of the property since 1892. It will be occupied by a physician.

Business Property Deals.

The Farmers' Loan and Trust Company, trustee for the Peter Cooper Hewitt estate, sold 18 East Thirty-third Street, a five-story building, on a lot 25 by 98.9. This is the building formerly occupied by Peter Cooper Hewitt for his experiments and laboratories.

The buyer is Edward Margolies, who now occupies the building opposite at 19 East Thirty-third Street. Mr. Margolies is going to make extensive alterations, remodeling the building for business purposes. The Brown, Wheelock Company were the brokers.

James A. Turley sold the mercantile building at 138 West Broadway, near Duane Street, to a client of the white-Goodman Company, who will use entire building for his own business.

The Butterick Publishing Company is the buyer of 10 Vandam Street.

State Troops Retain Barracks.

The Godney Farm Company and the State of New York have made a lease through Prince & Ripley by which the barracks and land now occupied and used as quarters for the New York State Troopers will be continued for a period of ten years. The State Troopers were organized during the war, and from the headquarters police of the Counties of Westchester, Rockland and a portion of Long Island, improvements will be made in the barracks at once. It is also assured that the Westchester County Horse Show will continue to exhibit at Godney Farm, and that the horse show ring will be retained.

$500,000 Harlem Theatre Building.

Plans will be filed within the next week for the new Harlem Arcade Theatre building to be erected at 215 to 223 West 125th Street, running to 221 to 231 West 126th Street. It is to be up to date in every particular and will have a seating capacity of 2,000. The 125th Street front will be devoted to stores and offices.

The improvement will probably cost about $500,000. The property was leased by the Higgins estate 14x, year for a term of ninety-nine years by Barnett & Co.

Will Build Forty-Two Dwellings.

Forty-two one-family dwellings are to be erected in the Mapleton Park section of Brooklyn by the newly formed Allied Erectors, Inc., in which company Paul Krieger is interested. They are to be located on Sixty-seventh and Sixty-eighth Streets, between Twentieth and Twenty-first Avenues, and are to be from plans by Harrison G. Wisnom, architect. Work will be started next week.

E. L. DOHENY JR. BUYS HOUSE

Purchases $200,000 Residence in East Eighty-Fifth Street.

Negotiations have been concluded for the sale of premises at 15 East Eighty-fourth Street, through and including 18 to 18 East Eighty-fifth Street, a plot 50 by 200, containing a modern dwelling on the Eighty-fourth Street plot and a three-story garage on the Eighty-fifth Street plot.

This property has been sold by the estate of Charles F. Hoffman, represented by the United States Trust Company and Carter, Ledyard & Milburn.

E. L. Doheny Jr. of the Mexican Petroleum Corporation is the purchaser. The property has been held for sale at $500,000. William B. May & Co. were the brokers who negotiated the sale.

Henry H. Klein, Deputy Commissioner of Accounts, sold the three-story dwelling, on lot 16.6 by 100.8 feet, at 108 East Ninety-third Street. The buyer is a client of Harris, Vought & Co., who will occupy.

M. H. Gaillard & Co. sold for Frances C. Lewis to Louis Reibach the four-story residence at 143 West Eighty-first Street, on lot 19 by 100. The buyer will occupy the house after alterations are completed.

The property was held at $80,000. Mrs. Emilia Marshall was associate broker.

Sherman & Kirschner sold for Peter Dahl the four-story private dwelling located at 120 East 121st Street, on a lot 18 by 100 feet, to a client for occupancy.

The Fackler estate of Rochester, N. Y., sold the three-story three-family dwelling, on lot 20 by 100, at 430 West Forty-fourth Street.

This is the first sale of the premises since 1889. The property was held at $15,000. Ryan & Co. were the brokers.

John J. Hecht, Inc., sold for the McDonald Realty Company 323 West Forty-sixth Street, a three-story private brownstone house, for occupancy by the new owner.

NUNS BUY BEACON TRACT.

Ursuline Novitiates Acquire "Hiddenbrook," on the Hudson.

J. Noah Slee, President of the Three-in-One Oil Company of New York has sold his country place, Hiddenbrook, at Beacon-on-Hudson, to the Ursuline Novitiates.

The property contains 400 acres extending into the Fishkill Mountains, and the improvements comprise a fine modern stucco and brick steel frame residence of eighteen rooms and six baths, together with several outbuildings, including a large garage, gardener's cottage, chauffeur's cottage, &c.

In part payment the Novitiates gave their property of ninety-eight acres, formerly known as Knickerbocker Lodge, at Van Wyck Lake, the main building having been burned a few months ago. The combined properties were held at $135,000. J. Pierre Schenck of Beacon was the broker who negotiated the deal.

Commercial Leases.

The newly formed 104 Nassau Street Corporation, with G. R. Hall, M. L. Gilman and L. M. Fox as Directors, has leased the five-story building at that address, adjoining the Heldoh Building at the southeast corner of Nassau and John Streets. Michael Scholtz is the owner of record.

F. M. Clear & Co. leased for Daniel J. Meagher the three-story factory building at 418 East 163d Street for a term of years to C. L. Schloemer, Inc., outdoor advertisers.

Cross & Brown Company leased to Charles J. Levy Company, a millinery house, now at Broadway and Bleecker Street, the store, basement and mezzanine floor of the new building at 29 to 33 West Thirty-sixth Street, which they will occupy as soon as it has been fitted for their business.

The Finkelstein Company leased the two ground-floor stores at 4 Delaney Street for a long term of years to Herman Schattner, shoe merchant. Mr. Schattner contemplates alterations at a cost of about $25,000, after the present lease of the westerly store expires.

The Finkelstein Company was also recently successful in purchasing a lease on Delaney Street for Kaufman, the hatter, and like Mr. Kaufman, Mr. Schattner was obliged to pay a substantial sum for securing the lease.

The two-story garage at 487 to 497 West 129th Street, on the site of the old Third Avenue Railway car barns, has been subleased by the New Amsterdam Garage, Inc., to the newly formed Manfried Garage, Inc., represented by Kahn & Zorn, attorneys, and having for Directors M. Friedman, J. Kahn and J. Schron. The lease is for twenty years at a net rental of $35,000 annually. The property fronts 196.11 feet on 129th Street and 150 feet on 130th Street, with a total depth of 198.8 feet. The present lessee acquired it last July from the West 129th Street Building Corporation, which leased it from the railroad officials.

MORTGAGE LOANS.

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Your 1922 rent income can be made a source of profit if you get it in a lump sum. Why not do it? Spot cash here on reasonable terms, no "red tape" and in strictest confidence. Phone Fitz-Roy 3916.

Columbia Trust Building
N. W. Cor. Fifth Ave. & 53d St., N. Y.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

Six to Eight Room House
Three to Eight Years Old
$5,000 or $10,000 Cash
OR EASY TERMS
LOT 25x100 OR 100x100; PARQUET FLOORS, ELECTRICITY, GAS; UP TO DATE. SEND PHOTO AND PRICE.
P. F. SMITH, 520 W. 36th St.

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Advertiser has handled all financial and construction, including supervision. Details relating to very large construction work. Consider myself thoroughly experienced, dependable, live wire. Results, not promises, my policy. Immediately available. L. 229 Times.

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EAST RIVER PLOT
With Riparian Rights
SOUTH OF 42nd STREET
18,000 Sq. Feet
IMMEDIATE POSSESSION
A. H. MATHEWS & CO.,
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15-17 WEST 18th STREET,
STORE, BASEMENT, also LOFT,
50x100
PASS. & FREIGHT ELEVATOR. SPRINKLERED
REASONABLE RENT.
Herbert A. Sherman, 41 E. 41st St.

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Discriminating business men will be interested in the new addition to the Borden Building, Madison Avenue and 45th Street, which will be ready for occupancy in April.

BORDEN BUILDING
BRADY & BOWMAN, Inc., AGENTS
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Every minute that passes means more rent-waste unless you are one of the more than 670 satisfied tenant-owners at Jackson Heights, where your apartment is paid for out of what ordinarily is rent-waste.

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22 MINUTES FROM 42nd ST
New 5 to 10 Room Garden Apartment Homes—1 to 3 Baths
On Tenant-Ownership Plan—Moderate Price—Liberal Terms
Social and Business References Required
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The Queensboro Corporation (Whitehall Building) 50 E. 42d St.
Send for illustrated copy of "Jackson Heights News"—FREE.

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Tax Exemption Saves $1750
$7,000, small cash payment and $40 monthly. This cozy home, 6 rooms, bath, glass enclosed porch, steam heat, parquet floors, tile bath, beautiful fixtures. Take Culver line "U" to 18th Ave., walk south to 51st St. Phone 8305 Blythebourne.

$85 per month. Brand new, beautifully decorated 5-room apartment with garage; fine location, near station. JOHN F. CHURLO, Highlawn Avenue and West 10th Street, Brooklyn. (Sea Beach Subway to Kings Highway Station, Avenue R, Exit).

WESTCHESTER—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Most Artistic Home In Pelham Manor
If you appreciate an extremely artistic exterior as well as interior in a home, we ask you to let us show you this unusually fine suburban residence in most desirable location of this section. Built last year by one of the foremost architects of the East for his own use. Wonderful construction. Arrangement of rooms absolutely perfect. Nine rooms and three baths. Grounds 100x125, profusely planted with shrubbery and fruit trees. Asking price $20,000. We urge an early inspection.

Burke Stone, Inc.
41 EAST 42nd ST. Vanderbilt 8818
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GOLF COURSE
In excellent condition with unsurpassed views.
CLUB HOUSE
Completely furnished; 35 minutes out.
WESTCHESTER COUNTY COUNTRY DEPARTMENT.
Fred'k Fox & Co., Inc.
MADISON AV. & 41st ST., N.Y. City

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MILTON POINT, RYE, N. Y.
House for rent, 4 to 6 masters' rooms, 3 baths, attractively furnished gardens, garage on the water, has not been rented in ten years; owner going abroad.
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NEW JERSEY—The daintiest little house in all the Jersey hills; water rights on chain of pretty lakes; built for year-round occupancy; fine trees, high ground; seven rooms, tiled bath; many flowers and shrubs; beautiful and refined neighborhood; sale only; plot 100x180 feet; tiled street; easy commutation New York City; every convenience for comfortable living; invest a little cash and what you now lose paying rent and own your own home; can be bought for $2,000 cash, balance on mortgage; ready to move into; shades and electric fixtures and electric things all in, no extras; total price $9,500. Post Office Box M. A., 148 City Hall Station, New York City.

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Light, fireproof loft, elevator service, &c.; suitable light manufacturing.
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Beautiful Light Lofts,
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Modern Fireproof Buildings
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Four lofts of 5,000 square feet each located 3rd, 5th, 11th and 12th floors. Modern fireproof building, light on three sides, and skylights in addition on 12th floor.
Two passenger elevators and one large freight elevator with private trucking entrance.
Is 100% sprinkler equipped and carries the low insurance rate of 23 cents.
Located near freight terminals, subway, elevated and surface lines.
Exceptionally well adapted to light manufacturing and general stock storage or for branch warehouse for some concern wishing to establish a New York branch. Inquire
SUPT., 118 EAST 28TH ST.

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Desirable space in taxpayer, all light, suitable for offices or light manufacturing purposes. For further particulars inquire Supt. on premises or
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Third Floor Loft.
About 7,000 square feet.
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APPLY AT PREMISES
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Large suites and single offices.
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OFFICES $20 UP
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$8,000 CASH, mortgage $32,000, $2110; altered for business and apartments; below 59th; possession.

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One to be had earlier
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Including Complete Kitchen
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Highest Elevation in Manhattan
193D ST., 500 WEST.
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University Av. & 179th St.
CORNER APARTMENT HOUSE
3-4-5 Rooms
Rents Exceptionally Reasonable
This building is of the advanced modern type and contains improvements not usually found in the average high-class apartment house. Convenient to subways and 6th & 9th Ave. L.
Agent on premises or
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NOW READY
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4 AND 5 ROOMS
REASONABLE RENTALS
Built Around Beautiful Interior Park (90 ft. x 120 ft.), making every room an outside room. Wonderful Appointments and Equipment Throughout.
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Excellent Opportunity for Physician.
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Seven rooms, two baths, tiled kitchen; all improvements; on large plot at Hillcrest, Jamaica; choice neighborhood and surroundings; near transportation; $13,500. Seth J. Murray Co., 376 Fulton St., Jamaica, N. Y.

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FOUR-STORY and basement, West 16th St.; 25 by 102, 18 rooms, four baths, electric and gas; first mortgage $27,000 (10 years); will sell completely furnished for $40,000; renting at $600 per month. Coughlan & Company, Inc., 200 West 72d.

23-25 WEST 11TH ST., each containing 18 rooms, 3 baths; electric light and heat; excellent condition; $35,000 each.

182 WAVERLY PLACE, suitable for investing, $15,000. Williams-Dexter Co., 78 Greenwich Av. Chelsea 8000.

TWO-FAMILY private dwelling near Drive, 25 by 100, steam heat, electric and garage; price, $16,500; cash $5,000; guaranteed investment. Coughlan & Company, Inc., 200 West 72d.

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TREMENDOUS BARGAIN for investment of $5,000; 5th Av. corner, colored apartment house; 5 stories, 2 stores, steam, all improvements; no brokers; principals only. Box 230, 252 Columbus Av.

NEAR 207th St. subway station, two houses, each 30 families; require $9,000 cash, balance mortgage 15 years; well built; need renovating. Nehring Bros., 1,441 St. Nicholas Av., cor. 182d St.

REAL ESTATE.
Capable man wanted in leasing and selling department mid-town office; salary and commission to right party. "Real Estate," 225 Times.

DWELLING, near 86th St.; tremendous bargain; must be sold this week; price reduced from $40,000 to $32,500; make offer; easy terms; 4 stories, 18 rooms. Leroy Coventry, 34 West 72d.

PRIVATE DWELLING, near 72d St. subway; 4 and 1½ story, stone and brick; 10 rooms, 3 baths; parquet, electric; immediate possession; principals. Bergas, 912 Longacre Building.

4TH WEST, DWELLINGS,
Several high-stoop houses, possession.
$18,000, $16,000, $18,000, $18,000, TERMS.
WM. P. JONES & SON, 1,356 BROADWAY.

$81,000 cash, above 1-year mortgage; 36-family, 50-foot corner, near 170th St. and Broadway; rent $18,500; price $81,000. Nehring Bros., 1,441 St. Nicholas Av., cor 182d St.

ESTATE must sell desirable four-story and basement dwelling, 20x90x100. West 70s; possession; price $30,000; terms. James F. Walden, 1,968 Broadway, Columbus 8000.

WE HAVE a number of West Side private dwellings to lease, furnished or unfurnished, $250 per month and up. Coughlan & Co., Inc., 200 West 72d.

SACRIFICE desirable lease unfurnished residence, West 72d; suitable altering for business and small apartments; small capital required. Columbus 1800.

21ST ST. (near 5th Av.)—14 rooms, 3 baths; charmingly furnished; reasonable for term. Telephone Lenox 2117 or address S 1033 Times Annex.

Bronx—For Sale or To Let.

A CORPORATION owning 5 corner plots in East 177th St., Tremont Av., and adjacent streets, close to subway (all Bronx car pass by property), wishes to sell out; clear for 8-story 3-4-5 room apartments; opportunity for builders, speculators; first and clear. H. J. SACHS & CO., 38 West 21st St.

BUILDING ATTENTION.
Corner Grand Av. and Evelyn Pl., Jerome; subordination can be arranged; between Bayley & Co., 1,182 Broadway; Madison Sq. 1714.

HOUSE BARGAIN
on Grand Boulevard, between 167th and 168th Sts.; 10 rooms with every improvement (east); price $16,000; easy terms. Horace G. Knowles, 32 Vanderbilt Av.

LEAVING for Europe; $25,000 cash buys modern Bedford Park business corner apartment; rental $16,000. Arthur Beckh, Melrose 6750.

$10,000 cash, 50-family, modern, Prospect Av. corner; 10-year 1st and 2d mortgages; three 4 and three 3-room apartments. Nehring Bros., 1,441 St. Nicholas Av., cor 182d St.

Brooklyn—For Sale or To Let.

ATTRACTIVE and desirable two-family house in Flatbush, detached, 14 large rooms and two baths, electric light, white enamel finish, bright floors, instantaneous hot water, two new steam heating plants, separate porches, screened, one car garage; excellent condition; no leases; immediate occupancy; must sell quickly; 7% interest; sacrifice at once. 819 Av. C West, Brooklyn, N. Y.

80TH ST., 229, between 2d and 3d Avs., Bay Ridge, for sale to close estate, large 2-story dwelling, 17 rooms, excellent plumbing and 2-story brick garage; space for 3 cars; plot 140x125; fine location for sanitarium or institution; caretaker in garage adjoining; for terms apply to C. L. Westcott, Attorney, 156 Broadway, New York.

TWO STORY BRICK DWELLING,
8 rooms and bath; electric light;
1,742 WEST 9TH ST.
Immediate possession.
Particulars from JOS. T. MULLIGAN, 80 Broad St., New York City.

BENSONHURST—One-family, 11-room, corner, detached frame residence; hot water heat, gas, electricity; easily converted more families; double garage space; block subway and bay; best residential section; pre-war construction; sacrifice price for quick sale. See Resident Owner, 84 Bay 25th St.

BRIGHTON by the sea, bargain, 11-room house, all improvements, two enclosed porches and garage, tax exempt; price $18,000. Coney Island 3146.

A BARGAIN in business property, 143 Jamaica Av.; 7 years old, 2-story brick, 14 rooms and store; good location; cash $2,000; price $13,000; good terms.

SURF AV., at 80th St., 14-room completely furnished cottage; immediate possession. Apply Samuel Nelson, next house.

Queens—For Sale or To Let.

TAX-EXEMPT BARGAIN
At Arleigh, new tapestry brick dwelling; 6 rooms, tiled bath, garage, Colonial finish, hardwood floors throughout, steam heat; all improvements; one-block express station; 16 minutes to Manhattan; $3,500 cash, balance like rent; photo or write for plan and photos. J. S. Withers, 59 Vanderbilt Av., New York City. Phone Vanderbilt 8164.

FOREST HILLS GARDENS.
Eight rooms, two baths, large enclosed porch, corner house, detached; built 1919; southwest exposure; ivory and grass-cloth finish; instant water heater; 45 minutes to station. Telephone Boulevard 6883-J.

FIVE-ROOM Queensborough Corporation apartment; golf, tennis, play grounds; 3 minutes Pennsylvania Station; selling at sacrifice. Phone Vanderbilt 8275.

Staten Island—For Sale or To Let.

FOR RENT—Furnished, from April 15 to October 1; 10 rooms, large grounds; first-class neighborhood; rear transportation line; $100 per month. Wm. D. Hill, 774 Richmond Terrace, New Brighton, Staten Island. Tompkinsville 508.

FOR SALE—11-room house, fine garage, 60x100 grounds, high class neighborhood; good bargain; $12,000. Wm. D. Hill, 774 Richmond Terrace, New Brighton, S. I. Tompkinsville 508.

NEW DORP—House, seven, bath, electric, steam. Telephone Dongan Hills 1313W. Reasonable.

SUBURBAN REAL ESTATE.
Westchester—For Sale or To Let.

FOR SALE—Up-to-date 6 to 7 room cottage, fine ground, select neighborhood, asking price $14,500; reasonable terms. Particulars see owner, B. Holme, 123 8th Av., New Rochelle, N. Y.

EXCEPTIONAL opportunity for any person having $10,000 cash can buy a fine 7-room house, with garage, located in Riverview Manor, Hastings-on-Hudson. W 88 Times.

SCARSDALE—House, 7 rooms, all improvements, furnished-unfurnished; garage; sale $15,000; terms; rental, monthly, $200. Telephone Scarsdale 238.

LARCHMONT—Colonial, half brick, 8 rooms, 3 baths, hot water heat; heated garage, 100x125; $20,000. Keller, 41 West 34th St. Phone 1910 Pitzroy.

YONKERS (Park Hill)—House, 12 rooms, 3 baths, all improvements; garage; $85 month. Hoffman, 22 West 42d (Manhattan).

If you are buying, selling, renting in Westchester, phone Vanderbilt 1414, Suburban Realty Service, 12 East 42d.

SUBURBAN REAL ESTATE

Inducements for Commuters — *Long Island Opportunities*

Rate 25 cents an agate line.

Westchester—For Sale or To Let.

New Rochelle Homes to Buy.
Attractive, modern stucco house, located in Forest Heights, 11 fine rooms, 3 baths; hot water heat, gas, electricity; 2-car garage; beautiful shade trees, shrubs and flowers. For quick sale price is $22,500.
Attractive, modern 7-room home, tiled bath, sleeping porch, enclosed sun parlor; hot water heat, gas and electricity; garage; good plot; best of locations; easy terms; price $17,000.
$7,000 buys this attractive 6-room house; good location; all improvements; terms.
Westchester Realty & Insurance Co., New Rochelle Trust Co. Building, 349 Main St. Tel. 237. New Rochelle, N. Y.
Open Sundays by appointment.

WHITE PLAINS—Built for the owner's occupancy, with no appointment or convenience lacking; design, arrangement of rooms, construction and location are ideal; large living hall, dining room, sun porch, unexcelled sleeping rooms, 2 tiled baths, built-in shower, servants' quarters with bath, cedar room, oak floors, hot water heat, gas; decorated; screens, shades, awnings; 2 car garage in conformity with house; complete home, without a cent to be expended; extra large landscaped plot; owner offers exclusively through Chauncey R. Griffen, 18 East 41st St. Tel. Murray Hill 9826.

FOR SALE AT HARRISON-ON-THE-HUDSON.
Here's your chance for a HOME. Come and see these Bargains:
SEVEN ROOMS AND BATH, $6,000 EACH.
ONE 7 ROOMS AND BATH AT $7,000.
OTHERS FROM $10,000 TO $30,000.
Also choice Building Plot on terms. For further particulars OLCOTT & EGGERT, 51 East 42d St., N. Y. Tel. Murray Hill 2826 or AGENT at Harrison office, on Post Road, Sundays.

BIG VALUES IN SMALL HOME.
Attractive in style, high class in construction, up-to-date in every way. Fine location in Mount Vernon; 6 large rooms and sun parlor, tiled bath with "built-in" tub and shower; large plot; price $12,500; if you have been looking at many houses you will instantly recognize that this house is a buy.
ANDERSON REALTY CO., Mt. Vernon, N.Y.

GOING ABROAD.
The owner of a home in the very choicest section of White Plains is going abroad and has authorized us to offer his house at a real pre-war price; the plot is 75x180; the house is Dutch Colonial with 9 rooms, 2 baths, hot water heat, 1-car garage; the price is $16,000; nothing else like it in this section; quick action necessary.
PRINCE & RIPLEY.

437 5th Av. Tel. Murray Hill 0555.

PELHAM—I will sell my new English half timber and stucco home, embodying all latest appointments; large living room, sun porch, four bedrooms, two baths, large shaded corner plot, restricted residential section; only a step to station; I will sell at bargain price. Apply to my agent for full details and inspection, Chauncey R. Griffen, 18 East 41st St. Tel. Murray Hill 9826.

COUNTRY HOME, plot 50x140, 8 large rooms, 2 baths, enclosed breakfast and sleeping porches, open fireplace, hot water, heat and all improvements, select residential section, convenient to railroads; price $22,500, cash $10,000. Tel. New Rochelle 1000 after 6 or Sunday 549 Webster Av. New Rochelle, New York.

LARCHMONT—Beautifully designed stone and shingle home, overlooking water, with privilege to bathing beach. Large living room with fireplace, tiled kitchen; five master sleeping rooms, three servants' rooms, four baths, slate roof, copper leader; a home of permanency, without repairs. Chauncey R. Griffen, 18 East 41st St. Tel. Murray Hill 9826.

Send For
"SUBURBAN WESTCHESTER,"
a booklet giving vital information about the various towns of Westchester County.
PRINCE & RIPLEY,
437 5th Av., New York City.

RENT OR SALE—New distinctive dwelling, finest construction; most desirable section in Westchester County; 9 rooms, 2 baths; beautifully decorated; two-car garage; large plot; less than half hour from Grand Central Station; possession May 1; monthly rent $300. W. F. Ross, 23 West 44th St., N. Y. Tel. Murray Hill 0790.

RENT OR SALE—New distinctive dwelling, finest construction; most desirable section in Westchester County; 9 rooms, 2 baths; beautifully decorated; two car garage; large corner plot; less than half hour from Grand Central Station; immediate possession; monthly rent $300. W. F. Ross, 23 West 44th St., N. Y. Tel. Murray Hill 0790.

FOR RENT OR SALE AT PELHAM MANOR—Beautiful home, 8 large rooms, 2 baths, enclosed stream heated sun parlor, sleeping porch; all modern improvements; finest construction throughout; rent $175; price $18,000; terms arranged; possession May 1. Beatrice Mosenthal, 2 West 45th St. Telephone 0789 Murray Hill, New York.

ARCHITECT'S own beautiful and wonderfully constructed home, eight large rooms, beautiful sun parlor 40x16, huge fireplaces, abundant closets, pantries, &c.; three room basement; grounds beautifully arranged; house built in Hastings; $15,000, cash $6,000. Call Saturday afternoons and Sunday, 220 Mount Hope Boulevard, Hastings-on-Hudson.

LARCHMONT—For sale, very desirable home containing eight rooms, including two baths, four bedrooms, breakfast alcove, glass porch, parquet floors; just completely redecorated and painted; owner required larger quarters; lot 100 by 170; price $16,000; terms arranged. For appointment, inspection address Owner, C 401 Times.

FREE RENT TO YOU
and $300 besides by buying a 2-family house. Both our Bronxville and Pelham offices have several to offer; prices begin at $14,500; $4,000 cash.
BURKE STONE, INC.,
41 East 42d Street.

GOING TO BUILD?
Send for Descriptive Booklet
About Sidney Farm.
Prince & Ripley, 437 5th Av., N. Y.

TO PLOT OWNERS.
We build suburban homes anywhere and assist in financing; plans and estimates furnished; highest references; inspect our work.
OWNERS' CONSTRUCTION CORP.,
31 West 39th St. Tel. Murray Hill 0780.

FOR RENT season, fully furnished, directly on Sound, fine house, 9 rooms, 3 baths, 2 open fireplaces; garage; bath house and fine bathing beach; a charming place; rent $2,100. Robert Goelet Comfort, 17 East 45d St. Tel. Vanderbilt 4411.

FOR SALE or exchange at Riverview Manor; six-room house, all improvements, shrubbery, garden; garage; $18,000; larger house or lots in the same section preferred in exchange; if fifteen exchange state exact location of property. E 82 Times.

NEW ROCHELLE.
Modern house, 7 rooms and bath, hot water heat, gas and electricity; plot 75x160; all improvements; garage; $19,500. Henry B. Dowry, 226 Sagamore Rd. Tel. 1807 New Rochelle, N. Y.

TWO-FAMILY frame house, 13 rooms, two baths, two sun parlors and sleeping porch; plot 125x100, two-car garage; toilet, tray pantry; hardwood floors; hot water heat; separate entrances, heaters and cellar. Phone Hillcrest 1978.

GARDDALE—Refined environment; picturesque location; houses designed to suit your particular taste; available for immediate occupancy; easy terms. Inquire for details. M. S. Keller, 41 West 34th St. Telephone Fitzroy 1976.

AT RYE FOR RENT.
FURNISHED COTTAGES and BUNGALOWS.
CHAS. S. FAULKNER,
Office Facing Rye Railroad Station.
Telephone 123 Rye, N. Y.

BRONXVILLE—Beautiful home, spacious grounds, garage, garden, tennis court; $45,000; owner going South, will sacrifice; no reasonable offer refused, particulars. Tel. Rhinelander 2062.

Long Island—For Sale or To Let.

BRENTWOOD—Six months or by year, bungalow, with 2 bedrooms; also house with 5 bedrooms furnished or unfurnished; reasonable; 4 blocks from station and golf club. Telephone 7427 Riverside.

SEVEN rooms, bath, garage, steam heat, cross sewer, gas and electricity; large plot; 35 minutes (rail) enclosed porches; beautiful quiet River Section, 30th West Side, Long Island. Owner, 400 Lexington Ave.

FOR GARDENS—EIGHT-ROOM STUCCO BUNGALOW, BREAKFAST ROOM, ENCLOSED PORCH, GARAGE; LOW PRICE; NO AGENTS. TELEPHONE RICHMOND HILL 4808.

SOUTH SHORE—Large, well shaded plot, [illegible] overlooking Sound; 20 miles out; [illegible] modern house, garage; fireplace, [illegible] heat; moderate price. Apply X 2435 Times Downtown.

LONG BEACH WEST BUNGALOW
[illegible] $250 down, $25 with owner, [illegible] electricity; $4,000; $500 down. [illegible] Neville Sta., Hewlett Department [illegible]

Long Island—For Sale or To Let.

ON GREAT PECONIC BAY.
FOR SALE OR TO LET.
TO CLOSE ESTATE.
78 acres and house, 21x74 feet; water tower, outbuildings, servants' annex, bathhouse, garage, barn, lawn, woods, meadow, creek; tennis court, croquet grounds, vegetables, fruits, berries, oysters, clams, scallops, crabbing, fishing.
PRICE, $85,000; TERMS.
WM. CRUIKSHANK'S SONS,
Tel. 5194 Cortlandt. 65 Liberty St., N. Y.

CANTERBURY,
Rockville Centre's restricted residential section, offers excellent opportunities for young people of moderate means to establish themselves amidst refined surroundings with very little outlay. The building plan will interest you. Attractive six-room houses on 60-foot plots approaching completion, $9,500 and $10,500; 28 minutes express service to Penn. Station.
EDGEWORTH SMITH, INC.
1 West 34th St. Rockville Centre Station
Pitzroy 5216 Rockville Centre 585

FLANDOME ON MANHASSET BAY—Unusually well-built, all-year hollow tile, stucco residence, splendidly located on plot 150x150; 8 rooms, 2 baths, 2 fireplaces, with unusual closets; sun parlor and sleeping porches; 3 baths; hot water heat, electricity, gas and city water; all improvements; picturesque garden shrubbery; right to private beach, club house and tennis courts; owner will sell right for quick sale; immediate possession; very reasonable terms. M. Morgenthau Jr. Co., 449 Fulton St., Jamaica. Phone 1088 Jamaica.

BROADWAY, FLUSHING.
You have only two weeks left to get a NEW TAX EXEMPT HOME.
We have a few modern Colonial homes nearing completion; 6 to 9 rooms, 2 and 3 tile baths; price $11,500 to $14,500; easy terms. MARRY REALTY CO., corner State and 30th Sts. Phone Flushing 193; ask for Scott.

FOR SALE, at Lynbrook, N. Y.—New house, 8 large rooms, every improvement, near station; large plot; $10,500, cash wanted; $2,500; also fine 8-room house, beautifully decorated, and garage, at Hempstead, L. I.; same price. A. R. Courtenay, Hempstead, N. Y. Telephone Hempstead 644.

LYNBROOK—For sale, splendid 10-room house; hot water heat, 2 baths; double garage on corner plot 100x200; beautiful trees and shrubbery; 5 minutes to station; or will lease from 1st of April; unfurnished at $200 per month. Owner, 68 Atlantic Av., Lynbrook. Tel. 1183-R.

PORT WASHINGTON—Save $8,000; builder's own Colonial home sacrificed at $22,000 because of business conditions; 10 rooms, tile baths and laboratories, open fireplaces, quartered oak floor throughout; garage; lot 100x140; fruit, dairy, shade trees; former price $30,000; no agents. Phone F. D. RICH, Port Washington, L. I.

LYNBROOK, L. I.—For sale, two-story house, all improvements, gas and electric; five rooms, with sun parlor, bath; garage and delicious nursery; 40x110; 100 feet from the Merrick Road; five minutes to trolley and R. R. station; cheap if sold at once. Apply to owner, 22 Watkins St., Lynbrook, L. I.

FOREST HILLS, LONG ISLAND.
Artistic, substantial, comfortable, nine-room brick home for sale; most desirable section; plot frontage 125x100 deep; $30,000; less frontage if desired; easy terms; 27 Harvest St. Telephone, Boulevard 6254.

HOLLIS — Immediate possession, modern home, private sale, 7 rooms and bath; best location; garage or garden space; $9,500, with terms. W. Carpenter Av., on residence north of Fulton. Phone Allen, Hollis 0383-W, or Stagg 0566.

PURCHASERS, ATTENTION.
I do not list inflated values and have exceptional bargains in modern size houses; best location on Long Island; easy commuting distance. A. Noworthy, 875 Fulton St., Brooklyn. Main 6368.

AT FLORAL PARK—HALF HOUR OUT.
Semi-bungalow, 6 rooms and bath, water, gas, electricity, large garage, near trolley, school, stores and station; $7,500, $1,500 cash. A. H. Goldsmith, P. O. Building. Phone 258 Floral Park.

BARGAIN IN JAMAICA.
Seven rooms and bath, frame house, on large plot; near schools; price $9,500; terms. Edgeworth Smith, Inc., 1 West 34th St., N. Y. Phone Fitzroy 5250 or Jamaica 1089.

BARGAIN AT DOUGLAS MANOR—New house on waterfront with every improvement, and finished; any reasonable offer considered; very little cash required. Horace G. Knowles, 82 Vanderbilt Av.

ROSLYN ESTATES—8 rooms, 3 baths, sleeping porch, sun parlor, breakfast room; 2-car garage; 100x200; $20,000, or $150 per month. H. W. Rogers, 125 Broadway. Rector 11135.

LONG BEACH WEST—$25 down starts you on your own home; $100 down a bungalow on and near ocean. For information SEE Welsh, N. Y. Av. and Beach St.

BAYSIDE WEST.
House and lots 227, near 172d St., EDGEWORTH SMITH, 1 West 34th St., N. Y. Phone Fitzroy 5216.

ST. ALBANS—Unusual offer, $150 to May, 1923; owner going abroad; furnished house, 6 rooms, 2 baths; garage; ideal for small family. Circle 8128.

MURRAY HILL, FLUSHING — Immediate possession, 8 rooms, modern house, corner, near station; $13,000. Frank Burgin, 848 Riverside Drive.

WESTBURY—New dwellings, choicest location; $7,250, $9,250, $10,000, $11,000; strictly high class. Henry Pierson, 325 Flatbush Av. 4900 Sterling.

LONG BEACH—Bungalow, ocean, bay; 5 rooms, bath, gas, electricity; ready to move into; $4,000; easy terms. Weisel, 121 West 42d. Bryant 3105.

PORT WASHINGTON, L. I.—Frame house, 7 rooms and bath; all improvements; lot 50x100; $10,000. Monfort & Hageman. Tel. 153.

FOR RENT—May to October, house, furnished, seven rooms and bath; garage; near station. Phone 1946-J, Laurelton.

AVAILABLE April 1, six rooms, baths, beautifully furnished; 20 minutes city; view water. Phone Vanderbilt 10160.

WATERFRONT, modern, yearly home; garage; $100 month. "Cedars," Great River, L. I.

New York State—For Sale or To Let.

Interlochen, Monroe, N. Y.
20-ROOM HOUSE.
Ideal for Summer home or institution; splendid view of Ramapo Mountains; front age on Walton and Round Lakes; all improvements; 20 large rooms, including 15 sleeping rooms, 2 baths, large porches, &c.; about 30 acres of land, ample shade and lawn, as well as fruit orchards; fine stable for horses and cows; also room for silos; fitted with electric light and running water; chauffeur's room, &c.; ice house and other buildings; house furnished; property free and clear from all encumbrances. For further particulars address L. T. Martin, 420 East 52d St., Brooklyn, N. Y., or S. Osgood Pell & Co., 17 West 44th St., New York.

REAL ESTATE WANTED

City Property.

WILL BUY at once 2 or 3 family house with or without store in Tremont or Fordham section; price is right. Send for particulars to E. 112 Times.

Tenement owners, clients will pay all cash for real bargains.
Full particulars requested, please call.
WM. F. JONES & SON, 1,362 Broadway.

HAVE $18,000 to invest in old or hot water heat apartment; Bronx preferred. First mortgage only. Address S. F. 148 Times Uptown.

HAVE buyer, new two-family brick detached home, with garage, Brooklyn. Builders send particulars. B 708 Times Downtown.

IF you have property for sale in West Bronx, send full description to Foley, 2,438 Jerome Av., Bronx.

WANT two or three-family house, Bronx; all improvements; owner workers. A. Trutes, 911 Freeman St., Bronx.

WANTED TO RENT DWELLING BETWEEN 70TH AND 80TH STS. W 61 TIMES.

WILL PURCHASE Manhattan real estate if reasonable. Full particulars, B 61 Times.

Country Property.

HAVE buyer for 8-room house in Irvington, Ardsley, Tarrytown or Dobbs Ferry; must have at least 50 feet frontage. REAL REALTY DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION, 108 Whitehouse Building, 39 Main St., Yonkers, N. Y. Yonkers 1442.

WANT to rent unfurnished house, nine rooms, improvements, commuting distance, some ground, desirable section, not over ten minutes from depot, Bronx, Westchester or New Jersey preferred. Lease one to three years. Reasonable rental. B 232 Times.

JUST MOVED from South with three children; want to lease suburban house, four bedrooms, within 45 minutes Grand Central; unfurnished or furnished; reference. B 236 Times Downtown.

Country Property.

POULTRY FARM wanted in vicinity of New York with house and improvements. Full particulars, V. Giampi, 613 East Fordham Road, New York City.

WANTED—Two or three lots in Hastings or Dobbs Ferry, not too far from station; must have river view. B 51 Times.

WANTED to rent, from April 15, house, 6 or 7 rooms; all improvements; commuting distance. V 849 Times Downtown.

WANTED—9 to 10-room house, modern; one acre; within 50 miles city. Send particulars. F 827 Times Downtown.

REAL ESTATE FOR EXCHANGE.

INCOME property, some tax exempt, will exchange for lot, one or two-family house; Ralph Blase, 867 Flatbush Av. Flatbush 2008.

FARMS.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

ELECTRICALLY EQUIPPED DAIRY FARM MONTHLY INCOME CASH $500
142 acres in Sussex Musconetcong Valley; 2 improved dwellings; extensive power equipment; cut buildings; complete labor saving machinery; 41 head stock, horses, poultry and crops; offered 1-3 under cost.
EUGENE JOBS-H. E. RICK CO.,
Realtors, Opp. Sta., Summit, N. J.

Maine—For Sale or To Let.

TO LEASE—A farm consisting of 100 acres, on shore of beautiful lake near Belgrade, Maine; complete set of buildings with all necessary furniture and equipment; suitable for either boys or girls camp; accommodation for 100. Further details given by Department Real Estate Company, 93 Portland St., Portland, Maine.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

RIDGEFIELD PARK—OWNER LEAVING STATE, will sacrifice his beautiful stucco home, six rooms, tile bath, steam heat, open fireplace, enclosed breakfast porch, screened sleeping porch, parquet floors, white enamel trim throughout; perfect condition; screens and shades entire house; excellent neighborhood; paved street and all other improvements; assessments paid; terms, $500 cash, balance $37.50 per month and interest. ACT QUICKLY. COME OUT TODAY. JOHN A. BALDWIN, opposite station.

A MODEL HOME—Six handsome rooms, bath, side porch, steam heat, hardwood floors, city water, gas and electricity, stationary laundry tubs; fully concreted, light, dry cellar; large plot, 60x100, on wide street with sewer, high elevation, refined surroundings, near schools, churches, trolley and railroad; thirty minutes from New York; price $7,800; liberal terms to suit buyer. Call or write CARL STRIDSBURG, 130 Broadway, Room 1135. Tel. Rector 10000.

FOR RENT IN BAYONNE.
Possession April 1, private dwelling; eight rooms, bath, steam heat, electricity; hardwood floors; large porch, fine grounds; on residential street, near trolley, bus and park; completely furnished in every detail; rent $125 monthly.
JOSEPH A. O'CONNOR & SON, Realtors, 737 Montgomery St., Jersey City.
Telephone Bergen 389 and 7500.

BEAUTIFUL COUNTRY HOME for sale in Northern New Jersey, 30 minutes out, express service; eight large-room bungalow with all modern improvements; 15 acres; apple orchard alone pays running expenses; farmer's house; outbuildings; fully equipped; tools and implements; all in perfect condition. Address J 272 Times.

AN UNUSUAL HOUSE, 6 rooms, bath, 3 porches, all enclosed in glass; copper screens; every improvement; plot 100x150; all kinds of fruit trees, grape arbor, &c.; owner obliged to leave on extended trip; sale price attractive. Call, write or phone CARL STRIDSBURG, 130 Broadway, Room 1135. Tel. Rector 10000.

FOR SALE, in Summit, N. J.—Nine-room house, large screened porch, fireplaces, gas and electricity, hot air heat, bath and shower, laundry tubs, kitchen range, screens, shades, &c.; 4 minutes from station; comfortable commuting; owner leaving New York, will sell for $10,000. L. S. Bennett, Rector 7000.

RIDGEWOOD, N. J.—Remarkably fine residence of ten rooms, 3 bedrooms, 2 baths, hot water heat, two open fireplaces, 3 sleeping porches; strictly modern and in excellent condition; 2-car garage; large plot. E. S. Walstrum, Gordon & Forman, 70 Maiden Lane, Beekman 6730—also Ridgewood, N. J., Tel. 555.

Beautiful Bernardsville Country Estate.
Stone house, 20 large rooms, 4 baths, all modern improvements; several modern outbuildings; 113 acres of land; elevation 700 feet; price, asking $100,000; will take less; cost $300,000. Durand Company, 361 Broadway, New York. Barclay 6784.

LOOK!—THIS 8-ROOM HOUSE, $5,500.
Good location—See it and other attractive houses that can be bought now very cheap. Call Rutherford 1597.
W. E. FAIRSTON,
14 ELM ST., RUTHERFORD, N. J.

BEAUTIFUL HOMES $5,000 UP.
Cash $1,000 up, balance easy terms.
5, 6, 7 rooms and bath, every improvement; charming location; write for illustrated booklet or call today.
HALLBERG & LONGFELLOW, BUILDERS, Ridgefield Park & Bogota. Tel. Hackensack 2.

FOR SALE—7-room house and bath; all improvements, hardwood floors, house in the best condition; beautiful spruce trees, chicken coop and garage; 5 minutes from station or trolley; price $8,500, easy terms. Donit Water, corner Sec. Ave. and Wilsmann, 81 Vreeland Av., Midland Park, N. J.

ARTISTIC Colonial house, six rooms and bath, hardwood floors, open fireplace; all improvements; beautiful location; Harrington Park, West Shore Railroad; $7,000; easy terms. Apply J. G. Ross, 11 Broadway, Bowling Green 6390, or 114-J Closter.

RIDGEWOOD, N. J.—Owner moving to larger house, will sell home 7 rooms, all improvements; fine grounds; plot 75x140; large garage; 60 Cedar St., South Maple Av., Ridgewood, or any realtor.

SUBURBAN HOME SEEKERS.
Send for free booklet descriptive of Ridgewood, N. J., the ideal suburban home town, having 1,600 commuters; all homes, no manufacturing. F. G. Rex 21, Ridgewood N. J.

FOR SALE—2-family house, semi-fireproof; all improvements; 3 minutes to station; 5 rooms and bath on each floor; separate heaters; rent $1,800 per year. Herman Niehaus, 151 Main St., Ridgefield Park, N. J.

LARGE HOUSE—15 rooms, 2 baths, 3 porches, every improvement; hot water heat; two-car garage; corner plot; best section; sacrifice $19,000; terms arranged. Owner, 287 Union St., Hackensack, N. J.

HAPPY HOME FINCK'S SPECIAL.
6-room bungalow, all improvements; wireless equipment; lot 50x150; good and convenient location; $8,000; homes beautiful; send for photos. 214 Broad, Elizabeth.

TO RENT—Unfurnished house, 8 rooms, 2 baths; garage; possession May 1; at $125 per month; furnished houses from $125 up. L. Stiles Stryker, Agent, 21 Maple St., Summit, N. J., Phone Summit 1250.

RIDGEWOOD—Substantial House, 8 rooms, tiled bath, steam heat, every modern improvement, excellent location, convenient to station and schools; $10,500; terms. J. S. Mittag Jr., Ridgewood, N. J.

COMMUTERS—Shaded half acre, 6 rooms, bath; all improvements; excellent condition and surroundings; convenient express depot; fruit; garage; $9,500. Buckley Wheeler Ridgewood, N. J.

LEONIA—7-room house, hot water heat, electric light, good condition throughout, large veranda; plot 50x100; near stores, schools, trolley; bargain, $8,500. Bowles & Co., Broad and Central Ave., Leonia.

BARTRAM AV., 111 SOUTH—18 rooms, 3 baths, good neighborhood, near ocean; $26,000; open for inspection Saturday afternoon and Sunday. Hugh R. Walker, 625 Land Title Bldg., Philadelphia.

OWNER will sell new six-room house, all improvements, desirable and convenient location, reasonable; will arrange satisfactory terms. Call or write H. L. Johnson, 15 Chestnut St., Bogota, N. J.

ALTITUDE 700, 64 acres, unimproved land, wonderful view, healthy location, Ramapo Hills; right of way to road; $850 per acre; station 1½ miles; excellent commuting service. L. B. 21 Times.

BEAUTIFUL new six-room, all improvements, hardwood floors, fireplace, steam heat; $8,000, $2,000 cash; balance monthly payments. Riley, opposite depot, Westfield, N. J.

MODERN COLONIAL HOUSE, 18 rooms, 4 baths, steam heat; garage, four-room apartment; wonderful view; fine fishing; 5 acres; attractive terms. Murray Hill 4126.

GRANTWOOD—One-family brick house, latest improvements, ready to lease; occupancy Grove Av., near Lafayette Av.; owner on place every Sunday.

PALISADES—Beautiful 8-room home, $4,000 cash wanted; ask for photo. HOKE, 23 Albany St., Rector 8101.

GOOD STORES, good locations, Elizabeth and surrounding towns. Finck, 214 Broad, Elizabeth.

FREE list of houses for sale and rent. Write VAN WINKLE CO., Rutherford, N. J.

Connecticut—For Sale or To Let.

FOR SALE—40-room hotel on waterfront at Saltb Rock, Conn.; to close estate will sacrifice. Inquire A. E. O'Connell, 673 Beach St., West Haven, Conn.

Real Estate—Other Cities and Towns.

Pennsylvania—For Sale or To Let.

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.
Large brick business block, office building and apartment in good town, $70,000; guaranteed 7 per cent. net income. Full particulars and photograph. Address the C. I. C. R. Co., Meyersdale, Pa.

SUMMER HOMES—Sale or Let.

Westchester County.

PORT CHESTER—Furnished 7-room house, 4 bedrooms, garden; tennis, golf adjoining; $350 month to refined family. L. Brown, 51 Park Av. Tel. 2063 Port Chester.

Long Island.

WANT young married couple to share Summer home with two Christian ladies; easy commuting; attractive terms. Answer Room 20, 7 5th Av.

FAR ROCKAWAY.
Two rooms and private bath for Summer season; near station. Chelsea 8916.

New York State.

NORTH WOODS, Wanakena, Oswegatchie River—8 and 7 room furnished cottages for rent by month or season; $125-$250. F. Duryea, 2,082 East 7th St., Brooklyn.

Maine.

THREE cottages on shore, near Bar Harbor, $50 fishing, mountain climbing; $400, $600, $1,200. L. 237 Times.

New Hampshire.

FIVE ACRES on Asquam Lake, N. H.; frame house, completely furnished; garage, boathouse, icehouse; tennis court; 500 feet shore line. V 964 Times Downtown.

New Jersey.

BERNARDSVILLE section, D., L. & W.; house, 10 rooms, 2 baths; 2 acres; lawn and gardens; asparagus beds; fruits; river; garage; season or year round. Daniel Jackson, 135 Broadway.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

NEW LIGHT LOFT.
5,000 sq. ft.; well divided; light manufacturing; top floor; twenty-eight windows, steam heat, electricity; large freight elevator; immediate possession; any broker. Engineer, 207-209 East 40th. 5754 Academy.

542 WEST 56TH ST.
DAYLIGHT OFFICES.
Exceptional low rental; suitable for architects, artists, lawyers, engineers or manufacturer's agent. Apply on premises. Phone Circle 2941.

OFFICES FOR RENT.
Grand Central Zone.
BAUER, MILBANK & MOLLOY, INC.,
51 E. 42d St. Murray Hill 1536.

DESIRABLE LOCATIONS, OFFICES, LOFTS, STORES, SHOW ROOMS, BUILDINGS TO LEASE 21 YEARS, SOME AT REDUCED RENTALS.
WM. P. JONES & SON, 1,368 BROADWAY.

TIMES SQUARE SECTION, 20-year lease, five-story building adjoining Broadway; will bring in $15,000 after little alteration; will lease for $8,500 net. Unusual Opportunity, 158 Times Uptown.

PART OF OFFICE FOR RENT, including modern desks and telephone service; private building, office one flight up, on the street; $30 per month. Apply Romeo Company, 117 Lennox Av., city.

SHOE STORE to let. Bowery, near Grand; established over 35 years; long lease; will rent reasonable on account of death of proprietor. Hiram Rinaldo, 230 Grand St. Tel. Canal 8329.

GARAGE.
Will erect for you At least garage of about 38,000 sq. ft.; midcity section, east side; principals only. Apply to Cushman & Wakefield, Inc., 90 East 42d St.

LOFT, whole or in part, 75x100, with or without machines; beautiful showroom and office; fully equipped; ideal for manufacturer. G. & S. Dress Co., 129 West 27th St., 8th floor.

WELL-KNOWN chain store corporation will dispose of five stores; excellent location for ladies' and gents' furnishings; beautiful fixtures at half price; no brokers. Box 251 Times Uptown.

FIFTH AV., first floor, 30x25, very reasonably; preferably to wholesale Oriental rug firms; mahogany furniture, Oriental rugs, letter duplicating machine, incandescent lamps cheap. Madison Square 8248.

BILLIARD PARLOR, 108 West 24th St., between 6th and 7th Avs.; space 50x100 for rent; light, airy, steam heated; one flight up. Inquire of Samuel Marx, 115 West 23d St., or your own broker. Tel. Watkins 9660.

TWO large, light front rooms, one flight up; suitable for dentist or office for general business; apply on premises. 780 Beck St., near Longwood Av., Bronx. Tel. Melrose 2181.

OFFICES FOR RENT.
Small suite, mahogany furnished to rent for year or longer. Murray Hill 1936.

3,500 SQ. FT.—Grand Central section, high-class building; $4,000; immediate possession; a real bargain. CROSS & BROWN CO., Murray Hill 7100.

ONE-STORY building, 50x100, steam heat, for rent, situated in Long Island City. Brecher Building Corporation, 30 Broadway, Astoria. Excellent location, convenient of station and schools; $10,500; terms. J. S. Mittag Jr., Ridgewood, N. J.

COMMUTERS—Shaded half acre, 6 rooms, bath; all improvements; excellent condition and surroundings; convenient express depot; fruit; garage; $9,500. Buckley Wheeler Ridgewood, N. J.

LEONIA—7-room house, hot water heat, electric light, good condition throughout, large veranda; plot 50x100; near stores, schools, trolley; bargain, $8,500. Bowles & Co., Broad and Central Ave., Leonia.

BARTRAM AV., 111 SOUTH—18 rooms, 3 baths, good neighborhood, near ocean; $26,000; open for inspection Saturday afternoon and Sunday. Hugh R. Walker, 625 Land Title Bldg., Philadelphia.

OWNER will sell new six-room house, all improvements, desirable and convenient location, reasonable; will arrange satisfactory terms. Call or write H. L. Johnson, 15 Chestnut St., Bogota, N. J.

ALTITUDE 700, 64 acres, unimproved land, wonderful view, healthy location, Ramapo Hills; right of way to road; $850 per acre; station 1½ miles; excellent commuting service. L. B. 21 Times.

BEAUTIFUL new six-room, all improvements, hardwood floors, fireplace, steam heat; $8,000, $2,000 cash; balance monthly payments. Riley, opposite depot, Westfield, N. J.

MODERN COLONIAL HOUSE, 18 rooms, 4 baths, steam heat; garage, four-room apartment; wonderful view; fine fishing; 5 acres; attractive terms. Murray Hill 4126.

GRANTWOOD—One-family brick house, latest improvements, ready to lease; occupancy Grove Av., near Lafayette Av.; owner on place every Sunday.

PALISADES—Beautiful 8-room home, $4,000 cash wanted; ask for photo. HOKE, 23 Albany St., Rector 8101.

GOOD STORES, good locations, Elizabeth and surrounding towns. Finck, 214 Broad, Elizabeth.

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FOR SALE—40-room hotel on waterfront at Saltb Rock, Conn.; to close estate will sacrifice. Inquire A. E. O'Connell, 673 Beach St., West Haven, Conn.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

SUBLET—BARGAIN.
Full floor, high class building, 222 4th Av., at 18th St. Subway entrance; 3,000 sq. ft., open space (will divide), south and east exposure, 27 large windows; immediate possession; very reasonable; no manufacturing.
W. K. WARDNER & CO.,
222 4th Av. Tel. Stuyvesant 2140,
or your broker.

DRY GOODS, GROCERIES.
Fine opening for live merchant in large suburban city. Large double store with basement; heart of shopping district. Reasonable rent; term lease. McGLEFLAN & CO., Mt. Vernon, N. Y. Tel. 2261.

STORE, NASSAU ST., $8,000.
A short flight up; 35 ft. frontage on Nassau St., 100 ft. deep, running through to alley at rear; entrance front and rear; tiled floor, walls and ceiling; steam heat; immediate possession; rent $8,000; located 118 Nassau St. Apply Klein Rapid Shoe Repairing Co.

OFFICES ON SUBLEASE.
FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED.
135 Broadway, 400 feet, two rooms and reception room; also 750 feet, 3 rooms and reception room.
141 Broadway, 500 feet, 2 rooms, 2 entrances.
56 Pine St., 500 feet, 2 rooms.
120 BROADWAY.
PARSLEY & CO.,
RECTOR 7964.

INVESTIGATE THESE STORES
in new apartment covering block front at subway station. Can only rent for men's and women's apparel, housefurnishings, confectionery, phonographs and music, barber and hairdresser, auto accessories. Ten stores already rented for other lines. Apply Romaine-Callman Co., Bridge Plaza North, Long Island City. Tel. Astoria 725.

FOR PHOTO ENGRAVER.
Top floor (8th) at 27 West 17th St.; 120 feet of window space; 5,000 square feet; available May 1; elevators, steam heat; rental very moderate.
SPEAR & CO.,
840 Broadway. Stuyvesant 0637.

GROUND FLOOR, BASEMENT, FIREPROOF 808 West St., corner, modern fireproof building; beautiful light, high ceilings; three floors, 22,725 feet; two elevators, covered loading platform; low rental; possession April.
HENRY G. WALES, 149 BROADWAY.
FULL COMMISSION TO BROKERS.

OFFICE OR SHOW ROOM.
24th, 145 East—About 30x51; all light, cleaning included; possession at once. Owner, John Gale, of Folsom Bros., 127 East 24th St.

STORE, ideal location; any business; busy thoroughfare; 58x27, with mezzanine 18x15; smaller store, 25x12, rent respectively $5,000 and $2,000; immediate possession; southeast corner 14th St., 7th Av. subway express station; brokers protected. Durose, 195 West 14th St.

OFFICE SPACE, 2,000 SQUARE FEET.
Suitable large corporation, insurance, business school, or showroom; central location in Newark; convenient to all traffic; will divide to suit tenant. St. Regis Building, 54 Park Place, Newark, N. J. Opposite Hudson Tubes.

BROADWAY, 487 (Cor. Broom St.)—Entire floor, 4,000 sq. feet, subdivided into small offices; solid, permanent principals; suitable general offices for large firm; excellent light; principals only. F. J. Gulfoile & Co., 163 Broadway. Cordlandt 7476.

LOFT, 50x105, 115-117 West 23d St., between 5th and 6th Avs.; one flight up; elevator, steam heat; suitable for light manufacturing, offices or showroom. Apply Samuel Marx, 115 West 23d St., or your own broker. Tel Watkins 9660.

LOFT, whole or in part, 75x100, with or without machines; beautiful showroom and office; fully equipped; ideal for manufacturer. G. & S. Dress Co., 129 West 27th St., 8th floor.

WELL-KNOWN chain store corporation will dispose of five stores; excellent location for ladies' and gents' furnishings; beautiful fixtures at half price; no brokers. Box 251 Times Uptown.

FIFTH AV., first floor, 30x25, very reasonably; preferably to wholesale Oriental rug firms; mahogany furniture, Oriental rugs, letter duplicating machine, incandescent lamps cheap. Madison Square 8248.

BILLIARD PARLOR, 108 West 24th St., between 6th and 7th Avs.; space 50x100 for rent; light, airy, steam heated; one flight up. Inquire of Samuel Marx, 115 West 23d St., or your own broker. Tel. Watkins 9660.

FOR RENT—Private office, 8 ft. by 10 ft., nicely furnished, with service, $20; desk space with service, $35. Suite 801, 120 West 32d.

LARGE AND SMALL OFFICES, in modern office building. International Commerce Bldg., 16 Moore St. and 7 Water St.

STORE to let, suitable any business; 10 years' lease, excellent location. Inquire fruit store, 191 East 23d St.

170 FIFTH AVENUE,
at Madison Square, floor 29x110; offices; also studios. See Supt., or Worth 8420.

GRAND CENTRAL ZONE—Two connecting offices, 300 feet; mahogany furniture; reasonable rental. Room 702, 220 Madison Av.

LOFT TO LET—Ten floors.
409 West 27th St., New York.
Watkins 9316.

LOFT TO LET.
308 West 59th St., New York.
Watkins 9316.

BROADWAY, 627, near 13th St., half loft, front or rear, freight service, or whole floor, 25x100; for manufacturing. Apply premises.

ENTIRE floor, light manufacturing, stockroom, salesroom and office, 20x70, 151 West 26th St., west of Broadway.

ONE-HALF space of loft to let, 66x100;

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Unfurnished—West Side.

Continued from preceding page.

9TH, 217 WEST—Apartment 3 rooms, partly furnished; bath, light, heat. Pesh.

9TH, 237 WEST—Six large rooms, 2 baths; modern elevator apartment; sublet to Oct. 1, 1922; possession June 1; $2,800 per annum. Goodwin & Goodwin, 148 West 57th. Phone Circle 6096.

9TH—Apartment six rooms, bath; $150 month. Ethereon, 38 West 424 St.

9TH, 34 WEST—Handsome, sunny, three rooms, with kitchen, bath, steam; owner; also two-room, kitchenette, bath; fireplaces.

23D ST., 217 WEST.

Unusually attractive seven-room apartment. Apply on premises, Apt. 5A.

9TH ST., 30 WEST—2 very large sunny rooms, kitchenette and bath; entire floor of private house; $100; gas, electricity free. Riverside 4543.

9TH ST., 326 WEST—Ground floor, 3 rooms, 2 baths; larger rooms.

9TH, 306 WEST—Five-six unusually sunny rooms, living room, 16x18; southern exposure; elevator; unusual transit facilities. Telephone River 7830.

9TH ST., 28 WEST—3 large, light rooms; all improvements, including electric lights. Janitor on premises, or phone Gramercy 5303.

10TH ST. (and West End Av.)—6-room apartment, 2 baths; special inducement to Oct. 1. Phone Academy 3020.

10TH, 143 WEST—Two and three rooms and bath; non-housekeeping suites, steam heat, electric light, telephone; good location; convenient subway and "L"; $50-$60. Apply on premises or CHARLES S. KOHLER, INC., 901 Columbus Av. (104th St.)

10TH, 304 WEST—One room, bath and kitchenette; all improvements.

10TH, 5 WEST—Exceptional 6 room elevator apartment, entirely redecorated; southern exposure.

10TH, 3 WEST—Modern elevator apartment, 3 rooms; southern exposure; reasonable.

11TH, 225 WEST—Five rooms in high-class elevator apartment, overlooking Central Park; rent reasonable.

11TH ST., 215 WEST—Apartment, suitable for doctor or dentist; five large, light rooms; ground floor; front; $85; also 3 rooms, large, light, front apartment; $90; electricity, telephone; all improvements; immediate possession; security. Inquire Supt.

11TH, 501 WEST—Choice apartments; elevator; possession; $1,200-$1,500. Supt.

11TH, 601 WEST—(64); Eight rooms, 4 room, outside apartment; $125; October.

11TH ST., 600 WEST (corner of Broadway)—Apt. 42; 7 rooms, 2 baths, large foyer; sublet at a sacrifice. Phone Cathedral 2802.

12TH, 500 WEST—Two 7-room apartments; elevator building; $1,600 and $1,620.

12TH, 534 WEST—Four and six beautiful room apartments; elevator; modern improvements.

12TH ST. (2,376 Eighth Av.)—Four rooms, bath; steam heat; $58.

13TH, 634 WEST—High-class elevator apartment, seven rooms; view of Riverside Park; reasonable rent. Apply Superintendent on premises.

13TH, 610 WEST—4 rooms, elevator; immediate possession. Apply Superintendent on premises.

13TH, 610 WEST—Four rooms; elevator; 4th floor; improvements; immediate possession. Apply Supt., on premises.

14TH, 501 WEST (corner Amsterdam Av.)—6 rooms, corner apartment; immediate possession; $75. Call Goodwin, 260 Lenox Av.

14TH, 504 WEST—Five rooms, front, fifth floor; decorated, light, elevator; reasonable.

14TH, 565 WEST (corner Broadway)—5 rooms, elevator; immediate possession; $100.

14TH ST., 601 WEST (Corner Broadway)—5-6 light, large rooms, southern exposure, highly decorated; possession immediately; $1,500 up.

15TH, 507 WEST—Desirable small apartment; excellent neighborhood; refined people; reasonable.

15TH, 502 WEST—5-7 beautiful rooms, exceptionally reasonable; just renovated. Superintendent.

16TH ST. (between Riverside Drive and Ft. Washington Av.)—4 and 6 rooms. Apply office Hudson View Construction Co., 900 Riverside Drive, corner 161st St. Phone Wadsworth 6335.

16TH, 576 WEST—Five rooms; all improvements; immediate possession. Inquire Supt., on premises.

16TH, 615 WEST—Modern, high-grade 5-room and bath elevator apartment; immediate occupancy; splendidly redecorated; references; rent $1,300 annually. Phone Hanover 7193.

16TH, 600 WEST (corner Broadway)—Fine, high-class elevator apartment, four rooms; $100; may take $95; bargain.

16TH, 601 WEST—Five outside rooms, Southern exposure; sublet; elevator. Apply Supt.

16TH, 600 WEST—Eight large rooms, front, all improvements; elevator. Apply Supt.

16TH, 601 WEST (corner Broadway subway station)—Elevator apartment, 6 and 7 rooms. Supt. on premises.

17TH, 650 WEST (corner Wadsworth)—Five rooms, modern apartment; $40. Billings 6081.

17TH ST., 501 WEST—Elevator, five and seven large rooms; low rent.

17TH, 700 WEST (cor. Broadway)—Elegant 4 and 6 room apartments; 10-story elevator fireproof building. Apply Supt.

18TH ST., 600 WEST—5 rooms $95; high class elevator apartments; parquet floors and all modern appointments. Apply on premises.

18TH, 567 WEST (near Riverside Drive)—Four large, light rooms; moderate rental; elevator building; possession June 1. Apply Superintendent on premises.

18TH ST., 605 WEST—7-room apartment to lease; elevator; immediate possession; reasonable rent. Apply Superintendent.

18TH (72 Pinehurst Av.)—Five beautiful rooms; new building; immediate possession; reasonable.

18TH ST., 654 WEST—3-room apartment; elevator; immediate home. Wadsworth 8092.

18TH, 720 WEST—Elevator, new building; 4 beautiful rooms, front; $75; bargain.

19TH, 600 WEST (corner St. Nicholas)—4, 5, 6 rooms, exceptional large, light, high-class elevator apartment. Superintendent.

19TH ST., 559-565 WEST—New building; 3 and 4 rooms and bath; every improvement; rent $70-$90. Apply Superintendent on premises or F. J. McMahon Co., 1,438 St. Nicholas Av. Phone Wadsworth 8910.

APARTMENTS WANTED

Furnished.

RESPONSIBLE couple want large room, April 1, southern exposure, rear, with kitchenette, private or semi-private bath; must be immaculate; will keep so; limit $70 per month; state terms and phone. B 93 Times.

FAMILY adults, Christian, desire furnished modern apartment with two bedrooms, or will share; references exchanged; reasonable terms to October. E 7 Times.

LIST YOUR APARTMENTS WITH Mrs. SINGLEMAN, RENTING SPECIALIST, 128 WEST 72D. COLUMBUS 836.

GENTLEMAN desires one, two rooms, private shower; state full particulars; not over $60; below 110th. B 40 Times.

FURNISHED APARTMENT wanted, three rooms, bath; $50 to $60 per month. Address Box 219, 318 West 57th.

2 ROOMS, kitchen, bath, west side, 70th to 86th. M. Walker, 416 West 122d.

Unfurnished.

WANTED to rent for number of years apartment in high class apartment house, between 40th and 60th Sts., on east side, beginning Oct. 1; large library, dining room and kitchen, 3 bedrooms and 2 master's and one servant's bath; highest references. G 1062 Times Annex.

COUPLE desire two rooms, kitchen and bath, west side, between 42d and 150th; rent about $60; state location and rent. B 724 Times Downtown.

WE must have apartments at once to satisfy waiting list of clients. Williams-Dexter Co., Inc., 72 Greenwich Av. Chelsea 8096.

DESIRABLE 4-5-room apartment, first floor or elevator. Harlem or Heights; adults; $50-$60. F. E., Room 1203, 110 West 40th.

ONE large room with bath and kitchenette; not over $50 monthly; references. Forrester, 61 Broadway.

75TH—Apartment, two rooms, kitchenette, bath, $60. Elberon, 38 West 42d.

COUPLE want 4 rooms, improvements, $40-$50. Box 340, 45 East 27th.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

East Side.

18TH, 105 EAST (Gramercy)—Two completely furnished rooms, twin beds, couch; reasonable if permanent. Stuyvesant 0210, Apt. 72.

27TH ST., MADISON AV. (Hotel Madison)—Permanent rates for business people; room, use of bath, $12 weekly; room, private bath, $15; all outside; modern hotel; perfect service. Phone Madison 1784.

37TH, 43 EAST—Exquisitely furnished; elevator; running water; $8 weekly. 9th floor.

38TH ST., 30 EAST—GREATLY REDUCED RATES; 120 ROOMS, RUNNING WATER, $10 PER WEEK; 98 DOUBLE ROOMS, TWIN BEDS, $21 PER WEEK FOR TWO PERSONS; 80 ROOMS WITH BATH, $21 PER WEEK FOR ONE PERSON, $24.50 FOR TWO PERSONS. MARTHA WASHINGTON HOTEL (FOR WOMEN).

39TH ST., LEXINGTON AV. (HOTEL RUTLEDGE)—WOMEN EXCLUSIVELY; NEWLY DECORATED; ROOM, BATH, $16 WEEKLY UP; ALSO ROOM, WITH BATH, $11 WEEKLY UP; RESTAURANT CONVENIENCES; BIG REDUCTION FOR TWO PERSONS.

39TH ST., 12 EAST—LARGE, ATTRACTIVE ROOM; ELEVATOR.

47TH, 133 EAST—French family; room, running water, electricity, telephone; gentleman; reference.

50TH ST., 21 EAST—Large and small, for business people.

50TH ST., 29 EAST.

Desirable single room in owner's home.

50TH ST. AND 5TH AV. (OPP. CENTRAL PARK)—HIGH-CLASS FURNISHED ROOM WITH BATH TO SUBLET AT SACRIFICE BY THE MONTH OR TO OCT. 1. NETHERLAND HOTEL.

50TH, 55 EAST—Excellent location, unusually comfortable room, suitable one, two gentlemen.

50TH, 139 EAST—Large, nicely furnished front room; all improvements; subways.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

East Side.

60TH, 18 EAST—Room, adjoining bath, $35 to $50. San Jacinto Hotel.

61ST, 71 EAST—Elegantly furnished front parlor; business couple, gentlemen. Lenox 9065.

62D ST., AT MADISON AV. (Hotel Ashton)—Newly decorated room, use of bath, $10 week up; room, bath, $12.50 weekly up; linen, surface cars, subways; full hotel service; restaurant.

ALLERTON HOUSE FOR MEN.

The suites in the newest of the Allerton group, a 17-story fireproof building, just completed, containing apartment, club conveniences, are from $9.50 to $18.50 per week for permanent residents only. 143 East 39th St., 46 East 40th St.

A FEW very attractive double rooms with running hot and cold water; easy access to bath; $75 a month; European plan; 2 persons. Hotel Albert, 43 East 11th St. Stuyvesant 4961.

HOTEL BELMORE,

32ND ST. AND LEXINGTON AV.

Rooms $6 weekly and upward; phone and electric fan in every room.

LEXINGTON AV., 344 (between 39th and 40th Sts.)—Single room.

PARK AV., 12 (near 35th St.)—Attractive double room; references.

SUBLET for three months or longer, beautifully furnished room; bedroom, bath; maid service; rent, $150. Phone Plaza 9637.

West Side.

20TH, 408 WEST.

Artist's medium sized, north light studio, electricity; $40 monthly; references.

58TH ST. AND 7TH AV.—125 COMFORTABLE, ATTRACTIVE ROOMS; HOT AND COLD WATER. USE OF BATH; $12 PER WEEK; ROOM AND PRIVATE BATH, $18 PER WEEK. HOTEL NAVARRE.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

West Side.

139D ST. (333 Wadsworth Av.)—5 and 7 rooms, $1,200 and $1,600; high class elevator apartments; parquet floors and all modern appointments; large rooms, 2 splendid views. Apply on premises.

A FEW very desirable apartments to let. Williams-Dexter Co., Inc., 72 Greenwich Av. Chelsea 8096.

APARTMENT, 5 rooms, bath and foyer, unfurnished, to sublet from about April 1; one of the best located, most attractive on west side, in Columbia neighborhood; responsible people only; inspection by appointment. B 698 Times Downtown.

APARTMENT FOR SALE,

on Central Park West, with roof garden; shown by appointment only. Harris G. Knowles, 50 Central Park West.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 473 (near 129th)—Seven rooms, sublet; immediate possession; furnished or unfurnished; $150. See Supt. in 471 house.

CENTRAL PARK WEST.

Three rooms, bath; high-class apartment; telephone; private entrance; moderate. 4036 Riverside.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 243 (NEAR 86TH ST.)—ELEGANT, MODERN SUITES, 2 TO 5 ROOMS, BATH; $100 TO $200 MONTHLY.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 88 (corner 69th, facing Park)—Seven large rooms, two baths; reduced rent. Columbus 4738.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 405—3 large rooms, real kitchen; $80; to business users only.

CLAREMONT AV., 130 (near 120th)—Seven rooms, $1,800 yearly; every modern convenience; elevator; facing Drive. Apply premises.

DYCKMAN ST., 509.

Six rooms, high-class apartment, city-country combined; near Broadway subway. Supt.

FIVE sunny outside rooms, sublet to Sept. 1, unfurnished (at present rental); elevator building near 96th St. subway; 1 room rented $45. Riverside 7200.

GREENWICH VILLAGE—Quiet, sunny apt. with porch; $125; furnished $150. Watkins 4858.

LARGE REDUCTION IN RENTS

FOR SUMMER MONTHS.

225th St., West (corner Marble Hill Av., at Broadway subway and N. Y. Central Stations)—One of the healthiest, most picturesque and countified sections in city; 4, 5 and 6 rooms, now available; elevator apartment house. Supt., on premises, or phone Gramercy 3303.

MANHATTAN AV., 370 (115th)—4-5 beautiful all outside rooms; exceptionally reasonable.

MANHATTAN AV., 405 (corner 117th)—One room, bath, $35-$40. Coleman.

MORNINGSIDE AV., 40 (118th)—5 rooms, $125-$150; elevator, phone; quiet, convenient.

MORNINGSIDE DRIVE, 44 (Cor. 115th St.)—3 rooms elevator apartment.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 573 (corner 135th)—Low rent, not increased; immediate possession; newly decorated throughout; none better; six-room, bath apartment, all rooms facing river; three rooms, bath.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE (Peter Stuyvesant)—6 rooms, 3 baths; $2,800; immediate possession. SB.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 885 (north of 158th St.)—3 and 4 rooms. Apply office on premises.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 362 (100th)—High-class elevator apartments; $4,200-$4,500; 9-10 rooms, 3 baths; renovated; immediate. Supt.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 453—Two and three rooms, with large studio room; fireproof elevator building. See Supt.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 450 (116th)—High-class 7-room elevator apartment; $3,600; very choice; immediate possession. Supt.

ST. NICHOLAS AV., 880.

Eight rooms and two baths; immediate possession. BUTLER & BALDWIN, INC., 15 East 47th St. Telephone Murray Hill 1960.

ST. NICHOLAS AV., 730—Three-four room apartment; all modern improvements; private garage; suitable for physician. Audubon 4372.

ST. NICHOLAS AV., 938 (Corner 157th)—6-7 rooms, elevator apartment; all improvements.

$50—Five Rooms and Bath.

Steam heat and electric light.

4 Bradhurst Av. (1424 St.)

Unfurnished—Bronx.

UNIVERSITY AV., 1,496—7 beautiful rooms, new building; first floor; immediate possession; rent $100. Telephone owner, 1193 Bingham.

MORRIS AV., 2,011 (near Burnside)—4, 5 rooms, elevator apartment; reasonable. Superintendent on premises.

GRAND BOULEVARD AND CONCOURSE, 1,403 (at 170th St.)—Five desirable rooms. Crystal Dwellings. See agent.

EIGHT rooms, 2 baths; new private house. Abrams, 902 Findlay Av. (164th St.). Jerome 3389 Party W.

184TH ST., 375 EAST—3 rooms and bath, all improvements; $46; security.

Unfurnished—Brooklyn.

14TH ST., 1,703 EAST (near King's Highway)—Five-room apartment; large, light, parquet floors, hot water, steam heat, newly decorated; 20 minutes Times Square.

CLINTON ST., 265—3 rooms, bath, $65.

HENRY ST., 226—Six rooms, 2 bath, well adapted for doctor or dentist; $150.

G. GIRARD, 215 Montague St. Main 9584.

THREE ROOMS, new apartment house; close to both subways; $61 per month. Phone Prospect 9010. Mr. Brewer.

QUIET apartment, 4 rooms, den, gas, electricity, steam, janitor; $60. Prospect 2842.

Unfurnished—Queens.

FIVE rooms and bath in a two-family brick house in Astoria, 4 blocks from Grand Av. subway station; steam heat and hot water supplied; $70; immediate occupancy; garage in rear if desired, $10 additional. H. Trowbridge Harris, 132 Fulton Av., Long Island City. Astoria 406.

Unfurnished—Westchester County.

WOODWORTH AV., 812—Five rooms, bath and enclosed porch; residential section North Yonkers; river view, overlooks Colgate estate; one minute Glenwood station; occupancy April 1; rent $75. A. O. Van Suetendael, 7 Phone Yonkers 179.

Unfurnished—New Jersey.

SUBLEASE four-room, second floor apartment; rent reasonable; occupancy April 1. Call Orange 6283-M or Apt. R6, 529 Park Av., East Orange.

FIVE room apartment, latest modern improvements; possession May 1. Phone Market 3714.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

West Side.

45TH, 263 WEST—One, two, three rooms; kitchen privileges; home comforts; electricity; reasonable.

49TH ST., 26 WEST—Large, attractively furnished double room; $15. Inquire janitor.

51ST, 246 WEST—Large and small rooms; all modern improvements.

58TH, 127 WEST—Light, airy front room; double, single; 24 floor. Ramsey.

59TH ST., near Fifth—Large room, closets, bath; suitable two. 2778 Plaza.

61ST ST. AND BROADWAY—60 ATTRACTIVE ROOMS; HOT AND COLD WATER; USE OF BATH; $12 PER WEEK FOR ONE PERSON; $15 PER WEEK FOR TWO PERSONS; ROOM AND PRIVATE BATH $17.50 PER WEEK FOR ONE PERSON; $21 PER WEEK FOR TWO PERSONS; PARLOR, BEDROOM AND BATH TO 3RD SUBLET AT A SACRIFICE. ERE MR. SPEED, GRAND HOTEL.

67TH ST., 106 WEST (RALEIGH HALL). A RESIDENCE FOR MEN.

Attractively furnished rooms, with and without private bath or shower; club advantages with hotel service at lower rentals.

68TH ST., 148 WEST—Large sunny room, second floor, adjoining bath; references.

68TH, 24 WEST—Nicely furnished double room; running water; electricity.

69TH, 1 WEST—Exquisitely furnished suite, sitting, bedroom, piano player; every convience; overlooking Central Park; opportunity gentleman seeking real home; breakfast optional. Columbus 8750.

69TH, 66 WEST — HANDSOMELY FURNISHED DOUBLE FRONT ROOM, KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGES, $16 UPWARD; ALSO FRONT BASEMENT; REASONABLE.

70TH, 200 WEST—72d subway; well furnished room, modern improvements; home environments; well kept house; private phone, shower bath. Columbus 1811. Johnson, Apt. 27.

70TH, 250 WEST—Attractive suite or single room, in exclusive private house, private bath, running water; housekeeping optional.

70TH, 23 WEST—Attractive large room, complete, private bath with shower; splendid closets, steam heat, always hot water.

70TH, 212 WEST—Attractive double front room, running water, electricity, phone; references.

70TH, 135 WEST; 71ST, 37 WEST—Attractive furnished rooms, baths, single, lavatory.

70TH, 59 WEST—DOUBLE ROOM, KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGES; $12.

71ST, 63 WEST—DOUBLE FRONT ROOM; PRIVATE BATH; KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGES; $16 UP.

71ST, 342 WEST—Two connecting rooms, running water, electricity; double, single. Bernat.

71ST, 253 WEST—Unusually attractive double room, adjoining bath. Columbus 1620.

71ST, 314 WEST—Large room, bath, kitchenette; phone; suitable 2-3; reasonable.

72D, 20 WEST—HANDSOMELY FURNISHED DOUBLE FRONT ROOM, KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGES, BATH; REASONABLE.

73D, 140 WEST — LUXURIOUSLY FURNISHED DOUBLE FRONT ROOM, ONE FLIGHT; COMPLETE KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGES; SINGLE ROOM; REASONABLE.

73D, 152 WEST.

EXCEPTIONAL—$60 PER MONTH.

Elegantly furnished single room, bath, large closets, maid service; linens; phone in room; breakfast if desired.

73D, 156 WEST—Desirable rooms, suite or separately; baths, electricity; subway; references.

73D, WEST—Single room, next bath, $8; private house. Telephone Columbus 1835.

74TH, 41 WEST—LUXURIOUSLY FURNISHED LARGE ROOM; PRIVATE ROMAN BATH, SHOWER, LAVATORY, TWIN BEDS; COMPLETE KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGES, ALSO FRONT BASEMENT.

74TH ST., WEST—Furnished apartment; young business man will share with man four rooms; private bath, kitchen, gas room, piano, steam, electric; $65 monthly; references. M., 288 Columbus Av.

74TH, 43 WEST—HANDSOMELY FURNISHED DOUBLE ROOM, COMPLETE KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGES; $14-$12.

74TH, 139 WEST—HANDSOME DOUBLE FRONT ROOM; KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGES; $10 UP.

74TH, 236 WEST—Small, sunny room; near bath; minute to subway; gentleman.

75TH, 259 WEST—Comfortable, single rooms, running water, adjoining bath; reasonable; gentlemen.

76TH (Broadway)—Medium room, adjacent bath, suitable 1 or 2 business persons; $16; private Christian family. Columbus 7596.

75TH, 328 WEST—Charming clean, with, without private bath; kitchenette privileges.

75TH, 2 WEST—DOUBLE FRONT ROOM, KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGES.

76TH, 242 WEST—Exceptional, reasonable, large room and bath, large dressing room, suitable 2-3; electricity, maid service.

76TH, 140 WEST—Attractive room, adjoining bath, running water, electricity; gentlemen; reference.

76TH, 105 WEST—Large parlor for 2 gentlemen; bath; kitchenette; comfortable. Capell.

76TH, 44 WEST—Large room, newly decorated; twin beds, private bath, steam.

76TH, 305 WEST—Magnificent front room with bath, twin beds, single room.

77TH, 125 WEST—Attractive, homelike, comfortable rooms; adjoining bath; telephone; reasonable; reference.

77TH, 150 WEST—Attractive medium room; desirable home for refined people; reference.

77TH, 106 WEST—Attractive, medium room, bath floor, electricity; gentleman only; $10.

77TH, 128 WEST—Attractively furnished double room with private bath, also single.

77TH, 325 WEST—Room, private bath, telephone; 10th floor, front; $75 monthly.

78TH, 223 WEST—Southern exposure; freshly furnished; large parlor; suite; convenience; $90.

78TH, 134 WEST—Attractive, large front room, running water, adjoining bath; reasonable.

78TH, 256 WEST—Desirable one or two rooms, bath, electricity, maid service.

79TH, 218 WEST—Business man wishes to share large room with gentleman; best references exchanged.

79TH, 118 WEST—Large, beautifully furnished hallroom; private house; very reasonable.

80TH, 133 WEST—Neatly furnished, large room, suitable two, also single; reasonable.

80TH, 165 WEST—Furnished, 2 rooms and kitchenette; also single room; reasonable.

81ST ST. AND COLUMBUS AV.—COMFORTABLE, ATTRACTIVE ROOMS, WITH USE OF BATH; $3 AND $2.50 PER DAY; ROOMS WITH BATH, $3 AND $2.50 PER DAY. HOTEL ENDICOTT.

81ST ST., COLUMBUS AV. (Colonial Hotel)—Newly decorated, furnished room; use of bath; $12 weekly up; elevated, surface cars, subway; full hotel service; restaurant.

81ST (at Columbus Av.; Hotel Colonial)—Single rooms for men only; running water, telephone; complete hotel service; $8 to $10 weekly.

82D, 250 WEST (corner Broadway)—Exceptional rooms, single, en suite, high class elevator apartment, beautifully furnished, large, light, running water; ideal home. Apartment 7 West.

82D, 300 WEST—Unusually attractive large room, private bath; also medium, single; high-class private house; grill privilege.

82D ST., 15 WEST—Large, light, front, first floor; all conveniences; references.

82D, 11 WEST—Second floor rooms, private bath; board optional; reference.

83D, 13 WEST—Attractive connecting parlor, bedroom, private bath, electricity, single room.

83D, 324 WEST—Attractive, quiet room, twin beds, wash room, near drive; telephone, elevator, Christian family. Apt. 6W.

84TH, 17 WEST—One single or two connecting rooms, telephone, electricity. Dorcas.

85TH, WEST—2 rooms adjoining, running water, year bath; can be rented together, separately; American gentleman preferred; $12 each; private family. Phone Schuyler 8116.

85TH, 74 WEST Apt. 2—Elegant room for 1 or 2; running water; kitchenette; electricity, gas, phone; very reasonable; private family.

85TH, 214 WEST—Outside alcove bedroom, with or without parlor, business girl; references; private family. Schuyler 7137.

85TH, BROADWAY—Attractive room, lavatory; breakfast; all conveniences; refined home. Schuyler 8400.

85TH, 34 WEST—Newly furnished large room, bath, homelike; latest improvements; reasonable.

85TH ST., 259 WEST—Exceptionally furnished, newly renovated, high-class, large and small rooms.

85TH, 62 WEST—Beautiful sunny room, private bath, electricity, twin beds; exceptional.

86TH, 132 WEST—Attractive furnished front basement, with bath; also small room.

86TH, 339 WEST—Large, front, sunny room, balcony, kitchenette; $20. Schuyler 1116.

87TH, 347 WEST (Drive)—Elegant, exceptionally large suite, private bath; select neighborhood; also small room, exclusive, private residence.

87TH, 151 WEST—Beautiful sunny parlor, with piano; bedroom; fine location; references.

89TH ST., 152 WEST—Single room, running water; gentleman; $5 weekly; reasonable.

90TH, 321 WEST—Well-furnished desirable front rooms; southern exposure; gentleman preferred.

90TH, 306 WEST—Large room with bath, also single room; telephone.

90TH, 311 WEST — Beautiful large rooms, $16, $20, $25; gentlemen preferred; references.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

West Side.

91ST, 204 WEST—Large front parlor, private bath; nicely furnished; suitable two gentlemen; business couple; good home; $15.

92D, 61 WEST—Exceptionally beautiful room, twin beds; private bath; electricity; reasonable.

92D, 3 WEST—Clean, sunny large, medium room; elevator; top floor; $12.

93D, 37 WEST—Large, comfortable room, adjoining bath; high-class apartment; breakfast optional. Apt. 15, Riverside 7425.

93D ST., WEST—Furnished room for gentleman; all conveniences. Phone River 4316.

93D, 21 WEST—Lovely bright room; running water; electricity; phone. L.

94TH, 60 WEST—2 large rooms, private bath, kitchenette; well furnished; high class home; moderate rent. Rarig.

95TH, 330 WEST—Attractive single room, near Riverside; gentleman; permanent; $7. Eaton.

97TH, 316 WEST—Clean single room, running water; family; references; $9. Brown.

98TH, 254 WEST—Exclusive home, unusual opportunity; large, comfortable front room, bath with shower; gentleman; references. Apt. 1.

98TH, 254 WEST (Apt. 5)—Attractive room, twin beds, running water; board.

99TH, 250 WEST—Large and medium-sized rooms; kitchen privileges; reasonable. Hallam.

99th ST.-BROADWAY—Clean, cozy room, bath; Jewish family. 0378 Riverside.

100th (near Broadway subway)—Large, attractive, well furnished, newly decorated, running water; high class elevator house. Riverside 8840.

101ST, 230 (Broadway)—Outside, sunny, double and single rooms; elevator; telephone; well-appointed apt; housekeeping. Apt. 6A.

101ST, 238 WEST (west of Broadway)—Desirable clean, sunny room, electricity, conveniences.

107TH, 305 WEST—EXCEPTIONAL DOUBLE FRONT ROOMS; COMPLETE KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGES; $14 UP.

107TH, 315 WEST—Elegant, spacious room, private bath; high-class private residence.

108TH ST., 3 WEST (Central Park West)—Desirable room in French family; $8; references essential. Apt. 6.

109TH, 313 WEST (Apt. 5)—Large room; elevator apartment; subway station; refined; reasonable.

109TH, 304 WEST—Large, elegantly furnished front room, bath, kitchenette; small room.

113TH, 542 WEST—Beautiful large outside room, opposite bath; private family. Bryan.

115TH, 606 WEST (Apt. 4E)—Comfortable single room, with lavatory.

118TH, 210 WEST (HOTEL CECIL).

ATTRACTIVE ROOMS, WITH OR WITHOUT PRIVATE BATHS; SPECIAL WEEKLY RATES; FULL HOTEL SERVICE.

119TH, 419 WEST (Apt. 4)—Desirable room, suitable two; elevator apartment; $10.

123D, 509 WEST—Large, attractive living room and alcove bedroom, suitable two or three; kitchen privileges. Apt. 23.

124TH, 510 WEST—Front, corner, single, en suite; elevator; housekeeping; honey. Weber.

134TH ST., 557, WEST—Attractive single rooms, all conveniences; $6. Apt. 34.

138TH, 601 WEST (Broadway)—Attractive light rooms, single, double; newly furnished, electricity, heat, telephone, elevator; 86 up; bus, subway; refined business person. Apt. 3D.

138TH, 634 WEST, Apt. 49—Large room facing Long Drive; all conveniences; homelike.

141ST ST., 462 WEST—Large room, southern exposure; gas, electricity, bath; kitchenette optional; private house. Howerton, Audubon 7232.

148D, 561 WEST (Apt. 33)—Rooms with lavatory; business man; meals optional.

144TH, 520 WEST—Beautifully furnished room, suitable one or two; running water, phone, elevator. Apt. 61.

145TH, 335 WEST—Beautiful rooms, together or separate; corner elevator apartment. Backes.

146TH, 463 WEST—Front parlor for 2 ladies; piano; kitchen privilege; near Broadway subway, between Columbus Circle-110th St., E 409 Times.

150TH, 539 WEST—Beautiful room, private family; business people. Plate, Audubon 7430.

154TH, 418 WEST (near St. Nicholas Av.)—Light hall room, private house, convenient L, subway, cars; reasonable. Stephan.

156TH, 601 WEST, Apt. 16 (Broadway)—Do you appreciate superior surroundings at reasonable price, in lovely home? Beautiful, well-furnished, large double room; gentlemen or couple; kitchen privilege; also single.

165TH, 540 WEST—Neatly furnished elevator apartment; reasonable. Apt. 46. Wadsworth 5220.

ATTRACTIVE square room; business woman; private apartment; references. Cathedral 6262, Apt. 52.

BACHELOR offers rare opportunity to gentleman paying guests in his luxurious Riverside apartment, with service. F 308 Times.

BOARDERS WANTED

East Side.

36TH ST. (at Lexington Av.)—Hotel Rutledge, for ladies; one room and meals from $18 up; elevator, telephone, &c.; full hotel service; newly decorated.

38TH ST., 37 EAST—Double room, private bath; vacant April 1st.

46D ST., 1 EAST.

One desirable, sunny single room; dainty, homelike; near bath; excellent meals; references.

78TH ST. (Park Ave.)—Exceptional accommodations; charming, refined home. Rhinelander 9597.

MADISON AV., 213 (Near 36th)—Attractive room; excellent table; references.

West Side.

254TH, 256 WEST—Neatly furnished rooms; home cooking; table guests. Manion.

57TH, 351 WEST—Large, small rooms; private bath, piano; French cooking; electricity.

66TH, 46 WEST—Desirable, sunny double and single room; excellent table; references.

71ST, 35 WEST—High-class double and single rooms; home cooking; table guests accommodated.

72D, 318 WEST (Riverside Drive)—Superior accommodations; newly decorated rooms; private baths; beautiful view; excellent table; references.

72D, 249 WEST—Choice room, one flight; studio room; excellent table; references.

73D ST. (corner, 270 West End Av.)—The William Henry, overlooking river; commodious rooms; private baths; excellent table.

73D, 65 WEST—Rooms and board; table guests accommodated. Mrs. Andrew Warren.

75TH, 34 WEST—Second, front; bath; twin beds; newly decorated; table guests.

76TH, 3 WEST—Large room, suitable 2, 3; refined surroundings; excellent cuisine.

78TH, 142 WEST—DOUBLES, SINGLES. REESE PURE FOOD BOARDING HOUSE.

80D, 8 WEST—Desirable large rooms; excellent table; electricity, steam heat.

102D, 248 WEST—Accommodations, high-class board; large and small.

103D, 239 WEST (The Rutherford)—Double, single, front rooms, $12; meals, hotel.

106TH, 330 WEST—Large, small room; splendid view; excellent table; table guests.

154TH, 428 WEST (Near Amsterdam)—Attractive large front room, lavatory; private residence.

EVELYN LODGE—A truly superior, charming all-year residence; 30 sunny outside rooms; lovely furnished; excellent chef and service; select clientele; home comforts; 14 years one management; 25 minutes downtown New York; weekly with meals, $18 up, single; $28 up, double. Booklet. 71 Central Av., St. George, S. I. Tel. Tompkinsville 372.

REFINED CHILD, every attention, Summer in country; room for mother. Schuyler 1557.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 294 (102d)—Attractive double or single rooms; excellent table; elevator.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 540—Attractive rooms; bath; telephone; excellent meals; two, $25. Parry.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 320 (104th)—Large rooms, with or without board; Jewish surroundings; telephone, electric, elevator.

WEST END AV., 541 (corner 96th)—Front room; private bath; home cooking.

Queens.

FLUSHING (Phone 2791)—Double rooms, running water, beautiful residence, hot baths, beautiful table; service; not usual board proposition; Pennsylvania station 18 minutes; Christian home.

COUNTRY BOARD.

SUNSET LODGE,

Beach 50th and Surf Av.

Sea Gate, Norton's Point, N. Y. Harbor. Comfortable steam-heated rooms, with or without bath; 45 minutes Times Sq., 53 minutes Chambers St., municipal subway; reasonable. Phone Coney Island 1272.

FAMILY of three adults wish dinner every evening with private family; liberal pay for wholesome home cooked food and neat, clean surroundings; no boarding house; west side, 72d to 110th Sts. preferred. Phone or write Mr. Ross, 330 5th Av. Telephone Pennsylvania 3126.

CULTURED gentleman desires pleasant room with meals where no other boarders; good price if table and appointments first-class. L 300 Times.

WANTED—By refined young German lady, furnished room and board; references exchanged; state details and terms. Ac. O. G., 830 Canal St., New York.

MT. VERNON, 102 Summit Av.—Beautiful double room adjoining bath; private residence, 5 minutes to station. Hillcrest 2483.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female

ADDRESSOGRAPH and graphotype operator, twelve years' experience in banking house, wishes a few hours' night work. E. O., 167 Scholes St., Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER, beginner; I write a good hand, am quick and accurate, and have been drilled in the most modern methods of accounting; satisfactory references concerning character and ability. Miss X., 36 West 123d St. Phone Harlem 0618.

BOOKKEEPER - STENOGRAPHER, four years' experience, competent to manage small office; business education; A1 references. C 400 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, competent, desires position; knowledge stenography and typewriting; Christian; $20; high school graduate. B 731 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER—Thoroughly experienced, assume full charge all office details; capable, reliable; controlling accounts, trial balance. E 4 Times.

BOOKKEEPER - STENOGRAPHER — Thoroughly experienced; correspondent. Regina Batsell, 199 Linden Av., Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER, stenographer, five years' experience, best references; salary $35 per week. A. L., 3 East 97th St.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT—Typist, general office work; experienced; excellent references. C 11 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, four years' experience, wishes position with fine line. B 58 Times.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female

BOOKKEEPER, thoroughly experienced, competent; take charge; export; stenographer; $35. B 39 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, assistant, high school graduate; accurate. Miss Gilgans, 676 McDonough St., Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER, STENOGRAPHER, EXPERT, EXPERIENCED, EXECUTIVE. C 372 TIMES.

BOOKKEEPER, secretary, stenographer; thoroughly versed office routine; $30. L 304 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, 3 years' experience, thoroughly efficient, capable; $35. B 726 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, stenographer, executive; trial balance, controls, express claims. B 1265 Times Bronx.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT, ledger clerk; 3 years' experience; $16. F 641 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, expert, full charge; five years' experience; references. L 825 Times.

COMPANION—Refined, middle-aged French widow, speaking English fluently, desires situation as companion to lady. E 16 Times.

DICTAPHONE RECORDS transcribed; work called for and delivered same day; machines rented. Address P. O. Box 23, Station Y.

DRESSMAKER, refined young American; excellent fitter; fine hand sewer, alterations, sport suits, g

The New York Times

Classified Advertising Rates.

Cash, six words to an Agate line. Per Agate (Minimum space two lines.) Line.

Situations Wanted ... 25c
Furnished Rooms and Rooms Wanted ... 25c
Boarding and Board Wanted ... 25c
Help Wanted ... 25c
Real Estate, Apts. ... 25c
Lost and Found ... 25c
Amusements to Let and Wanted ... 25c
Country Board ... 25c
Mortgage Loans ... 25c
For Sale ... 25c
Automobile Exchange ... 25c
Agents Wanted ... 25c
Employment Agencies ... 25c

For Word.

Business Opportunity (Agate Line Rate) ... 75c
Money Wanted and Offered to Buy ... 75c
Book, Manuscript ... 75c

For insertion in the Sunday issue, display advertisements of schools, summer resorts, hotels and resorts must be received in the Times Building by noon Thursday. Real Estate and Automobile display advertisements must be received by noon Friday. Display advertisements for insertion in the Sunday Times must be received by 5 P. M. Friday. Business Opportunities by 11 A. M. Wednesday. All other display advertisements must be received by 12 M. Saturday.

Advertisements for insertion in the daily edition of The New York Times, if received after 3 P. M. on the day preceding insertion, will be subject to a surcharge. The final closing time is 5 P. M.

HELP WANTED—Female.

STENOGRAPHER AND TYPEWRITER IN WHOLESALE MANUFACTURING LINE; THOROUGHLY EFFICIENT AND VERY RAPID AND USED TO GENERAL MAIL; NO OTHER NEED APPLY. ADDRESS GIVING FULL DETAILS. W 73 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, preferably with hardware knowledge; though this is not essential; advise previous business experience and salary desired. F 642 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER and office assistant, experienced legal work; neat, efficient, refined, for immediate service; state age, education, experience, salary and references. S 723 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, as secretary to sales manager; experienced and tactful; high school graduate preferred; splendid opportunity for advancement; $20 to start. Mr. Jaffin, 1,546 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, permanent; able to keep office hours in Rutherford, N. J.; perfect residence in vicinity. Sterling Tire Corporation, Rutherford, N. J.

STENOGRAPHER, thoroughly competent, for clothing firm; mail-order experience preferred; state full particulars and salary. C. 122 Times.

STENOGRAPHER in importing business, expert; accurate at figures; neat, even handwriting, stating salary. Box 849, 206 Cable Building.

STENOGRAPHER, young lady, experienced preferred; salary $14; write stating age and experience if any. P. O. Box 24, Station A, New York.

STENOGRAPHER, young lady over 30, presentable, capable, willing, assist physician. X 2461 Times Annex.

STENOGRAPHER, and general office assistant. Apply Rosedale Hat Co., 565 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER, one with ability to operate addressograph machine preferred. W 75 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, busy law office; state experience, salary expected. B 747 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, expert, printing office experience. The Graphic Press, 946 Dalco Av., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER, thoroughly experienced; salary $22. 110 Water St.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR; also must understand typing and general office routine. Hours 8 to 5:30. Simon Gaemer & Sons, Amsies St. and Sutter Av., Brooklyn. Glenmore 1400. Call 8 to 12 Friday.

TELEPHONE OPERATOR. Knowledge of bookkeeping essential. Write, stating age, experience and salary. Box 842, 43 East 27th.

TYPIST, beginner, knowledge of stenography not essential; good opportunity for advancement to conscientious worker; 20 to begin; hours 8:30 to 6. Typist, P. O. Box 608, City Hall Station.

TYPIST who understands operating switchboard, also familiar with general office routine; state experience and salary. T. P., 77 Times.

WOMAN, over 25, initiative to place supplementary school plan, capable of developing attractive educational work; rapid advancement for the right person; state age, history, $ 25 weekly. Business Opportunities, 11 A. M. Wednesday. All other display advertisements must be received by 12 M. Saturday.

YOUNG LADY, educated, refined, as sales representative, high-class Jewish publisher, drawing account; write, stating telephone number. Miss Kaplan, 1107 Times Building.

YOUNG LADY to mind physician's office, part time; $6. F 315 Times.

YOUNG WOMAN, as stenographer and stock record clerk; write giving age, reference and salary expected. D. E. Levy, 214 5th Av.

YOUNG WOMEN, sell silk hosiery to friends, fellow employes, etc.; good commission and prizes. B 891 Times Downtown.

Employment Agencies.

AMERICAN EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE, INC.
115 BROADWAY.
THERE IS A MISTAKEN IMPRESSION
That Friday and Saturday are not favorable days on which to seek a position.
THE GENERAL OPINION
Seems to be that if a position has not been secured by Thursday there is no use looking for anything until Monday.
AS A MATTER OF FACT
More new positions are listed on Friday and Saturday than on any other day of the week, as firms usually want to start new employees on Monday.
THEREFORE
If you are seeking a position you will avoid the crowd and have a wider choice by calling on us either today or tomorrow, instead of waiting until the first of next week.
FIVE DEPARTMENTS FOR WOMEN, Each Managed by an Expert, Present the Following Immediate Demands AND MANY OTHERS.
ITALIAN-ENGLISH STENOS. (2)—Executives require an both languages; high-class institution; downtown, $25.
BOOKKEEPER—N. Y. Univ. accounting training preferred, Jersey resident desired, unusual opportunity, $25.
STENO.—Lumber exp. preferable, excellent opening for ambitious young woman, $20.
SEC'Y, STENO.—Publishing exp. necessary; excellent chance for advancement, $20.
SPANISH-ENGLISH STENO.—Efficient in both languages, unusual opportunity, $30.
SECRETARIAL—Publishing or advertising experience.
BOOKKEEPER-TYPIST (2)—Take full charge, medical firms, $25-$28.
STENO. DICT. OPERS. (2)—Large downtown institutions, $23.
STENOGRAPHERS (3)—Inc.—E. S. education. (4) Uptown—Technical dictation. (5) Uptown—H. S. graduate, good appearance, $20-$23.
TYPISTS (4)—H. S. training, excellent opportunities for rapid and accurate, $15-$20.
ASS'T. BKPR.-TYPIST—Small office, capable of taking orders, $25-$30.
BOOKKEEPER—D. E., thoroughly exp. with Burroughs comptometer, $25-$28.
KEY PUNCH OPER.—Long Island City, immediate office, $60 month.
STENOS. (3)—In various lines round town; exceptional girls are assured rapid advancement, $16-$20.
CASHIER-TYPISTS (4)—Rapid and accurate, splendid openings, $16-$18.
PAYROLL CLERKS (9)—H. S. graduates preferred; unlimited opportunities, $16.
JR. CLERKS—Good work with pleasing personalities will receive rapid advancement, $16.
CLERKS (3)—Good at figures, Drug concern, $15.
TYPISTS (2)—Pleasing personalities, general downtown concern, $65 month.
TYPIST—MONITOR BOARD—Exceptional personality; downtown, $15.
TYPISTS (6)—Uptown, splendid opportunities, $15-$18.
ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER (2)—Downtown bank, good opportunity, $18.

WEAVER EMPLOYMENT SERVICE
574 4TH AV. (47TH).
Bookkeeper, $30; sect.-steno., $25-$30; steno.-switchboard, $22; switchboard-typing, $20; typist, $20; mail clerks, $18.

BUREAU OF BUSINESS REQUIREMENTS, 116 BROADWAY, ROOM 1016.
Stenogs. ($20-$25) typist, $15-$22; typists, statement exper., $20-$25; immediate openings; Christian firms; no registration fee.

JUST AGENCY, 9 NASSAU.
Established 1887. Free Registration.
EXTREMELY HIGH-GRADE POSITIONS.

SPEAR & PREAR,
Employment Specialists, 42 Broadway.
Accountant, $150 Mo.; Stenos., brokerage exper., $20-$25; Steno., $18-$20. Subject File, 504 Jackson. Registration free.

HAYES EMPLOYMENT SERVICE,
[illegible] Av., entrance, 42 E. 23; STENOGRAPHERS, $22; CLERKS, $15.

HELP WANTED—Female.

Employment Agencies.

ELSIE DIEHL AGENCY,
1 BREEKMAN ST., 34 PARK ROW.
STENOGRAPHER, $20-$22-$25; Beginners, $15.
STENOGRAPHER, Contracting, Bronx, $20.
BOOKKEEPER, $22-$25-$30.
TYPIST, $20-$18-$16.
OFFICE, $15-$12.
FILE CLERK, $15.
REMINGTON-Wahl Operator.
POLYGRAPH Operator, good salary.
COMPTOMETER Operator-Typist, $20.
TELEPHONE Operator, Reception Clerk, typist, $20.
TELEPHONE OPERATOR, Stenographer, $20.
UNDERWOOD BILLER, $20.

BROWN EXCHANGE, 206 BROADWAY.
URGENT TODAY
Unusually large number of attractive positions with Christian firms; pleasant surroundings, opportunity advancement.
SECRETARIES, STENOGRAPHERS, high salaries.
TYPISTS (several), $22-$18.
CLERKS (Filing, Payroll, Figuring).
CLERKS, High School (some beginners).

EQUITABLE EMPLOYMENT SERVICE, 185-187 West 46th (Times Bldg.) Bryant 8056.
STENOGRAPHERS, $18.
BOOKKEEPER, downtown, $20.
STENOGRAPHER, midtown, $20.
STENOGRAPHER, midtown, $20.
STENOGRAPHER, Jewish English, $20.
STENOGRAPHER, downtown, $20.
Equitable Industrial Relations Service, Inc.

FILE CLERK, Hooper-Holmes, experience, $16; three stenographer-bookkeepers, $20, $18-$20; stenographers, $18-$20; typists, $18-$20; stenographers, with local experience, $18; bookkeepers, $20, $20.
INSURANCE EXPERIENCE PREFERRED.
BOATH AGENCY, 79 JOHN ST., BEEKMAN 5262, 6107.

THE VOCATIONAL BUREAU, 17 W. 34th.
STENOG., uptown Chic. Adv. Agency, $20.
STENOG., Christian acct. concern, $20.
STENOG., 5th Av. Chric. publisher, $20.
MULTIGRAPH OPR., Chris. firm, $18-$20.
COMPTOMETER OPR., oppor., perm., $20.
TYPISTS, Chris. publishing firms, $16-$18.
SALESLADY, splendid Newark store, $20 up.

PERSONNEL EXCHANGE, INC.,
H. H. JARRETT, PRES., 152 LIBERTY ST.
SECTY.-STENOS, midtown, $18; Eliza., $18.
STENOS. (4), various lines, at $16-$18.
TYPISTS (5), attractive lines, $16-$18.
FILE CLERK, relive switchboard, $20.
STOCK RECORD CLERK, experienced, $18.

THE PERSONNEL COMPANY,
9 Church St. No Advance Charge.
Stenographers, $25-$30.
Typists, File and Letter Clerks, $20.
Payroll Clerks, Jr. Clerks, $18.
Comptometer Operators, $22-$25.

SECURITY EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE,
51 East 42d St. Wm. Prahl, Prop.
Interviews until 5 P. M. Friday and Saturday for competent stenographers.
STENOGRAPHERS-TYPISTS,
uptown & downtown; select Christian firms.

MISS C. L. McGUINESS,
CARE NEW YORK BAR ASSOCIATION,
42 WEST 44TH ST.
Positions in highclass law offices available for competent stenographers.

J. H. EARLY—VOCATIONAL AGENCY,
47 WEST 42D ST., ROOM 480.
STENOGRAPHERS, $20, $22, $25; typists, $20; clerks, $15-$16; uptown, Christian firms; no registration fee.

Instruction.

HOTELS NEED TRAINED WOMEN.
Nation-wide demand for trained women; all departments, hotels, clubs, apartment houses, tea rooms, cafeterias; unexpired field; fine living, quick promotion. Our certificate is issued by leading hotels everywhere. Write for particulars. Lewis Hotel Training School, Desk 122, Washington, D. C.

THE CANDY INSTITUTE,
COMMERCIAL CANDY-MAKING COURSE.
Hilson Hanna, principal (formerly with Page & Shaw), 876A Flatbush Av., Brooklyn. Phone Flatbush 2794, and 16 Park Row, New York, Barclay 3760, and enroll now.

EARN $30 weekly through Professor Robert's famous Hairdress, Manicure, Beauty School, 119 West 42d St., or Brooklyn, 15 4th Av. Newark Branch, 647 Broad St. Circular.

HELP WANTED—Male.

ACCOUNTING SOLICITOR—GOOD COMMISSION. B 1288 TIMES BRONX.

ADVERTISING SOLICITOR for one of handsomest monthly trade magazines in America, wonderful opportunity right man first choice list of prospects and leads furnished; drawing account against commission; give previous experience. L 811 Times.

ADVERTISING SOLICITOR for growing magazine in new field; right man should earn over $100 week commission. C 17 Times.

ADVERTISING SALESMEN, trade directory, who have confidence in themselves, to work on a liberal commission basis; references. Apply 906, 1 Union Square.

ADVERTISING SOLICITORS—Big earnings on commission. Classified Telephone Directories Corp., 7,132 Broadway.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER and cashier to assume duties of bill and invoice clerk in advertising agency; must be quick and accurate at figures, operate typewriter and be capable of handling considerable detail. Write, stating experience and salary. S 318 Times Downtown.

AUTO TRUCK SALES EXECUTIVE.
WE HAVE BOUGHT LARGE NUMBER OF NEW AUTO TRUCKS, VARIOUS SIZES AT LOW PRICE; DESIRE EXECUTIVE TO TAKE CHARGE OF SELLING; EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY TO MAKE BIG MONEY IN SHORT TIME; STATE IN FULL DETAIL, EXPERIENCE, REFERENCES, AGE; ROFLIER TREATED CONFIDENTIALLY. 218 TIMES.

BELTMAKER—Men's belts, tubular maker, experienced, first-class. Bristol Leather Goods Co., 225 Lafayette St., third floor.

BOOKKEEPER, LEDGER CLERK, OFFICE CLERKS
ONE OF EACH POSITIONS AGES 23-27, BY LARGE MANUFACTURING CONCERN; APPLICANTS MUST HAVE GOOD EDUCATION; BE EXPERIENCED AND ACCURATE AT FIGURES; STATE FULL PARTICULARS AND SALARY. T 16 TIMES.

BOOKKEEPER and cashier, capable taking charge of sales and general ledger and of taking trial balances; state age, experience, references and salary expected. F 308 Times.

BOOKKEEPER—Young man having knowledge of cost accounting; Christian firm; wholesale lumber office; give age, experience and salary. X 2477 Times Annex.

BOOKKEEPER, stenographer, experienced in building line; state age, references, salary expected. Oliver M. Cole, Bronxville, N. Y. Phone 2883.

BOOKKEEPER wanted, 26-35; thoroughly experienced double entry, financial statements; good detail man; $35 start. B 11 Times.

BOY wanted; must understand bookkeeping, also has selling experience; letter reference, M. Pogmatin Co., 112 West 30th St., New York.

BOY, 16, for office work; good chance for advancement. Mr. Hardy, 5th floor, 30 William St.

BOYS, with high school training, wanted in large insurance office; advancement. Y 963 Times Downtown.

BOY, intelligent, for office and errand work. W 70 Times.

CHIEF ACCOUNTANT
Canadian-head office situated at Toronto, of an extensive British insurance company, requires the services of a chief accountant thoroughly conversant with insurance practices and head office requirements; one having the honors of certified public accountant or chartered accountant preferred; reply, which will be treated in confidence, should state age, education, experience, qualification and salary desired. V 848 Times Downtown.

CIRCULATION MANAGER for financial (weekly; experienced) real opportunity. V 965 Times Downtown.

COOK—Must understand kosher cooking. Apply Hebrew Orphans' Home, 19th St. and Greene Lane, Philadelphia.

COUPLE, in small country home, 30 miles from New York; man as chauffeur and farmer; wife as cook and housekeeper. Address with references and salary expected. Hudson, Box 235, City Hall Post Office.

YOUNG MAN wanted in office wholesale commission house; an accurate figurer of discounts and able to compile statistics and experienced in ledger work; Christian firm; state salary. S 905 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, about 21 years old, to assist in grad. department of a wholesale grocery concern; man experienced in this line preferred; salary $25. S 810 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, single, 20 years or over, good correspondent, capable using judgment deciding validity of claims; experience electrical line preferred. B 720 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 18, in Brooklyn banking institution, good chance for advancement; state salary expected. S 911 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 18, assistant to head of mechanical department; must be handy and willing; pay while learning. W 46 Times.

YOUNG MEN, sales and bookkeeping department, for position in wholesale woolen house; no applications considered unless age, experience and religion is stated. Room 1100, 225 5th Av.

Salesmen.

ADVERTISING SALESMEN — Experienced; excellent commissions; cash with contract; ex-service men given priority; references; paper established 200,000 circulation. Box B. E., 10 Union Square.

AUTOMOBILE SALESMEN wanted to sell high-grade, lightweight, medium-priced car of the low-priced popular accessories type; commission basis; state fully selling experience; letter only. Driggs Ordnance & Mfg. Co., 16 West 44th St.

AUTOMOBILE SALESMAN — Wholesale business getter with car preferred for extensive territory in Long Island; leads furnished; commission basis. Write Chandler Dealer, 189 Hillside Av., Jamaica, L. I.

AUTOMOBILE SALESMEN, must have experience selling low-priced popular car; commission basis only. Chevrolet Agency, 1,886 Bushwick Av., Brooklyn.

BOND SALESMEN.
An exceptional opportunity for your established clientele; an attractive short-term issue; unusual earning possibilities; commission basis.
Apply Friday to Mr. Laird, Room 1117, 128 West 42d St., between 10 and 11 A. M.

CASKET SALESMAN to call on trade in Jersey City and vicinity; commission and salary; state age and experience. Address "Sales," 810 Broad St., Newark, N. J.

COTTON GOODS SALESMAN, DENVER, WEST, NORTHWEST.
Man with following selling on retailers with kindred line to handle our line of wash goods on commission basis. B 785 Times Downtown.

EDITORIAL ASSISTANT on monthly trade journal. Perry Smith, 119 South 4th St., Philadelphia, Pa.

FORD SALESMEN.
THE BUYING SEASON IS NOW ON; BIG OPPORTUNITY, EXPERIENCE NOT NECESSARY; COMMISSION BASIS. WILLIAM KRAUSS GARAGE CORP., 110TH ST. AND CENTRAL PARK WEST.

FUR SALESMAN
to carry a side line of popular-priced ladies' fur coats to the out-of-town jobbing and retail trade; commission basis. W 18 Times.

FUR SALESMAN wanted by a firm making marmot and muskrat coats; only those who are hustlers and experienced to sell on commission basis preferred. W 41 Times.

HARDWARE SALESMAN, familiar with the Brooklyn retail hardware trade; give full particulars and references; salary. S 690 Times Downtown.

PAINT SALESMAN, experienced, to sell paint for New York City, on commission. Colonial Works, 222 Norman Av., Brooklyn.

SECURITIES SALESMEN.
THE BEST PAYING PROPOSITION IN NEW YORK CITY FOR THE LIVE WIRE SALESMAN IS WAITING FOR MEN AMBITIOUS TO MAKE REAL MONEY; ALSO A FEW SALESWOMEN COULD FIND PROFITABLE AND MOST DESIRABLE EMPLOYMENT. OUR PROPOSITION IS CLEAN CUT, AND MANY HIGH CLASS SALES PEOPLE HAVE RECENTLY BECOME AFFILIATED WITH US AND ARE NOW MAKING BIG MONEY ON COMMISSION BASIS. WE HAVE NO SCHOOL FOR SALESMEN, BUT WE DESIRE TO TALK WITH EXPERIENCED SALESPEOPLE. IF YOU ARE TIRED OF WORKING ALONG LINE OF COLD CHANNELS AND WANT TO HOOK UP WITH A REAL LIVE AND BIG MONEY PROPOSITION, CALL AT ROOM 1204, CANADIAN PACIFIC BUILDING, 342 MADISON AVENUE ANY DAY THIS WEEK BETWEEN 11 AND 1 AND 3 AND 5. ASK FOR THE SALES MANAGER.

SECURITY SALESMEN.
Wanted on liberal commission to sell $100 units in well-known corporation; no advances but splendid co-operation and exclusive territory. Room 702, 489 5th Av.

HELP WANTED—Male.

SECURITY SALESMEN.
Unusual opportunity for several high-grade security of bond salesmen with established clientele; limited offering of short-term notes; exceptional commission possibilities; quick action necessary.
Apply Friday to Mr. Laird, Room 1117, 128 West 42d St., between 10 and 11 A. M.

SHOE SALESMAN, experienced and acquainted city trade to sell ladies' fine trimmed, on commission; must furnish character references. Beeman Shoe Co., 111 Spring St.

SPECIALTY SALESMAN, man of experience in selling advertising patent medicines to drug stores; a good opportunity for advancement; write, stating age, experience and salary wanted. Z 844 Times Annex.

STOCK SALESMEN.
SEVERAL EXPERIENCED MEN WANTED ON NEW OFFERING; LIBERAL ARRANGEMENTS WILL BE MADE WITH THOSE WHO QUALIFY; THIS IS AN OPPORTUNITY TO EARN BIG COMMISSIONS. AS UNDERWRITERS HAVE AGREED TO COMPLETE SALE OF ISSUE IN EXPECTED TIME, THIS IS A VERY ATTRACTIVE PROPOSITION. CALL FOR PERSONAL INTERVIEW BEFORE NOON, ROOM 1125, 366 5TH AV.

Salesmen.

SALESMAN WANTED.
Are now ready to bring out the first machine which involuntarily computes any or all of the statistics of a business without the aid of mathematics, mechanical accounting machinery, or human minds.
We want about five extraordinary men to represent us in a high-class financial campaign in which the customer is guaranteed satisfaction in every respect.
Representatives must bring prospective customer in for a private demonstration and give every opportunity to investigate merits before customer is invited to interest himself.
After subscription is obtained customer is given further time to consider merits. If dissatisfied, deposit refunded. This plan of selling applies only when product is genuine.
Much money will be made by both salesman and investor; salesman with a conscience can work for me with a will. After stock is sold, money for positions will be available. Commission basis.
Interview my employment agent, A. M. Brown, at 10 A. M., 3 Park Row, Room 46, to be qualified.

SALESMEN.
Opening presents itself for a few high-class, clean-cut, conscientious men to become affiliated with a motors corporation headed by two former associates of the General Motors Company; the men we select now will be given individual attention and familiarized with our product; they will assist us in the selling of our securities until such time as they present themselves with our general sales organization, which positions will pay from $5,000 yearly and upward; for the present they will work on a very liberal commission arrangement, which will net them a very fair income from the start; if you are looking for a permanent future you will find this concern offers you a most attractive opportunity of securing a prominent place for yourself in the automotive industry. Apply between 10 to 12 A. M., 2 to 5 P. M., any day this week. Room 1001, 25 West 42d St.

SALESMEN—Three real salesmen who have seen the advertisement of our Chinky Chick chewing gum in the trains and on the billboards of the subway, elevated and tube lines in New York City, Brooklyn and New Jersey. You have bought it on the newsstands, &c. Now we are expanding and want three more live-wire producers to sell a limited amount of our capital stock. An opportunity for an executive position in company. We furnish leads; liberal commission arrangement netting $100 a week and up. S 919 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN TO LATER QUALIFY AS ASSISTANT SALES MANAGERS. MUST BE EXPERIENCED SELLING BELT, DRESSING AND POLISH COMPOUND, EXCELLENT PROPOSITION, LARGE COMMISSIONS AND BONUS TO RIGHT MEN; ADVANCEMENT. FIRM ENJOYS BEST FINANCIAL RATING. S 918 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

SALESMEN.
Large corporation desires three men to sell income contracts in New York and New Jersey; our men making from $6,000 to $15,000 annually; successful lead system; salary or advance upon qualification. Room 2050, Woolworth Building.

SALESMEN—Man about 30 years to manage perfumery department; splendid opportunity for one who can show successful sales record; answers should contain full details as to experience, salary and commission; also young man, 25 to 28, as salesman of perfumes and toilet articles; salary and commission. W 8 Times.

SALESMAN—To the man who has ability and is willing to work we can offer a building trade; only man with or without experience; liberal commission. 508 Knickerbocker Bldg., Times Square, between 10 and 12 only.

SALESMAN—Merchant tailor desires connection with energetic man to act as salesman and investor; a clientele on profit sharing basis; partnership considered. C 24 Times.

SALESMAN to sell nipples and plumbing specialties in New York City and vicinity; 40 per cent commission basis. Call Independent Supplies Specialty Co., Bunyenak 2304.

SALESMAN, gas and electric appliances, in Flatbush; drawing account; $60 guaranteed; excellent territory. Rudy R. G., 180 N. Y. Times Brooklyn Branch.

SALESMAN, robed, sell commission, doll heads, dolls, doll novelties (favors), fireproof department stores. Schlesinger Factory, 520 6th Av.

SALESMAN, office experience; liberal commission basis, together with exclusive city territory. Doris Typewriter Mechanga, 239 Fulton St., Brooklyn.

SALESMAN—Wanted to sell specialties to retail drug trade; only those with following need apply; commission and salary. V 968 Times Downtown.

HELP WANTED—Male.

Salesmen.

SALESMEN.
ELECTRICAL APPLIANCES.
During March the BROOKLYN EDISON CO. will conduct its Spring vacuum cleaner campaign. One salesman will be extensively advertised both in the newspapers and direct by mail; salesmen working on a commission basis will be taught how to sell vacuum cleaners, will be taken to the scene of their activities in automobile trucks and will frequently be given the names of people who are positively interested in the purchase of a vacuum cleaner; men who make good will be retained for the April, May and June campaigns on other appliances; this is not the ordinary house-to-house canvass among strangers, as a representative of the Brooklyn Edison Company will call in advance and a welcome is calling on the customers.
ASK FOR MR. WESTON,
Between 10 A. M. and 5 P. M.
BROOKLYN EDISON CO.,
1,308 FULTON ST., NEAR NOSTRAND AV., BROOKLYN.

SALESMEN TO SELL GRAVESEND RACETRACK
for largest real estate company in the world; good commissions for live wire men, as this is the finest property in Greater New York. William H. Harmon & Co., Inc., third floor, Corn Exchange Bank Building, corner Myrtle Av. and Broadway, Brooklyn, N. Y.

SALESMEN, experienced candy salesmen, to sell crushed fruit and fruit syrup to soda fountain trade; commission basis. W 34 Times.

SALESMEN—Fred passenger and commercial cars; straight commission basis; good opportunity. Downtown Sales Co., 52 Lafayette St.

SALESMAN—Boys' wash suits, manufacturers catering to jobbers and large retailers; salary or commission. W 46 Times.

SALESMEN, experienced, to sell coal; commission basis. Andy's Sales Agency, Neptune Coal Co., 324 Nevins St., Brooklyn.

SALESMEN, fibre silk sweaters, as side line; commission basis or division of profits. B 1198 Times Harlem.

SALESMAN, men's clothing store, extra for Saturday afternoon and evening. Spencer's, 5,502 5th Av.

SALESMAN, sell paints, waterproofings; wonderful opportunity for hustler; salary. T 12 Times.

SALESMAN wanted, experienced in cloaks and suits; commission and salary. Schwarzbart Bros., 115 West 31st St.

SALESMEN, experienced, to solicit trade for the fur business; salary. J. H. Bode & Co., 407 East 31st.

SALESMEN, experienced hosiery, for out of town; commission basis; references. W 63 Times.

SALESMEN, novelty hosiery; side line; all territories; commission; state details. V 901 Times Downtown.

Employment Agencies.

AMERICAN EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE, INC.
115 BROADWAY.
THERE IS A MISTAKEN IMPRESSION
That Friday and Saturday are not favorable days on which to seek a position.
THE GENERAL OPINION
Seems to be that if a position has not been secured by Thursday there is no use looking for anything until Monday.
AS A MATTER OF FACT
More new positions are listed on Friday and Saturday than on any other day of the week, as firms usually want to start new employees on Monday.
THEREFORE
If you are seeking a position, you will avoid the crowd and have a wider choice by calling on us either today or tomorrow, instead of waiting until the first of next week.
FIVE DEPARTMENTS FOR MEN, Each Managed by an Expert, Present the Following Immediate Demands AND MANY OTHERS.
EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT.
MANAGER—An exceptional opportunity for an experienced man in infants' wear, underwear, corsets and hosiery; $5,000 an year.
SALESMAN—Lumber; experienced in Southern pine and West Coast lumber; $5,500 to $6,000.
STENOGRAPHER—With extensive legal experience; $1,800 year.
STATISTICAL & GRAPHIC CHART WORKER—Must be experienced in economic research, statistical and graphic charting work; position out of town; excellent opportunity; $1,800 year.
SECRETARY—A-1 stenographer and understand bookkeeping; splendid opportunity; age 35; $1,600 to $2,100 year.
ASST. CREDIT MAN & OFFICE ASST.—One of fine personality, intelligent and well educated; exceptional opportunity; $1,800 year.
SALESMAN—Specialty, State of Pennsylvania; drug, stationery and department store trade; $1,600 year.
SUPERVISOR for TEST MEN AND INSPECTORS—Must have E. E. degree or equivalent training and electrical test experience; $2,100 year.
CLERICAL DEPARTMENT.
STENOGRAPHERS (5)—Exceptional openings for active young men; $25.
BOSTON LEDGER CLERKS (2)—Thoroughly experienced bookkeeping men; leading downtown financial institutions; $1,200 to $1,400 year.
CLERK—Little knowledge of stenography; accurate typist and general clerk; Newark, N. J.; real future; $25.
BILL CLERKS (2)—By hand; previous experience essential; $20.
ELLIOTT FISHER BILLING MACHINE OPERATORS (3)—Big future; $22.
SHIPPING CLERK—Age 30; take charge of shipments and packing of stationery; Advancement; $100 per month.
STENOGRAPHERS (4)—With some of the best concerns downtown; all leading to real futures; $22 to $25.
STENOGRAPHERS (8)—Excellent companies, assuring rapid advancement to accurate; $18.
BURROUGHS ADDING MACHINE OPERATOR—High speed; good at figures; $18 to $20.
BILLING CLERKS (2)—Fine opportunities for good typists; $16.
BOYS (10)—The biggest and best business houses in New York are looking for exceptional, wideawake, clean-cut American boys; $10 to $12; UPTOWN & DOWNTOWN; $10 to $12.

PERSONNEL EXCHANGE, INC.,
H. H. JARRETT, PRES., 152 LIBERTY ST.
COST ACCTS. (3)—Factory exp., $35-$40.
SALESMEN (2)—Road experience, $50-$60.
COLLEGE GRAD., accounting theory, $25.
STENOS. (3), At openings; start $20.
STATISTICAL CLK., neat; good hand, $22.
MAIL CLK., German, typist, bank, $22.
CLERKS, lew, $17; stock exper., $15.

THE PERSONNEL COMPANY,
9 Church St. No Advance Charge.
Sales Mgr., wide exp., $3,000-$3,600.
Sales Promotion Manager, exp., $2,500.
Bookkeepers, several openings, $1,600.
Bank Bookkeeper, several, $1,200.
H. S. Grads., 17-19 yrs., $650-$1,000.
Order Clerk, H. S. college, $1,200-$1,300.
Stenographers, 2 yrs. exp., $1,000-$1,200.

I. M. C. A. PERSONNEL SERVICE,
215 WEST 23D ST. CHELSEA 1894.
Clerk, drug and sundry merchandise; $25; typist, $25; typist, rapid; $110.

DEPARTMENT, architectural, good opportunity, $25; Christian firm. Atlas Agency, 152 Nassau St.

NURSES undergraduates, day and night duty. Apply Home of the Holy Comforter, 196th St. and Grand Concourse.

Instruction.

ACCOUNTANCY.
Are you interested in training for the C. P. A. degree or for an executive position as Controller, Treasurer or Office Manager? If so, investigate the professional course of Pace Institute. Write for helpful booklet, "Making Good," and Bulletin 21. Pace & Pace, 30 Church St., New York.

HOTELS NEED TRAINED MEN.
Nation-wide demand for trained men; all departments, hotels, clubs, apartment houses, tea rooms, cafeterias; unexpired field; fine living, quick promotion. Our certificate is issued by leading hotels everywhere. Write for particulars. Lewis Hotel Training School, Desk 122, Washington, D. C.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE

Rate 63 cents an agate line.

Many slightly used cars of standard make, quality built and attractively priced, ready for immediate delivery. Telephone Bryant 1000.

AMESBURY 1920 SUBURBAN.
CADILLAC 1920 SEDAN.
CADILLAC 1920 TOURING.
CADILLAC 1917 TOWN CAR.
MERCER 1921 4-PASSENGER.
BUICK 1922 SEDAN.
PACKARD 1920 SUBURBAN SEDAN.
1,860 Broadway. JACOB & COMPANY. Columbus 7341.

JEFFERSON 1920 four-passenger sedan, run 18,000 miles, completely overhauled and painted; can be seen by appointment. Call Chelsea 4094.

BABY White limousine; good condition; driven by owner. Clarion, 136 West 85d.

Brewster Pierce-Arrow 48
Marmon Rolls-Royce
Packard Pierce-Arrow
Locomobile Crane-Simplex
ROLLS-ROYCE,
256 West 57th St. Circle 8920.

BRISCOE coupe, 1921, excellent condition; any demonstration; bargain. 134 West 50th.

BUICK, 1921, coupe, $1,000.
LEXINGTON, 1921, sedan, $1,150.
OAKLAND, 1921, coupe, $900.
ELCOTT, 1921, 7-pass. sedan, cost $3,000.
DODGE, 1920, touring, $400.
BUDDY, 1918, landaulet, $300.
STUTZ, 1918, roadster, $300.
Annual Clearance Sale.
Real Values.
Terms Can Be Arranged.
WESTCOTT MOTOR COMPANY,
1,604 Broadway, south of 50th St.
Phone Circle 4000. Open Evenings.

BUICK, 1921, sedan and touring.
CADILLAC "55" suburban sedan, like new.
CADILLAC "59" imperial limousine.
CADILLAC 1919 limousine, sedan, tour.
CADILLAC 1918 limousine, sedan, tour.
PACKARD 1920 4-pass. Fleetwood sport.
PACKARD 1919 2-35 touring.
MERCER 1916 4-pass. sport.
PACKARD AUTO EXCHANGE,
10 West 50th St. Columbus 5078.

BUICK 6 coupe, 1921; perfect; extras. Phone Hapgood, Lonsacre 8040, Schuyler 10174.

CADILLAC 1921 4-pass. phaeton, $2,250.
PACKARD 1921 coupe, Dunham body.
PACKARD 1920 Suburban Sedan.
LOCOMOBILE 1921 4-pass. sport model.
PIERCE 1920 Dalco dual touring.
PIERCE 1920 "48" French brougham.
PIERCE 1920 "48" touring.
DE LAGE 1921 suburban sedan.
COLE 1921 suburban sedan, $1,875.
STUTZ 1920 Bearcat speed, like new.
NATIONAL 1919 "6" touring, $475.
OLDSMOBILE 1920 coupe, like new, $775.
Trades Considered—Time Payments.
RIFFETH MOTOR CAR CO., INC.,
1,730 Broadway (54th). Circle 227.

CADILLAC 1921 Imperial Limousine.
CADILLAC 1921 Touring.
CADILLAC 1920 Suburban Sedan.
CADILLAC 1920 Touring.
CADILLAC 1920 Touring.
CADILLAC 1919 Touring.
CADILLAC 1917 Sport model.
CADILLAC 1916 Sport model.
CUNNINGHAM 1920 Pfaus touring.
FIAT 1920 Limousine, imported.
MERCER 1920 4-Pass. Sport.
ROLAMER 1920 Sport model.
NEW YORK MOTOR CAR EXCHANGE,
19-21 West 53d St., 2 doors from Broadway.

CADILLAC "61" Victoria, 4-pass.
CADILLAC "59" Sport, 4-pass.
CADILLAC "55" Roadster, 4-pass.
CADILLAC "55" Sedan, 7-pass.
LINCOLN 1921 4-passenger.
RENAULT 1921 Suburban Sedan.
RENAULT 1921 Town Brougham.
REVERE 1921 Sport, 4-pass.
REO 1921 Sport, 4-pass.
MARMON 1920 Ruby Sport Sedan.
LANCIA "55" Fleetwood Cabriolet.
CUNNINGHAM Spec. Town Car.
BURELLE, 1,856 B'way. Columbus 5830.

CADILLAC "61" 7-passenger.
CADILLAC "61" 7-pass.
SCHOONMAKER,
8 West 61st at B'way. Col. 2000.
Cars Wanted for Cash.
NOTE CHANGE OF ADDRESS.

CADILLAC USED CAR DEPARTMENT.
ALL MODELS.
DETROIT CADILLAC MOTOR CAR CORP.,
7 WEST 61ST STREET.
TELEPHONE COLUMBUS 7700.

CADILLAC 1919 phaeton; just overhauled, newly painted, beautifully equipped; looks and runs like new; unlimited guarantee; real bargain. Lobell-Abern, 231 West 55th.

CADILLAC, 57 model, runabout or coupe; give full particulars in replying to this ad, including lowest cash price. X 2464 Times Annex.

CADILLAC, suburban 1921; perfect condition; fully equipped. W. A. Frost, 461 West 50th.

CADILLAC, sedans, coupes and touring; late models; bargains. Meyer, 122 W. 64th.

CADILLAC Phaeton, 1921; like new; sacrifice. SCOTT, 136 West 52d. Circle 8222.

CADILLAC Phaeton, 1917; perfect; bargain. SCOTT, 136 West 52d. Circle 8222.

CADILLAC Touring, 1921; like new; sacrifice. SCOTT, 136 West 52d. Circle 8222.

CADILLAC

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.

15 cents a word each insertion.

Bank and business references required from all advertisers in this classification.

CAPITAL TO INVEST.

MANUFACTURERS, ATTENTION!—Responsible party with excellent connections desires to represent manufacturer for distribution of food live product, New York State; capable of organizing sales force; willing to invest $5,000 to $10,000. Reply by letter only, giving full details. O'Neal, 169 Hudson St., New York.

WILL finance responsible party with experience and following in open advertising agency; give full history of yourself. V 808 Times Downtown.

WILL buy furnishings and lease, good apartment house of about 200 rooms; $25,000; telephone between 9-5; principals only. Academy 6519.

ACCOUNTANT desires to purchase small clientele of retiring accountant. E 827 Times.

CAPITAL WANTED.

$5,000 WANTED FOR ONE YEAR. First class securities in oil paintings and Oriental rugs, appraised at $15,000; given protect loan; liberal interest; money required for expansion rapidly growing, profitable business; private parties; confidential. P. S., 23 Times.

A VERY unusual opportunity for capable financial man to be treasurer. Invest $25,000 to $50,000 and handle the finances of a manufacturing company in the railroad supply business; will consider principals only. Apply E. G. J. Telephone Vanderbilt 0068.

PARTNER for radiator and auto specialties; small capital with services wanted; good paying business. M. C. R. Co., 148 West 57th St., N. Y. C.

AUTO radiator repair man, with small capital, to become partner; one that can repair all makes radiators. M. C. R. Co., 148 West 57th St.

ACTIVE office partner wanted with $5,000; profitable established manufacturing business. A 847 Times.

RESPONSIBLE Broadway manager seeks associate, capital; immediate Broadway productions. P 311 Times.

WESTERN BROKER wishes to secure popular sales commodity; give full particulars. X 2362 Times Annex.

GOING business manufacturing patented staple notion for women's wear. B 907 Times Downtown.

PARTNER with $5,000, established typewriter business. C 207 Times.

BUSINESS CONNECTIONS.

A MONOPOLY. SOMETHING NEW. Advertiser desires to get in contact with firm having equipment and facilities for manufacturing new check writing and protecting machine printing words and figures simultaneously at the rate of 800 to 1,000 per hour. For speed and protection offers enormous advantage over existing methods and capable of development into business of the first magnitude. Simple in construction and operation. American patent rights for sale. P 314 Times.

PARTNERSHIPS—If you are seeking a partner for your business or a partnership in some other business, send particulars to Supply & Demand, 1,510 Broadway.

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ESTABLISHED accountant, certified New Hampshire, seeks partnership, New York C. P. A.; give details immediately if interested. W 76 Times.

EXECUTIVE wanted, in old established confectionery manufacturing business; capital required: $20,000-$25,000. Box 33, 384 Rockaway Av., Brooklyn.

ST. LOUIS—Will represent reputable firm in St. Louis; commission; references. F 812 Times.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Department store in one of the fast growing and best manufacturing cities in State of Ohio, population at present 30,000, doing a good business; must be sold on account of the poor health of the owner; real bargain for quick sale; this is best corner location in city; two-story brick building, 24x100; large modern display windows on both streets; stock and fixtures are up to date in every respect; will stand any desired investigation; if you are in the market for good paying business in prosperous city, better write or wire at once for appointment to Mr. M. M. Sumonis, 313 North 2d St., Barberton, Ohio.

WOODWORKING plant for sale with full equipment of machinery; at present manufacturing furniture, sash and doors, and wood novelties; very good location on Long Island; half hour from 59th St., N. Y. C., and leading into the main road on Long Island; for appointment and full investigation apply by letter only to Mrs. Guarino, 144 45th St., Corona, L. I.

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OLD ESTABLISHED contracting and repairing electrical corporation; owing to retirement from business will dispose of at a reasonable figure; wonderful opportunity for practical party; located in Chelsea section; price $10,000; principals only. P. O. Box 140, Madison Sq. Station.

RESTAURANT for sale, 2,160 Broadway, n. e. corner of 76th; other interests necessitate owner to dispose of same and will make reasonable terms; full information obtained at above address or Goodwin & Goodwin, 148 West 57th. Circle 8095.

AUTOMATIC SCREW MACHINE FACTORY—Fully equipped for making wireless parts; present owners retiring from business; none but live wires need answer. Address Box S 891 Times Downtown.

TEA ROOM—Shopping district, 5th Av.; exclusive clientele; low rent; beautifully equipped; partnership disagreement; $3,000; no brokers. Winter Company, 1,473 Broadway.

UNIQUE side line in New York, taking few spare hours; returns substantial monthly profit on capital investment of $400 to $800. Hotchkiss Co., 220 West 42d St., New York.

FOR SALE—Profitable warehouse business, with four-year lease; general merchandise; good location and facilities; South 14th St.; rent 14c. square foot. L 227 Times.

PROVISION BUSINESS.

An old established wholesale and retail business for sale; good profit assured; requires $30,000 cash. C 6 Times.

FOR SALE—Well established, high class ladies' tailoring shop in prosperous New Jersey town; disposing account of owner's death. X 2446 Times Annex.

$400 BUYS pleasant established outdoor business; substantial earning capacity; requires 4 hours weekly or evenings. Millard, 406 Broadway.

HABERDASHERY or haberdashery trade; best uptown location; owner's other business takes all his time. Room 518, 51 East 42d.

GROCERY and meat market, New Haven, Conn., established 16 years; receipts $1,000 weekly; must sell. Cortlandt 9776.

PUBLIC AUCTION—March 28, completely stocked grocery business. E. C. Barber, receiver, Myack, N. Y.

MILLINERY shop for sale, 72d Broadway; complete; owner leaving city. Phone 4114 Columbus.

LADIES' tailoring, cleaning, pressing, dyeing, millinery; will sacrifice. Bellati, 820 5th Av.

DRESS plant for sale, fully equipped, ready to work, on 19th St. Bird Dress, 16 West 19th.

RESTAURANT, well equipped; low rent; price reasonable; no brokers. 51 West 14th St.

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CIGAR stand, hotel, 32 West 27th, just fitted; ready to open; bargain.

CELLULOID doll manufacturing plant for sale. Cervenka, 448 East 84th.

IMPORTANT INFORMATION.

The New York Times will regard as important any information furnished by its readers relating to misleading or [illegible] that may appear [illegible] in its newspaper. Adv.

CLEARS MYSTERY OF WILLCOX WARD

Richmond Physician Is Stated in Court Action to Be Father of Robert H. Gayle.

GUARDIANSHIP IN DISPUTE

Lawyers Make Counter-Charges in Proceedings Regarding a New Settlement for the Child.

Much of the mystery surrounding the identity of Robert Hope, or Robert Hope Gayle, the three-year-old boy for whom William R. Willcox was appointed general guardian last January at the request of the child's mother, Mrs. Eula J. Ellison, also known as Mrs. Eula J. Ellison Gayle, 385 West Seventy-seventh Street, was dissipated yesterday in proceedings before Surrogate John P. Cohalan. Documents showing that Mrs. Gayle had stated the boy was the son of Dr. R. F. Gayle, a prominent physician of Richmond, Va., were filed by Martin Catts, an attorney, of 220 West Forty-second Street.

These documents were filed by Mr. Catts in support of an application for an order permitting Mr. Willcox to resign as guardian and for the appointment of a special guardian to look after the interests of the child in further negotiations. They set forth that arrangements were about to be made for the child to receive $100 monthly payments from Dr. Gayle until the boy became 16 years of age, in addition to lump sums, amounting altogether to about $20,000, but that these plans had now been disrupted.

The petition of Mr. Catts further set forth that the mother of Robert Hope Gayle had come to him for legal advice in October, 1921, when she told the lawyer she had entered into a contract with Dr. Gayle on Feb. 1, 1921, under which the physician, whom she described as her divorced husband, was to pay her $10,000.

She said she had received on her own account $3,000, and on account of the boy $100 a month until June 1. She alleged that she found herself in destitute circumstances on June 5, when she was compelled to seek another arrangement with the alleged father of her child. She said that through R. N. Cole, representing Dr. Gayle, she made another contract, by which she agreed to assign to Mr. Cole for $5,000 the alleged contract allowing her $10,000 in settlement of claims against Dr. Gayle.

Mr. Catts said he advised the mother that the child should have been legally represented, and he subsequently obtained the appointment of Mr. Willcox as general guardian.

Mr. Catts in his petition alleged that Clifford W. Hartridge, a lawyer who figured in the case of Harry K. Thaw, had suggested to Mrs. Gayle, formerly his client, that she go to Richmond, Va., for the purpose of blackmailing Dr. Gayle. Mrs. Gayle lost no time in denying this allegation.

The charge was made by Mr. Catts in his own defense because he was accused by Henry C. Newirth, counsel for Mrs. Gayle, with having altered a document after it had been signed by Mrs. Gayle. Mr. Newirth's charge was made in support of an application on behalf of Mrs. Gayle, as natural guardian, to vacate the order appointing Mr. Willcox as guardian.

Mrs. Gayle said that as altered the petition made her say, "That your petitioner does not know the father of the infant," whereas she had stated she did not know the "whereabouts" of the child's father.

Mr. Catts admitted that the sentence had been changed, but he said the change was made in the presence and with the consent of Mrs. Gayle, to whom it was explained that the court clerk had insisted that the document should contain a satisfactory explanation as to why the father was not mentioned before the papers could be filed.

DENIES HE IS BOY'S FATHER.

Dr. Gayle Says Proceeding Is a Scheme to Obtain Money.

RICHMOND, Va., March 16.—Dr. Gayle in an interview tonight vigorously denied parentage of Mrs. Ellison's child. He said that Mrs. Ellison came to Richmond last year and under threat of exposure obtained from him $1,000 and two notes each for $1,000. He declared she had signed an agreement whereby she was to receive $100 monthly for the boy's education and the $3,000 to hush up her threat to disgrace him here.

He denounced the entire proceeding as a scheme to mulct him steadily of money under threat of exposure as the child's father. Dr. Gayle declared Mrs. Ellison since has demanded $10,000, with which to care for and educate the child, who now is four years old, until he is twenty-one years old.

Dr. Gayle said he met Mrs. Ellison in Philadelphia, where she was employed as nurse in the Orthopedic Hospital. He was a physician in the same institution. This was soon after his graduation from the Medical College of Virginia in 1915.

He said he was informed by Mrs. Ellison, who was the divorced wife of a man of that name, that a child had been born to her in April, 1918. Dr. Gayle went overseas with Base Hospital Unit 117 in July, 1918. He never saw the child, he says.

Dr. Gayle returned from overseas in the Summer of 1919 and almost immediately married a girl in Raleigh, N. C. Dr. Gayle's wife is in a hospital here with a four days' old infant son.

WIEDFELD AWAITS WASHINGTON'S O. K.

Has Accepted Appointment as German Ambassador Subject to American Approval.

BY CYRIL BROWN.

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By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, March 16.—Ghelmrat Otto Wiedfeld, Director General of the Krupp works, will be the first post-war German Ambassador to Washington, if the American Government O K's his appointment. Herr Weidfeld's tentative appointment, subject to American approval only, has been decided on within the last eighteen hours, and has not been announced, official or otherwise, and no announcement will be made until Washington is heard from, in keeping with international courtesy, wherein the German Republican Government is just as much a stickler as the old Imperial Government.

Herr Wiedfeld's appointment solves the Wirth Government's cruellest diplomatic dilemma. Ever since the revolution, Washington has been regarded as the premier post in Germany's potential diplomatic service—not necessarily socially, but for shrewd business instinct. Numerous have been the eager candidates for the Washington post, mostly Teutons with relatively rich wives or independent incomes. With, for Germans, rare and tactful circumspectness, successive German Governments opined that nobody could be sent as the ultimate Ambassador who was in bad American odor, which was subsequently rarified to the proposition that nobody could be presented as Ambassador to America who had any blot on his escutcheon. This sensible idea let practically all the candidates out.

The Wirth Government's genial idea has been to draft a big business man rather than a professional diplomat or politician for this big Washington job. But Teuton big business man proved awful shy. All had read about prohibition; also about the high cost of Washington living. Also, they were well posted on the rate of exchange on paper marks, even as the Kaiser is.

It was reliably said that the Washington Ambassadorship was offered to the Managing Director of the Hamburg-American Line, Herr Cuno, but he thankfully declined.

The Washington post has now been offered to Herr Wiedfeld and accepted, subject to Washington's agreement. It took the strongest political and psychological pressure to persuade Krupp to release its presiding genius even tentatively. In well-informed circles Herr Wiedfeld, who has been with Krupp as managing director only since the revolution, is regarded as the driving brains of Krupp's reconstruction with the hard-headed business slogan, "Away with guns and war material; only intensive peace production will pay dividends."

JAPAN SOON TO BEGIN EVACUATING SHANTUNG

Will Begin Withdrawing Guards Next Month Without Awaiting Treaty Ratification.

WASHINGTON, March 16.—Baron Shidehara, the Japanese Ambassador, today received a cablegram from Tokio stating that the Japanese Government, without awaiting ratification of the Sino-Japanese Treaty (the Shantung Treaty), has instructed its Minister at Peking to arrange with the Chinese Government for the replacement, according to the terms of the treaty, of Japanese troops and gendarmes with Chinese forces along the Tsingtao Tsinan-fu Railway. Japan has decided to begin the withdrawal of her railway guards early in April and to complete the withdrawal by May 4.

The treaty provides that the railway guards shall be withdrawn, if possible, within three months from the date of the signing of the treaty, and at the outside within six months.

SEE FROM TRAIN BOAT SINK.

Passengers Near Cincinnati View Accident Costing Two Lives.

Special to The New York Times.

CINCINNATI, March 16.—In full view of scores of passengers on a Baltimore & Ohio train, a towboat helper owned by the Campbell Creek Coal Company capsized today in the Ohio River a short distance above the Southern Bridge here and two of the five persons on board were drowned. The boilers burst as the boat went down.

Captain E. A. Burnside was trapped in the pilot house and was carried under as the boat turned bottom side up. Mrs. Edna Schletker, wife of Arthur Schletker, the engineer, was in the kitchen and also was drowned.

Schletker, Mate John Wilson and Stephen D. House saved themselves by climbing onto the hull of the boat as it turned over. They were rescued by river men.

Witnesses said the accident happened within one minute. The boat was on its way upstream and was having a hard time fighting against the swollen flood waters of the river, which stood at 51 feet yesterday.

Soon after it passed under the Southern Bridge it encountered an eddy and listed heavily toward the Kentucky shore. In an instant the boat's bow turned toward the middle of the stream and the steamer rolled over on its side.

WEINBERG DENIES GUILT.

"Secretary" to Dr. Lorenz and Princess Fatima Held in Bail.

Stephen Weinberg, alias Clifford G. Weinberg, alias Ethan Allen Weinberg and other aliases, pleaded not guilty and was held in $5,000 bail yesterday by Federal Judge Garvin, in Brooklyn, on an indictment charging him with impersonating an officer in the United States Navy and obtaining a uniform for which he never paid. He was held in further bail of $1,000 on proceedings instituted some time ago for his removal to Washington, D. C., where he has been indicted on a similar charge.

Weinberg obtained nation-wide publicity recently by acting as "secretary" for Dr. Adolf Lorenz, Viennese orthopedic surgeon. Weinberg later acted in a similar capacity for the Princess Fatima, whom he introduced to President Harding.

According to the indictment, Weinberg, on May 8, 1920, at the navy uniform and equipment store of the Henry Jacobs Company, at 204 Sands Street, Brooklyn, represented himself to be a Lieutenant Commander in the navy and obtained a cloak which he had no right to wear.

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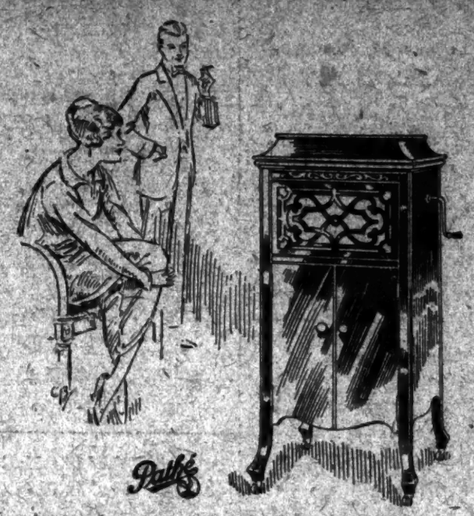

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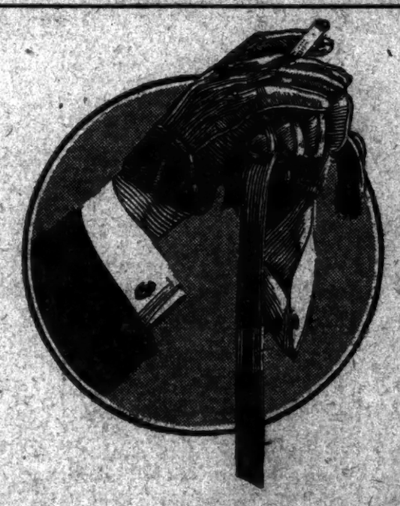

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The Rotogravure Section of The New York Times next Sunday, March 19, will consist of three parts—one will contain Paris fashions, another American designed fashions and pictures of interesting events and personalities, and the third will be devoted to world happenings.